

1. Discuss Worksheet 7

For the following problems, you will assume the following: Initially at time zero, Boat 1 is at $(2, 3)$ and Boat 2 is at $(9, 4)$. Boat 1 is traveling four miles per hour North (the positive y direction) and ten miles per hour East. Boat 2 is traveling two miles per hour North and one mile per hour East.

- What are the vector equations for the positions of Boat 1 and Boat 2 as functions of time? How fast is each boat moving?
- Independent of time, describe the paths of motion of Boat 1 and Boat 2. Do the lines that the two boats travel along intersect?
- Will the boats crash into each other?

Do #1. When you have an answer, hit the thumbs up button in the participants window.

1) $\vec{v}_1 = \langle 10, 4 \rangle$, $p_1(0) = (2, 3)$

$$\underbrace{p_1(t)}_{\substack{\text{position of} \\ \text{boat 1 at} \\ \text{time } t}} = \underbrace{t \vec{v}_1}_{\substack{\text{initial position} \\ \text{displacement}}} + p_1(0) = t \langle 10, 4 \rangle + (2, 3) = (10t+2, 4t+3)$$

$$p_2(t) = t \langle 1, 2 \rangle + (9, 4) = (t+9, 2t+4)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{speed} &= \frac{\text{miles}}{\text{hour}} = \frac{d(p_1(0), p_1(1))}{1 \text{ hr}} \leftarrow \text{distance traveled} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{10^2 + 4^2}}{1 \text{ hour}} \text{ miles} \\ &= \sqrt{116} \text{ miles/hr} \end{aligned}$$

Note: $\sqrt{116} = \sqrt{10^2 + 4^2} = \| \langle 10, 4 \rangle \| = \| \vec{v}_1 \|$

In general, speed = $\| \text{velocity} \|$. Thus Boat 2's speed

$$\| \vec{v}_2 \| = \| \langle 1, 2 \rangle \| = \sqrt{1^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{5} \text{ mph.}$$

Solution: Position at time t is given by

$$p_1(t) = t (\text{velocity}) + (\text{initial position}).$$

Let $p_1(t)$ and $p_2(t)$ denote the positions of boat 1 and 2 at time t , respectively. Then

$$p_1(t) = t \langle 10, 4 \rangle + (2, 3) = (10t+2, 4t+3), \text{ and}$$

$$p_2(t) = t \langle 1, 2 \rangle + (9, 4) = (t+9, 2t+4).$$

Speed is the length of the velocity vector, so

$$\text{speed of boat 1} = \| \langle 10, 4 \rangle \| \text{ mph} = \sqrt{116} \text{ mph, and}$$

$$\text{speed of boat 2} = \| \langle 1, 2 \rangle \| \text{ mph} = \sqrt{5} \text{ mph.} \quad \square$$

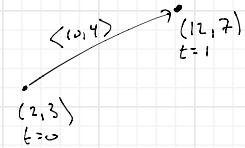
2) What is the path of motion of boat 1?

$$p_1(t) = (10t+2, 4t+3)$$

$$\text{slope} = \frac{4}{10} \leftarrow \text{related to } \langle 10, 4 \rangle$$

$$\text{point} = (2, 3)$$

$$\Rightarrow y - \frac{3}{10} = \frac{4}{10} (x - \frac{2}{10})$$



$$m = \frac{y_1 - y_2}{x_1 - x_2}$$

$$= \frac{3 - 7}{2 - 10}$$

$$\text{P.M. for boat 1 is } y - 3 = \frac{4}{10}(x - 2)$$

$$\text{P.M. for boat 2 is } y - 4 = \frac{2}{10}(x - 9)$$

$$= \frac{-4}{-10}$$

$$= \frac{4}{10}$$

Intercept? Yes. Their slopes are not equal.

3) $p_1(t) = (10t+2, 4t+3)$

$$p_2(t) = (t+9, 2t+4)$$

Then two boats crash if they are in the same place
at the same time.

\Leftrightarrow there is some time t such that $p_1(t) = p_2(t)$.

$$\Leftrightarrow (10t+2, 4t+3) = (t+9, 2t+4)$$

$$\begin{cases} 10t+2 = t+9 \\ 4t+3 = 2t+4 \end{cases}$$

$$\bullet 9t = 7 \Rightarrow t = \frac{7}{9}$$

$$\bullet 2t = 1 \Rightarrow t = \frac{1}{2}$$

Therefore the boats crash if and only if

$$\frac{7}{9} \neq \frac{1}{2}, \text{ therefore the boats don't crash.}$$

$\frac{7}{9} \neq \frac{1}{2}$, therefore the boats don't crash.