

Agenda for Math 005.003 (4 May 2020, 11-11:50 am):

1. May the fourth be with you.
2. Worksheet 6.

1. Find the minimum y value of a point on the graph given by the set of points satisfying

$$y = x^2 + x + 1.$$

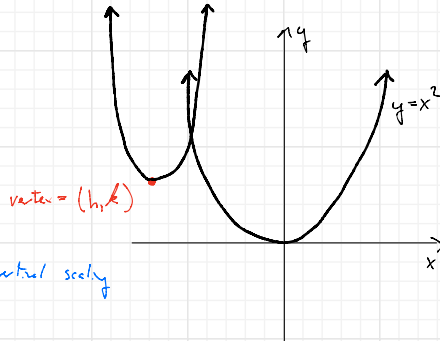
2. Find the maximum y value of a point on the graph given by the set of points satisfying

$$y = -x^2 + 2x + 4.$$

Parabola:

$$y = a(x-h)^2 + k$$

a accounts for:
 * horizontal & vertical scaling
 * reflections



For prob 1, the graph of $x^2 + x + 1$ is a parabola, and the min is at the lowest point, which is the vertex.

$$x^2 + x + 1 = a(x-h)^2 + k$$

where a is some scaling factor, and (h,k) is the vertex
 the minimum

$$1x^2 + 1x + 1 = ax^2 - 2ahx + ah^2 + k$$

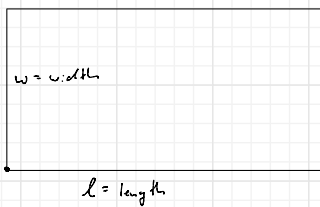
$$\begin{cases} 1 = a \\ 1 = -2ah = -2h \Rightarrow h = -\frac{1}{2} \\ 1 = ah^2 + k \\ = 1(-\frac{1}{2})^2 + k \\ = \frac{1}{4} + k \Rightarrow k = \frac{3}{4} \end{cases}$$

The minimum y -value is $\frac{3}{4}$.

Prob 2]

$$-x^2 + 2x + 4 = a(x-h)^2 + k, \quad (h,k) \text{ is the vertex } k = \text{max } y\text{-value}$$

3. You have 400 feet of fencing. You will fence in a rectangular region of your backyard. What should the side lengths of the rectangle be so that the area is maximal? What shape will the yard be?



goal: to maximize area

$$\begin{aligned} A &= lw \\ 400 \text{ ft} &= 2l + 2w \\ \Rightarrow l &= \frac{200 - w}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= lw \\ &= (200 - w)w \\ A &= -w^2 + 200w \end{aligned}$$

Find the vertex:

$$\begin{aligned} -w^2 + 200w &= a(w-h)^2 + k \quad \text{find } k \\ &= aw^2 - 2ahw + ah^2 + k \\ a &= -1; \quad -2h = 200 \Rightarrow h = 100; \quad 0 = ah^2 + k = -100^2 + k \Rightarrow k = 10,000 \end{aligned}$$

If we know what the graph of f looks like, then

- * $f(x-h)$ is translated horizontally
- * $f(x)+k$ is translated vertically
- * $f(-x)$ is reflected across the y -axis
- * $-f(x)$ is reflected across the x -axis
- * $f(\frac{x}{a})$ is a horizontal scaling
- * $b f(x)$ is a vertical scaling

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= \frac{a}{b} \left(\frac{x}{a} - h \right)^2 + k \\ &= \frac{b}{a^2} \cdot \left(a \left(\frac{x}{a} - h \right) \right)^2 + k \\ &= \frac{b}{a^2} \left(x - ah \right)^2 + k \end{aligned}$$

reverse the "a" reverse the "h"

In this problem, (h,k) is the vertex.

- * h is a width
- * k is an area

The maximum area is $k = 10,000 \text{ ft}^2$ which happens when the rectangle is $h = 100 \text{ ft}$ wide. The

$$l = 200 - h = 100 \text{ ft}$$

long.