Private Blocklist Lookups with Checklist

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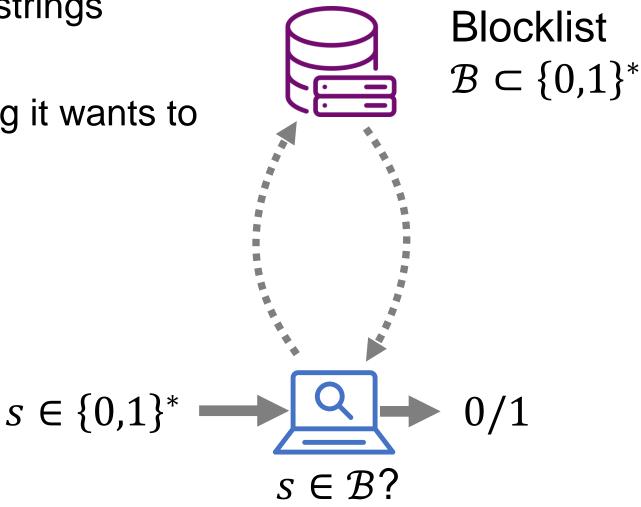
Blocklist lookup

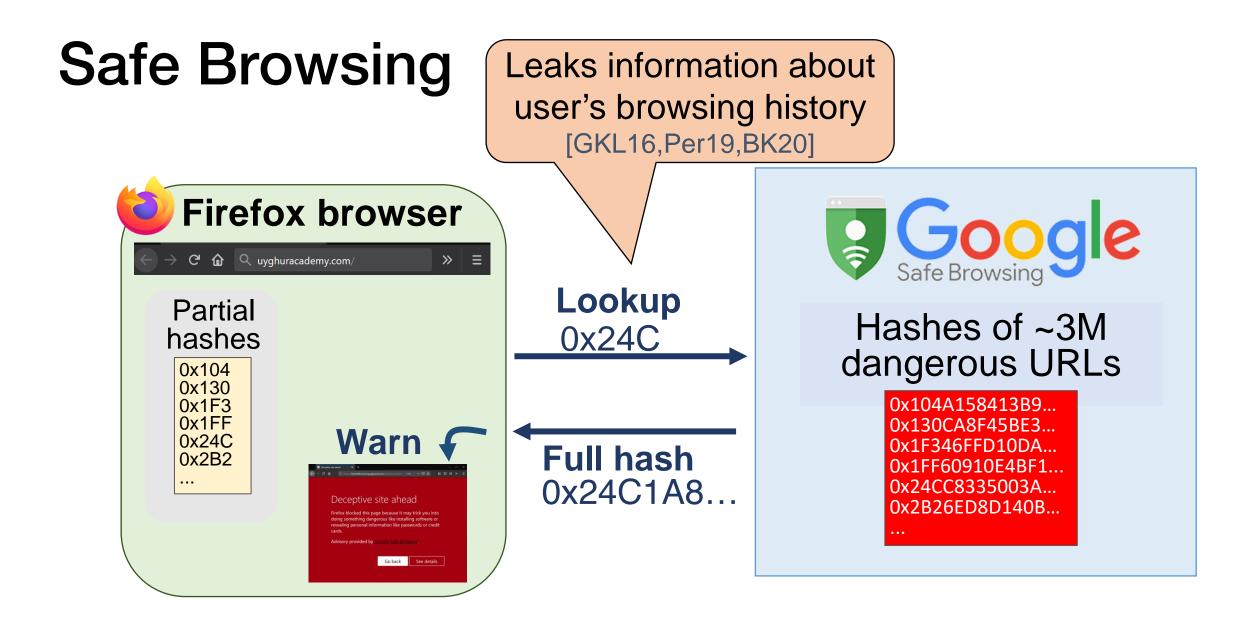
Server holds a blocklist of strings

Client holds a **private** string it wants to check against the blocklist

Examples:

- Certificate revocation
- Password checkup
- Safe Browsing





This work

Checklist – a system for private blocklist lookups

Builds on offline/online private information retrieval [CK20]

• Allows for sublinear online server time

Contributions:

- New offline/online PIR (reduces server computation by >100x)
- A technique to efficiently support database updates
- Implementation & evaluation of a private Safe Browsing system

Requirements

Correctness

Client learns whether $s \in \mathcal{B}$ (with overwhelming prob.)

Non-goal: privacy for the server

Privacy for the client < (see paper for discussion of this extension)

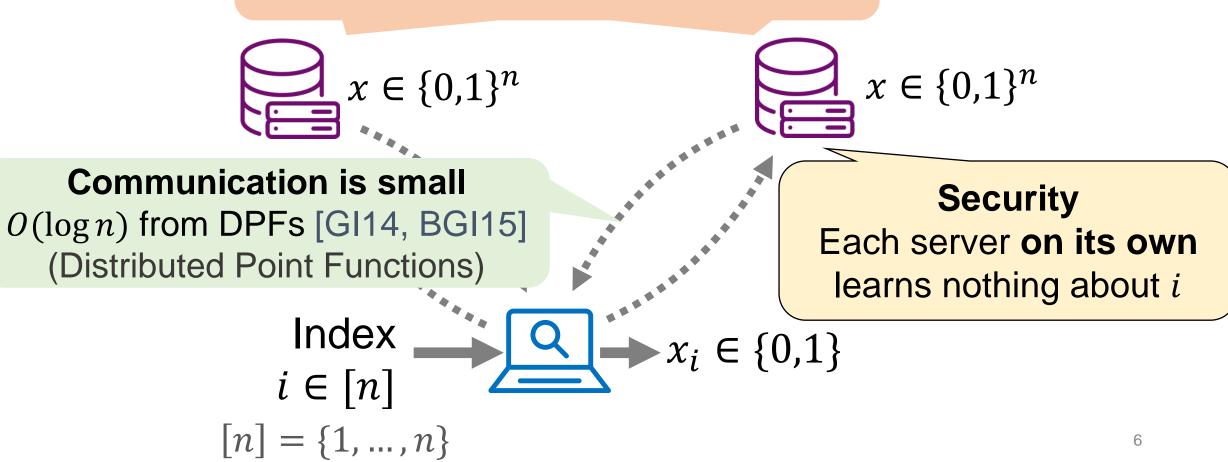
(Malicious) server "learns nothing" about client's string

Efficiency

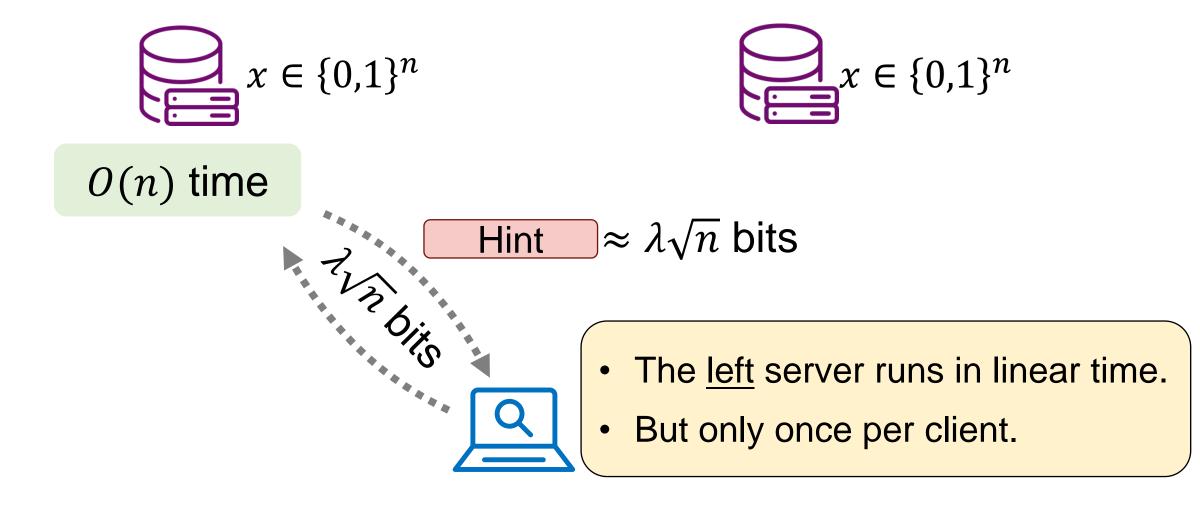
Minimize latency, communication, computation, storage

Two-server private information retrieval [CGKS95,...]

Server computation is large Servers needs to do $\Omega(n)$ work [BIM04]

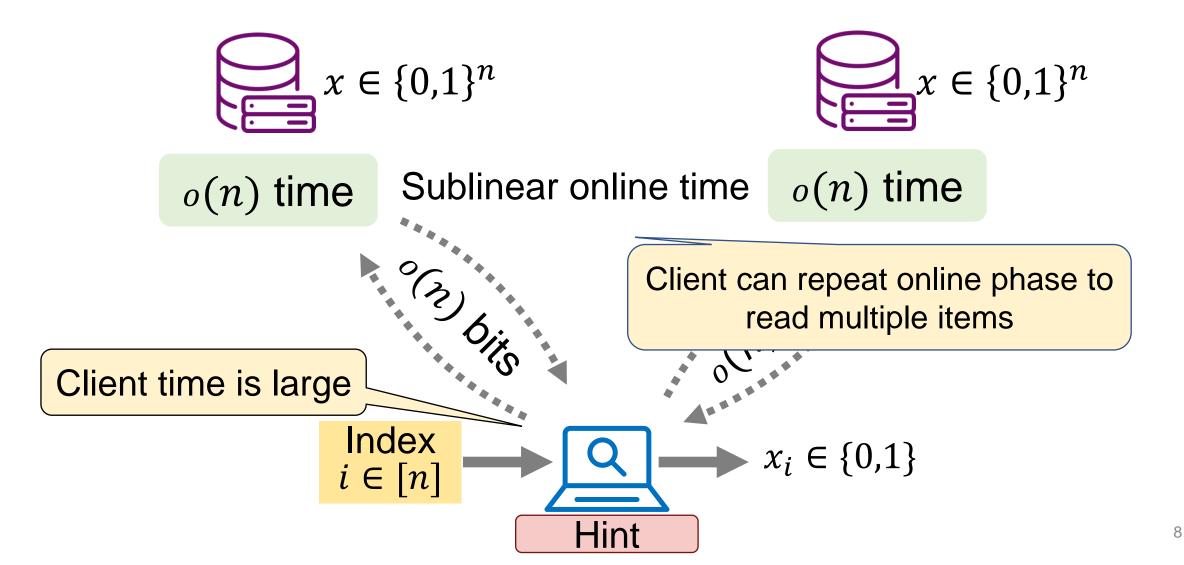


Offline/Online PIR [CK20] Step 1: Offline phase

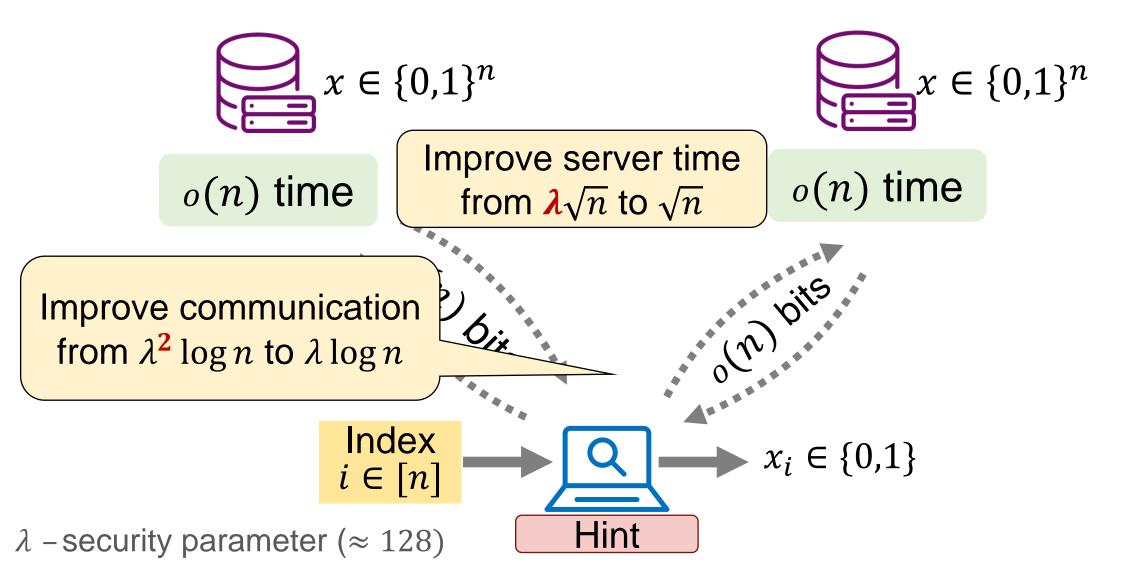


 λ – security parameter (\approx 128)

Offline/Online PIR [CK20] Step 2: Online phase – reading *x*_i



Our first contribution: $\lambda \times$ faster offline/online PIR



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Our second contribution: Offline-online PIR with DB updates

When the database changes, client needs a new hint

Naïve approach: rerun the offline phase after each change
Linear amount of server work on each change

Refined approach: incremental preprocessing

- Use "buckets" of exponentially increasing size
- Logarithmic amount of server work on each change

Static-to-dynamic data structures [BS80,GO96,CKO90,SSP13,SPS14,PT16] 10

Our third contribution: Private Safe Browsing

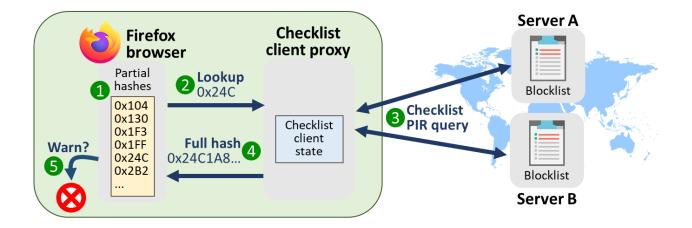
Checklist: a system for private Safe Browsing queries, integrated and evaluated with Firefox browser

Implementation

Roughly 2500 lines of Go + 500 lines of C

Support offline/online and DPF-based PIR

Browser integration: local proxy + browser config change



Estimating the Safe Browsing parameters

Monitor a week of Safe Browsing requests and responses

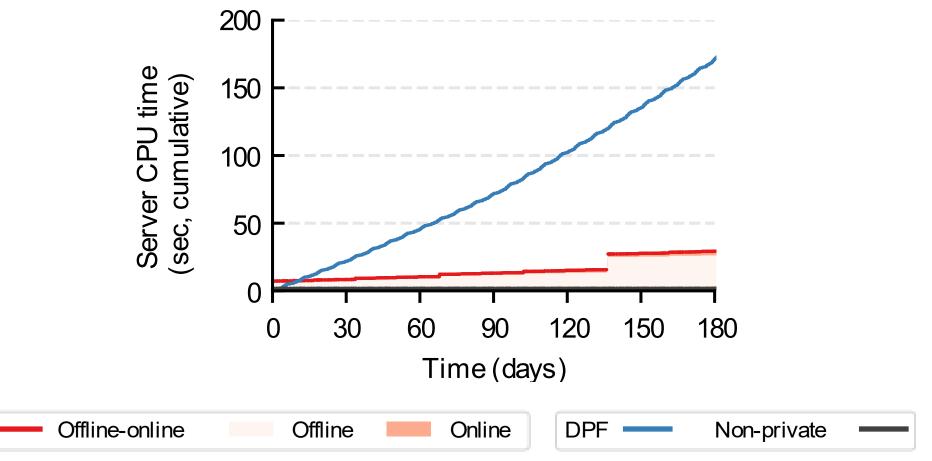
Local proxy forwards requests to the real Safe Browsing service

Deduce:

- Frequency of lookups
- Frequency of updates
- Database growth

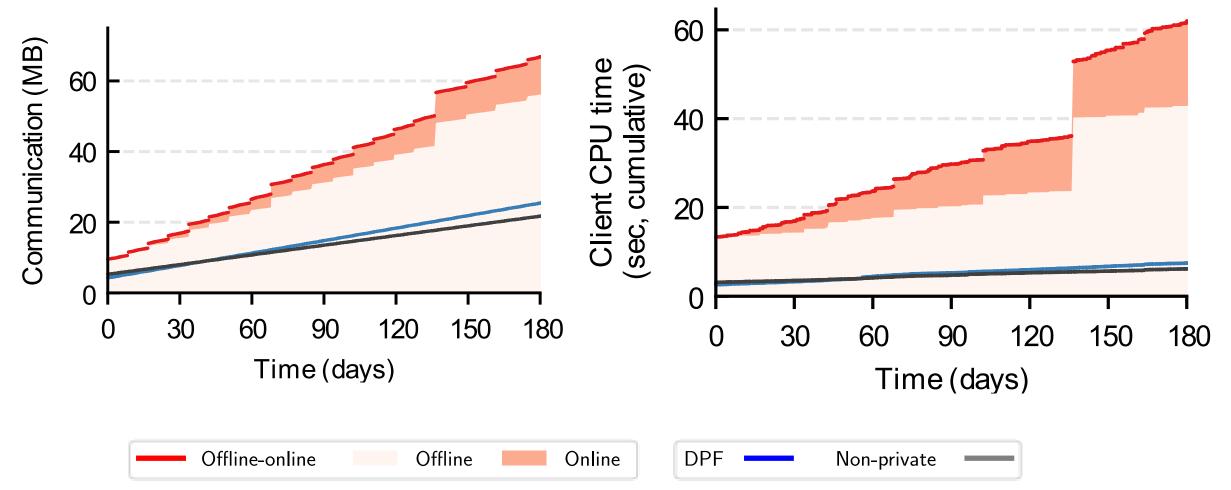
Checklist with offline/online PIR is more efficient for the server

Replay recorded trace of a single user



Server running on e2-standard-4 Google Compute Engine machine (4 vCPUs, 16 GB RAM)

Checklist with DPF-based PIR is more efficient for the client



Client running on a Pixel 5 mobile phone

Approach	Server Costs	Latency	Client computation		Communication		Client Storage	
	(servers per 1B users)	(ms)	Initial (sec)	Running (sec/month)	Initial (MB)	Running (MB/month)	Initial (MB)	Running (MB/month)

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Offline/online PIR	1348	90	13.3	8.0	10.3	9.8	24.5	1.6	

Conclusion & future work

Two-server PIR is a practical tool for privacy preserving systems

• Several alternatives that allow for different trade-offs

Future direction: better single-server offline/online PIR

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