Open Science landscape in Japan (from my viewpoint)

Yasuhiro Murayama

Member, Science Council of Japan

Co-chair of G7 Open Science Working Group

Member of Board of Directors, Japan Geoscience Union (JpGU)

NICT (Natl. Inst. Of Information & Communications Tech.), Japan







G7 Open Science Discussions and Japan

- In 2013, UK, G8 agreement was a key for the JP govt's to start actions.
- In 2016, JP, G7 Science Ministers agreed to establish G7 Open Science WG (G7OSWG) (co-chaired by EC & JP)
- Focused on 1) incentives/rewards for OS-practice and 2) research (data) infrastructures

2013 2016 2018 2019 2020 2021 2017 ☐ G7 Research ₩ G8 leaders 9 G7 OSWG ≈ G7 Sci. Tech. G7 Science [∞] G7 OSWG © G7OSWG Signed the Setup in **≈** workshop ≈ Ministers' ≈ Compact, ≈ Ministers' ≈ follow-up "Open Data Tsukuba, and 2019 Declaration UK Turin survey Charter", UK Communi-Science on COVID-Japan To discuss 2018 que, Italy 19, US Sherpa G70SWG Science Group Work Plan G70SWG Sherpa meeting in virtual for next 3 Group Paris, workshop meeting in years. France Banff, G70SWG Canada Final Report 2020

Japanese national "Integrated Innovation Strategy"



- Cabinet Office & Natl. Expert Panel of Open Science Promotion
 - 2015: Frist National Report of Open Science Principles
 "Opening up a new era for the advancement of science---" https://www8.cao.go.jp/cstp/sonota/openscience/
 - 2018: Guidelines for data policy (natl. research inst.)/for trusted data repository



- Sub-WG for building res. data Infrastructure (1st report Oct. 2019, 2nd Mar. 2021)
- "Moonshot Research & Development Funding Program" (by Cabinet Office)
 - promotes high-risk, high-impact R&D, including Res. Data Management with OS principles

Science Council of Japan

- Official "Open Science" committees 2015~ (proposed by the council presidents)
 - 1. <u>Dec. 2015 July 2016:</u> Committee for examination of Open Science promotion
 - 2. Dec. 2018-Sept. 2020: Committee for deepening and promoting Open Science
 - 3. 2020-Sept. 2023: Committee for building & use of data infrastructure to promote OS
- Disciplinary data committees: informatics, bio-informatics, earth science, ...



内閣府

Discovery

Platform

Cabinet Office

Japan

Sci. Council of

Publication

Platform

[Kaz Yamaji, 2019; adapted by

 Storage resource Disciplinary workflow

Community

engagement

Y. Murayama, 2021]

Examples OS Practices in Japan

1. Guideline of Data Policy for Natil Research Inst. (2018)

2. DMP by Public Funders JST, AMED, NEDO (2017-)

3. Data Management Infrastructure (RDM, IR, Search) NII Research Data Cloud etc. Ongoing (2020-)

4. Guideline of Research Data Repository (2019)



5. Association with E-journal (Data Publishing) JST (2021-)

6. OS Progress Monitoring (Natl. Inst. S&T Policy) (2019-)

7. Pilot program (Cabinet Office) (2019)

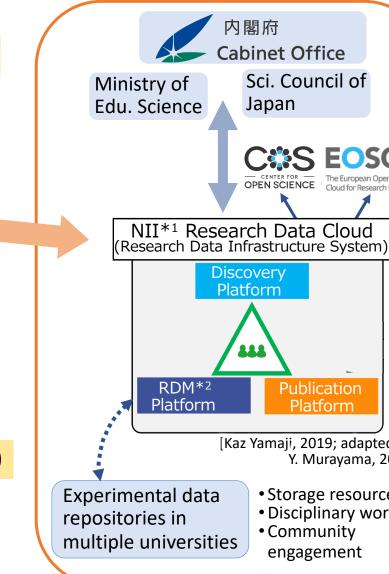
'Moonshot R&D Program"

* 1) Natl. Inst. Informatics

* 2) Research Data Management

RDM*2

Platform



Communities

To-DO or

Doing

Community

engagement

(for culture

change)

Research











Genome data: academic data sharing incl. COVID-19

INSDC

- International Nucleotide Sequence Database Collaboration
- Consists of ENA, NCBI GenBank and DNA Data Bank of Japan
- Databases are synchronized on a daily basis
- http://www.insdc.org







Goal

To provide a comprehensive record of the world's nucleotide sequencing information, covering raw sequencing data, sequence assembly information and functional annotation

[Bert Overduin (2012) Is adapted by Y. Murayama] [Acknowledgement: M.Arita, DDBJ, 2021]



Lessons Learned, helpful for Climate research output, research ecosystem

- Importance was recognized of the timely sharing of scientific knowledge and data (likely pushing Open Science in the govt.).
 (NB: Climate science seems more ready to share data. →e.g. IPCC TG-data)
- 2. Part of the scientific community found needs of culture changes in the S&T sector. The citizen, economy and governmental sectors will need also, with help of ICT infrastructure and social technology (or Digital Transformation; DX).
- 3. "Society 5.0", a concept proposed by Japan's govt. 5 years ago --- the Human-centric society with sophisticated fusion of cyber & physical spaces, to enable economic growth and to solve societal challenges (including SDGs etc.).
- 4. In 2021, the new 5-year Basic Plan started with deeper insight of DX, in the COVID-19 situation and beyond.
- 5. Its ultimate target is to contribute to the welfare of the human society with DX, and the society with "Trust", giving them a global value of "Society 5.0".