



# SURVEY OF PROFESSIONAL FORECASTERS

Release Date: November 14, 2022

## *FOURTH QUARTER 2022*

### ***Forecasters Predict Lower Growth and Higher Unemployment Rate***

The outlook for the U.S. economy looks weaker now than it did three months ago, according to 38 forecasters surveyed by the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia. The forecasters predict the economy will expand at an annual rate of 1.0 percent this quarter, down from the prediction of 1.2 percent in the last survey. Over the next three quarters, the panelists also see slower output growth than they predicted three months ago. On an annual-average over annual-average basis, the forecasters expect real GDP to increase 0.7 percent in 2023 and 1.8 percent in 2024. These annual projections are lower than the estimates in the previous survey.

A higher path for the unemployment rate accompanies the outlook for growth. On an annual-average basis, the forecasters expect the unemployment rate will increase from 3.7 percent in 2022 to 4.2 percent in 2023 and remain little changed over the following two years. The projections for 2023, 2024, and 2025 are 0.3 to 0.4 percentage point above those projections from the last survey.

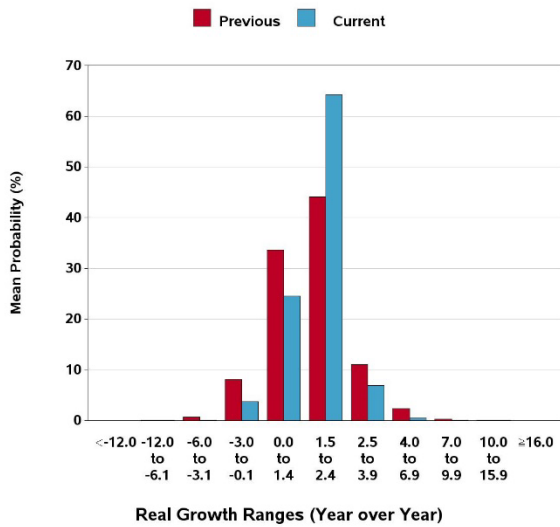
On the employment front, the forecasters raised their current-quarter estimate for job growth to a monthly rate of 217,600 but revised downward their estimates for the next three quarters. The projections for the annual-average level of nonfarm payroll employment put job gains at a monthly rate of 492,800 in 2022 and 143,600 in 2023. (These annual-average projections are computed as the year-to-year change in the annual-average level of nonfarm payroll employment, converted to a monthly rate.)

### *Median Forecasts for Selected Variables in the Current and Previous Surveys*

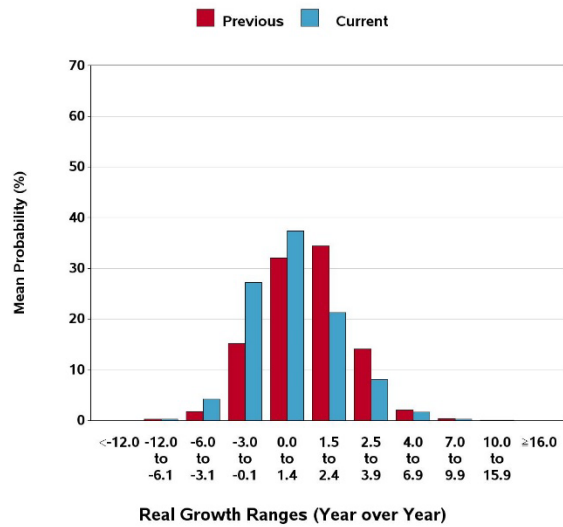
	Real GDP (%)		Unemployment Rate (%)		Payrolls (000s/month)	
	Previous	New	Previous	New	Previous	New
Quarterly data:						
2022:Q4	1.2	1.0	3.7	3.7	167.9	217.6
2023:Q1	1.1	0.2	3.8	3.8	89.0	79.0
2023:Q2	1.5	0.2	3.9	4.0	96.6	35.8
2023:Q3	1.5	0.9	4.0	4.3	80.7	41.8
2023:Q4	N.A.	2.1	N.A.	4.4	N.A.	-14.5
Annual data (projections are based on annual-average levels):						
2022	1.6	1.9	3.7	3.7	487.5	492.8
2023	1.3	0.7	3.9	4.2	167.6	143.6
2024	2.3	1.8	3.9	4.3	N.A.	N.A.
2025	2.1	2.2	3.9	4.2	N.A.	N.A.

The charts below provide some insight into the degree of uncertainty the forecasters have about their projections for the rate of growth in the annual-average level of real GDP. Each chart presents the forecasters' previous and current estimates of the probability that growth will fall into each of 11 ranges. For 2022, the forecasters are increasing substantially their probability estimates from the previous survey for real GDP growth in the range of 1.5 to 2.4 percent. Over each of the following three years, from 2023 to 2025, the forecasters see a higher probability than they predicted in the survey of three months ago that growth will be 1.4 percent or lower.

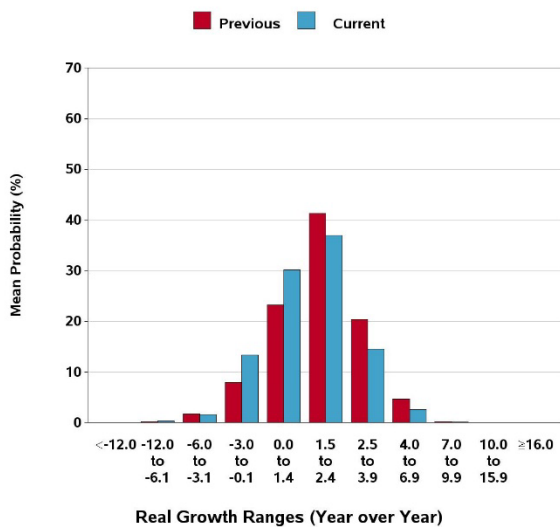
Mean Probabilities for Real GDP Growth in 2022



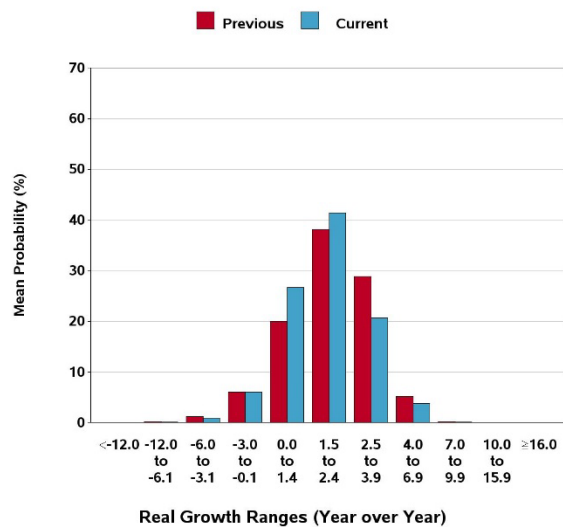
Mean Probabilities for Real GDP Growth in 2023



Mean Probabilities for Real GDP Growth in 2024

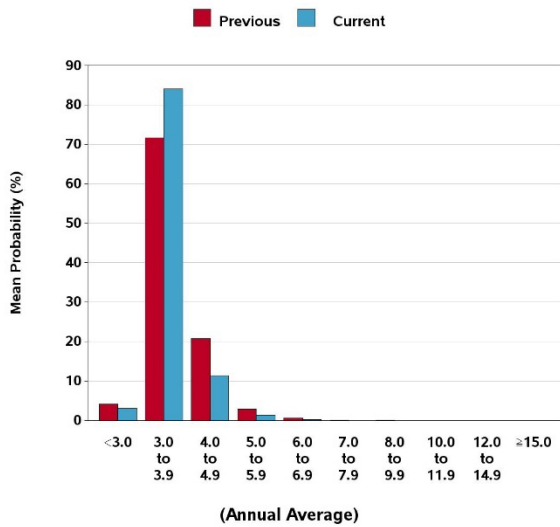


Mean Probabilities for Real GDP Growth in 2025

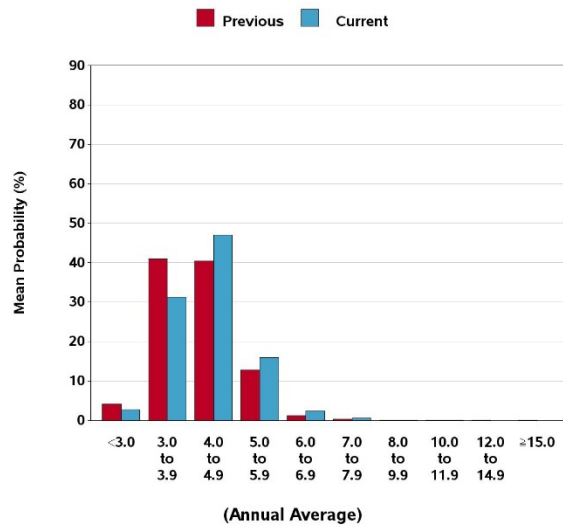


The forecasters' density projections for unemployment, shown below, shed light on uncertainty about the labor market over the next four years. Each chart presents the forecasters' current and previous estimates of the probability that unemployment will fall into each of 10 ranges. For 2022, the forecasters are raising their probability estimates from the previous survey for an unemployment rate in the range of 3.0 to 3.9 percent. Over each of the following three years, from 2023 to 2025, the forecasters expect a higher probability than they predicted in the previous survey that unemployment will fall into the ranges of 4.0 percent or higher.

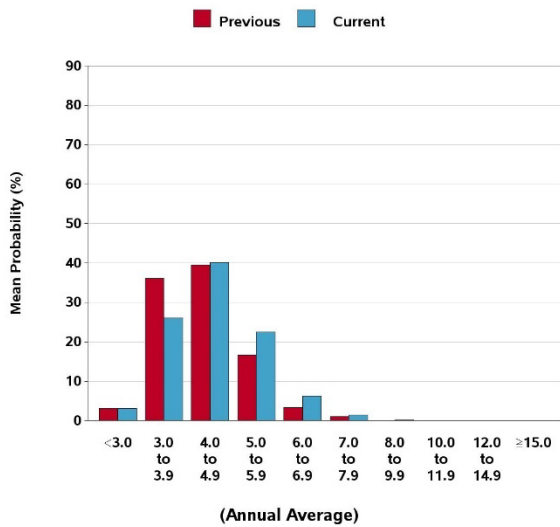
**Mean Probabilities for Unemployment Rate in 2022**



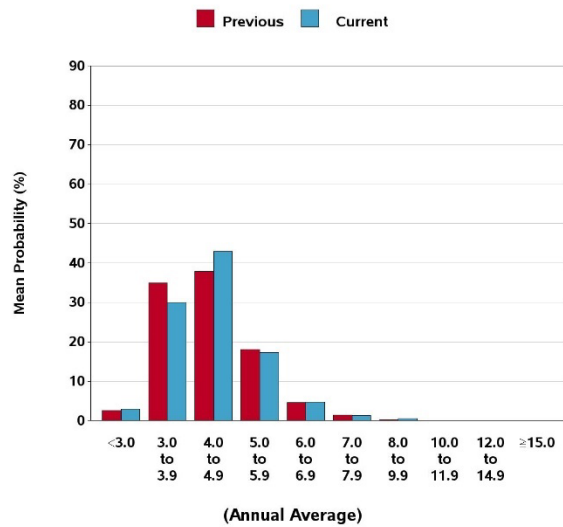
**Mean Probabilities for Unemployment Rate in 2023**



**Mean Probabilities for Unemployment Rate in 2024**



**Mean Probabilities for Unemployment Rate in 2025**



### ***Forecasters See Higher Inflation***

The forecasters expect current-quarter headline CPI inflation will average 5.4 percent at an annual rate, up from the prediction of 4.3 percent in the previous survey. Headline PCE inflation over the current quarter will also be higher at an annual rate of 4.6 percent, up from the last estimate of 3.7 percent.

Projections for headline and core CPI and PCE inflation at nearly all other forecast horizons have also been revised upward, compared with those of the previous survey.

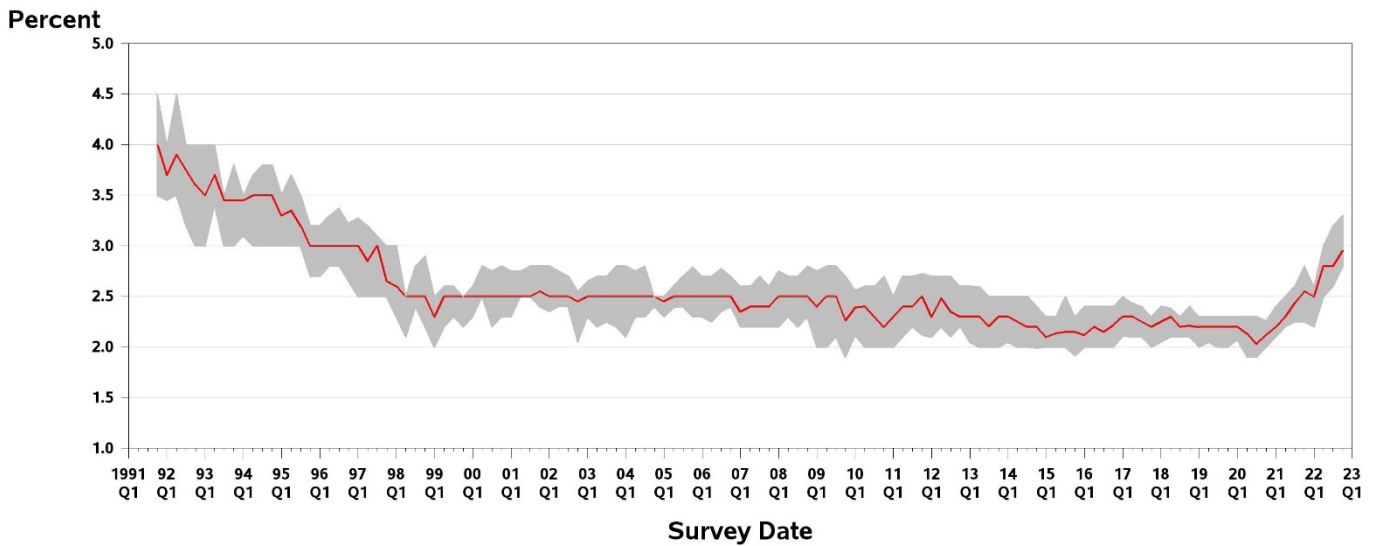
Over the next 10 years, 2022 to 2031, the forecasters expect headline CPI inflation will be at an annual-average rate of 2.95 percent, slightly higher than their previous estimate. The corresponding estimate for 10-year annual-average PCE inflation is 2.58 percent, also slightly higher than the estimate of three months ago.

### *Median Short-Run and Long-Run Projections for Inflation (Annualized Percentage Points)*

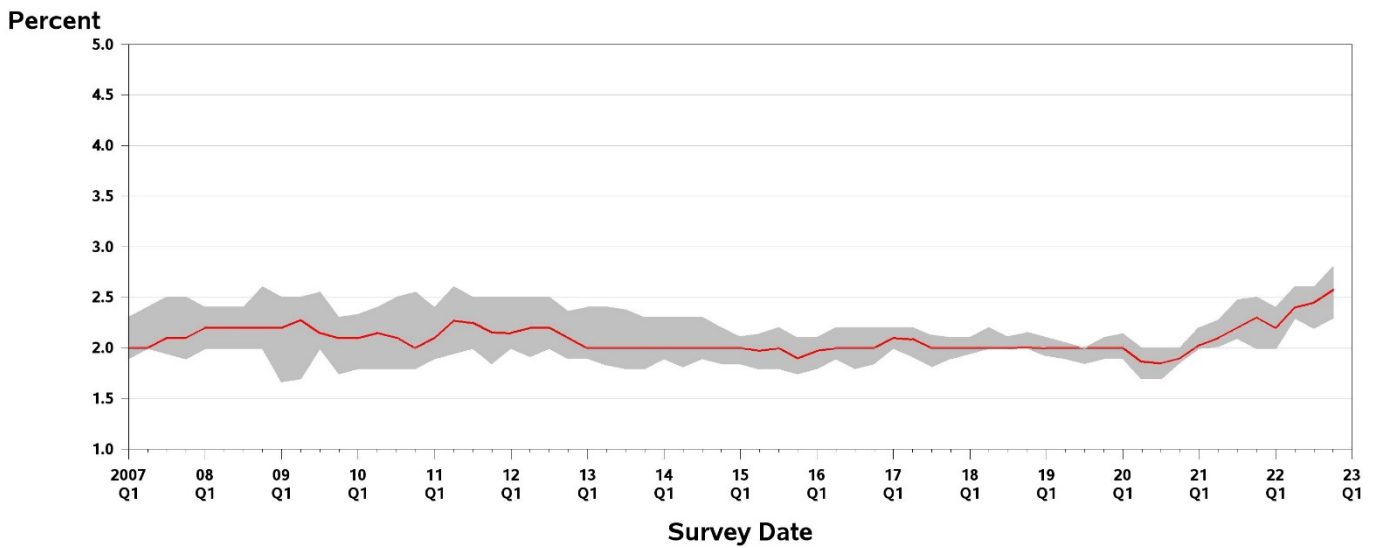
	Headline CPI		Core CPI		Headline PCE		Core PCE	
	Previous	Current	Previous	Current	Previous	Current	Previous	Current
<b>Quarterly</b>								
2022:Q4	4.3	5.4	4.6	5.7	3.7	4.6	3.5	4.5
2023:Q1	3.6	4.5	3.7	4.5	2.9	3.8	3.1	3.8
2023:Q2	3.4	3.5	3.2	3.7	2.8	3.1	2.8	3.2
2023:Q3	3.0	3.1	2.8	3.2	2.5	2.7	2.6	2.8
2023:Q4	N.A.	2.9	N.A.	2.9	N.A.	2.7	N.A.	2.7
<b>Q4/Q4 Annual Averages</b>								
2022	7.5	7.7	5.9	6.3	5.8	5.9	4.5	4.8
2023	3.2	3.4	3.1	3.5	2.8	2.9	2.8	3.0
2024	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.4
<b>Long-Term Annual Averages</b>								
2022-2026	3.50	3.75	N.A.	N.A.	3.00	3.23	N.A.	N.A.
2022-2031	2.80	2.95	N.A.	N.A.	2.45	2.58	N.A.	N.A.

The charts below show the median projections (the red line) and the associated interquartile ranges (gray areas around the red line) for 10-year annual-average CPI and PCE inflation. The charts provide perspective on the upward trend in 10-year inflation expectations in recent surveys.

**Projections for the 10-Year Annual-Average Rate of CPI Inflation  
(Median and Interquartile Range)**

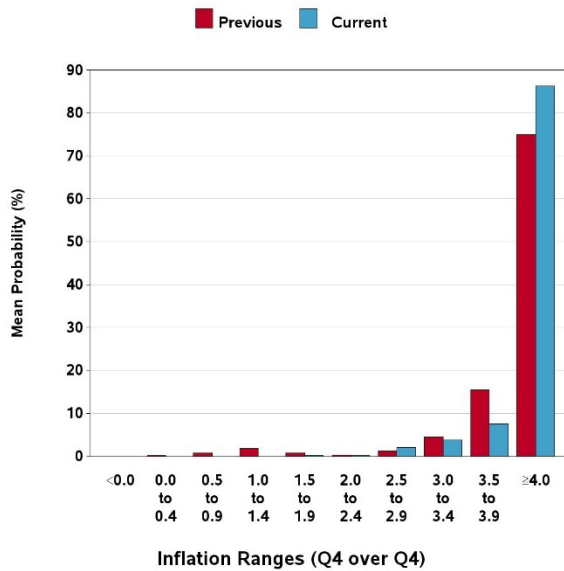


**Projections for the 10-Year Annual-Average Rate of PCE Inflation  
(Median and Interquartile Range)**

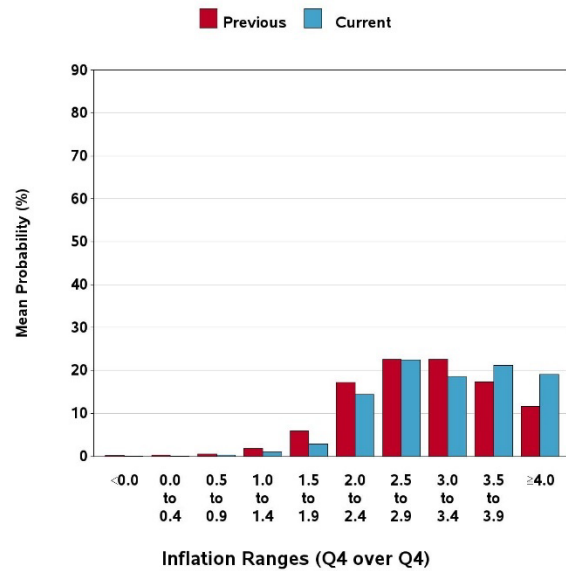


The figures below show the probabilities that the forecasters are assigning to each of 10 possible ranges for fourth-quarter over fourth-quarter core PCE inflation in 2022 and 2023. The forecasters have raised their estimates for the probability that core PCE inflation in 2022 will be 4.0 percent or higher, compared with their prediction in the last survey. They have also raised their estimates for the probability that core PCE inflation in 2023 will be 3.5 percent or higher, compared with their prediction in the survey of three months ago.

**Mean Probabilities for Core PCE Inflation in 2022**



**Mean Probabilities for Core PCE Inflation in 2023**



***Substantial Risk of a Contraction in Real GDP in 2023***

The forecasters see the risk of a downturn this quarter at 36.3 percent, up marginally from the previous survey. However, they have substantially raised their probability estimates of a negative quarter for the following three quarters and predict a near-50 percent chance of a contraction in real GDP in any of the four quarters in 2023.

*Risk of a Negative Quarter (%)  
Survey Means*

Quarterly data:	Previous	New
2022:Q4	36.0	36.3
2023:Q1	38.0	47.2
2023:Q2	36.5	49.4
2023:Q3	34.1	46.1
2023:Q4	N.A.	43.5

## *Technical Notes*

### **Moody's Aaa and Baa Historical Rates**

The historical values of Moody's Aaa and Baa rates are proprietary and, therefore, not available in the data files on the Bank's website or on the tables that accompany the survey's complete write-up in the PDF.

The Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia thanks the following forecasters for their participation in recent surveys:

**Ed Al-Hussainy** and **Anwiti Bahuguna**, Columbia Threadneedle Investments; **Scott Anderson**, Bank of the West (BNP Paribas Group); **Jeff Baldwin**, **Dan Roberts**, and **Michael Roberts**, Roberts Capital Advisors, LLC; **Robert J. Barbera**, Johns Hopkins University Center for Financial Economics; **Peter Bernstein**, RCF Economic and Financial Consulting, Inc.; **Wayne Best** and **Michael Brown**, Visa, Inc.; **Jay Bryson**, Wells Fargo; **Christine Chmura, Ph.D.**, and **Xiaobing Shuai, Ph.D.**, Chmura Economics & Analytics; **Gary Ciminero, CFA**, GLC Financial Economics; **Rajeev Dhawan**, Georgia State University; **Bill Diviney**, ABN AMRO Bank NV; **Gabriel Ehrlich**, **Daniil Manaenkov**, and **Tereza Ranosova**, RSQE, University of Michigan; **Michael R. Englund**, Action Economics, LLC; **Sacha Gelfer**, Bentley University; **James Glassman**, JPMorgan Chase & Co.; **Jan Hatzius**, Goldman Sachs; **Sam Kahan**, Kahan Consulting Ltd. (ACT Research LLC); **N. Karp**, BBVA Research USA; **Steve Kihm**, Citizens Utility Board of Wisconsin; **Jack Kleinhenz**, Kleinhenz & Associates, Inc.; **Yaniv Konchitchki**, University of California, Berkeley; **Thomas Lam**, Sim Kee Boon Institute, Singapore Management University; **Robert McNab**, Old Dominion University; **R. Anthony Metz**, Pareto Optimal Economics; **R. M. Monaco**, TitanRM; **Michael Moran**, Daiwa Capital Markets America; **Joel L. Naroff**, Naroff Economic Advisors; **Nomura Securities International**; **Brendon Ogmundson**, BC Real Estate Association; **Perc Pineda, Ph.D.**, Plastics Industry Association; **Joel Prakken** and **Chris Varvares**, S&P Global Market Intelligence; **Jason Prole**, Capital Risk Management; **Alfredo A. Romero**, North Carolina A&T State University; **Philip Rothman**, East Carolina University; **Allen Sinai** and **Lu Yu**, Decision Economics, Inc.; **Stephen Stanley**, Amherst Pierpont Securities; **Charles Steindel**, Editor, NABE *Business Economics*; **Susan M. Sterne**, Economic Analysis Associates, Inc.; **Edward Sullivan**, Portland Cement Association; **James Sweeney**, Credit Suisse; **Ryan Sweet**, Oxford Economics USA, Inc.; **Maira Trimble** and **Jordan Vickers**, Eaton Corporation; **Gary Wagner**, University of Louisiana at Lafayette; **Mark Zandi**, Moody's Analytics; **Ellen Zentner**, Morgan Stanley.

This is a partial list of participants. We also thank those who wish to remain anonymous.

SUMMARY TABLE  
SURVEY OF PROFESSIONAL FORECASTERS  
MAJOR MACROECONOMIC INDICATORS

	2022 Q4	2023 Q1	2023 Q2	2023 Q3	2023 Q4	2022	2023 (YEAR-OVER-YEAR)	2024	2025
PERCENT GROWTH AT ANNUAL RATES									
1. REAL GDP (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	1.0	0.2	0.2	0.9	2.1	1.9	0.7	1.8	2.2
2. GDP PRICE INDEX (PERCENT CHANGE)	4.7	4.0	2.7	2.8	2.3	7.0	3.9	N.A.	N.A.
3. NOMINAL GDP (\$ BILLIONS)	5.8	4.0	3.2	3.7	3.7	9.0	4.5	N.A.	N.A.
4. NONFARM PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT (PERCENT CHANGE)	1.7	0.6	0.3	0.3	-0.1	4.0	1.1	N.A.	N.A.
(AVG MONTHLY CHANGE)	217.7	79.0	35.8	41.8	-14.5	492.8	143.6	N.A.	N.A.
VARIABLES IN LEVELS									
5. UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (PERCENT)	3.7	3.8	4.0	4.3	4.4	3.7	4.2	4.3	4.2
6. 3-MONTH TREASURY BILL (PERCENT)	4.1	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.3	2.0	4.5	3.9	3.3
7. 10-YEAR TREASURY BOND (PERCENT)	4.0	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.0	3.0	4.2	3.8	3.7
	2022 Q4	2023 Q1	2023 Q2	2023 Q3	2023 Q4	2022	2023 (Q4-OVER-Q4)	2024	
INFLATION INDICATORS									
8. CPI (ANNUAL RATE)	5.4	4.5	3.5	3.1	2.9	7.7	3.4	2.5	
9. CORE CPI (ANNUAL RATE)	5.7	4.5	3.7	3.2	2.9	6.3	3.5	2.6	
10. PCE (ANNUAL RATE)	4.6	3.8	3.1	2.7	2.7	5.9	2.9	2.3	
11. CORE PCE (ANNUAL RATE)	4.5	3.8	3.2	2.8	2.7	4.8	3.0	2.4	

Note: The figures on each line are medians of 38 forecasters.

Source: Research Department, Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia.  
Survey of Professional Forecasters, Fourth Quarter 2022.



# **SURVEY OF PROFESSIONAL FORECASTERS**

## **Fourth Quarter 2022**

### **Tables**

Note: Data in these tables listed as "actual" are the data that were available to the forecasters when they were sent the survey questionnaire on October 27, 2022; the tables do not reflect subsequent revisions to the data. All forecasts were received on or before November 8, 2022.

TABLE ONE  
MAJOR MACROECONOMIC INDICATORS  
MEDIAN OF FORECASTER PREDICTIONS

	NUMBER OF FORECASTERS	ACTUAL		FORECAST				ACTUAL		FORECAST		
		2022 Q3	2022 Q4	2023 Q1	2023 Q2	2023 Q3	2023 Q4	2021 ANNUAL	2022 ANNUAL	2023 ANNUAL	2024 ANNUAL	2025 ANNUAL
1. GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GDP) (\$ BILLIONS)	36	25663	26028	26286	26493	26732	26978	23315	25415	26551	N.A.	N.A.
2. GDP PRICE INDEX (2012=100)	35	128.19	129.67	130.94	131.81	132.74	133.51	118.92	127.24	132.17	N.A.	N.A.
3. CORPORATE PROFITS AFTER TAXES (\$ BILLIONS)	21	N.A.	2565.2	2544.0	2545.6	2554.2	2559.4	2382.9	2508.9	2548.9	N.A.	N.A.
4. UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (PERCENT)	36	3.6	3.7	3.8	4.0	4.3	4.4	5.4	3.7	4.2	4.3	4.2
5. NONFARM PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT (THOUSANDS)	30	152738	153391	153628	153735	153861	153817	146102	152016	153739	N.A.	N.A.
6. INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION (2017=100)	27	105.0	105.4	105.4	105.4	105.0	105.0	100.0	104.3	105.0	N.A.	N.A.
7. NEW PRIVATE HOUSING STARTS (ANNUAL RATE, MILLIONS)	29	1.46	1.43	1.40	1.38	1.40	1.40	1.61	1.56	1.40	N.A.	N.A.
8. 3-MONTH TREASURY BILL RATE (PERCENT)	35	2.66	4.13	4.57	4.62	4.54	4.32	0.04	2.05	4.53	3.87	3.25
9. MOODY'S AAA CORP BOND YIELD * (PERCENT)	22	N.A.	5.20	5.50	5.60	5.54	5.54	N.A.	4.18	5.53	N.A.	N.A.
10. MOODY'S BAA CORP BOND YIELD * (PERCENT)	21	N.A.	6.33	6.60	6.80	6.68	6.61	N.A.	5.18	6.61	N.A.	N.A.
11. 10-YEAR TREASURY BOND YIELD (PERCENT)	34	3.11	4.04	4.19	4.20	4.08	4.00	1.44	3.00	4.16	3.84	3.65
12. REAL GDP (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	38	20022	20072	20081	20092	20136	20238	19610	19977	20109	20471	20915
13. TOTAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	33	14149.0	14202.9	14218.9	14253.8	14288.9	14339.0	13754.1	14119.9	14261.8	N.A.	N.A.
14. NONRESIDENTIAL FIXED INVESTMENT (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	32	2942.4	2954.7	2962.3	2963.8	2977.8	2991.1	2835.4	2931.8	2971.1	N.A.	N.A.
15. RESIDENTIAL FIXED INVESTMENT (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	32	621.5	596.8	582.8	574.7	576.2	578.6	719.4	648.4	575.1	N.A.	N.A.
16. FEDERAL GOVERNMENT C & I (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	32	1353.4	1357.6	1361.8	1366.4	1370.7	1374.6	1390.5	1351.5	1371.0	N.A.	N.A.
17. STATE AND LOCAL GOVT C & I (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	32	2046.5	2052.7	2060.4	2067.7	2075.9	2082.6	2037.9	2044.6	2070.3	N.A.	N.A.
18. CHANGE IN PRIVATE INVENTORIES (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	32	61.9	59.5	50.0	35.0	38.5	45.1	-19.4	111.5	42.7	N.A.	N.A.
19. NET EXPORTS (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	32	-1274.0	-1280.6	-1279.6	-1287.5	-1280.7	-1272.8	-1233.4	-1368.5	-1286.2	N.A.	N.A.

\* The historical values of Moody's Aaa and Baa rates are proprietary and therefore not available to the general public.

Source: Research Department, Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia. Survey of Professional Forecasters, Fourth Quarter 2022.

TABLE TWO  
MAJOR MACROECONOMIC INDICATORS  
PERCENTAGE CHANGES AT ANNUAL RATES

	NUMBER OF FORECASTERS	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023	Q2 2023	Q3 2023	2021	2022	2023	2024
		TO Q4 2022	TO Q1 2023	TO Q2 2023	TO Q3 2023	TO Q4 2023	TO 2022	TO 2023	TO 2024	TO 2025
1. GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GDP) (\$ BILLIONS)	36	5.8	4.0	3.2	3.7	3.7	9.0	4.5	N.A.	N.A.
2. GDP PRICE INDEX (2012=100)	35	4.7	4.0	2.7	2.8	2.3	7.0	3.9	N.A.	N.A.
3. CORPORATE PROFITS AFTER TAXES (\$ BILLIONS)	21	-0.6	-3.3	0.3	1.4	0.8	5.3	1.6	N.A.	N.A.
4. UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (PERCENT)	36	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	-1.7	0.5	0.1	-0.1
5. NONFARM PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT (PERCENT CHANGE)	30	1.7	0.6	0.3	0.3	-0.1	4.0	1.1	N.A.	N.A.
(AVG MONTHLY CHANGE)	30	217.7	79.0	35.8	41.8	-14.5	492.8	143.6	N.A.	N.A.
6. INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION (2017=100)	27	1.5	0.1	0.1	-1.7	0.0	4.3	0.7	N.A.	N.A.
7. NEW PRIVATE HOUSING STARTS (ANNUAL RATE, MILLIONS)	29	-8.2	-8.1	-5.6	5.9	0.0	-2.5	-10.5	N.A.	N.A.
8. 3-MONTH TREASURY BILL RATE (PERCENT)	35	1.47	0.44	0.05	-0.08	-0.22	2.01	2.48	-0.66	-0.62
9. MOODY'S AAA CORP BOND YIELD * (PERCENT)	22	N.A.	0.30	0.10	-0.06	-0.00	N.A.	1.35	N.A.	N.A.
10. MOODY'S BAA CORP BOND YIELD * (PERCENT)	21	N.A.	0.27	0.20	-0.12	-0.07	N.A.	1.44	N.A.	N.A.
11. 10-YEAR TREASURY BOND YIELD (PERCENT)	34	0.93	0.15	0.01	-0.12	-0.08	1.56	1.16	-0.32	-0.19
12. REAL GDP (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	38	1.0	0.2	0.2	0.9	2.1	1.9	0.7	1.8	2.2
13. TOTAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	33	1.5	0.5	1.0	1.0	1.4	2.7	1.0	N.A.	N.A.
14. NONRESIDENTIAL FIXED INVESTMENT (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	32	1.7	1.0	0.2	1.9	1.8	3.4	1.3	N.A.	N.A.
15. RESIDENTIAL FIXED INVESTMENT (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	32	-15.0	-9.0	-5.5	1.0	1.7	-9.9	-11.3	N.A.	N.A.
16. FEDERAL GOVERNMENT C & I (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	32	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1	-2.8	1.4	N.A.	N.A.
17. STATE AND LOCAL GOVT C & I (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	32	1.2	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.3	0.3	1.3	N.A.	N.A.
18. CHANGE IN PRIVATE INVENTORIES (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	32	-2.4	-9.5	-15.0	3.5	6.6	130.9	-68.8	N.A.	N.A.
19. NET EXPORTS (BILLIONS, CHAIN WEIGHTED)	32	-6.6	1.0	-7.9	6.8	7.9	-135.1	82.3	N.A.	N.A.

\* The historical values of Moody's Aaa and Baa rates are proprietary and therefore not available to the general public.

Note: Figures for unemployment rate, 3-month Treasury bill rate, Moody's Aaa corporate bond yield, Moody's Baa corporate bond yield, and 10-year Treasury bond yield are changes in these rates, in percentage points. Figures for change in private inventories and net exports are changes in billions of chain-weighted dollars. All others are percentage changes at annual rates.

Source: Research Department, Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia. Survey of Professional Forecasters, Fourth Quarter 2022.

TABLE THREE  
 MAJOR PRICE INDICATORS  
 MEDIANS OF FORECASTER PREDICTIONS

	NUMBER OF FORECASTERS	ACTUAL		FORECAST (Q/Q)				ACTUAL	FORECAST (Q4/Q4)		
		2022 Q3	2022 Q4	2023 Q1	2023 Q2	2023 Q3	2023 Q4	2021 ANNUAL	2022 ANNUAL	2023 ANNUAL	2024 ANNUAL
1. CONSUMER PRICE INDEX (ANNUAL RATE)	35	5.7	5.4	4.5	3.5	3.1	2.9	6.7	7.7	3.4	2.5
2. CORE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX (ANNUAL RATE)	34	6.4	5.7	4.5	3.7	3.2	2.9	5.0	6.3	3.5	2.6
3. PCE PRICE INDEX (ANNUAL RATE)	34	4.2	4.6	3.8	3.1	2.7	2.7	5.7	5.9	2.9	2.3
4. CORE PCE PRICE INDEX (ANNUAL RATE)	34	4.5	4.5	3.8	3.2	2.8	2.7	4.7	4.8	3.0	2.4

Source: Research Department, Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia. Survey of Professional Forecasters, Fourth Quarter 2022.

TABLE FOUR  
YIELD SPREADS  
MEDIAN OF FORECASTER PREDICTIONS

	NUMBER OF FORECASTERS	ACTUAL		FORECAST				ACTUAL		FORECAST		
		2022 Q3	2022 Q4	2023 Q1	2023 Q2	2023 Q3	2023 Q4	2021 ANNUAL	2022 ANNUAL	2023 ANNUAL	2024 ANNUAL	2025 ANNUAL
1. TBOND MINUS TBILL (PERCENTAGE POINTS)	33	0.44	-0.08	-0.34	-0.33	-0.28	-0.28	1.40	0.96	-0.27	0.14	0.50
2. AAA MINUS TBOND (PERCENTAGE POINTS)	22	N.A.	1.13	1.20	1.20	1.18	1.17	N.A.	1.18	1.19	N.A.	N.A.
3. BAA MINUS TBOND (PERCENTAGE POINTS)	21	N.A.	2.25	2.26	2.34	2.30	2.25	N.A.	2.16	2.34	N.A.	N.A.
4. BAA MINUS AAA (PERCENTAGE POINTS)	20	N.A.	1.10	1.20	1.16	1.12	1.10	N.A.	0.99	1.17	N.A.	N.A.

Notes:

TBOND is the rate on 10-year Treasury bonds.  
TBILL is the rate on 3-month Treasury bills.  
AAA is the rate on Moody's Aaa corporate bonds.  
BAA is the rate on Moody's Baa corporate bonds.

The historical values for interest rate spreads for Moody's Aaa and Baa rates are proprietary and therefore not available to the general public.

Each interest rate spread is computed as the median value of the forecasters' spreads. These median values may differ from those computed as the difference between the median values of each interest rate in the spread.

Source: Research Department, Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia. Survey of Professional Forecasters, Fourth Quarter 2022.

TABLE FIVE  
ESTIMATED PROBABILITY OF DECLINE IN REAL GDP

ESTIMATED PROBABILITY (CHANCES IN 100)	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	Q1 2023	Q2 2023	Q3 2023
	TO Q4 2022	TO Q1 2023	TO Q2 2023	TO Q3 2023	TO Q4 2023
NUMBER OF FORECASTERS					
10 OR LESS	5	0	0	0	0
11 TO 20	5	3	4	4	4
21 TO 30	5	6	2	7	9
31 TO 40	6	6	7	5	4
41 TO 50	3	4	6	2	2
51 TO 60	2	4	2	2	3
61 TO 70	1	1	4	4	4
71 TO 80	1	3	2	6	4
81 TO 90	1	3	3	0	0
91 AND OVER	1	0	0	0	0
NOT REPORTING	8	8	8	8	8
MEAN AND MEDIAN					
MEDIAN PROBABILITY	31.50	42.50	45.00	40.00	37.00
MEAN PROBABILITY	36.31	47.17	49.37	46.14	43.50

Note: Total number of forecasters reporting is 30.

Source: Research Department, Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia.  
Survey of Professional Forecasters, Fourth Quarter 2022.

TABLE SIX  
MEAN PROBABILITIES

MEAN PROBABILITY ATTACHED TO POSSIBLE  
CIVILIAN UNEMPLOYMENT RATES:  
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

	2022	2023	2024	2025
15.0 PERCENT OR MORE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
12.0 TO 14.9 PERCENT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
10.0 TO 11.9 PERCENT	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.01
8.0 TO 9.9 PERCENT	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.56
7.0 TO 7.9 PERCENT	0.00	0.63	1.40	1.39
6.0 TO 6.9 PERCENT	0.17	2.32	6.33	4.72
5.0 TO 5.9 PERCENT	1.30	15.99	22.57	17.30
4.0 TO 4.9 PERCENT	11.30	46.98	40.20	42.99
3.0 TO 3.9 PERCENT	84.11	31.31	26.12	30.04
LESS THAN 3.0 PERCENT	3.11	2.78	3.07	2.99

MEAN PROBABILITY ATTACHED TO POSSIBLE  
PERCENT CHANGES IN REAL GDP:  
(ANNUAL-AVERAGE OVER ANNUAL-AVERAGE)

	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025
16.0 PERCENT OR MORE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
10.0 TO 15.9 PERCENT	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.00
7.0 TO 9.9 PERCENT	0.03	0.23	0.19	0.15
4.0 TO 6.9 PERCENT	0.47	1.63	2.66	3.84
2.5 TO 3.9 PERCENT	6.91	8.00	14.56	20.66
1.5 TO 2.4 PERCENT	64.24	21.23	36.96	41.44
0.0 TO 1.4 PERCENT	24.53	37.34	30.18	26.68
-3.0 TO -0.1 PERCENT	3.66	27.18	13.40	6.08
-6.0 TO -3.1 PERCENT	0.10	4.15	1.61	0.96
-12.0 TO -6.1 PERCENT	0.03	0.20	0.37	0.19
LESS THAN -12.0 PERCENT	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00

MEAN PROBABILITY ATTACHED TO POSSIBLE  
PERCENT CHANGES IN GDP PRICE INDEX:  
(ANNUAL-AVERAGE OVER ANNUAL-AVERAGE)

	2021-2022	2022-2023
4.0 PERCENT OR MORE	89.20	38.11
3.5 TO 3.9 PERCENT	6.80	31.10
3.0 TO 3.4 PERCENT	0.83	15.82
2.5 TO 2.9 PERCENT	0.17	8.38
2.0 TO 2.4 PERCENT	1.17	3.66
1.5 TO 1.9 PERCENT	1.00	1.98
1.0 TO 1.4 PERCENT	0.67	0.60
0.5 TO 0.9 PERCENT	0.17	0.28
0.0 TO 0.4 PERCENT	0.00	0.04
LESS THAN 0.0 PERCENT	0.00	0.03

Source: Research Department, Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia.  
Survey of Professional Forecasters, Fourth Quarter 2022.

TABLE SEVEN  
 MEAN PROBABILITY OF CORE CPI AND CORE PCE INFLATION (Q4/Q4)

MEAN PROBABILITY ATTACHED TO CORE CPI INFLATION:

	21Q4 TO 22Q4	22Q4 TO 23Q4
4.0 PERCENT OR MORE	91.44	28.74
3.5 TO 3.9 PERCENT	6.19	18.60
3.0 TO 3.4 PERCENT	2.00	20.99
2.5 TO 2.9 PERCENT	0.19	21.91
2.0 TO 2.4 PERCENT	0.19	6.83
1.5 TO 1.9 PERCENT	0.00	1.69
1.0 TO 1.4 PERCENT	0.00	0.86
0.5 TO 0.9 PERCENT	0.00	0.32
0.0 TO 0.4 PERCENT	0.00	0.05
LESS THAN 0.0 PERCENT	0.00	0.01

MEAN PROBABILITY ATTACHED TO CORE PCE INFLATION:

	21Q4 TO 22Q4	22Q4 TO 23Q4
4.0 PERCENT OR MORE	86.28	19.07
3.5 TO 3.9 PERCENT	7.57	21.17
3.0 TO 3.4 PERCENT	3.74	18.63
2.5 TO 2.9 PERCENT	2.04	22.42
2.0 TO 2.4 PERCENT	0.19	14.36
1.5 TO 1.9 PERCENT	0.19	2.84
1.0 TO 1.4 PERCENT	0.00	1.05
0.5 TO 0.9 PERCENT	0.00	0.34
0.0 TO 0.4 PERCENT	0.00	0.09
LESS THAN 0.0 PERCENT	0.00	0.04

Source: Research Department, Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia.  
 Survey of Professional Forecasters, Fourth Quarter 2022.



TABLE EIGHT  
LONG-TERM (5-YEAR AND 10-YEAR) INFLATION FORECASTS

ANNUAL AVERAGE OVER THE NEXT 5 YEARS: 2022-2026  
=====

CPI INFLATION RATE		PCE INFLATION RATE	
MINIMUM	2.40	MINIMUM	2.00
LOWER QUARTILE	3.50	LOWER QUARTILE	2.93
MEDIAN	3.75	MEDIAN	3.23
UPPER QUARTILE	4.10	UPPER QUARTILE	3.43
MAXIMUM	5.90	MAXIMUM	4.90
MEAN	3.89	MEAN	3.28
STD. DEVIATION	0.75	STD. DEVIATION	0.61
N	29	N	28
MISSING	9	MISSING	10

ANNUAL AVERAGE OVER THE FOLLOWING 5 YEARS: 2027-2031  
=====

CPI INFLATION RATE		PCE INFLATION RATE	
MINIMUM	1.61	MINIMUM	1.26
LOWER QUARTILE	2.01	LOWER QUARTILE	1.80
MEDIAN	2.21	MEDIAN	2.00
UPPER QUARTILE	2.41	UPPER QUARTILE	2.10
MAXIMUM	3.12	MAXIMUM	2.49
MEAN	2.25	MEAN	1.96
STD. DEVIATION	0.31	STD. DEVIATION	0.27
N	27	N	26
MISSING	11	MISSING	12

ANNUAL AVERAGE OVER THE NEXT 10 YEARS: 2022-2031  
=====

CPI INFLATION RATE		PCE INFLATION RATE	
MINIMUM	2.20	MINIMUM	1.80
LOWER QUARTILE	2.80	LOWER QUARTILE	2.30
MEDIAN	2.95	MEDIAN	2.58
UPPER QUARTILE	3.30	UPPER QUARTILE	2.80
MAXIMUM	4.50	MAXIMUM	3.50
MEAN	3.07	MEAN	2.61
STD. DEVIATION	0.49	STD. DEVIATION	0.40
N	27	N	26
MISSING	11	MISSING	12

Note: The summary statistics for each forecast horizon are computed on a sample of panelists that may differ from one horizon to the next. The usual identity linking the 10-year horizon to the two underlying five-year horizons may not hold in the results.

Source: Research Department, Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia.  
Survey of Professional Forecasters, Fourth Quarter 2022.