

In September 2020, the International Business Council (IBC) of the World Economic Forum (WEF) published its Stakeholder Capitalism Metrics and disclosures. These can be used by companies to align their mainstream reporting on performance against environmental, social and governance (ESG) indicators.

The recommended metrics are organised under four pillars that are aligned with the SDGs and principal ESG domains: Principles of Governance, Planet, People and Prosperity.

Deloitte DTTL on behalf of the Deloitte Global network is a signatory to the "Commitment to Adopt and Implement the Stakeholder Capitalism Metrics".

This document presents Deloitte UK's reporting against the 21 core metrics for the fiscal year ending 31 May 2024.

### ESG Reporting – the WEF Stakeholder Capitalism Metrics

Theme	WEF Metric/Disclosure	Response
Principles of Governance	The company's stated purpose, as the expression of the means by which a business proposes solutions to economic, environmental, and social issues. Corporate purpose should create value for all stakeholders, including shareholders.	• Our purpose is to make an impact that matters – for our clients, our people and society. Our purpose is central to our ambition. It's reflected in our values, the investment we make in our people and our commitment to equality, inclusion and sustainability. It shows in our work with clients and the entities we audit, as well as our support for social enterprises and charity partners.
		• For more information, refer to our <b>People &amp; Purpose</b> update and our <b>Purpose website</b> .
	• Composition of the highest governance body and its committees by: competencies relating to economic, environmental, and social topics; executive or non-executive; independence; tenure on the governance body; number of each individual's other significant positions and commitments, and the nature of the commitments; gender; membership of under-represented social groups; stakeholder representation	• The members of our UK Oversight Board and Audit Governance Board comprise a mix of executive and elected partner members and independent non-executives. Together, they bring a diverse range of skills, expertise and perspectives to our governance that is critical to setting the tone for ethical and responsible decision-making throughout the business, and ensuring transparency and accountability to external stakeholders and to our people.
		<ul> <li>For a detailed information on our Boards, please see the governance section of the         <u>Transparency Report</u>. For further information see <u>Leadership and Governance</u>.     </li> </ul>
	Material issues impacting stakeholders  • A list of the topics that are material to key stakeholders and the company, how the topics were identified, and how the stakeholders were engaged	<ul> <li>Our impact is shaped by the relationships we have with our stakeholders, including our people, our clients, charities and NGOs, local communities, industry groups and trade bodies, as well as governments and regulatory bodies. We continue to engage closely with these key stakeholder groups in a variety of ways, some formal and some informal. For more information, refer to <b>Scope of the Report</b>.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Deloitte Global undertakes a materiality assessment on a 3-yearly basis. This identifies the issues that are material to Deloitte across the global network and helps to inform reporting at national practice level. See the Global Impact Report <u>Performance Metrics</u> and Reporting for details.</li> </ul>

#### Theme

#### WEF Metric/Disclosure

# Principles of Governance (continued)

#### **Anti-corruption**

- 01. Total percentage of governance body members, employees and business partners who have received training on the organization's anti-corruption policies and procedures, broken down by region
  - a. Total number and nature of incidents of corruption confirmed during the current year but related to previous years
  - b. Total number and nature of incidents of corruption confirmed during the current year, related to this year
- 02. Discussion of initiatives and stakeholder engagement to improve the broader operating environment and culture, in order to combat corruption

#### Response

- Training on anti-bribery, corruption and ethics is mandatory for all partners and employees upon joining the firm, with refresher training provided thereafter on a periodic basis. This training is complemented by a programme of targeted awareness building.
- There were no confirmed cases of corruption in FY24.
- In addition to dedicated training, the Ethics Team engages our people across the firm to raise the profile of ethics at Deloitte and improve understanding of what the firm expects in terms of ethics, integrity and doing the right thing. As part of this, we ask our leaders to emphasise the critical importance of the topic, and their support for anyone who reports a genuine concern.
- We have an Anti-Bribery Officer, who has responsibility for anti-bribery and corruption policy, training, monitoring and investigation.
- Please refer to our audit **Transparency Report** and **Ethics & Integrity** for further information on our approach to Ethics.

#### Protected ethics advice & reporting mechanisms

A description of internal and external mechanisms for:

- 01. Seeking advice about ethical and lawful behaviour and organizational integrity
- 02. Reporting concerns about unethical or lawful behaviour and organizational integrity
- Our people are encouraged to raise concerns about wrongdoing of any sort whether it is about the behaviour of an individual or relating to organizational integrity. There are various channels for this either through line management, to a Respect and Inclusion advisor, HR, or Ethics directly or via our Speak Up hotline. Concerns about behaviours by a client would ordinarily be escalated to a partner for them to raise with their opposite number at the client. Our Public Interest Group is another forum where certain concerns relating to the clients for whom we work, or the work we do for them, can be raised.
- In FY24 the response rate to our annual Ethics Survey increased again, with the
  overwhelming majority stating that Deloitte is an ethical place to work. Our continuing
  focus on the importance of ethics and the promotion of our reporting channels means
  we continue to see the number of ethics reports rise (see our **Performance Metrics** for
  a breakdown by topic).
- For more information, see our <u>Transparency Report</u> and <u>Ethics & Integrity</u>.

### Integrating risk & opportunity into business process

- Company risk factor and opportunity disclosures that clearly identify the principal
  material risks and opportunities facing the company specifically (as opposed to
  generic sector risks), the company appetite in respect of these risks, how these
  risks and opportunities have moved over time and the response to those changes.
  These opportunities and risks should integrate material economic, environmental,
  and social issues, including climate change and data stewardship
- The principal risks and uncertainties of the UK firm are set out in, and managed through, the Enterprise Risk Framework. This sets out the UK Executive's assessment of the risks facing the UK firm; specifically those that could impact on the ability of the UK firm to meet its public interest obligations and deliver its strategy, and those that could impact upon its reputation and resilience.
- For further information, including risk details and mitigations, please see the Principal Risks and Uncertainties section of our **Transparency Report**.

Theme	WEF Metric/Disclosure	Response
Planet	GHG emissions	<ul> <li>Transparent and accountable reporting of our climate impact is important for us to effectively demonstrate progress towards our net zero goal. We report all material scopes and categories of GHG emissions following the Greenhouse Gas Protocol. For our environmental peformance data, including a link to our GHG emissions statement and GHG Basis of Reporting, please see Performance Metrics.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>For all relevant greenhouse gases (e.g. carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide, F-gases etc.), report in metric tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent (tCO2e) GHG Protocol Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Estimate and report material upstream and downstream (GHG Protocol Scope 3) emissions where appropriate.</li> </ul>	
	TCFD implementation	Deloitte is committed to net zero globally, including at UK level. We've set near-term
	• Fully implement the recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-related	science-based targets to 2030 which are registered with the <b>SBTI</b> .
Financial Disclosures (TCFD). If necessary, disclose a timeline of at most of for full implementation. Disclose whether you have set, or have committed GHG emissions targets that are in line with the goals of the Paris Agreem limit global warming to well-below 2°C above pre-industrial levels and put efforts to limit warming to 1.5°C – and to achieve net-zero emissions before the number and area (in hectares) of sites owned, leased or man adjacent to protected areas and/or key biodiversity areas (KBA).  Water consumption and withdrawal  Report for operations where material, mega litres of water withdrawn, more of water consumed and the percentage of each in regions with high or each high baseline water stress according to WRI Aqueduct water risk atlas to	Financial Disclosures (TCFD). If necessary, disclose a timeline of at most three years for full implementation. Disclose whether you have set, or have committed to set, GHG emissions targets that are in line with the goals of the Paris Agreement – to limit global warming to well-below 2°C above pre-industrial levels and pursue efforts to limit warming to 1.5°C – and to achieve net-zero emissions before 2050	<ul> <li>In late 2023 we reported against the requirements of the UK CFD regulations in the financial statements of the ultimate parent of Deloitte LLP, being Deloitte NSE LLP. These disclosures were also published in a standalone <b>NSE CFD report</b>. An FY24 update to the CFD report will be published in late 2024.</li> </ul>
	Land use and ecological sensitivity	• We do not own, lease or manage any such sites. Work is continuing to assess where
	<ul> <li>Report the number and area (in hectares) of sites owned, leased or managed in or adjacent to protected areas and/or key biodiversity areas (KBA).</li> </ul>	material impacts on nature exist in our real estate and supply chain in order that we can effectively manage these.
	Water consumption and withdrawal	• Although overall water risk is low in the UK, as defined by the Aqueduct water risk atlas,
	<ul> <li>Report for operations where material, mega litres of water withdrawn, mega litres of water consumed and the percentage of each in regions with high or extremely high baseline water stress according to WRI Aqueduct water risk atlas tool.</li> </ul>	Deloitte UK has a number of offices in the Thames Valley, which has high water stress.  This includes our London Campus, representing the majority of our water consumption.  Water consumption is low-materiality for Deloitte due the office-based nature of our business. We measure, report on and manage our water consumption – figures can be
	<ul> <li>Estimate and report the same information for the full value chain (upstream and downstream) where appropriate</li> </ul>	found in our <b>Performance Metrics</b> .

Theme	WEF Metric/Disclosure	Response
People	Percentage of employees per employee category, per age group, gender and other indicators of diversity (e.g. ethnicity)  Output  Diversity and inclusion (%)	• Deloitte is an equal opportunities employer, committed to ensuring all our people receive fair and equitable treatment. Our people are the heart of our firm. United by our shared values, each of us at Deloitte brings our own ideas, skills and perspectives to make an impact that matters for our colleagues, clients and society. We want everyone to feel able to be their true authentic selves, reach their full potential and know that they belong.
		• For more information refer to our <b>People and Purpose</b> update.
		<ul> <li>For diversity and inclusion statistics see our <u>Pay &amp; Inclusion Report</u> and <u>Performance</u> <u>Metrics</u>.</li> </ul>
	Pay equality	• Deloitte monitors pay at all levels of the organisation and is committed to ensuring equal pay, specifically the legal requirement to pay men and women the same for equal work, which is governed by the Equality Act (2010). We continue to lead in this area, this year including Socio-Economic Background and Disability pay monitoring as well as our already established Gender and Ethnicity pay reporting.
	<ul> <li>Ratio of the basic salary and remuneration for each employee category by significant locations of operation for priority areas of equality: women to men; minor to major ethnic groups; and other relevant equality areas</li> </ul>	
		• For more details, refer to our <b>Pay &amp; Inclusion Report</b> and <b>Performance Metrics</b> .
	Wage level %	Deloitte is a Living Wage employer and accredited by the Living Wage Foundation,
	Ratios of standard entry-level wage by gender compared to local minimum wage	meaning all employees, including apprentices, are paid at least the Real Living Wage.
	• Ratio of CEO's total annual compensation to median total annual compensation of all employees (excluding the CEO)	<ul> <li>As part of our commitment to pay transparency we voluntarily publish details of our CEO pay ratio, although as a partnership we are not covered by the pay ratio regulations.</li> </ul>
		• For more details, refer to our <b>Pay &amp; Inclusion Report</b> and <b>Performance Metrics</b> .

#### **Theme**

#### WEF Metric/Disclosure

#### Response

### **People** (continued)

#### Risk for incidents of child, forced or compulsory labour

- An explanation of the operations and suppliers considered to have significant risk
  for incidents of child labour, forced or compulsory labour. Such risks could emerge
  in relation to type of operation (such as manufacturing plant) and type of supplier;
  or countries or geographic areas with operations and suppliers considered at risk.
- In FY23 we undertook an inherent ESG risk assessment of our supply chain, including the inherent risk of child labour and modern slavery in different procurement categories. Although two of the lower likelihood risks, these issues were 'possible' or 'likely' in certain categories.
- To mitigate the risks of forced labour/modern slavery in our supply chain during FY24 we continued to:
- Require all suppliers to comply with our Sustainable Procurement Policy, as part of our standard terms, which includes our commitment to the UN Guiding Principles
- Evaluate new and existing suppliers for human rights related risks, including forced labour
- Ask suppliers in higher risk industries to confirm explicitly that their business and supply chain is free from forced labour/modern slavery.
- For more information, refer to our <u>Supplier Code of Conduct</u>, <u>Sustainable</u>
   <u>Procurement Policy</u> and <u>Modern Slavery Statement</u>.

#### Health and safety

- 01. The number and rate of fatalities as a result of work-related injury; high-consequence work-related injuries (excluding fatalities); recordable work-related injuries, main types of work-related injury; and the number of hours worked
- 02. An explanation of how the organization facilitates workers' access to non-occupational medical and healthcare services and the scope of access provided for employees and workers
- The nature of our business means we are low risk for workplace injuries. We record reportable work-related injuries as required by UK legislation. In FY24 we had two reportable injuries. We are certified to the ISO45001 standard for Health & Safety management.
- The physical and mental wellbeing of our people is a key priority for Deloitte. We offer
  a range of facilities and services to support in these areas. Details can be found in our
  Pay & Inclusion Report.

#### **Training provided**

- 01. Average hours of training per person that the organization's employees have undertaken during the reporting period, by gender and employee category (total number of trainings provided to employees divided by the number of employees)
- 02. Average training and development expenditure per full time employee
- We develop our professionals with a range of development programmes (in person and virtual) and resources to help our people make an impact that matters. Our performance experience approach is designed with a focus on regular conversations that provide continuous feedback and support to enable personal growth and career fulfilment. Each individual has a People Leader to support their wellbeing, performance and development.
- We have invested significantly in learning and development this financial year learning spend has risen, and average learning hours per FTE has increased in line with this.
- For more information refer to our <u>People and Purpose</u> update and for training hours and investment data see our <u>Performance Metrics</u>.

Theme	WEF Metric/Disclosure	Response
Prosperity	Absolute number and rate of employment	<ul> <li>For full details of hiring and turnover, including information on the split of new hires and overall employee population by diversity criteria, refer to our <u>Pay &amp; Inclusion Report</u> and <u>Performance Metrics</u>.</li> </ul>
	01. Total number and rate of new employee hires during the reporting period, by age group, gender, other indicators of diversity and region	
	02. Total number and rate of employee turnover during the reporting period, by age group, gender, other indicators of diversity and region	
	Economic contribution	• FY24 saw our revenue continue to grow, however with a more challenging market which
	01. Direct economic value generated and distributed (EVG&D) – on an accrual basis, covering the basic components for the organization's global operations, ideally split out by: EVG&D can provide a valuable snapshot of the direct monetary value added to local economies through generation of products and services, servicing of capital, payment of wages, taxes and community investment, while the significant financial assistance received from government, when compared with separate disclosures on taxes, can be useful for developing a more balanced and transparent snapshot of the balance of transactions between the company and government.	led to mixed performance across our businesses. With this challenging market continuing into FY25, we will remain disciplined around how we run our business, with a focus on prudent financial control.
		• For further information, see the <b>message from our CFO</b> .
		<ul> <li>For a summary of our business performance metrics, as well as our community investment information, refer to <u>Performance Metrics</u>. For a detailed breakdown of financials see our <u>Financial Statements</u>.</li> </ul>
	a. Revenue	
	b. Operating costs	
	c. Employee wages and benefits	
	d. Payments to providers of capital	
	e. Payments to government	
	f. Community investment	
	02. Financial assistance received from the government – Total monetary value of financial assistance received by the organization from any government during the reporting period	
	Financial investment contribution	<ul> <li>Despite more challenging market conditions in FY24, we continue to invest in technology reward and learning and development.</li> <li>For detailed financial information including CapEx and investments, please see our Financial Statements. See also the message from our CFO.</li> </ul>
	01. Total capital expenditures (CapEx) minus depreciation, supported by narrative to	
	describe the company's investment strategy	
	02. Share buybacks + Dividend payments supported by narrative to describe the	

• As an LLP we do not have shares and dividend buybacks; our distributable profit and

profit per equity partner can be found in our **Performance Metrics**.

company's strategy for returns of capital to shareholders

Theme	WEF Metric/Disclosure	Response
Prosperity (continued)	Total R&D expenses  • Total costs related to research and development	<ul> <li>At Deloitte, innovation in thought, process and technology is not an add-on. It is fundamentally how we create outcomes that are more valuable to our clients and stakeholders. For more information see <u>Innovation</u>.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Due to the structure of our business we are not yet able to report R&amp;D expenses effectively. For detailed financial information please see our <u>Financial Statements</u>.</li> </ul>
	Total tax paid	Ensuring that Deloitte LLP, its partners and its subsidiary companies pay the right
	<ul> <li>The total global tax borne by the company, including corporate income taxes, property taxes, non-creditable VAT and other sales taxes, employer-paid payroll taxes and other taxes that constitute costs to the company, by category of taxes</li> </ul>	amount of tax, in the right place, at the right time is core to Deloitte's commitment to being a responsible business. Noting that UK tax rules look through a partnership to its members, Deloitte LLP makes a significant contribution to the UK Exchequer each year, through the taxes paid by its members and the business. Additionally, Deloitte LLP collects business taxes (principally VAT and employee payroll taxes) on behalf of the UK Exchequer. Deloitte LLP takes a responsible approach to arranging its tax affairs and is committed to accurate compliance in respect of its business and members.
		<ul> <li>For more details refer to our <u>Tax Impact Report</u> and <u>Performance Metrics</u>.</li> </ul>

## Deloitte.

This publication has been written in general terms and we recommend that you obtain professional advice before acting or refraining from action on any of the contents of this publication. Deloitte LLP accepts no liability for any loss occasioned to any person acting or refraining from action as a result of any material in this publication.

Deloitte LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales with registered number OC303675 and its registered office at 1 New Street Square, London EC4A 3HQ, United Kingdom.

Deloitte LLP is the United Kingdom affiliate of Deloitte NSE LLP, a member firm of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited, a UK private company limited by guarantee ("DTTL"). DTTL and each of its member firms are legally separate and independent entities. DTTL and Deloitte NSE LLP do not provide services to clients. Please see www.deloitte.com/about to learn more about our global network of member firms.

© 2024 Deloitte LLP. All rights reserved.

Designed and produced by 368 at Deloitte. J40028-1