




**MONTHLY ADVANCE ECONOMIC INDICATORS REPORT, NOVEMBER 2019**

Release Number: CB19-197

**December 30, 2019** — The U.S. Census Bureau announced the following international trade, wholesale inventories, and retail inventories advance statistics for November 2019:

	 <b>ADVANCE INTERNATIONAL TRADE: GOODS DEFICIT</b>	 <b>ADVANCE WHOLESALE INVENTORIES</b>	 <b>ADVANCE RETAIL INVENTORIES</b>
<b>NOVEMBER 2019</b>	\$63.2 Billion      -5.4%°	\$674.7 Billion      0.0%*	\$661.9 Billion      -0.7%
<b>OCTOBER 2019</b>	\$66.8 Billion	\$675.0 Billion (R)	\$666.7 Billion (R)
<b>Next release: January 29, 2020.</b>			
<small>* The 90 percent confidence interval includes zero. There is insufficient evidence to conclude that the actual change is different from zero.            ° Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable.            Data adjusted for seasonality but not price changes.            Source: U.S. Census Bureau; Advance Economic Indicators Report, December 30, 2019.</small>			

**Advance International Trade in Goods**

The international trade deficit was \$63.2 billion in November, down \$3.6 billion from \$66.8 billion in October. Exports of goods for November were \$136.4 billion, \$0.9 billion more than October exports. Imports of goods for November were \$199.6 billion, \$2.7 billion less than October imports.

**Advance Wholesale Inventories**

Wholesale inventories for November, adjusted for seasonal variations but not for price changes, were estimated at an end-of-month level of \$674.7 billion, virtually unchanged ( $\pm 0.2$  percent)\* from October 2019, and were up 3.2 percent ( $\pm 1.2$  percent) from November 2018. The September 2019 to October 2019 percentage change was revised from up 0.1 percent ( $\pm 0.4$  percent)\* to virtually unchanged ( $\pm 0.4$  percent)\*.

**Advance Retail Inventories**

Retail inventories for November, adjusted for seasonal variations but not for price changes, were estimated at an end-of-month level of \$661.9 billion, down 0.7 percent ( $\pm 0.2$  percent) from October 2019, and were up 2.4 percent ( $\pm 0.5$  percent) from November 2018. The September 2019 to October 2019 percentage change was revised from up 0.3 percent ( $\pm 0.2$  percent) to up 0.1 percent ( $\pm 0.2$  percent)\*.

The December 2019 Advance report is scheduled for release on January 29, 2020. View the full schedule in the Economic Briefing Room: [www.census.gov/economic-indicators/](http://www.census.gov/economic-indicators/). The full text and tables of this release can be found at [www.census.gov/econ/indicators/](http://www.census.gov/econ/indicators/).

**Data Inquiries**International Trade Indicator Branch: 301-763-2311 [eid.international.trade.data@census.gov](mailto:eid.international.trade.data@census.gov)Retail Indicator Branch: 301-763-2713 [eid.retail.indicator.branch@census.gov](mailto:eid.retail.indicator.branch@census.gov)Wholesale Indicator Branch: 301-763-6856 [eid.wholesale.indicator.branch@census.gov](mailto:eid.wholesale.indicator.branch@census.gov)**Media Inquiries**

Public Information Office

301-763-3030

[pio@census.gov](mailto:pio@census.gov)

## EXPLANATORY NOTES

### International Trade in Goods

#### **Goods (Census Basis)**

Data for goods on a Census basis are compiled from the documents collected by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection and reflect the movement of goods between foreign countries and the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and U.S. Foreign Trade Zones. They include government and non-government shipments of goods and exclude shipments between the United States and its territories and possessions; transactions with U.S. military, diplomatic, and consular installations abroad; U.S. goods returned to the United States by its Armed Forces; personal and household effects of travelers; and in-transit shipments. Data for U.S. exports to Canada are derived from import data compiled by Canada. For more information on the data exchange and substitution please refer to the FT-900. The General Imports value reflects the total arrival of merchandise from foreign countries that immediately enters consumption channels, warehouses, or Foreign Trade Zones.

For imports, the value reported is the U.S. Customs and Border Protection appraised value of merchandise—generally, the price paid for merchandise for export to the United States. Import duties, freight, insurance, and other charges incurred in bringing merchandise to the United States are excluded.

Exports are valued at the free alongside ship value of merchandise at the U.S. port of export, based on the transaction price including inland freight, insurance, and other charges incurred in placing the merchandise alongside the carrier at the U.S. port of exportation.

Additional information on coverage and valuation are available in the Guide to Foreign Trade Statistics, <[www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#coverage](http://www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#coverage)> and <[www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#valuation](http://www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#valuation)>, respectively.

#### **Nonsampling Errors**

Goods data are a complete enumeration of documents collected by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection and are not subject to sampling errors. This report presents current month statistics which reflect nearly complete coverage. Current month statistics reflecting complete coverage will be published in the upcoming U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services report (FT-900). Statistics for other months shown reflect complete coverage and appear in the most recently published FT-900. Quality assurance procedures are performed at every stage of collection, processing, and tabulation. However, the data are still subject to several types of nonsampling errors. Information on nonsampling errors and other quality

#### **Data Inquiries**

International Trade Indicator Branch: 301-763-2311 [eid.international.trade.data@census.gov](mailto:eid.international.trade.data@census.gov)

Retail Indicator Branch: 301-763-2713 [eid.retail.indicator.branch@census.gov](mailto:eid.retail.indicator.branch@census.gov)

Wholesale Indicator Branch: 301-763-6856 [eid.wholesale.indicator.branch@census.gov](mailto:eid.wholesale.indicator.branch@census.gov)

#### **Media Inquiries**

Public Information Office

301-763-3030

[pio@census.gov](mailto:pio@census.gov)



U.S. Department of Commerce  
U.S. CENSUS BUREAU  
[census.gov](http://census.gov)

issues are available in the Guide to Foreign Trade Statistics, <[www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html](http://www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html)>.

The U.S. Census Bureau recommends that data users incorporate this information into their analyses, as nonsampling errors could impact the conclusion drawn from the results. For a detailed discussion of errors affecting the goods data, see U.S. Merchandise Trade Statistics: A Quality Profile (October 2014), available at <[www.census.gov/foreign-trade/aip/quality\\_profile10032014.pdf](http://www.census.gov/foreign-trade/aip/quality_profile10032014.pdf)> or from the Economic Indicators Division, U.S. Census Bureau.

### **Adjustments for Seasonal and Trading-Day Variations**

Goods data are presented on a seasonally adjusted and not seasonally adjusted basis. Seasonally adjusted (and/or trading day adjusted data) are produced using X-13ARIMA-SEATS software to develop monthly adjustment factors. Goods data are initially classified under the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (Harmonized System), which is an internationally accepted standard for the commodity classification of traded goods. Combining trade into approximately 140 export and 140 import end-use categories makes it possible to examine goods according to their principal uses. These categories are used as the basis for computing the seasonal and trading-day adjusted data. These adjusted data are then summed to the six end-use aggregates for publication.

For more information, visit the seasonal adjustment section of the Guide to Foreign Trade here: <[www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#seasonal](http://www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#seasonal)>

### **Retail and Wholesale Inventories**

National estimates of end-of-month inventories are based on data from the Monthly Retail Trade Survey and the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey. Additional information for each survey can be found at <[www.census.gov/retail](http://www.census.gov/retail)> and <[www.census.gov/wholesale](http://www.census.gov/wholesale)>. The advance estimates contained in this report are not incorporated into the full MRTS and MWTS time series.

The MRTS and MWTS samples selected to measure inventories consist of a stratified simple random sampling method of approximately 11,000 retail firms and 4,200 wholesale firms located in the United States. The retail and wholesale samples include firms of all sizes and are updated on a quarterly basis to account for new retail and wholesale firms, deaths, and other changes to the universe.

Data for nonresponding firms are imputed based on data for similar-sized firms classified in the same kind of business. For surveyed Retail companies, approximately 47.6 percent provided data for this reporting period resulting in a total quantity response rate of 56.6 percent. For surveyed Wholesale companies, approximately 54.2 percent provided data for this reporting period resulting in a total quantity response rate of 53.9 percent.

#### **Data Inquiries**

International Trade Indicator Branch: 301-763-2311 [eid.international.trade.data@census.gov](mailto:eid.international.trade.data@census.gov)

Retail Indicator Branch: 301-763-2713 [eid.retail.indicator.branch@census.gov](mailto:eid.retail.indicator.branch@census.gov)

Wholesale Indicator Branch: 301-763-6856 [eid.wholesale.indicator.branch@census.gov](mailto:eid.wholesale.indicator.branch@census.gov)

#### **Media Inquiries**

Public Information Office

301-763-3030

[pio@census.gov](mailto:pio@census.gov)



U.S. Department of Commerce  
U.S. CENSUS BUREAU  
[census.gov](http://census.gov)

MRTS estimates cover companies with one or more establishments that sell merchandise and related services to final consumers. Nonemployers are represented in the retail estimates through benchmarking to prior annual survey estimates that include nonemployer sales based on administrative records.

MWTS estimates cover wholesale merchants who sell goods on their own account and include such businesses as wholesale merchants or jobbers, industrial distributors, exporters, and importers. Sales offices and branches maintained by manufacturing, refining, or mining firms for the purpose of marketing their products are not covered in this report. Also excluded is NAICS Industry Group 4251: Wholesale Electronic Markets and Agents and Brokers.

### **Reliability of Estimates**

Because the retail and wholesale estimates are based on a sample survey, they contain sampling error and nonsampling error.

Sampling error is the difference between the estimate and the result that would be obtained from a complete enumeration of the sampling frame conducted under the same survey conditions. This error occurs because only a subset of the entire sampling frame is measured in a sample survey. Standard errors and coefficients of variation are estimated measures of sampling variation.

The margin of sampling error gives a range about the estimate which is a 90 percent confidence interval. If, for example, the percentage change estimate is +1.2 percent and its estimated standard error is 0.9 percent, then the margin of sampling error is  $\pm 1.753 \times 0.9$  percent or  $\pm 1.6$  percent, and the 90 percent confidence interval is -0.4 percent to +2.8 percent. If the interval contains 0, then one does not have sufficient evidence to conclude at the 90 percent confidence level that the change is different from zero and therefore the change is not statistically significant. Estimated changes are statistically significant unless otherwise noted. For a monthly total, the estimated coefficient of variation is given. The resulting confidence interval is the estimated value  $\pm 1.753 \times CV \times$  (the estimated monthly total).

Nonsampling error encompasses all other factors that contribute to the total error of a sample survey estimate. This type of error can occur because of nonresponse, insufficient coverage of the universe of businesses, mistakes in the recording and coding of data, and other errors of collection, response, coverage, or processing. Although nonsampling error is not measured directly, the Census Bureau employs quality control procedures throughout the process to minimize this type of error.

The U.S. Census Bureau recommends that individuals using retail and wholesale estimates incorporate this information into their analyses, as sampling error and nonsampling error could affect the conclusions drawn from the estimates.

#### **Data Inquiries**

International Trade Indicator Branch: 301-763-2311 [eid.international.trade.data@census.gov](mailto:eid.international.trade.data@census.gov)

Retail Indicator Branch: 301-763-2713 [eid.retail.indicator.branch@census.gov](mailto:eid.retail.indicator.branch@census.gov)

Wholesale Indicator Branch: 301-763-6856 [eid.wholesale.indicator.branch@census.gov](mailto:eid.wholesale.indicator.branch@census.gov)

#### **Media Inquiries**

Public Information Office

301-763-3030

[pio@census.gov](mailto:pio@census.gov)



U.S. Department of Commerce  
U.S. CENSUS BUREAU  
[census.gov](http://census.gov)

## Adjustments for Seasonal Variations

Concurrent seasonal adjustment is used to adjust the retail and wholesale inventories estimates for seasonal variations. Concurrent seasonal adjustment uses all available unadjusted estimates as input to the X-13ARIMA-SEATS program. The factors derived from the program are applied to the retail and wholesale estimates of current and previous month inventories and for inventories estimates a year ago as well.

## Data Availability

The Advance Economic Indicators Report is available at <[www.census.gov/econ/indicators/index.html](http://www.census.gov/econ/indicators/index.html)>. For archived versions of the Advance Economic Indicators Report please visit the Historical Data tab at the following: <[census.gov/econ/indicators/historical\\_data.html](http://census.gov/econ/indicators/historical_data.html)>.

## RESOURCES

### API

The Census Bureau's application programming interface lets developers create custom apps to reach new users and makes key demographic, socio-economic and housing statistics more accessible than ever before.

<[www.census.gov/developers/](http://www.census.gov/developers/)>

### FRED Mobile App



Receive the latest updates on the nation's key economic indicators by downloading the FRED App <<https://fred.stlouisfed.org/fred-mobile/>> for both Apple and Android devices. FRED, the signature database of the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis, now incorporates the Census Bureau's 13 economic indicators.

###

\* The 90 percent confidence interval includes zero. There is insufficient statistical evidence to conclude that the actual change is different from zero.

° Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable for this survey.

(R) Revised from the last published Monthly Retail Trade Report and Monthly Wholesale Trade: Sales and Inventories Report

### Data Inquiries

International Trade Indicator Branch: 301-763-2311 [eid.international.trade.data@census.gov](mailto:eid.international.trade.data@census.gov)

Retail Indicator Branch: 301-763-2713 [eid.retail.indicator.branch@census.gov](mailto:eid.retail.indicator.branch@census.gov)

Wholesale Indicator Branch: 301-763-6856 [eid.wholesale.indicator.branch@census.gov](mailto:eid.wholesale.indicator.branch@census.gov)

### Media Inquiries

Public Information Office

301-763-3030

[pio@census.gov](mailto:pio@census.gov)



U.S. Department of Commerce  
U.S. CENSUS BUREAU  
[census.gov](http://census.gov)

**Table 1. U.S. International Trade in Goods by Principal End-Use Category (1)**

In millions of dollars. Details may not equal totals due to seasonal adjustment and rounding. (X) – Not applicable

	Goods - Census Basis (2)						
	Monthly				Percent change		
	November 2019 (a)	October 2019	September 2019	November 2018	November 2019/ October 2019	October 2019/ September 2019	November 2019/ November 2018
<b>Seasonally Adjusted</b>							
Balance	-63,193	-66,799	-70,656	-72,913	(X)	(X)	(X)
Exports	136,375	135,450	136,156	138,452	0.7	-0.5	-1.5
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	10,689	10,477	10,758	10,058	2.0	-2.6	6.3
Industrial Supplies (3)	44,265	44,562	44,006	45,318	-0.7	1.3	-2.3
Capital Goods	45,299	44,718	45,109	48,098	1.3	-0.9	-5.8
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	13,411	12,966	13,277	12,552	3.4	-2.3	6.9
Consumer Goods	17,054	16,623	17,366	17,098	2.6	-4.3	-0.3
Other Goods	5,656	6,103	5,640	5,328	-7.3	8.2	6.2
Imports	199,568	202,249	206,812	211,365	-1.3	-2.2	-5.6
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	12,236	12,403	12,772	12,227	-1.3	-2.9	0.1
Industrial Supplies (3)	40,772	41,390	41,918	46,397	-1.5	-1.3	-12.1
Capital Goods	55,441	56,563	56,165	57,552	-2.0	0.7	-3.7
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	30,115	29,049	30,850	32,018	3.7	-5.8	-5.9
Consumer Goods	51,189	52,314	54,718	53,707	-2.2	-4.4	-4.7
Other Goods	9,814	10,530	10,389	9,463	-6.8	1.4	3.7
<b>Not Seasonally Adjusted</b>							
Balance	-62,262	-77,025	-72,262	-74,332	(X)	(X)	(X)
Exports	137,115	142,278	134,510	139,784	-3.6	5.8	-1.9
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	12,339	12,069	10,170	11,692	2.2	18.7	5.5
Industrial Supplies (3)	43,254	45,343	43,061	44,787	-4.6	5.3	-3.4
Capital Goods	44,969	47,007	44,708	47,716	-4.3	5.1	-5.8
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	13,695	13,712	13,464	12,892	-0.1	1.8	6.2
Consumer Goods	17,156	17,836	17,531	17,298	-3.8	1.7	-0.8
Other Goods	5,702	6,312	5,577	5,399	-9.7	13.2	5.6
Imports	199,377	219,303	206,772	214,116	-9.1	6.1	-6.9
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	11,843	12,859	11,865	12,053	-7.9	8.4	-1.7
Industrial Supplies (3)	38,616	42,374	40,953	44,521	-8.9	3.5	-13.3
Capital Goods	55,365	59,477	55,591	58,273	-6.9	7.0	-5.0
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	30,943	31,305	29,638	33,159	-1.2	5.6	-6.7
Consumer Goods	52,866	61,525	58,283	56,416	-14.1	5.6	-6.3
Other Goods	9,743	11,761	10,441	9,694	-17.2	12.6	0.5

(a) Advance statistics

(1) For a listing of the detail included in each end-use category, see <[www.census.gov/foreign-trade/reference/codes/enduse/exeumstr.txt](http://www.census.gov/foreign-trade/reference/codes/enduse/exeumstr.txt)>.

(2) Data are presented on a Census basis. The information needed to convert to a balance of payment basis is not available.

(3) Includes petroleum and petroleum products.

NOTES:

\* Current month statistics reflect nearly complete coverage; current month statistics reflecting complete coverage will be published in the upcoming U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services report (FT-900). Statistics for other months shown reflect complete coverage and appear in the most recently published FT-900.

\* For information on data sources, nonsampling errors, and definitions, see the explanatory notes in this release or at <[www.census.gov/econ/indicators/advance\\_report.pdf](http://www.census.gov/econ/indicators/advance_report.pdf)>.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau; Advance Economic Indicators Report, December 30, 2019.

## Table 2. Levels and Percent Changes for Inventories

Inventories estimates are shown in millions of dollars. Estimates are based on data from the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey and the Monthly Retail Trade Survey.

	Inventories					
	Monthly			Percent change		
	November 2019 (a)	October 2019 (r)	November 2018 (r)	November 2019/ October 2019	October 2019/ September 2019	November 2019/ November 2018
<b>Adjusted<sup>1</sup></b>						
Merchant wholesale <sup>2</sup> trade, total	674,709	674,971	653,559	0.0	0.0	3.2
Durable goods	418,953	420,455	405,665	-0.4	-0.5	3.3
Nondurable goods	255,756	254,516	247,894	0.5	0.8	3.2
Retail trade, total	661,908	666,656	646,376	-0.7	0.1	2.4
Total (excl. motor veh. & parts)	421,466	422,340	407,910	-0.2	0.5	3.3
Motor vehicle & parts dealers	240,442	244,316	238,466	-1.6	-0.7	0.8
<b>Not Adjusted</b>						
Merchant wholesale <sup>2</sup> trade, total	677,631	676,463	656,840	0.2	0.8	3.2
Durable goods	418,206	421,912	404,968	-0.9	-0.5	3.3
Nondurable goods	259,425	254,551	251,872	1.9	3.1	3.0
Retail trade, total	689,803	692,589	674,759	-0.4	4.0	2.2
Total (excl. motor veh. & parts)	447,866	448,414	434,365	-0.1	5.0	3.1
Motor vehicle & parts dealers	241,937	244,175	240,394	-0.9	2.2	0.6

(a) Advance estimate

(r) Revised estimate

See footnotes and notes at the end of Table 3.

## Table 3. Estimated Measures of Sampling Variability

Estimates are shown as percents and are based on data from the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey and the Monthly Retail Trade Survey.

	Inventories					
	Monthly			Standard Error of		
	Coefficient of Variation			Percent Change		
	November 2019 (a)	October 2019 (r)	November 2018 (r)	November 2019/ October 2019	October 2019/ September 2019	November 2019/ November 2018
Merchant wholesale <sup>2</sup> trade, total	1.8	1.8	1.5	0.1	0.2	0.7
Durable goods	2.5	2.5	2.2	0.1	0.2	0.8
Nondurable goods	1.6	1.6	1.5	0.2	0.3	0.9
Retail trade, total	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.3
Total (excl. motor veh. & parts)	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.2
Motor vehicle & parts dealers	1.2	1.2	1.4	0.2	0.2	0.7

(a) Advance estimate

(r) Revised estimate

(1) Estimates are concurrently adjusted for seasonal variation, but not for price changes. Concurrent seasonal adjustment uses all available not adjusted estimates as input to the X-13ARIMA-SEATS program. The factors derived from the program are used in calculating all seasonally adjusted estimates shown in this table.

(2) The 2012 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) defines merchant wholesalers as including manufacturers' sales branches and offices. However, the estimates included in this release exclude manufacturers' sales branches and offices. Note that this is not a change in coverage from prior releases and is consistent with the description used in the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey data products.

### NOTES:

Estimated measures of sampling variability are based on estimates not adjusted for seasonal variation. Additional information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, sample design, and definitions may be found at

<[www.census.gov/wholesale/www/how\\_surveys\\_are\\_collected/monthly\\_methodology.html](http://www.census.gov/wholesale/www/how_surveys_are_collected/monthly_methodology.html)> for wholesale and at

<[www.census.gov/retail/mrts/how\\_surveys\\_are\\_collected.html](http://www.census.gov/retail/mrts/how_surveys_are_collected.html)> for retail.