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MONTHLY ADVANCE ECONOMIC INDICATORS REPORT, AUGUST 2019

Release Number: CB19-150

September 26, 2019 — The U.S. Census Bureau announced the following international trade, wholesale inventories, and retail inventories advance statistics for August 2019:

	ADVANCE INTERNATIONAL TRADE: GOODS DEFICIT		ADVAN WHOLES INVENTO	ALE	ADVANCE RETAIL INVENTORIES		
AUGUST 2019	\$72.8 Billion	+0.5%°	\$681.9 Billion	+0.4%	\$667.2 Billion	0.0%*	
JULY 2019	\$72.5 Billion		\$678.9 Billion (R)		\$666.9 Billion (R)		

Next release: October 28, 2019.

Data adjusted for seasonality but not price changes.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau; Advance Economic Indicators Report, September 26, 2019.

Advance International Trade in Goods

The international trade deficit was \$72.8 billion in August, up \$0.4 billion from \$72.5 billion in July. Exports of goods for August were \$137.8 billion, \$0.2 billion more than July exports. Imports of goods for August were \$210.6 billion, \$0.5 billion more than July imports.

Advance Wholesale Inventories

Wholesale inventories for August, adjusted for seasonal variations but not for price changes, were estimated at an end-of-month level of \$681.9 billion, up 0.4 percent (±0.2 percent) from July 2019, and were up 6.4 percent (±0.9 percent) from August 2018. The June 2019 to July 2019 percentage change was revised from up 0.2 percent (±0.2 percent)* to up 0.1 percent (±0.2 percent)*.

Advance Retail Inventories

Retail inventories for August, adjusted for seasonal variations but not for price changes, were estimated at an end-of-month level of \$667.2 billion, virtually unchanged (±0.2 percent)* from July 2019, and were up 3.9 percent (±0.7 percent) from August 2018. The June 2019 to July 2019 percentage change was revised from up 0.8 percent (±0.2 percent) to up 0.7 percent (±0.2 percent).

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^{*} The 90 percent confidence interval includes zero. There is insufficient evidence to conclude that the actual change is different from zero.

[°] Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable.

The September 2019 Advance report is scheduled for release on October 28, 2019. View the full schedule in the Economic Briefing Room: <<u>www.census.gov/economic-indicators/</u>>. The full text and tables of this release can be found at <<u>www.census.gov/econ/indicators/</u>>.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

International Trade in Goods

Goods (Census Basis)

Data for goods on a Census basis are compiled from the documents collected by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection and reflect the movement of goods between foreign countries and the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and U.S. Foreign Trade Zones. They include government and non-government shipments of goods and exclude shipments between the United States and its territories and possessions; transactions with U.S. military, diplomatic, and consular installations abroad; U.S. goods returned to the United States by its Armed Forces; personal and household effects of travelers; and in-transit shipments. Data for U.S. exports to Canada are derived from import data compiled by Canada. For more information on the data exchange and substitution please refer to the FT-900. The General Imports value reflects the total arrival of merchandise from foreign countries that immediately enters consumption channels, warehouses, or Foreign Trade Zones.

For imports, the value reported is the U.S. Customs and Border Protection appraised value of merchandise—generally, the price paid for merchandise for export to the United States. Import duties, freight, insurance, and other charges incurred in bringing merchandise to the United States are excluded.

Exports are valued at the free alongside ship value of merchandise at the U.S. port of export, based on the transaction price including inland freight, insurance, and other charges incurred in placing the merchandise alongside the carrier at the U.S. port of exportation.

Additional information on coverage and valuation are available in the Guide to Foreign Trade Statistics, < www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#coverage and < www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#valuation, respectively.

Nonsampling Errors

Goods data are a complete enumeration of documents collected by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection and are not subject to sampling errors. This report presents current month statistics which reflect nearly complete coverage. Current month statistics reflecting complete coverage will be published

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in the upcoming U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services report (FT-900). Statistics for other months shown reflect complete coverage and appear in the most recently published FT-900. Quality assurance procedures are performed at every stage of collection, processing, and tabulation. However, the data are still subject to several types of nonsampling errors. Information on nonsampling errors and other quality issues are available in the Guide to Foreign Trade Statistics, www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html.

The U.S. Census Bureau recommends that data users incorporate this information into their analyses, as nonsampling errors could impact the conclusion drawn from the results. For a detailed discussion of errors affecting the goods data, see U.S. Merchandise Trade Statistics: A Quality Profile (October 2014), available at <www.census.gov/foreign-trade/aip/quality_profile10032014.pdf> or from the Economic Indicators Division, U.S. Census Bureau.

Adjustments for Seasonal and Trading-Day Variations

Goods data are presented on a seasonally adjusted and not seasonally adjusted basis. Seasonally adjusted (and/or trading day adjusted data) are produced using X-13ARIMA-SEATS software to develop monthly adjustment factors. Goods data are initially classified under the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (Harmonized System), which is an internationally accepted standard for the commodity classification of traded goods. Combining trade into approximately 140 export and 140 import end-use categories makes it possible to examine goods according to their principal uses. These categories are used as the basis for computing the seasonal and trading-day adjusted data. These adjusted data are then summed to the six end-use aggregates for publication.

For more information, visit the seasonal adjustment section of the Guide to Foreign Trade here: www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#seasonal>

Retail and Wholesale Inventories

National estimates of end-of-month inventories are based on data from the Monthly Retail Trade Survey and the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey. Additional information for each survey can be found at <<u>www.census.gov/retail</u>> and <<u>www.census.gov/wholesale</u>>. The advance estimates contained in this report are not incorporated into the full MRTS and MWTS time series.

The MRTS and MWTS samples selected to measure inventories consist of a stratified simple random sampling method of approximately 11,000 retail firms and 4,200 wholesale firms located in the United States. The retail and wholesale samples include firms of all sizes and are updated on a quarterly basis to account for new retail and wholesale firms, deaths, and other changes to the universe.

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Data for nonresponding firms are imputed based on data for similar-sized firms classified in the same kind of business. For surveyed Retail companies, approximately 48.3 percent provided data for this reporting period resulting in a total quantity response rate of 55.7 percent. For surveyed Wholesale companies, approximately 53.4 percent provided data for this reporting period resulting in a total quantity response rate of 55.0 percent.

MRTS estimates cover companies with one or more establishments that sell merchandise and related services to final consumers. Nonemployers are represented in the retail estimates through benchmarking to prior annual survey estimates that include nonemployer sales based on administrative records.

MWTS estimates cover wholesale merchants who sell goods on their own account and include such businesses as wholesale merchants or jobbers, industrial distributors, exporters, and importers. Sales offices and branches maintained by manufacturing, refining, or mining firms for the purpose of marketing their products are not covered in this report. Also excluded is NAICS Industry Group 4251: Wholesale Electronic Markets and Agents and Brokers.

Reliability of Estimates

Because the retail and wholesale estimates are based on a sample survey, they contain sampling error and nonsampling error.

Sampling error is the difference between the estimate and the result that would be obtained from a complete enumeration of the sampling frame conducted under the same survey conditions. This error occurs because only a subset of the entire sampling frame is measured in a sample survey. Standard errors and coefficients of variation are estimated measures of sampling variation.

The margin of sampling error gives a range about the estimate which is a 90 percent confidence interval. If, for example, the percentage change estimate is +1.2 percent and its estimated standard error is 0.9 percent, then the margin of sampling error is ±1.753 x 0.9 percent or ±1.6 percent, and the 90 percent confidence interval is -0.4 percent to +2.8 percent. If the interval contains 0, then one does not have sufficient evidence to conclude at the 90 percent confidence level that the change is different from zero and therefore the change is not statistically significant. Estimated changes are statistically significant unless otherwise noted. For a monthly total, the estimated coefficient of variation is given. The resulting confidence interval is the estimated value ±1.753 x CV x (the estimated monthly total).

Nonsampling error encompasses all other factors that contribute to the total error of a sample survey estimate. This type of error can occur because of nonresponse, insufficient coverage of the universe of businesses, mistakes in the recording and coding of data, and other errors of collection, response,

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coverage, or processing. Although nonsampling error is not measured directly, the Census Bureau employs quality control procedures throughout the process to minimize this type of error.

The U.S. Census Bureau recommends that individuals using retail and wholesale estimates incorporate this information into their analyses, as sampling error and nonsampling error could affect the conclusions drawn from the estimates.

Adjustments for Seasonal Variations

Concurrent seasonal adjustment is used to adjust the retail and wholesale inventories estimates for seasonal variations. Concurrent seasonal adjustment uses all available unadjusted estimates as input to the X-13ARIMA-SEATS program. The factors derived from the program are applied to the retail and wholesale estimates of current and previous month inventories and for inventories estimates a year ago as well.

Data Availability

The Advance Economic Indicators Report is available at < www.census.gov/econ/indicators/index.html>. For archived versions of the Advance Economic Indicators Report please visit the Historical Data tab at the following: <census.gov/econ/indicators/historical data.html>.

RESOURCES

API

The Census Bureau's application programming interface lets developers create custom apps to reach new users and makes key demographic, socio-economic and housing statistics more accessible than ever before.

<www.census.gov/developers/>

FRED Mobile App



Receive the latest updates on the nation's key economic indicators by downloading the FRED App < https://fred.stlouisfed.org/fred-mobile/ for both Apple and Android devices. FRED, the signature database of the Federal Reserve Bank of St.

Louis, now incorporates the Census Bureau's 13 economic indicators.

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- * The 90 percent confidence interval includes zero. There is insufficient statistical evidence to conclude that the actual change is different from zero.
- ° Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable for this survey.

(R) Revised from the last published Monthly Retail Trade Report and Monthly Wholesale Trade: Sales and Inventories Report

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Table 1. U.S. International Trade in Goods by Principal End-Use Category (1)
In millions of dollars. Details may not equal totals due to seasonal adjustment and rounding. (X) - Not applicable

	Goods - Census Basis (2)							
	Monthly				Percent change			
	August 2019 (a)	July 2019	June 2019	August 2018	August 2019/ July 2019	July 2019/ June 2019	August 2019/ August 2018	
Seasonally Adjusted								
Balance	-72,827	-72,456	-74,177	-75,271	(X)	(X)	(X	
Exports	137,787	137,610	136,449	138,176	0.1	0.9	-0.	
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	12,277	11,779	12,023	11,324	4.2	-2.0	8.	
Industrial Supplies (3)	43,971	42,837	44,551	44,648	2.6	-3.8	-1.	
Capital Goods	44,262	45,690	44,859	46,614	-3.1	1.9	-5.	
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	14,243	13,901	13,286	12,848	2.5	4.6	10.	
Consumer Goods	16,908	17,720	16,171	17,521	-4.6	9.6	-3.	
Other Goods	6,126	5,682	5,558	5,221	7.8	2.2	17.	
Imports	210,614	210,065	210,626	213,447	0.3	-0.3	-1.	
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	12,611	12,770	12,699	12,304	-1.3	0.6	2.	
Industrial Supplies (3)	42,495	44,008	43,148	49,438	-3.4	2.0	-14.	
Capital Goods	57,187	55,408	56,913	57,740	3.2	-2.6	-1.	
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	31,951	32,738	32,631	31,620	-2.4	0.3	1.	
Consumer Goods	56,803	55,344	54,740	53,342	2.6	1.1	6.	
Other Goods	9,568	9,797	10,495	9,004	-2.3	-6.6	6.	
Not Seasonally Adjusted								
Balance	-76,962	-86,155	-69,401	-82,221	(X)	(X)	(×	
Exports	138,377	132,829	138,060	140,146	4.2	-3.8	-1.	
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	11,213	10,485	10,094	11,062	6.9	3.9	1.	
Industrial Supplies (3)	44,551	43,170	44,299	45,881	3.2	-2.5	-2.	
Capital Goods	44,952	44,804	46,443	47,278	0.3	-3.5	-4.	
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	15,027	12,526	13,830	13,751	20.0	-9.4	9.	
Consumer Goods	16,437	16,228	17,798	16,869	1.3	-8.8	-2.	
Other Goods	6,196	5,615	5,596	5,305	10.3	0.3	16.	
Imports	215,338	218,984	207,461	222,367	-1.7	5.6	-3.	
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	12,240	12,759	12,470	12,128	-4.1	2.3	0.	
Industrial Supplies (3)	44,058	47,459	43,855	52,214	-7.2	8.2	-15.	
Capital Goods	57,953	58,493	57,835	59,627	-0.9	1.1	-2.	
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	32,805	31,569	32,204	32,807	3.9	-2.0	0.	
Consumer Goods	58,935	58,643	50,905	56,483	0.5	15.2	4.	
Other Goods	9,348	10,060	10,192	9,108	-7.1	-1.3	2.	

(a) Advance statistics

Source: U.S. Census Bureau; Advance Economic Indicators Report, September 26, 2019.

⁽¹⁾ For a listing of the detail included in each end-use category, see <www.census.gov/foreign-trade/reference/codes/enduse/exeumstr.txt>. (2) Data are presented on a Census basis. The information needed to convert to a balance of payment basis is not available.

⁽³⁾ Includes petroleum and petroleum products.

^{*} Current month statistics reflect nearly complete coverage; current month statistics reflecting complete coverage will be published in the upcoming U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services report (FT-900). Statistics for other months shown reflect complete coverage and appear in the most recently published FT-900.

^{*} For information on data sources, nonsampling errors, and definitions, see the explanatory notes in this release or at <www.census.gov/econ/indicators/advance_report.pdf>.

Table 2. Levels and Percent Changes for Inventories

Inventories estimates are shown in millions of dollars. Estimates are based on data from the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey and the Monthly Retail Trade Survey.

Inventories						
Monthly			Percent change			
August	July	August	August 2019/	July 2019/	August 2019/	
2019	2019	2018	July 2019	June 2019	August 2018	
(a)	(r)	(r)				
681.918	678.890	640.859	0.4	0.1	6.4	
,	,	,	0.6	-0.1	8.5	
256,973	256,635	249,081	0.1	0.6	3.2	
667,195	666,882	642,018	0.0	0.7	3.9	
420,708	420,600	408,982	0.0	0.4	2.9	
246,487	246,282	233,036	0.1	1.3	5.8	
670,981	671,828	630,379	-0.1	0.1	6.4	
425,332	425,065	392,947	0.1	0.6	8.2	
245,649	246,763	237,432	-0.5	-0.8	3.5	
654,146	650,488	629,712	0.6	-0.5	3.9	
416,467	411,267	405,018	1.3	0.1	2.8	
237,679	239,221	224,694	-0.6	-1.5	5.8	
	2019 (a) 681,918 424,945 256,973 667,195 420,708 246,487 670,981 425,332 245,649 654,146 416,467	August 2019 (a) (r) 2019 (a) (r) 2019 (b) (r) 2019 (c) 2019 (c) 2019 (d) 20	August 2019 2019 2018 (r)	Monthly	Monthly	

⁽a) Advance estimate

See footnotes and notes at the end of Table 3.

Table 3. Estimated Measures of Sampling Variability

Estimates are shown as percents and are based on data from the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey and the Monthly Retail Trade Survey.

	Inventories						
		Monthly		Standard Error of Percent Change			
	Coef	ficient of Varia	ition				
	August	July	August	August 2019/	July 2019/	August 2019/	
	2019	2019	2018	July 2019	June 2019	August 2018	
	(a)	(r)	(r)				
Merchant wholesale ² trade, total	1.7	1.7	1.4	0.1	0.1	0.5	
Durable goods	2.5	2.4	2.2	0.2	0.1	0.8	
Nondurable goods	1.5	1.4	1.3	0.2	0.3	0.9	
Retail trade, total	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.1	0.1	0.4	
Total (excl. motor veh. & parts)	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.3	
Motor vehicle & parts dealers	1.1	1.1	1.5	0.2	0.2	0.9	

⁽a) Advance estimate

(2) The 2012 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) defines merchant wholesalers as including manufacturers' sales branches and offices. However, the estimates included in this release exclude manufacturers' sales branches and offices. Note that this is not a change in coverage from prior releases and is consistent with the description used in the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey data products.

NOTES:

Estimated measures of sampling variability are based on estimates not adjusted for seasonal variation. Additional information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, sample design, and definitions may be found at

⁽r) Revised estimate

⁽r) Revised estimate

⁽¹⁾ Estimates are concurrently adjusted for seasonal variation, but not for price changes. Concurrent seasonal adjustment uses all available not adjusted estimates as input to the X-13ARIMA-SEATS program. The factors derived from the program are used in calculating all seasonally adjusted estimates shown in this table.