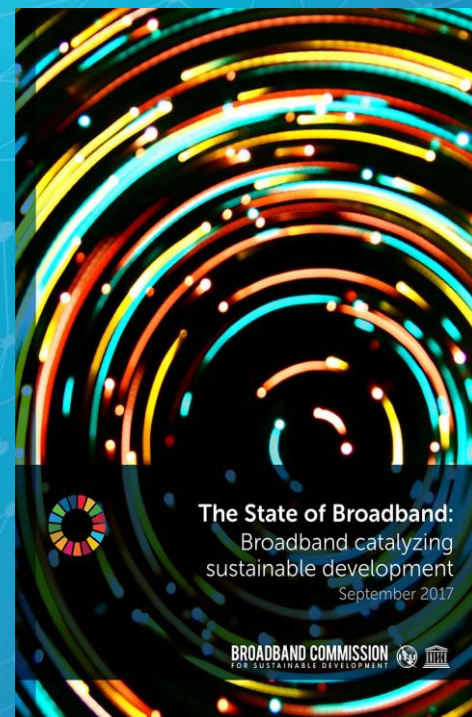


Bridging the Digital Divide: Insights from the the State of Broadband reports

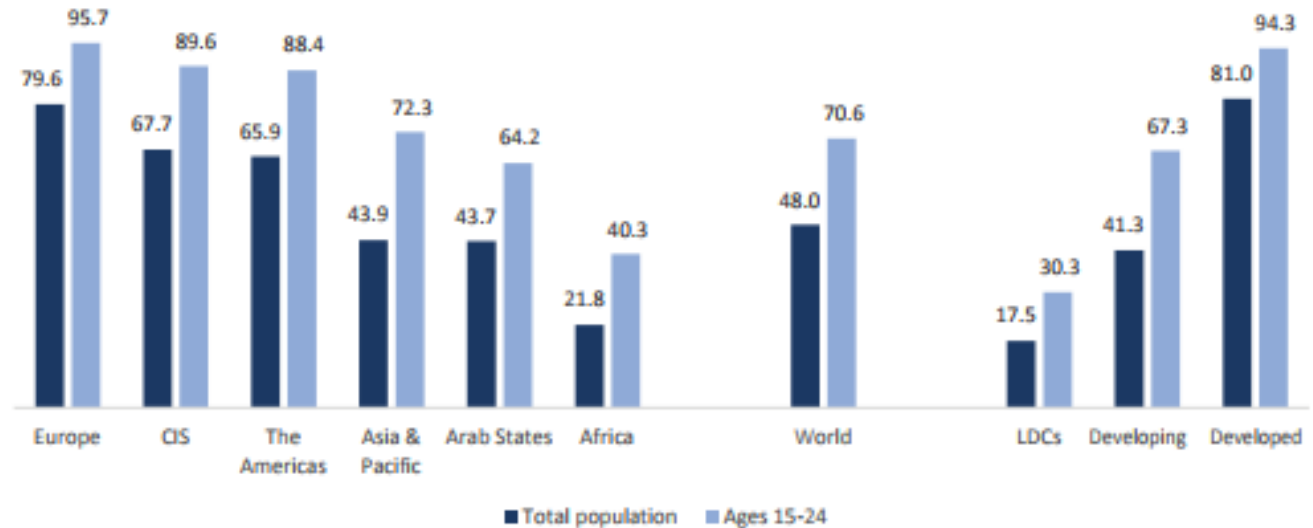
Phillippa Biggs
ITU

5 October 2017



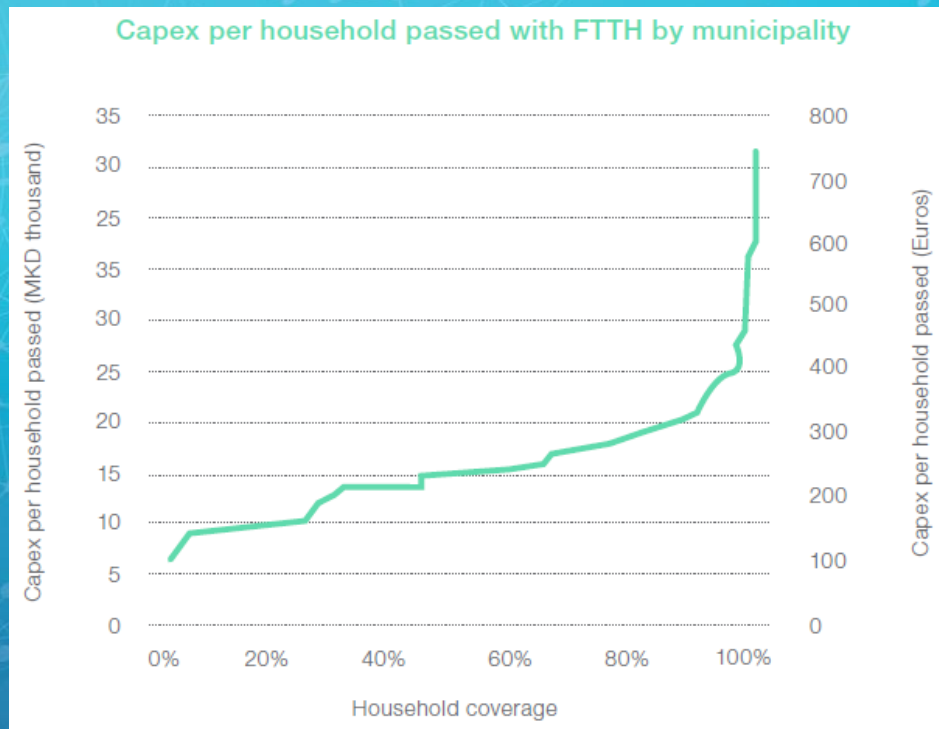
International Digital Divides Persist

Proportion of individuals using the Internet, by age, 2017*



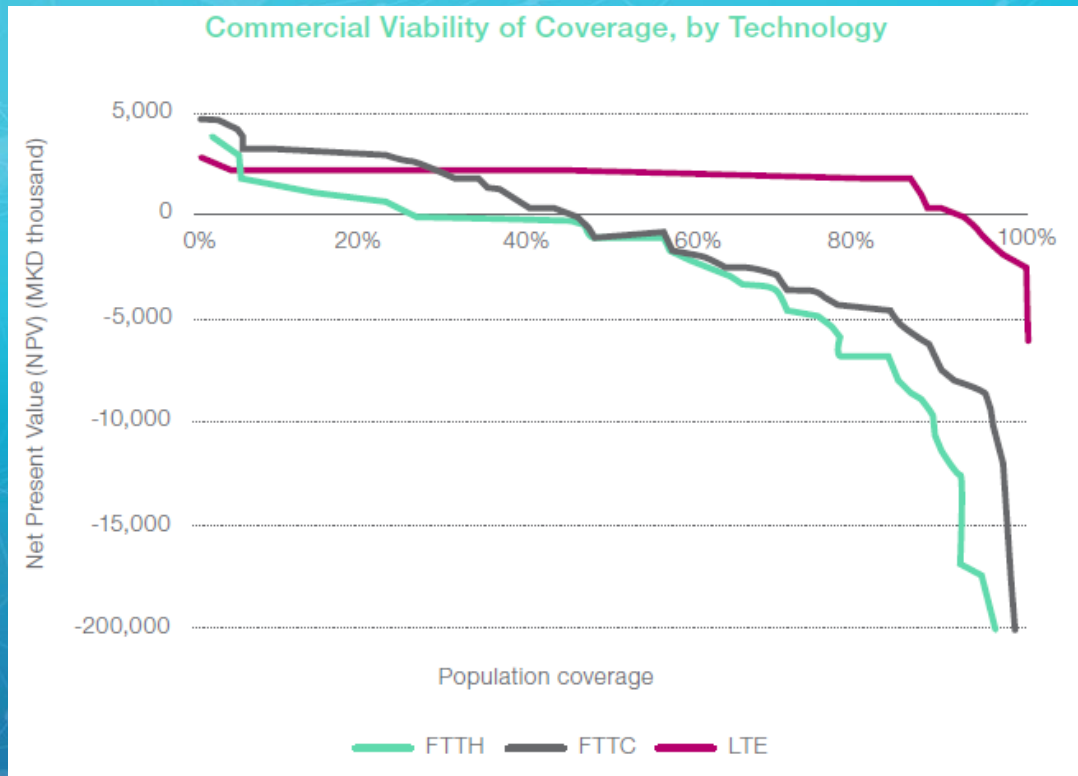
Source: ITU.

National Costs of Deploying FTTH over households



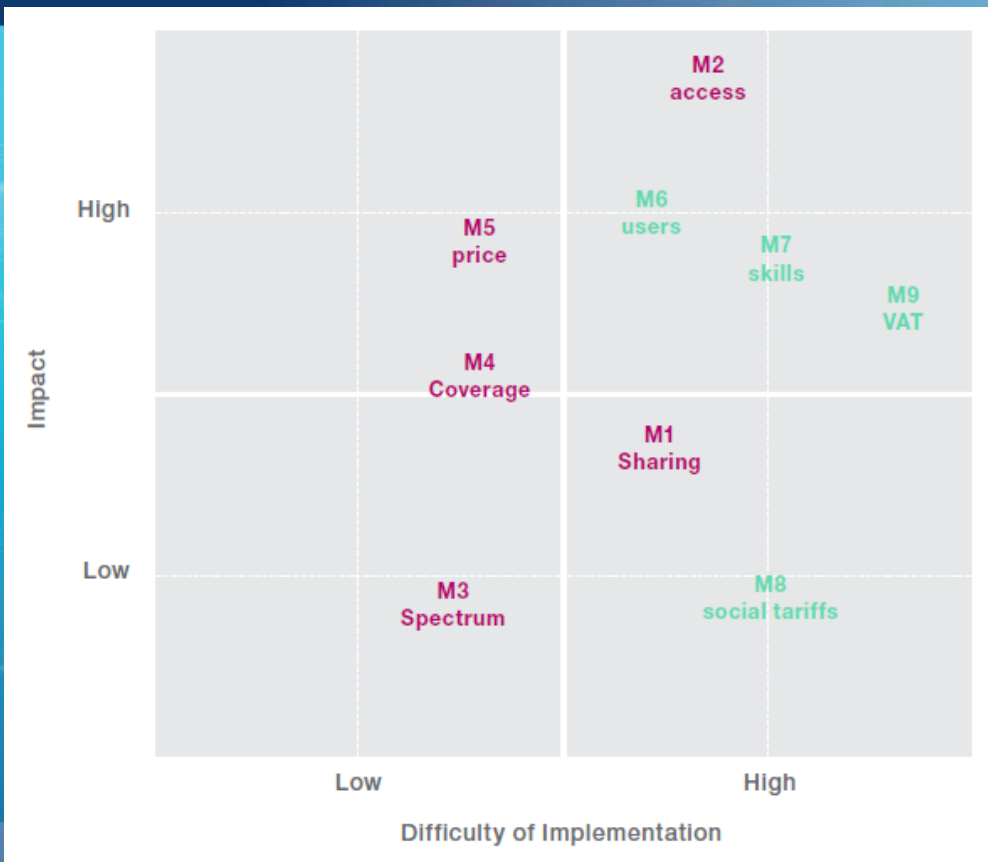
Source: Analysys Mason.

Commercial viability of different technologies (population)



Source: Analysys Mason.

The Good News 1 – Various policy options exist



Source: Analysys Mason.

Policy options – Supply Side

Supply side options include:

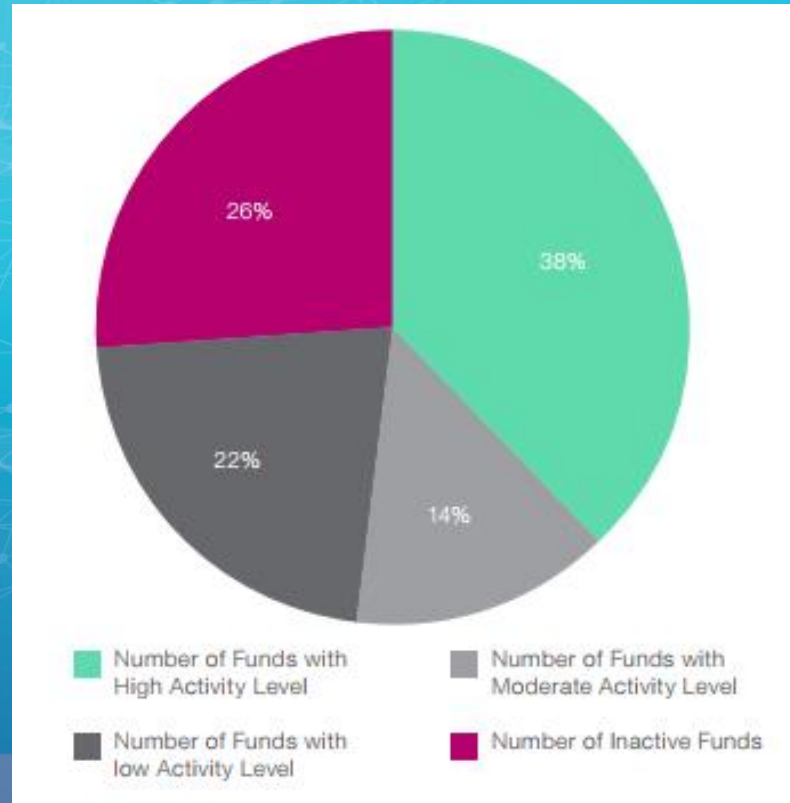
- M1: Mobile networking sharing
- M2: Access to non-telecom infrastructure
- M3: Spectrum assignment
- M4: Coverage obligation
- M5: Mandating wholesale NGN access at sustainable prices

Policy options – Demand Side

Demand-side options include:

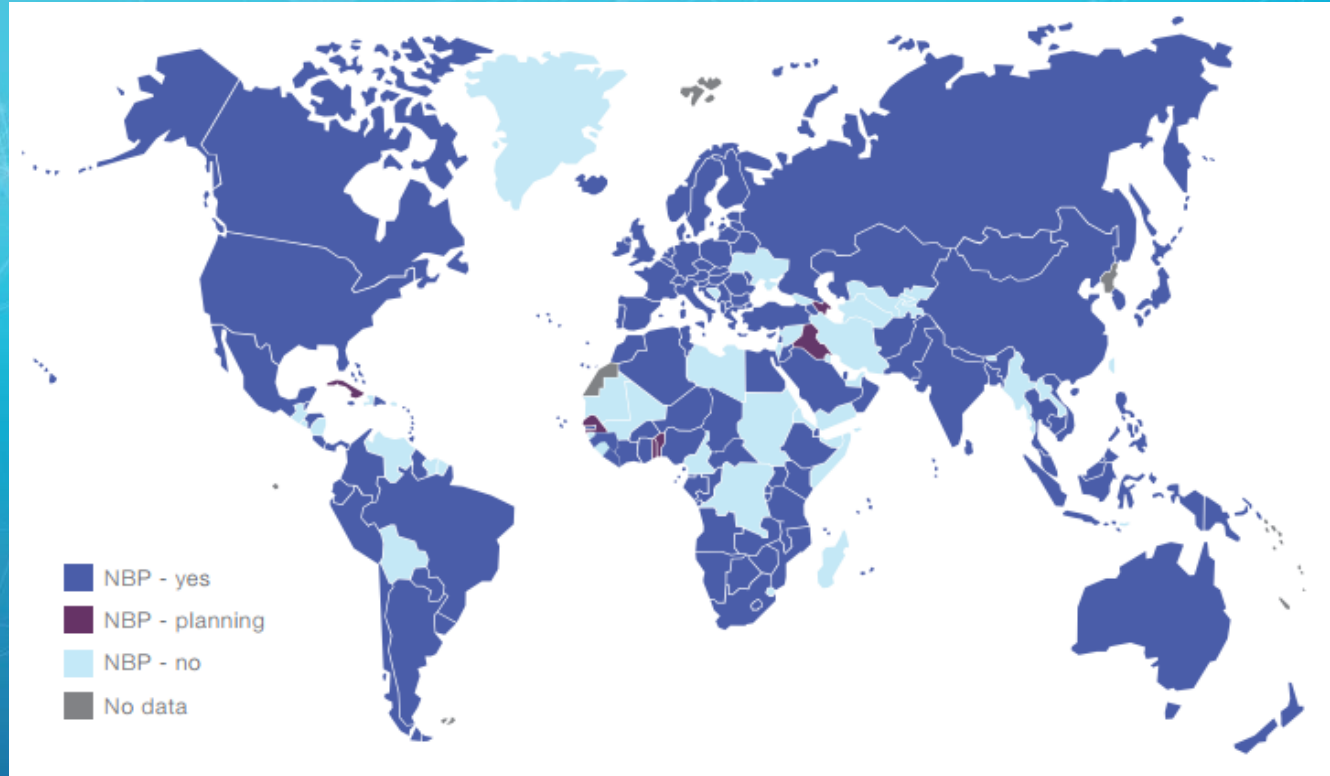
- M6: Public campaigns to promote digital economy
- M7: Setting up public access points to information regarding use of digital services
- M8: Providing subsidies or social tariffs to low-income citizens
- M9: Cutting VAT for ICT services

Universal Service Funds



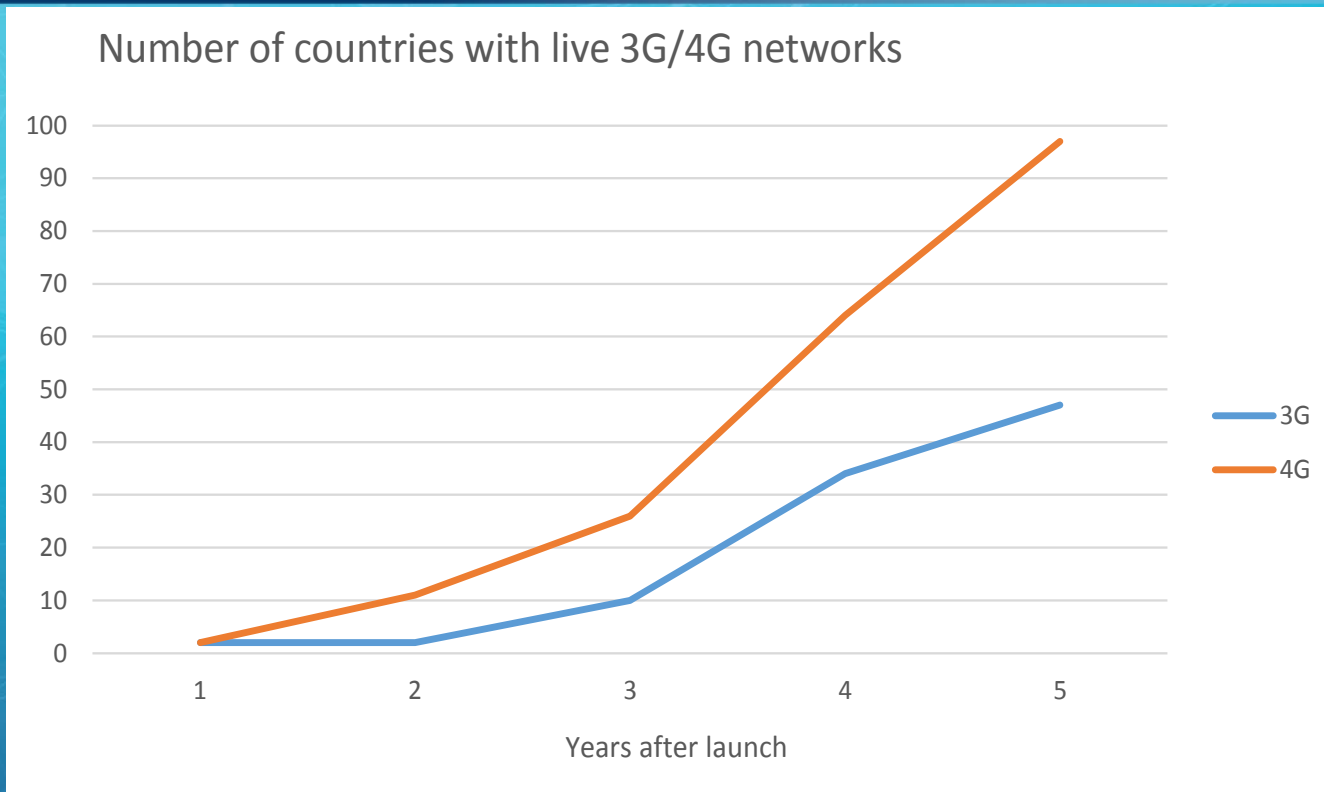
Source: ITU.

The good news 2 – Governments are acting on the policy front



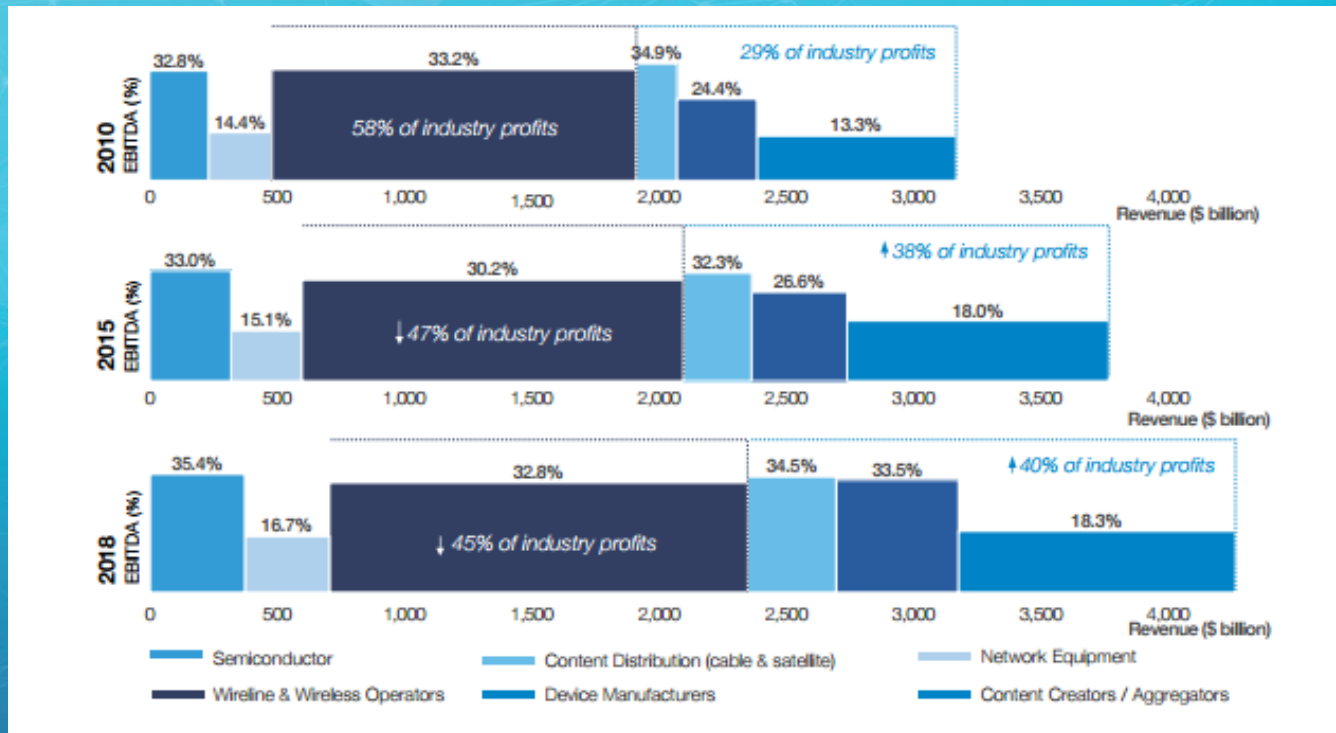
Source: ITU.

The good news 1 – firms are getting better at deployment



Source: ITU.

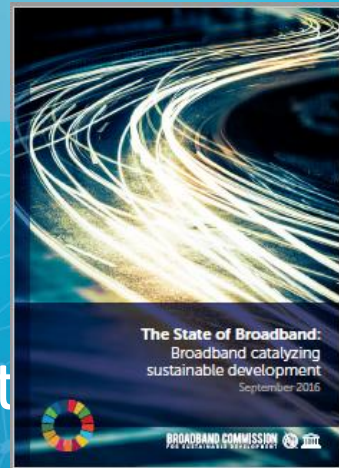
Shifting in Value – Telecoms Industry



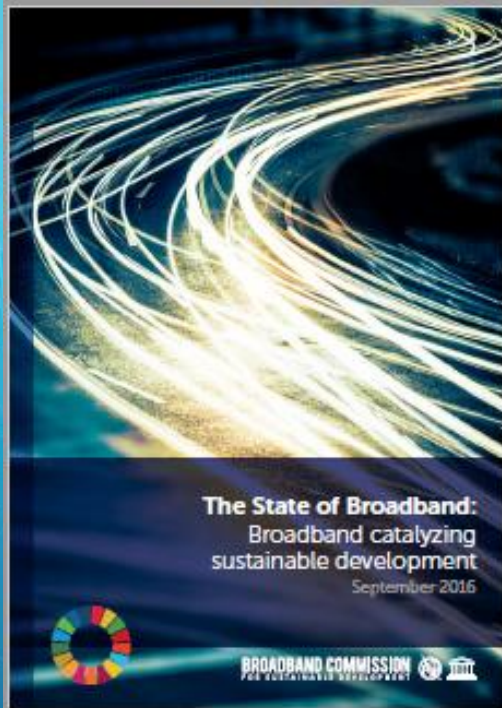
Source: Accenture/WEF.

5. Key Conclusions

- The digital divide remains with us, but it is evolving
- Competition among next-gen technologies is intense
- The national digital divide also continues to be problematic
- The overall digital gender divide has grown slightly.
- Good news – industry getting more efficient, action on policy front, different policy options are available

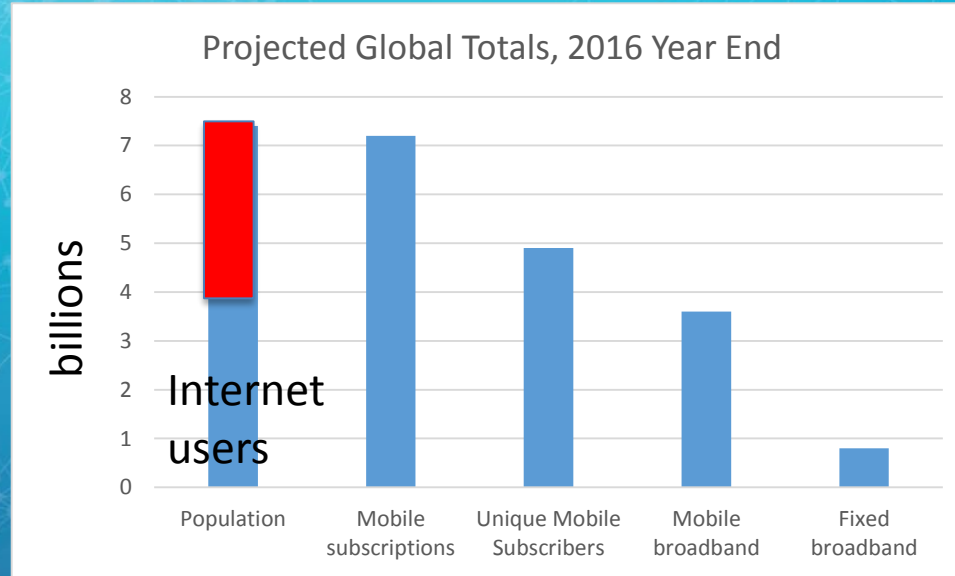


Thank you very much



Digital Divides – from basic telephony to Internet

- National, International, Gender divide, youth divide.



Source: ITU.