

ST. VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES

Region: Latin America and Caribbean Income Category: Upper Middle Income



Human capital – knowledge, skills, and good health – empowers people to achieve their potential and drives economic growth. This brief tracks progress by St. Vincent and the Grenadines in building and using human capital. The Human Capital Complementary Indicators offer a snapshot of human capital investments at four stages of the lifecycle. The figures show the latest available data, benchmarked against regional averages. The figures also report progress over the previous 5 years.

EARLY CHILDHOOD

- Neonatal mortality rate. The neonatal mortality rate is 6 per 1,000 live births (2022), compared to 8 in 2017. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- Participation rate in organized learning. In 2018, 100% of children one year younger than the official primary school entry age participated in an organized learning program, compared to 97% in 2015. The indicator is above the regional average.
- **DTP vaccination rate, third dose.** In 2023, **94%** of infants received the third dose of the diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis vaccine, compared to 97% in 2018. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

SCHOOL AGE

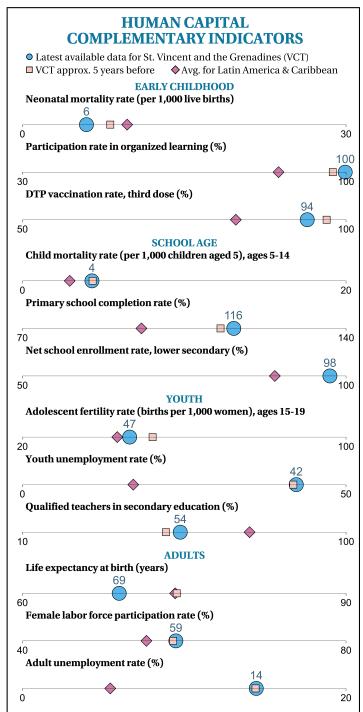
- Child mortality rate. The mortality rate for children ages 5-14 is 4 per 1,000 children aged 5 (2022). This remains unchanged since 2017. The indicator is higher than the regional average.
- Primary school completion rate. The primary school completion rate is 116% (by the official entrance age of the last grade) (2021), compared to 113% in 2016. The indicator is above the regional average.
- Net school enrollment rate, lower secondary. The percentage of lower secondary school-aged children enrolled is 98% (2020). The indicator is higher than the regional average.

YOUTH

- Adolescent fertility rate. The number of births for every 1,000 women ages 15-19 is 47 (2022), compared to 52 in 2017. The indicator is higher than the regional average.
- Youth unemployment rate. Unemployed youth as a share of the youth labor force (ages 15-24) is 42% (2023). This remains unchanged since 2018. The indicator is above the regional average.
- Qualified teachers in secondary education. The share of secondary school teachers who are qualified is 54% (2018), compared to 50% in 2015. The indicator is lower than the regional average.

ADULTS

- Life expectancy at birth. Life expectancy at birth is **69** years (2022), compared to 74 in 2017. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- Female labor force participation rate. Female labor force participation as a percentage of the female working-age population (ages 25+) is **59%** (2023). This remains unchanged since 2018. The indicator is above the regional average.
- Adult unemployment rate. Unemployed adults as a share of the adult labor force (ages 25+) is 14% (2023). This remains unchanged since 2018. The indicator is higher than the regional average.



Note: Missing symbols indicate internationally comparable data are not available to generate the corresponding statistic.

