



# ROMANIA

Region: Europe and Central Asia  
Income Category: Upper Middle Income



**Human capital – knowledge, skills, and good health – empowers people to achieve their potential and drives economic growth.** This brief tracks progress by Romania in building and using human capital. The Human Capital Complementary Indicators offer a snapshot of human capital investments at four stages of the lifecycle. The figures show the latest available data, benchmarked against regional averages. The figures also report progress over the previous 5 years.

## EARLY CHILDHOOD

- **Neonatal mortality rate.** The neonatal mortality rate is **3** per 1,000 live births (2022), compared to 4 in 2017. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- **Participation rate in organized learning.** In 2020, **88%** of children one year younger than the official primary school entry age participated in an organized learning program, compared to 86% in 2015. The indicator is similar to the regional average.
- **DTP vaccination rate, third dose.** In 2023, **78%** of infants received the third dose of the diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis vaccine, compared to 86% in 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.

## SCHOOL AGE

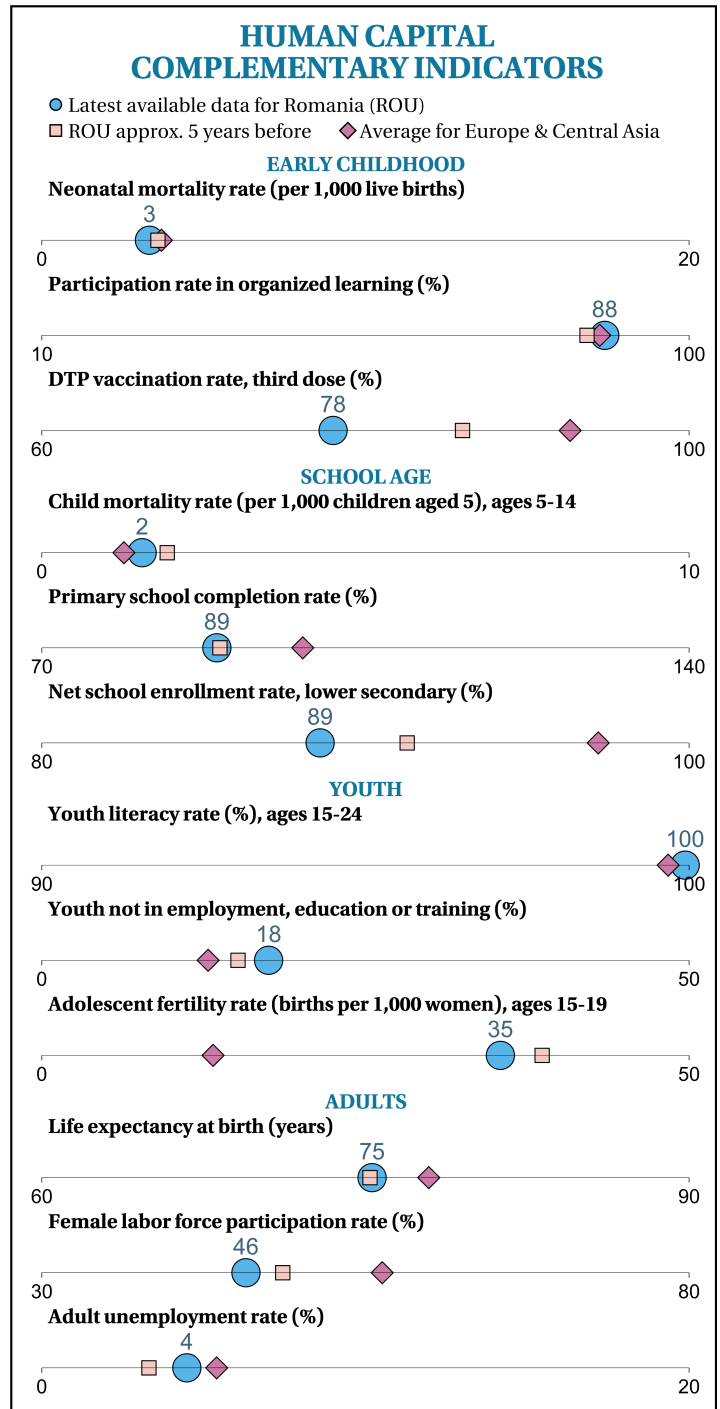
- **Child mortality rate.** The mortality rate for children ages 5-14 is **2** per 1,000 children aged 5 (2022). This remains unchanged since 2017. The indicator is higher than the regional average.
- **Primary school completion rate.** The primary school completion rate is **89%** (by the official entrance age of the last grade) (2021). This remains unchanged since 2016. The indicator is below the regional average.
- **Net school enrollment rate, lower secondary.** The percentage of lower secondary school-aged children enrolled is **89%** (2019), compared to 91% in 2015. The indicator is lower than the regional average.

## YOUTH

- **Youth literacy rate.** The share of youth (ages 15-24) who are literate is **100%** (2021). The indicator is similar to the regional average.
- **Youth not in employment, education or training.** In 2022, **18%** of youth (ages 15-24) were not in employment, education or training, compared to 15% in 2017. The indicator is above the regional average.
- **Adolescent fertility rate.** The number of births for every 1,000 women ages 15-19 is **35** (2022), compared to 39 in 2017. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

## ADULTS

- **Life expectancy at birth.** Life expectancy at birth is **75** years (2022). This remains unchanged since 2017. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- **Female labor force participation rate.** Female labor force participation as a percentage of the female working-age population (ages 25+) is **46%** (2023), compared to 49% in 2018. The indicator is below the regional average.
- **Adult unemployment rate.** Unemployed adults as a share of the adult labor force (ages 25+) is **4%** (2023), compared to 3% in 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.



Note: Missing symbols indicate internationally comparable data are not available to generate the corresponding statistic.

