



GRENADA

Region: Latin America and Caribbean
Income Category: Upper Middle Income



Human capital – knowledge, skills, and good health – empowers people to achieve their potential and drives economic growth. This brief tracks progress by Grenada in building and using human capital. The Human Capital Complementary Indicators offer a snapshot of human capital investments at four stages of the lifecycle. The figures show the latest available data, benchmarked against regional averages. The figures also report progress over the previous 5 years.

EARLY CHILDHOOD

- **Neonatal mortality rate.** The neonatal mortality rate is **10** per 1,000 live births (2022). This remains unchanged since 2017. The indicator is similar to the regional average.
- **Participation rate in organized learning.** In 2020, **85%** of children one year younger than the official primary school entry age participated in an organized learning program, compared to 83% in 2015. The indicator is similar to the regional average.
- **DTP vaccination rate, third dose.** In 2023, **86%** of infants received the third dose of the diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis vaccine, compared to 95% in 2018. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

SCHOOL AGE

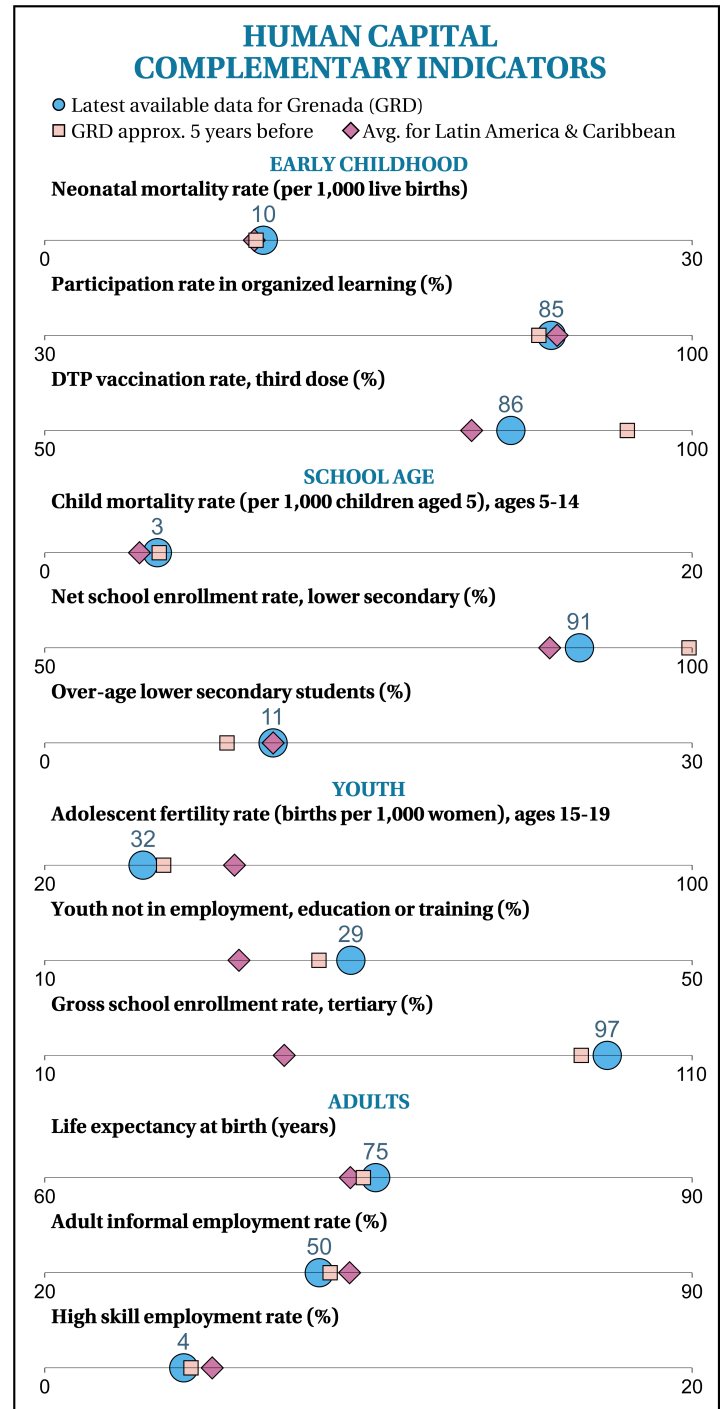
- **Child mortality rate.** The mortality rate for children ages 5-14 is **3** per 1,000 children aged 5 (2022), compared to 4 in 2017. The indicator is similar to the regional average.
- **Net school enrollment rate, lower secondary.** The percentage of lower secondary school-aged children enrolled is **91%** (2021), compared to 100% in 2016. The indicator is above the regional average.
- **Over-age lower secondary students.** The percentage of lower secondary school students who are older than the typical age for their respective school level is **11%** (2021), compared to 8% in 2016. The indicator is similar to the regional average.

YOUTH

- **Adolescent fertility rate.** The number of births for every 1,000 women ages 15-19 is **32** (2022), compared to 35 in 2017. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- **Youth not in employment, education or training.** In 2020, **29%** of youth (ages 15-24) were not in employment, education or training, compared to 27% in 2018. The indicator is above the regional average.
- **Gross school enrollment rate, tertiary.** Tertiary school enrollment as a percentage of people ages 18-24 is **97%** (2018), compared to 93% in 2015. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

ADULTS

- **Life expectancy at birth.** Life expectancy at birth is **75** years (2022). This remains unchanged since 2017. The indicator is higher than the regional average.
- **Adult informal employment rate.** The rate of informal employment among working adults (ages 25+) is **50%** (2020), compared to 51% in 2018. The indicator is below the regional average.
- **High skill employment rate.** In 2020, **4%** of employed adults worked in high-skilled occupations, compared to 5% in 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.



Note: Missing symbols indicate internationally comparable data are not available to generate the corresponding statistic.

