

Region: East Asia and Pacific

Income Category: Upper Middle Income



Human capital – knowledge, skills, and good health – empowers people to achieve their potential and drives economic growth. This brief tracks progress by Fiji in building and using human capital. The Human Capital Complementary Indicators offer a snapshot of human capital investments at four stages of the lifecycle. The figures show the latest available data, benchmarked against regional averages. The figures also report progress over the previous 5 years.

EARLY CHILDHOOD

- Neonatal mortality rate. The neonatal mortality rate is 14 per 1,000 live births (2022), compared to 10 in 2017. The indicator is higher than the regional average.
- Participation rate in organized learning. In 2021, 89% of children one year younger than the official primary school entry age participated in an organized learning program, compared to 54% in 2016. The indicator is above the regional average.
- **DTP vaccination rate, third dose.** In 2023, **99%** of infants received the third dose of the diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis vaccine, compared to 94% in 2018. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

SCHOOL AGE

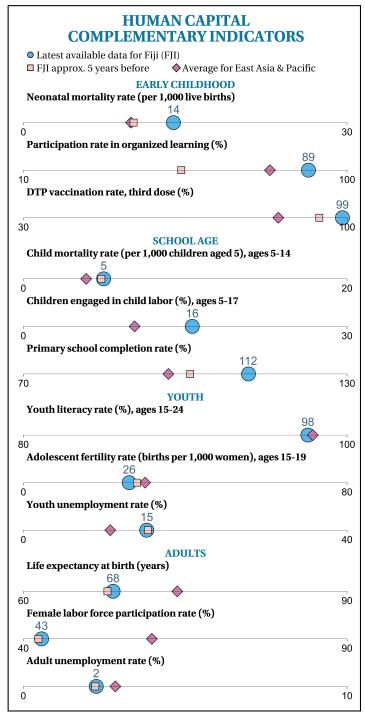
- **Child mortality rate.** The mortality rate for children ages 5-14 is **5** per 1,000 children aged 5 (2022). This remains unchanged since 2017. The indicator is higher than the regional average.
- Children engaged in child labor. The share of children (ages 5-17) who are engaged in economic activities is 16% (2021). The indicator is above the regional average.
- Primary school completion rate. The primary school completion rate is 112% (by the official entrance age of the last grade) (2022), compared to 101% in 2017. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

YOUTH

- Youth literacy rate. The share of youth (ages 15-24) who are literate is **98%** (2021). The indicator is similar to the regional average.
- Adolescent fertility rate. The number of births for every 1,000 women ages 15-19 is **26** (2022), compared to 28 in 2017. The indicator is below the regional average.
- Youth unemployment rate. Unemployed youth as a share of the youth labor force (ages 15-24) is 15% (2023). This remains unchanged since 2018. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

ADULTS

- Life expectancy at birth. Life expectancy at birth is 68 years (2022).
 This remains unchanged since 2017. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- **Female labor force participation rate.** Female labor force participation as a percentage of the female working-age population (ages 25+) is **43%** (2023), compared to 42% in 2018. The indicator is below the regional average.
- Adult unemployment rate. Unemployed adults as a share of the adult labor force (ages 25+) is 2% (2023). This remains unchanged since 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.



Note: Missing symbols indicate internationally comparable data are not available to generate the corresponding statistic.