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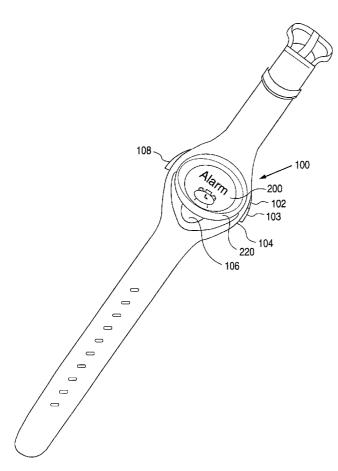
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For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(54) Title: NESTED MENU DIGITAL WATCH



(57) Abstract: A multimode digital watch having a dot matrix digital display (210) embedded in a watch face (200) and a controller (212), wherein the controller (212) presents a series of primary menu images (502-518) on the dot matrix display (210) in response to a first set of signals from the user activated input device (102-108).

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NESTED MENU DIGITAL WATCH

Related Applications

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The present application claims priority under 35 U.S.C. §119(e) from provisional application number 60/201,968 filed May 5, 2000.

1. Field of the Invention

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The invention relates generally to timepieces, and more particularly, to a digital watch that provides multiple functional displays in a digital format which are navigated by way of nested menus.

2. Description of Related Art

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Wristwatches having a digital display for the time and date are well known.

Digital displays such as light emitting diode (LED) and digital segment liquid crystal displays are well known.

Multimode or multifunction wristwatches are also well known. Generally, these multimode watches include an integrated circuit programmed in a predetermined sequence for cycling the watch through the various modes in which different information is displayed for each mode. As described in U.S. Patent No. 4,912,688, these watches have various modes, such as the time of day, chronograph, dual time zone, and elapsed time. Typically, a switch on the watch is actuated to cycle the watch display to the next mode.

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In the conventional multimode watch, once a mode has been cycled to the next mode, the watch buttons are immediately enabled to begin implementing the functions

within the mode. For example, when one cycles to the time setting mode, typically the pushing of another one of the buttons on the watch will cause a change in the time. As a result, changes or functions can be initiated inadvertently. Another disadvantage is that it is sometimes difficult to differentiate one mode from another because subtle changes in secondary areas, not the primary digital time segments, are sometimes used to signal the user as to a change in mode or function. With such an arrangement, the user sometimes has difficulty in identifying the current mode because of the limited clues provided by the display. Another disadvantage of conventional multimode watches is that the modes are cycled through in one direction, thereby requiring the user to cycle through the entire set of modes to get to a just passed.

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It would therefore be desirable to have a multimode watch in which the operational modes are more easily navigated; where the modes are more clearly discernible, and where the modes can be accessed in more than a single direction.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is a multimode digital watch which has nested menus. In the preferred embodiment the primary menu is navigable both forward and backwards. The menu presents one mode at a time, and the presented mode is entered when the user affirmatively selects it. In one embodiment the modes are identified using a combination of words and animations. In accordance with the present invention, animations are used in the menus to identify a mode before the user actually selects a mode.

These and other features of the present invention provide a multimode digital watch which is easier to navigate and easier to use, and in which the modes are more easily identified. These and other features and advantages of the present invention

will be more readily understood upon consideration of the following drawings and detailed description of the present invention.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The invention will be better understood by reference to the attached figures in which:

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of the watch body and buttons of an embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 2A is a view of one side of the embodiment shown in Fig. 1 showing the navigational buttons;

Fig. 2B is a view of another side of the embodiment shown in Fig. 1 showing the navigational buttons;

Fig. 3 is a top plan view of the watch body, buttons, and dot matrix liquid crystal digital display used in an embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 4 is a block diagram of the circuitry of the watch of the present invention;

Figs. 5A and 5B provide an example of the nested menus of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

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The present invention is a watch 100 that has a watch face 200 on its top side having a dot matrix liquid crystal display (LCD) for the digital display 210. The watch face 200 has a frame 220 around it and is covered with a watch crystal 225, as shown in Fig. 1. In a preferred embodiment, the frame 220 is round, preferably oval. The frame 220 may also be square or rectangular or any other shape.

Watch 100 is provided with several buttons for controlling its operation.

Buttons 102 and 104 are UP and DOWN (toggle) controls, respectively. Button 106 is an ENTER button. Button 108 is an ESCAPE or EXIT button. In the illustrated embodiment, the protocol used is that when the UP button 102 or DOWN button 104 is used to change the digit or selection, the ENTER button 106 confirms the selection or digit. Also, pressing the ESCAPE or EXIT button 108 will cause the display to revert to the Time Display mode.

The dot matrix LCD 210, is shown in Fig. 3 embedded in the watch face 200 within the frame 220, and is employed to provide the various visual displays for the different functional modes. It is to be understood that the number of pixels shown in LCD 210 of Fig. 3 is for illustrative purposes only, and that in practice the number of pixels used will be selected according to the resolution desired for the display.

In the embodiment shown in Fig. 3, a commercially available LCD is used for the dot matrix LCD 210 as set forth in the following TABLE 1. The digital display 210 is controlled by a digital controller 212 that determines the information to be displayed on the dot matrix LCD 210. In a preferred embodiment, the watch processor controller 212 is a commercially available device as set forth in the following TABLE 2.

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TABLE 1 -- LCD

model number	93-40811-1500b	
manufacturer	Elec & Eltek Display Technology Ltd.	
city	Guangzhou	
state/country	China	
number of dots	1024	
LCD Type	STN	
no. of segments	64	
no. of common	16	
Duty	1/16	
Bias	1/5	

TABLE 2 -- Watch controller (CPU)

Model number	SPL-191A	
Manufacturer	Sunplus Technology Ltd.	
City	Science -Based Industrial Park	
State/country	Taiwan	

5 Circuitry Operation

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In a preferred embodiment, the watch 100 uses a controller 212 which is an integrated circuit, part number SPL-191A, available from Sunplus Technology Co., Ltd., of Science-Based Industrial Park, Taiwan, for controlling the dot matrix LCD 210 to display the different animations and alphanumeric information. The controller circuit 212 includes an LCD driver and a memory section that stores bit patterns to be used in the animations and alphanumeric display. Fig. 4 is a block diagram of the circuitry of the watch 100. As described briefly earlier, the user uses the UP key 102 and the DOWN key 104 to move back and forth between items. The ENTER key 106 is used to select a mode or function, to operate the program of the CMOS circuit 212 to cycle to other modes and to set the time. EXIT key 108 is employed to exit out of a function or mode, and/or to return to the default display mode, such as the TIME mode.

As shown in Fig. 4, the inputs sent from the UP key 102, DOWN key 104, the ENTER key 106, or the EXIT key 108 are received by the controller 212, which is powered by a battery. The controller 212 in turn controls the dot matrix LCD 210 and provides the bit patterns to the dot matrix LCD 210 to be displayed. Included within the circuitry is a quartz crystal oscillator upon which the timing and other signals are based.

OPERATIONAL MODES

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The controller 212 of an embodiment of the present invention is programmed to provide the progression of operations shown in Figs. 5A and 5B. This embodiment has NINE (9) modes of operation. These nine (9) modes are set forth in the following Table A:

TABLE A

MODE	REFERENCE NUMBER:
Time	502
Mode Selection – Alarm	504
Mode Selection – Anniversary	506
Mode Selection – Stop Watch	508
Mode Selection – Count Down	510
Mode Selection – Adjust	512
Mode Selection – World Time	514
Mode Selection – Decision Making	516
Mode Selection – Memo	518

Navigation through these nine (9) modes is accomplished using a primary loop 500 and secondary loops. The primary loop 500 is bi-directional. For example, when in the primary loop 500 the user presses DOWN button 104, the modes are sequenced through in a clockwise direction around loop primary 500. Pressing UP button 102 causes the modes to be cycled in a counterclockwise direction around primary loop 500.

When a mode is reached that the user wishes to enter, the user presses ENTER button 106. When the user desires to leave a selected mode, the user presses the EXIT button 108 which causes the watch to revert to the Time mode 502.

For example, when the primary loop 500 has been cycled to the "Alarm" mode 504, pressing the ENTER button 106 causes the watch to enter the Alarm secondary loop 520. Subsequent pressing of the ENTER button 106 causes the watch to progress through secondary loop 520. Thus, as can be seen in Fig. 5A and set forth in Table B, in secondary loop 520, there are three modes that can be cycled through:

TABLE B

REFERENCE NUMBER
522
524
526

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Once a secondary loop mode has been cycled to, pressing UP button 102 or DOWN button 104 will provide access to the modes available for that secondary loop mode. For example, when the Alarm Type secondary loop mode 526 is reached, pressing UP button 102 or DOWN button 104 permits the user to cycle through the three types of alarm sounds that are available in the illustrated embodiment. Pressing enter button 106 confirms the selection made. Pressing the EXIT button 108 causes the watch to revert to Time mode 502.

In Time mode 502 the user is able to cycle between a mode (502) which displays the time in large digits, and the day of the week and numerical month and day below; or a mode 528 in which a message and the alarm time are shown in the

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upper part of the display, and the day of the week and numerical month and day in the lower part. In both modes, the day of the week is indicated in letters.

For the anniversary mode 506, the secondary loop mode permits the user to cycle through a list 530 of nine (9) entries using UP button 102 or DOWN button 104. Also within the list is an EXIT selection. When one of the list is selected by pressing ENTER button 106, the ENTER button 106 thereafter cycles through the information that can be set for that one of the list, as set forth in the following Table C.

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TABLE C

SETTABLE INFORMATION	REFERENCE NUMBER
Name	532
Date	534
Early Reminder	536

An EXIT selection is also provided to permit the user to exit out of the secondary loop.

In any one of the particular settable information selections, the UP button 102 or DOWN button 104 is used to scroll to the digits, letters or settings to be selected. For example, in selectable item Early Reminder 536, pressing UP button 102 or DOWN button 104 permits the user to select either YES or NO. Thereafter pressing ENTER button 106 confirms the selection.

In the ANNIV mode, when entering the name of the person whose anniversary is being recorded at icon 532, the watch is placed in the memo mode. In this mode, the first letter of the name is first presented in a condition to be set. The UP button 102 and DOWN button 104 are used to scroll through a list of possible characters.

Also included in the list are a BACK selection and an EXIT selection. The BACK

selection permits the user to go back to the character that was previously set. The EXIT selection permits the user to exit the setting of the characters for the name. When in this list of possible characters, the ENTER button 106 is used to confirm the selection. When a letter of the name has been selected, the watch presents the next letter of the name to be set. This continues until the user selects the EXIT selection to exit out of the name setting mode.

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D:

Referring now to the Stop Watch mode 508, pressing ENTER button 106 causes the Stop Watch mode to toggle between run and pause. Pressing the UP button 102 or DOWN button 104 causes the count to be reset.

For the Count Down mode 510, pressing ENTER button 106 causes the watch to display the count down time 538. Pressing UP button 102 or DOWN button 104 permits the user to select the count down time. Thereafter, pressing ENTER button 106 starts the count down timer.

Adjust mode 512 permits the user to adjust the functions set forth in TABLE

TABLE D

FUNCTION	REFERENCE NUMBER
Adjust Time	540
Adjust Sound	542
Select Local Time	544
Sleep Mode	546
Adjust Mode	548
Birthday	550
Display Style	552

World Time mode 514 permits the user to select different countries to display the corresponding time in the selected country.

Decision Making mode 516 provides an output which is randomly selected from a predetermined number of different and sometimes fanciful decision making outcomes such as:

EXAMPLE DECISIONAL OUTCOMES		
Yes	Absolutely not	I don't Know
Yeah baby!	Don't bother	No clue
Count on it!	Fuhgedaboutit!	Can't say
Of course	When pigs fly!	Check it later
No	Doubtful	
Fat Chance	Maybe	

The Memo mode 518, in the illustrated embodiment, provides the user up to sixteen (16) programmable memo items. The secondary loop 554 for the Memo mode 518 cycles the user through the functions shown in TABLE E.

10 TABLE E

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FUNCTION	REFERENCE NUMBER	
Select Memo	556	
Key in Memo	558	
Show on Screen?	560	

As can be appreciated from the above illustrative embodiment of the nested menus of the present invention, such a configuration permits a large number of modes, and functions with each mode, and features within each function, to be

available to the user. The nested menus of the present invention permit the user to be presented with a list of modes, one mode at a time, at the primary menu level. This permits the user to scroll through the list without causing the mode to be selected at the same time. This avoids inadvertent activating of a mode and inadvertent changing of mode settings, such as when the watch buttons are accidentally hit by an object.

This displaying of the identity of one mode at a time also permits more information to be provided in the display which makes the mode easier to identify to the user.

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Further, the bi-directional scrolling feature, permits the user to more easily scroll to a mode. Instead of having to scroll through the entire list of modes, as is the case in the prior art, the present invention permits the user to scroll backwards and forward through the list of modes. The buttons 102 and 104 are specially designed and placed to aid in implementing the bi-directional scrolling feature. As can be seen from Figs. 1, 2A, 2B and 3, buttons 102 and 104 are located along the right side edge of the watch body, relative to a fixed spacer section 103, and are generally elongated in shape. Button 102 is positioned to the counterclockwise side of fixed spacer section 103, while button 104 is positioned to the clockwise side. The relative positioning and the elongated shape of buttons 102 and 104 suggest to the user the counterclockwise versus clockwise scrolling that each button initiates. It follows that, in the illustrated embodiment, pressing button 102 results in a counterclockwise scrolling.

As discussed above, one of the features of the present invention is the use of icons/word combinations to further enhance and convey to the user the identity of the function being depicted. In Figs. 5A and 5B, the use of the combination icons and

words can be seen in accordance with the present invention. For example, the Count Down mode 510 in the primary menu 500 is depicted by the combination of the words Count Down, and an hour glass icon. Some of the other depictions in primary menu 500, and other submenus are listed in the following TABLE F.

5 TABLE F

WORD/LETTERS	ICON
Alarm	Clock Face
Type 1	Graphical Trace
Anniv	Cake w/candle
Stop Watch	Clock Face
Adjust	Slide bars
Memo	Dialog bubble
00'00"00	Running stick character
Exit	Open door
Sleep Mode	Moon with night cap
Display Style	TV screen
Adjust Time	Clock face
World Time	Globe
	Alarm Type 1 Anniv Stop Watch Adjust Memo 00'00''00 Exit Sleep Mode Display Style Adjust Time

The icon/word identifications can be provided in part because the primary loop of the preferred embodiment of the present invention scrolls through a list of modes, rather than into each mode. Thus, unlike the prior art which might permit a user to move to an "time set mode" in which one of the digits is already flashing and ready to be changed, the present invention will present the user with a display that shows the word "Adjust" and an icon made up of slider bars 512. If the user selects

the "Adjust" mode, the user is presented with a sub-menu in which provides a list, also in icon/word form, of several different functions or sub-modes which can be selected for adjustment. See Table D above. Therefore, instead of scrolling to the adjustment of a single function in the primary loop, the user, in accordance with the present invention, scrolls to an identified mode, and upon selecting the identified mode, is presented with a sub-menu which in turn lists many possible actions.

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In the present invention, the icons being used are sometimes animated in order to enhance the intuitive understanding of the mode or function being represented by the icon/animation. Thus, for example, the following icons listed in Table G are animated:

TABLE G

ICON BEING ANIMATED/ACTION
Alarm clock/Ringing
Globe/Turning
Hour Glass/Turns and flips
Cake/Dots circle cake

In one embodiment of the present invention, the animations are generated by displaying preprogrammed bit map patterns for each frame of the animation. In other words, there is a bit map pattern created beforehand for each possible alphanumeric character and image variation. These patterns are stored within the controller read only memory, and read out as required. In this manner, a fast and smooth animation can be generated. It is to be understood, however, that other methods of generating the animations can be employed within the spirit of the present invention.

It is to be appreciated that the description and details provided herein are meant to illustrate and not to limit the present invention, it being contemplated that alterations and modification of the system described as well as the various interrelationship of the components and methods illustrated will become apparent to those skilled in the art after having considered the foregoing description and accompanying drawings.

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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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1. A multimode watch having a watch face, comprising:

a dot matrix display positioned on the watch face;

a user activated input device;

5 a controller which presents images on the dot matrix display in response to

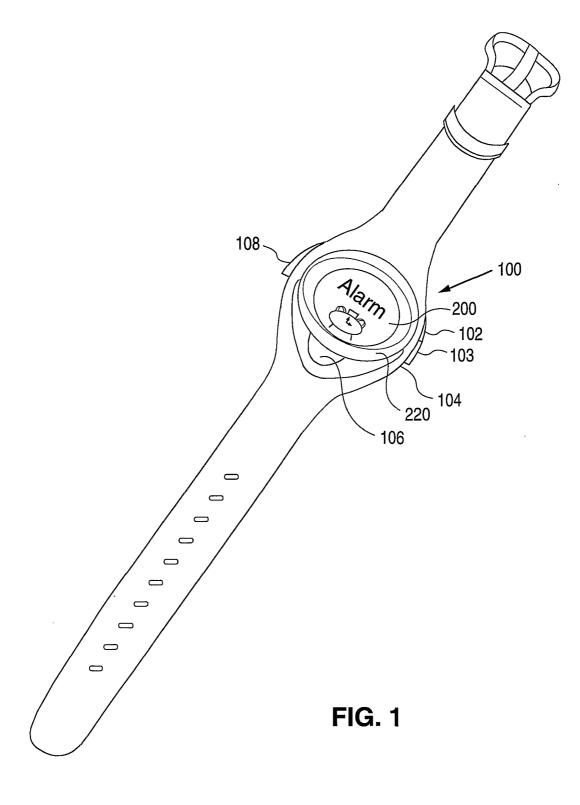
signals from the user activated input device;

wherein the controller presents a series of primary menu images on the dot matrix display in response to a first set of signals from the user activated input device, each primary menu image identifying one of a plurality of modes in a primary menu, and presents a series of secondary menu images on the dot matrix display corresponding to a primary mode present on the dot matrix display when a second set of signals is provided by the user activated input device.

- 2. The multimode watch of claim 1, wherein the controller provides the series of primary menu images bi-directionally.
- 3. The multimode watch of claim 1, wherein the primary menu images are formed of alphanumeric characters and icons.
 - 4. The multimode watch of claim 3, wherein the icons are animated.
- 5. The multimode watch of claim 1 wherein one of the series of secondary menu images identifies an exit function.

6. The multimode watch of claim 1, wherein the user activated input device includes a plurality of buttons.

- 7. The multimode watch of claim 6, wherein a pair of the plurality of5 buttons provide up and down commands.
 - 8. The multimode watch of claim 7, wherein a further button of the plurality of buttons provides an enter command.



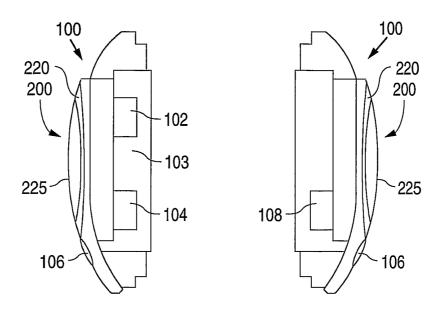


FIG. 2A

FIG. 2B

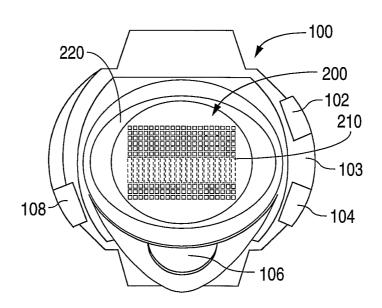


FIG. 3
SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

3/5

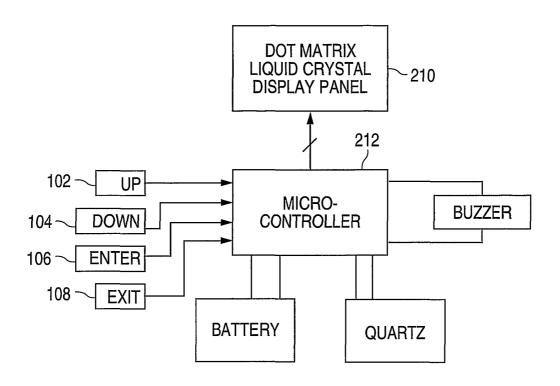
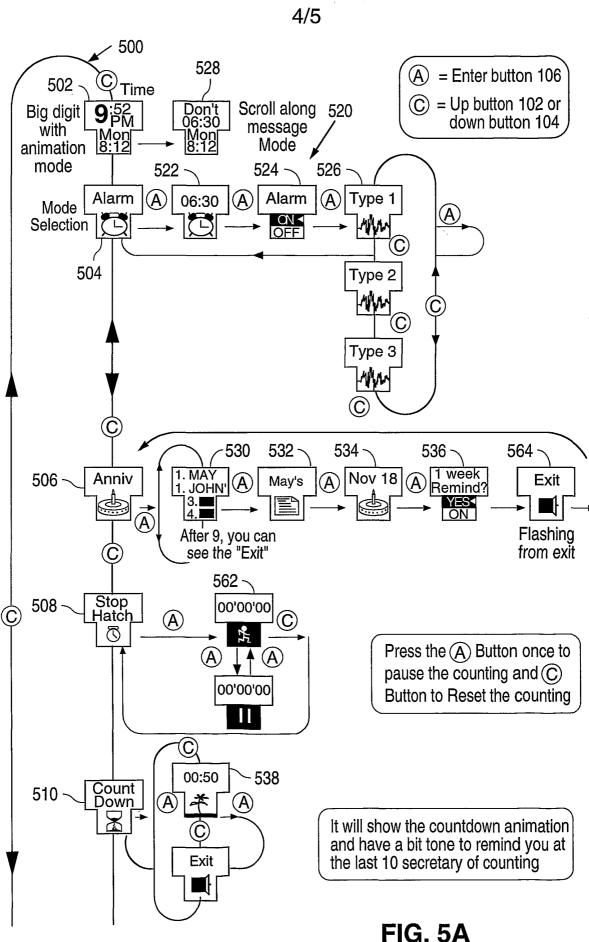
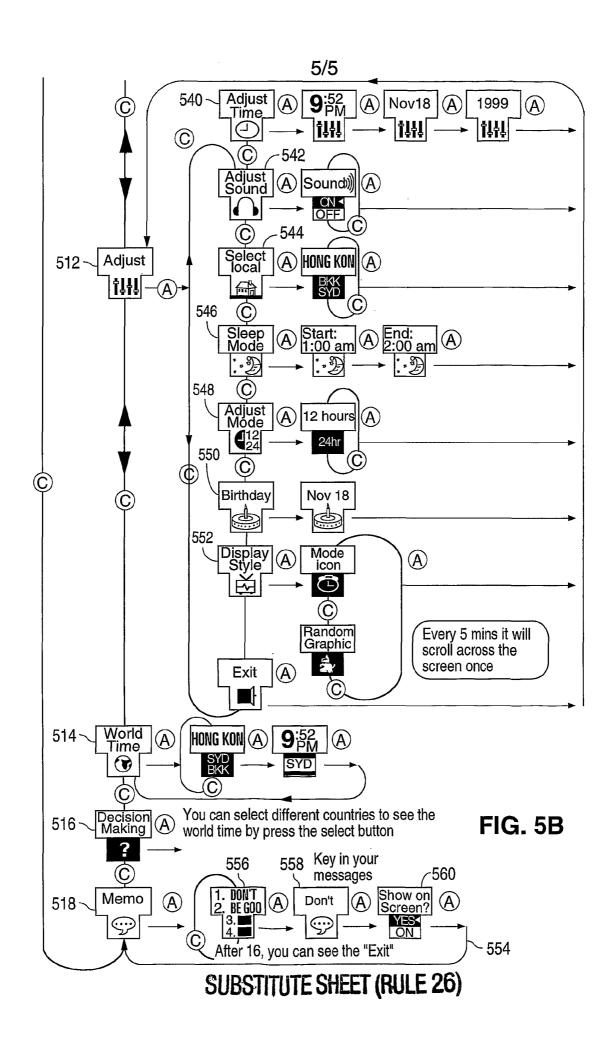


FIG. 4



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US01/14420

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC(7) :G04C 19/00, 17/00 US CL : 368/82, 187		
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both	national classification and IPC	
B. FIELDS SEARCHED		
Minimum documentation searched (classification system followe	d by classification symbols)	
U.S. : 368/69, 82-84, 107, 185-187		
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched		
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)		
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category* Citation of document, with indication, where a	opropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No.	
Y US 6,018,289 A (SEKURA et al) 25 Ja Fig. 5.	US 6,018,289 A (SEKURA et al) 25 January 2000 (25.01.2000), see Fig. 5.	
Y US 4,780,839 A (HIRAYAMA) 25 entire document.	US 4,780,839 A (HIRAYAMA) 25 October 1988 (25.10.1988), entire document.	
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Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent family annex.		
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