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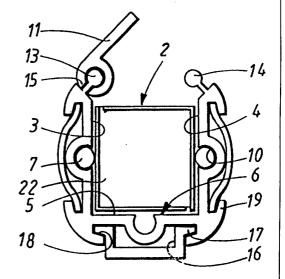
(54) Title: LIGHT FITTING

(57) Abstract

(30) Priority Data:

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Illuminator consisting of an elongate profile rail which forms a common holder for a number of lighting units (2) and has elongate electrical conductors (7) extending along the rail for current supply to the lighting units irrespective of their placement along the rail. The profile rail forms an elongate space which houses the electrical conductors (7) so that they are outwardly shielded but exhibit inwardly exposed elongate contact surfaces. The space (16) of the profile rail also houses a chosen number of lighting units (2) with chosen placement along the rail.



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LIGHT FITTING

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to an illuminator according to the preamble of claim 1.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

It is known from EP-A2-0 129 325 to provide an illuminator consisting of an elongate profile rail with elongate electrical conductors for current supply to lighting units which can be arbitrarily placed along the rail. The lighting units are hereby arranged exterior of the rail in the form of displaceable units which are easily visible from the outside and which are also poorly protected when placed e.g outdoors.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The object of the present invention is to provide an illuminator which offers a homogeneous overall impression and protects the lighting units from mechanical damage and from weather and wind.

Said object is achieved by means of an illuminator according to the present invention, the features of which are apparent from claim 1.

The invention will be described in greater detail in the following by way of two embodiments and with reference to the attached drawings in which

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CORRECTED

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- Fig. 1 shows a partially sectional perspective view of the illuminator according to the invention,
- Fig. 2 shows a perspective view of a lamp unit associated with the illuminator,
- 5 Fig. 3 is an end view of the illuminator,
 - Fig. 4 is a perspective view of a lamp unit of a second embodiment,
 - Fig. 5 is an end view of the lamp unit of the second embodiment, whilst
- 10 Fig. 6 shows an end view of the illuminator with assembled light units of the second embodiment.

PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

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The illuminator is primarily designed as a U-shaped elongate profile rail 1 which forms a holder for a plurality of lamp units 2 which can be arbitrarily placed along the holder. The holder is thus made with a uniform profile shape having a space 6 which is delimited by two opposed side walls 3, 4 and a base 5. In the shown example, the space 6 which is delimited by these walls 3, 4 and 5 is substantially square in cross section, whereby the surfaces are advantageously provided with a light surface with good reflecting properties, e.g they can be coated with a reflecting coating which is, however, advantageously nonelectrically conducting, at least on its surface which delimits the space. The electrical current supply is ensured by means of two electrical conductors 7, 8 extending in the longitudinal direction of the space, which conductors in the shown example are in the form of wires or rods and are shown having a circular cross section, though they can e.g. also be square or rectangular. The side walls 3, 4 present corresponding grooves 9, 10 which are advantageously somewhat greater than a semi-circle in shape, i.e. they present an opening towards the space which is smaller than the diameter of the groove 9, whereby due to certain elasticity in the material of the profile the conductors

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can be snapped into position and maintained there without special retaining means. The profile is thus advantageously made from a resistant plastic material, with good shape permanence and good climatic properties, though with certain elasticity. The electrical conductors 7, 8 are thus outwardly well protected and present exposed elongate contact surfaces 30, 31 only facing inwardly into the space 6, which contact surfaces extend along the entire length of the space. The contact surfaces 30, 31, as best shown in Fig. 3, project somewhat from the side walls 3, 4 to ensure contact even against flat surfaces of the lamp units, see below.

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The profile rail 1 is further provided with a separate screen cover 11 which may be transparent and which in a suitable manner possesses light-refracting, light-dispersing properties or may be opaque and form a reflector for guiding the light in a chosen direction. The screen cover 11 may be mounted on the one or the other side of the opening 12 to the space 6. The screen cover 11 is removably attached to either longitudinal edge of the opening 12 in the profile rail by means of providing the rail with two elongate lists 13, 14 which, together with snap-in members 15 on the screen cover 11, form a hinge for adjustment of the screen cover to different angular positions. The screen cover 11 can alternatively be fixed on either one of the lists 13, 14 for direction of the light in a desired manner.

The profile rail is further provided with a bracket 16 in the form of a elongate profile for attachment to a base. The bracket is substantially U-shaped with sideways directed flanges 17, each of which can engage in a respective slot 18 after snapping in due to the fact that the bracket 16 is also made from an elastic plastic material. Opposed facing flanges 18, 19 are arranged on the sides of

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the profile rail 1 for retaining decorative strips 29, see Fig. 1, which can have coloured surfaces, wood veneer surfaces, etc. Due to tension against the outwardly directed ribs 32, 33 formed by the grooves 9, 10, a convex playless attachment of the decorative strips 29 is obtained.

According to the invention, the illuminator is of such type that the lamp units 2 are entirely housed in the space 6 and protected by the profile rail 1, whilst an arbitrary number of units may be included and may be randomly placed in the rail. Fig. 2 shows a first example of a light unit which is suitable for the illuminator according to the invention. The light unit consists of a lamp body 20 of a glass or plastic which, in a conventional manner, is provided with a not shown light element which extends between two contact sockets 21, 22, one at either end of the lamp body 20, which is thus of strip light type. The contact sockets 21, 22 are each provided with a contact plate 23, 24 with each contact plate presenting two obliquely arranged contact surfaces 25, 26. The contact plates 23, 24 are arranged in such a manner that irrespective of the assembly position in the profile rail, contact is always ensured with each respective conductor 7, 8, as shown in Fig. 3. The lamp unit has a cross sectional shape of the sockets 21, 22 which substantially corresponds to the inner shape of the space in the profile rail and presents cross sectional dimensions such that the lamp unit with sockets can be inserted between the two conductors 7, 8 with a good fit and good retention against facing contact surfaces 30, 31 so that contact with the contact surfaces of the contact plate occurs. In practice, the contact plates 23, 24 of the lamp unit are advantageously somewhat resilient whereby when assembled, the contact plates are tensioned somewhat against the conductors 7, 8. Due to certain elasticity which is also present in the profile

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rail, a certain clamping of the lamp units themselves take place. Shape-interlocking is thus not necessary, though the contact plates can advantageously have some depression at a level with the conductors 7, 8 so that a distinct positioning is assured.

Fig. 4 shows an alternative embodiment of the lamp unit 3, which is hereby provided with a reflector 27 which is not provided in the lamp body 20 but instead is in the form of a separate element exterior of and at a certain distance from the lamp body, as is apparent from the cross section of Fig. 5. The reflector element 27 is substantially Ushaped with somewhat rounded corners and extends between the two sockets 21, 22 and is coated on its inside with a white or metallic reflecting contact surface 28. In this example; the contact plates 23, 24 do not need to be so large since the lamp unit is intended to be placed only with the reflector 27 arranged towards the base 5. Also in this case, the contact plates are arranged in such a manner that the lamp unit can be rotated with the sockets 21, 22 in either direction in rail. By means of a reflector cooperating with a lamp unit 20 and which is positioned exterior of the lamp body, a simple and effective reflection of the light is obtained without need for particular reflecting surfaces to be arranged in the rail. In addition, the temperature is reduced in the surfaces of the profile rail, whereby relatively high power can be used without the risk of overheating or ageing of the material. In addition, the inner surface of the reflector can be coloured in a desired manner, whereby light coloration can be achieved as desired.

The invention is not restricted to the embodiments described above and shown in the drawings, but can be varied within the scope of the appended claims. For example, the profile rail can be produced in relatively long lengths and

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joined together from standard lengths with the help of suitable connectors, where both the conductors and the profile surfaces can be joined together with the minimum possible stepped surfaces. Individual feeding can also take place at various connection points in the case of long units in order to avoid unnecessary voltage drop.

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The finished illuminator is suitably provided with sealed end portions which are not shown. The lamp units can be in the form of light emitting diodes with suitably adapted sockets. Standard lamps, for example so called strip lights, can also be used, whereby the standard lamps are placed in an adapter or lamp holder which presents the necessary shape and dimensions to fit to the cross sectional shape and dimensions of the profile rail.

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Claims

- 1. Illuminator consisting of an elongate profile rail 10 (1) which forms a common holder for a number of separate lighting units (2) and which has elongate electrical conductors (7, 8) extending along the rail for current supply to the lighting units irrespective of the placement along the rail, whereby the profile rail (1) forms an 15 elongate space (6) which is arranged to house said electrical conductors (7, 8) so that they are outwardly shielded but exhibit inwardly exposed elongate contact surfaces (3), as well as to house a chosen number of lighting units too with selected placement along the rail, 20 whereby said profile rail (1) is substanially U-shaped with three wall portions, namely a base portion (5) and two opposed side portions (3, 4) c h a r a c t e r i z e d i n that at least of said wall portions is provided with shape-locking means (9, 10) to maintain said electrical 25 conductors (7, 8) in position by means of shape-locking.
 - 2. Illuminator according to claim 1, c h a r a-c t e r i z e d i n that two opposed wall portions of said wall portions (3, 4) are provided with said shape-locking means (9, 10).
 - 3. Illuminator according to claim 2, c h a r a-c t e r i z e d i n that said shape-locking means are in the form of grows (9, 10) for shape engagement with said electrical conductors (7, 8).

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4. Illuminator according to claim 3, c h a r a c t e-r i z e d i n that said electrical conductors (7, 8) are in the form of stiff wire, rod material or tubes with good electrically conducting properties.

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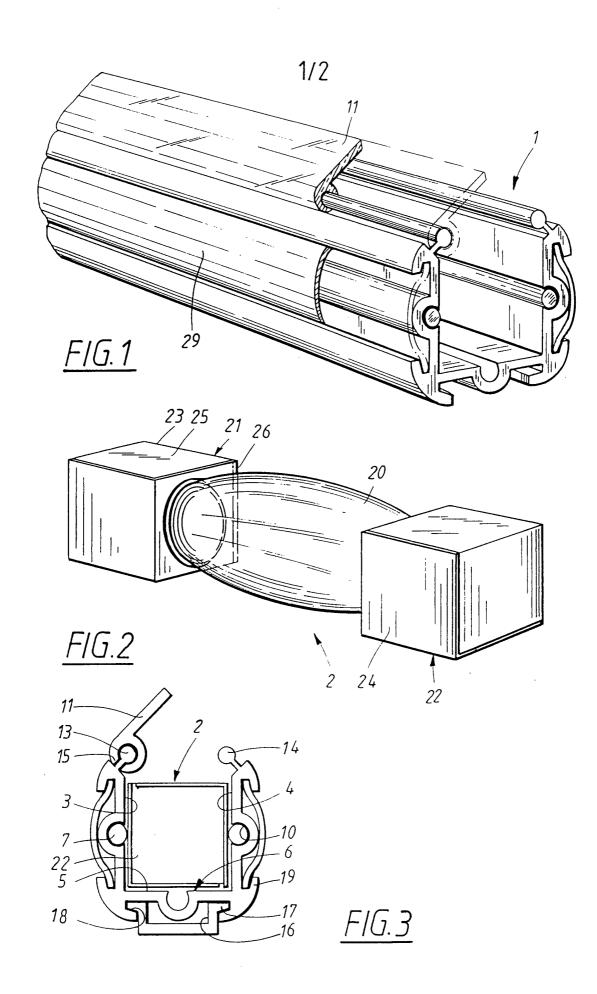
- 5. Illuminator according to any one of the previous claims, c h a r a c t e r i z e d i n that each lighting unit (2) is in the form of a lamp unit having a first contact means (23) arranged to lie against only a first contact surface (3) of the contact surfaces of the electrical conductors, and a second contact means (24) arranged to lie against only a second contact surface of the contact surfaces of the electrical conductor (8).
- 15 6. Illuminator according to claim 2, c h a r a c t er i z e d i n that each lamp unit (2) is in the form of
 a strip light with a contact sockets (21, 22) at each end
 of the lamp unit, in that the contact means (23, 24) of the
 contact sockets are each disposed towards its respective
 contact surface of the conductors and in that the lamp
 units with the contact sockets have a width which substantially corresponds to the distance between two conductors (7, 8), one in each side portion (3, 4).
- 7. Illuminator according to any one of the previous claims, c h a r a c t e r i z e d i n that the profile rail (1) presents an opening (12) on the longitudinal edges (13, 14) of which a screen (11) or a cover can be attached.
- 8. Illuminator according to any one of the preceding claims, c h a r a c t e r i z e d i n that the interior of the profile rail (1) is totally or partially provided with high-grade light and heat-reflecting surfaces.
- 9. Illuminator having a glass body (20) and at least one contact socket (21, 22), characterized

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in that a reflector element (27) is attached to the contact socket (21, 22) and extends along a portion of the lamp body (27) at a distance therefrom.

10. Illuminator according to claims 6 and 9, c h a rac t e r i z e d i n that the reflector element 27 is attached to at least the one contact socket (21, 22) and extends with a concave reflector surface between the two contact sockets.

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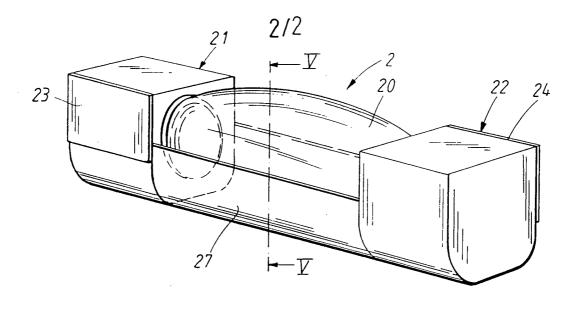


FIG. 4

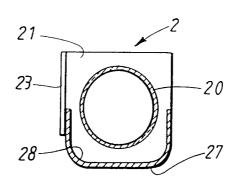


FIG. 5

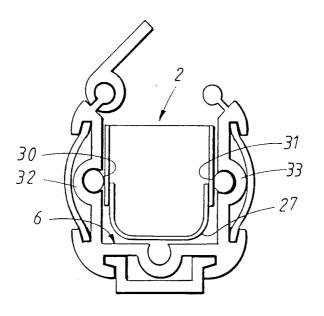


FIG. 6

International application No. PCT/SE 95/00098

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC6: F21V 21/34
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

SE,DK,FI,NO classes as above

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

WPI, CLAIMS

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	EP 0460276 A1 (LIN, TAK-HUEI), 11 December 1991 (11.12.91), column 1, line 41 - column 2, line 17, figures 1,3,5,6, abstract	1-8
		
X	SE 370780 B (ANETA BELYSNING AB), 28 October 1974 (28.10.74), whole document	1-8
		
X	SE 393178 B (ANETA BELYSNINGS AB), 2 May 1977 (02.05.77), page 1, line 1 - line 18; page 3, line 6 - line 11, figures 1,2	1-8
		

х	Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box	к С.	X See patent family annex.
* "A" "E" "L" "O" "P"	Special categories of cited documents: document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance ertier document but published on or after the international filing date document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	"T" "X" "Y"	later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art document member of the same patent family
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International application No.
PCT/SE 95/00098

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim N
		oranii 14
A	US 4861273 A (JAMES A. WENMAN ET AL),	1-8
	29 August 1989 (29.08.89), column 3, line 49 - line 65, figure 2	
1	The objection	
		
A	US 3081442 A (E.T. PLATZ), 12 March 1963	1-8
	(12.03.63), column 2, line 57 - line 72, figures 1,	
	3	
4	WO 9108600 A1 (ARDEE LIGHTING), 13 June 1991	1-8
	(13.06.91), figure 1, abstract	1-6
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	/210 (continuation of second sheet) (July 1992)	

International application No.

PCT/SE95/00098

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)
This international search report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reason
1. Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
2. Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to suc an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:
3. Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a)
Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this constional application, as follows:
Claims 1-8 define one invention relating to a tampholder. The happenolder consists of an elongated holder containing moveable lamps as well as conductors supplying the lamps with electric current. The invention is characterized by a clamp-tie keeping conductors in place.
Claims 9-10 define a second invention relating to a lamp, including a reflector attached to the lamp-socket.
These inventions may work well together, but there is no technical relationship among them involving one or more of the same or corresponding technical features contributing to the state of the art. Thus, these inventions are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept (rule 13.1).
1. As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims.
2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. X No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claimer, it is represent the paid to the inventional search report is
restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.: 1-8
Remark on Protest The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest. No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

International application No.

29/05/95

PCT/SE 95/00098

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date		t family mber(s)	Publication date	
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SE-B-	370780	28/10/74	NONE			
SE-B-	393178	02/05/77	NONE			
US-A-	4861273	29/08/89	NONE			
US-A-	3081442	12/03/63	NONE			
WO-A1-	9108600	13/06/91	AU-A- GB-A,B-	7062791 2238671	26/06/91 05/06/91	

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