

<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against- abstaining)</i>
				Central African Republic configuration of the Peacebuilding Commission		
<a href="#">S/PV.7537</a> 20 October 2015						<a href="#">S/PRST/2015/17</a>
<a href="#">S/PV.7578</a> 14 December 2015	Report of the Secretary-General on the situation in the Central African Republic ( <a href="#">S/2015/918</a> )  Letter dated 10 December 2015 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council ( <a href="#">S/2015/943</a> )			Under-Secretary- General for Peacekeeping Operations	Lithuania (as Chair of the Committee established pursuant to resolution <a href="#">2127 (2013)</a> ), Under- Secretary- General	

<sup>a</sup> The representative of Chad spoke on behalf of the Economic Community of Central African States.

<sup>b</sup> The Central African Republic was represented by its Minister for Foreign Affairs, African Integration, Francophonie and Central Africans Abroad.

<sup>c</sup> Australia, Chad, Chile, France, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Nigeria, Republic of Korea, Rwanda, United Kingdom and United States.

<sup>d</sup> Australia, France, Jordan, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Nigeria, Republic of Korea, Rwanda, United Kingdom and United States.

<sup>e</sup> The Central African Republic was represented by its Minister for Public Health, Social Affairs, Gender and Humanitarian Action.

<sup>f</sup> Angola, Chad, Chile, France, Jordan, Lithuania, Nigeria, Spain, United Kingdom and United States.

## 8. The situation in Guinea-Bissau

During the period under review, the Security Council held eight meetings relating to the situation in Guinea-Bissau and adopted three resolutions. By resolutions [2157 \(2014\)](#), [2186 \(2014\)](#) and [2203 \(2015\)](#), the Council thrice renewed the mandate of the United Nations Integrated Peacebuilding Office in Guinea-Bissau (UNIOGBIS)<sup>26</sup> for periods of three months, six months and one year, respectively. The last extension was from 1 March 2015 until 29 February 2016.<sup>27</sup>

During 2014 and 2015, the Council was briefed by the Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Guinea-Bissau and the Chair of the Guinea-Bissau

configuration of the Peacebuilding Commission, regarding the presidential and legislative elections in 2014, the institutional and socio-economic challenges that the country faced while emerging from conflict, and the need for the continuous engagement of the international community, in particular the donors. All substantive Council discussion on the situation in Guinea-Bissau took place in consultations, the main focus being on the restoration of constitutional order in the country, underpinned, in particular, by the holding of successful elections. Other important issues discussed included the reform and strengthening of State institutions, the need for inclusive political

<sup>26</sup> For more information on the mandate of UNIOGBIS, see part X, sect. II, "Political and peacebuilding missions".

<sup>27</sup> Resolution [2203 \(2015\)](#), para. 1.

dialogue, socioeconomic development and the fight against impunity and drug trafficking.<sup>28</sup>

Regarding the sanctions regime imposed by resolution 2048 (2012),<sup>29</sup> the Council invited the Special Representative of the Secretary-General and Head of UNIOGBIS to share all relevant information with the Committee established pursuant to resolution

<sup>28</sup> See the annual reports of the Security Council to the General Assembly (A/69/2, introduction, paras. 67-71; and A/70/2, introduction, paras. 38-40).

<sup>29</sup> For more information on the measures concerning Guinea-Bissau, see part VII, sect. III, “Measures not involving the use of armed force in accordance with Article 41 of the Charter”.

2048 (2012),<sup>30</sup> particularly names of individuals who met the criteria set forth in paragraph 6 and elaborated in paragraph 7 of resolution 2048 (2012).<sup>31</sup> By resolution 2203 (2015), the Council decided to review the sanctions measures seven months from the adoption of that resolution.

<sup>30</sup> For more information on the mandate of the Committee established pursuant to resolution 2048 (2012) concerning Guinea-Bissau, see part IX, sect. I.B.

<sup>31</sup> Resolutions 2157 (2014), para. 9; and 2186 (2014), para. 9.

### Meetings: the situation in Guinea-Bissau

<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against-abstaining)</i>
<a href="#">S/PV.7121</a> 26 February 2014	Report of the Secretary-General on the restoration of constitutional order in Guinea-Bissau ( <a href="#">S/2014/105</a> )		Côte d’Ivoire, Guinea-Bissau, Mozambique	Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Guinea-Bissau and Head of the United Nations Integrated Peacebuilding Office in Guinea-Bissau (UNIOGBIS), <sup>a</sup> Chair of the Guinea-Bissau configuration of the Peacebuilding Commission	All invitees <sup>b</sup>	
<a href="#">S/PV.7177</a> 19 May 2014	Report of the Secretary-General on the restoration of constitutional order in Guinea-Bissau ( <a href="#">S/2014/332</a> )  Report of the Secretary-General on developments in Guinea-Bissau and the activities of UNIOGBIS ( <a href="#">S/2014/333</a> )		Guinea-Bissau, Mozambique	Special Representative of the Secretary-General, <sup>a</sup> Chair of the Guinea-Bissau configuration of the Peacebuilding Commission	All invitees <sup>c</sup>	

**Part I. Consideration of questions under the responsibility of  
the Security Council for the maintenance of  
international peace and security**

<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against-abstaining)</i>
<a href="#">S/PV.7187</a> 29 May 2014	Report of the Secretary-General on the restoration of constitutional order in Guinea-Bissau ( <a href="#">S/2014/332</a> )  Report of the Secretary-General on developments in Guinea-Bissau and the activities of UNIOGBIS ( <a href="#">S/2014/333</a> )	Draft resolution submitted by Chad, Nigeria, Rwanda ( <a href="#">S/2014/374</a> )				Resolution <a href="#">2157 (2014)</a> 15-0-0
<a href="#">S/PV.7315</a> 18 November 2014	Letter dated 11 November 2014 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council ( <a href="#">S/2014/805</a> )		Ghana, Guinea-Bissau, Timor-Leste	Special Representative of the Secretary-General, Chair of the Guinea-Bissau configuration of the Peacebuilding Commission	All invitees <sup>d</sup>	
<a href="#">S/PV.7321</a> 25 November 2014	Letter dated 11 November 2014 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council ( <a href="#">S/2014/805</a> )	Draft resolution submitted by Chad, France, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Nigeria, Rwanda, United Kingdom, United States ( <a href="#">S/2014/842</a> )				Resolution <a href="#">2186 (2014)</a> 15-0-0
<a href="#">S/PV.7376</a> 5 February 2015	Report of the Secretary-General on developments in Guinea-Bissau and the activities of UNIOGBIS ( <a href="#">S/2015/37</a> )		Ghana, Guinea-Bissau, Timor-Leste	Special Representative of the Secretary-General, Chair of the Guinea-Bissau configuration of the Peacebuilding Commission	All invitees <sup>e</sup>	
<a href="#">S/PV.7385</a> 18 February 2015	Report of the Secretary-General on developments in	Draft resolution submitted by 13 Member			One Council member (Nigeria)	Resolution <a href="#">2203 (2015)</a> 15-0-0

<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against-abstaining)</i>
	Guinea-Bissau and the activities of UNIOGBIS (S/2015/37)	States <sup>f</sup> (S/2015/114)				
S/PV.7514 28 August 2015	Report of the Secretary-General on the progress made with regard to the stabilization of and restoration of constitutional order in Guinea-Bissau (S/2015/619)		Guinea-Bissau, Senegal, Timor-Leste	Special Representative of the Secretary-General, Chair of the Guinea-Bissau configuration of the Peacebuilding Commission	All invitees <sup>g</sup>	
	Report of the Secretary-General on developments in Guinea-Bissau and the activities of UNIOGBIS (S/2015/626)					

<sup>a</sup> The Special Representative participated in the meeting via videoconference from Bissau.

<sup>b</sup> The representative of Côte d'Ivoire spoke on behalf of the 15 States members of the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS); and the representative of Mozambique spoke on behalf of the Community of Portuguese-speaking Countries.

<sup>c</sup> The representative of Mozambique spoke on behalf of the Community of Portuguese-speaking Countries.

<sup>d</sup> Ghana was represented by its Minister for Foreign Affairs and Regional Integration, who spoke on behalf of ECOWAS; Guinea-Bissau was represented by its Prime Minister; and Timor-Leste was represented by its Minister of State and Foreign Affairs, who spoke on behalf of the Community of Portuguese-speaking Countries.

<sup>e</sup> The representative of Ghana spoke on behalf of ECOWAS; and the representative of Timor-Leste spoke on behalf of the Community of Portuguese-speaking Countries.

<sup>f</sup> Angola, Chad, Chile, France, Jordan, Lithuania, Malaysia, New Zealand, Nigeria, Spain, United Kingdom, United States and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of).

<sup>g</sup> The representative of Senegal spoke on behalf of ECOWAS; and the representative of Timor-Leste spoke on behalf of the Community of Portuguese-speaking Countries.

## 9. The situation in Côte d'Ivoire

During the period under review, the Security Council held 12 meetings in connection with the situation in Côte d'Ivoire, including two closed meetings with the troop- and police-contributing countries, and adopted four resolutions under Chapter VII of the Charter. The Council continued to focus on political developments in Côte d'Ivoire in the areas of disarmament, demobilization and reintegration; security sector reform; national reconciliation and the

preparations for and holding of the presidential election on 25 October 2015; as well as the relevant role and mandate of the United Nations Operation in Côte d'Ivoire (UNOCI).<sup>32</sup>

<sup>32</sup> For more information on the mandate of UNOCI, see part X, sect. I, "Peacekeeping operations".