

Consolidated Financial Statements of

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

And Independent Auditors' Report thereon

December 31, 2018

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

INTRODUCTION

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements, and all other financial information included within this financial report, are the responsibility of the management of the City of London. The City's Financial Statements contained in this report have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles and disclosure requirements of the Chartered Professional Accounts (CPA) of Canada Public Sector Accounting Handbook.

The City Treasurer is responsible for submitting annually, to the Audit Committee and Council, audited financial statements. These financial statements include the consolidated results of the City of London for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2018.

Finance staff are responsible for the coordination and completion of the annual financial statements in a timely, accurate and efficient manner as well as providing support and related financial information to external auditors during the year-end audit.

The Consolidated Financial Statements of the City of London provide important information about the overall financial condition of the City. The purpose of the consolidated financial statements is to present the results of transactions of the City, taking into consideration the accounting for all City Funds and associated city business enterprises.

The audited Consolidated Financial Statements for City operations include:

- Auditors' Report
- Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
- Consolidated Statement of Operations
- Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets
- Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
- Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
- Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosure – Operating Revenues
- Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosure – Operating Expenses



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Corporation of the City of London

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of the Corporation of the City of London (the "Entity"), which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2018
- the consolidated statement of operations for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of changes in net financial assets for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2018, and its consolidated results of operations, its consolidated changes in net financial assets and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "***Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. Other information comprises:

- the information, other than the financial statements and the auditors' report thereon, included in the "Financial Report".

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit and remain alert for indications that the other information appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the information, other than the financial statements and the auditors' report thereon, included in the "Financial Report" as at the date of this auditors' report.

If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in the auditors' report.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.



Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group Entity to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

London, Canada

June 26, 2019

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
As at December 31, 2018, with comparative information for 2017

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

	2018	2017
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 490,040	\$ 400,503
Accounts receivable		
Taxes receivable (Note 3)	23,072	22,374
Other receivables	80,299	66,313
Land held for resale	33,899	32,928
Investments (Note 4)	565,851	537,238
Loan receivable (Note 5)	24,130	24,393
Investment in government business enterprises and partnerships (Note 6)	189,381	180,977
Total financial assets	1,406,672	1,264,726
Financial liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	170,387	165,010
Deferred revenue (Note 7)	319,839	317,043
Accrued interest on long-term debt	2,051	2,305
Long-term liabilities (Note 8)	7,700	10,100
Long-term debt (Note 9)	303,427	300,515
Capital lease obligations (Note 10)	1,082	1,835
Urban works payable (Note 11)	2,162	3,826
Employee benefits payable (Note 12)	159,545	154,874
Landfill closure and post-closure liability (Note 13)	39,190	36,692
Total financial liabilities	1,005,383	992,200
Net financial assets	401,289	272,526
Non-financial assets		
Tangible capital assets (Note 14)	3,892,797	3,749,717
Inventories of supplies	4,840	4,543
Prepaid expenses	17,821	17,569
Total non-financial assets	3,915,458	3,771,829
Accumulated surplus (Note 15)	\$ 4,316,747	\$ 4,044,355

Contingent liabilities, loan guarantees, commitments (Notes 16, 17, 18)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON
Consolidated Statement of Operations
For the year ended December 31, 2018, with comparative information for 2017

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

	Budget	2018	2017
Revenues			
Net municipal taxation	\$ 596,888	\$ 604,712	\$ 581,481
User charges	277,770	286,353	275,948
Transfer payments			
Provincial	258,272	269,676	245,325
Federal	22,883	56,016	30,965
Other municipalities	5,542	5,644	5,317
Investment income	3,574	18,628	12,167
Penalties and interest	6,538	7,984	8,225
Development charges earned	20,475	50,086	13,747
Developer contributions of tangible capital assets (Note 14)	44,041	73,284	36,759
Other	29,150	37,007	27,411
Equity in earnings of government business enterprises and partnerships (Note 6)	5,362	13,405	12,883
Total revenues	1,270,495	1,422,795	1,250,228
Expenses			
General government	98,898	97,739	93,311
Protection to persons and property	204,978	200,632	199,450
Transportation services	190,161	212,543	185,306
Environmental services	171,960	186,257	181,562
Health services	25,687	25,580	25,037
Social and family services	264,029	254,943	234,535
Social housing	45,919	54,161	50,465
Recreation and cultural services	82,746	85,456	81,848
Planning and development	27,572	33,092	32,355
Total expenses	1,111,950	1,150,403	1,083,869
Annual surplus	158,545	272,392	166,359
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	4,044,355	4,044,355	3,877,996
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ 4,202,900	\$ 4,316,747	\$ 4,044,355

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON
Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets
For the year ended December 31, 2018, with comparative information for 2017

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

	Budget	2018	2017
Annual surplus	\$ 158,545	\$ 272,392	\$ 166,359
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(259,685)	(250,019)	(276,037)
Developer contributions of tangible capital assets	(44,040)	(73,284)	(36,759)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	149,300	172,672	162,828
Proceeds from sale of tangible capital assets	-	7,581	15,458
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	-	(30)	(1,166)
	(154,425)	(143,080)	(135,676)
Change in inventories of supplies	-	(297)	(368)
Change in prepaid expenses	-	(252)	7,072
	-	(549)	6,704
Change in net financial assets	4,120	128,763	37,387
Net financial assets, beginning of year	272,526	272,526	235,139
Net financial assets, end of year	\$ 276,646	\$ 401,289	\$ 272,526

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
For the year ended December 31, 2018, with comparative information for 2017

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

	2018	2017
Cash provided by (used in)		
Operating Activities		
Annual surplus	\$ 272,392	\$ 166,359
Items not involving cash		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	172,672	162,828
Developer contributions of tangible capital assets	(73,284)	(36,759)
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	(30)	(1,166)
Change in employee benefits payable	4,671	5,699
Change in landfill closure and post-closure liability	2,498	2,255
Equity in earnings of government business enterprises and partnerships	(14,220)	(13,785)
Amortization of debenture discount	(101)	(13)
Change in non-cash assets and liabilities		
Taxes receivable	(698)	2,656
Other receivables	(13,986)	(11,960)
Land held for resale	(971)	(383)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	5,377	(9,990)
Deferred revenue	2,796	58,287
Accrued interest on long-term debt	(254)	373
Urban works payable	(1,664)	572
Inventories of supplies	(297)	(368)
Prepaid expenses	(252)	7,072
Net change in cash from operating activities	354,649	331,677
Capital Activities		
Proceeds from sale of tangible capital assets	7,581	15,458
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(250,019)	(274,401)
Net change in cash from capital activities	(242,438)	(258,943)
Investing Activities		
Net decrease (increase) in investments	(28,613)	5,650
Repayment of loans receivable	263	387
Repayment of promissory note receivable from government business enterprises	855	803
Government business enterprises and partnerships	(39)	99
Dividends from London Hydro Inc. (Note 6 (a)(v))	5,000	5,000
Net change in cash from investing activities	(22,534)	11,939
Financing Activities		
Long-term debt issued	55,000	38,915
Long-term debt repayments	(51,987)	(49,361)
Repayments of long-term liabilities	(2,400)	(2,815)
Repayments of capital lease obligations	(753)	(1,182)
Net change in cash from financing activities	(140)	(14,443)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	89,537	70,230
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	400,503	330,273
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 490,040	\$ 400,503

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

The Corporation of the City of London (the "Corporation") is a municipality in the Province of Ontario incorporated in 1855 and operates under the provisions of the *Municipal Act, 2001*.

1. Significant Accounting Policies

The consolidated financial statements of the Corporation are prepared by management, in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards as defined in the CPA of Canada Public Sector Handbook – Accounting. Significant accounting policies are as follows:

a) Basis of Consolidation

These consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the Corporation and include all organizations that are accountable to the Corporation for the administration of their financial affairs and resources and are owned or controlled by the Corporation except for the Corporation's government business enterprises or partnerships which are accounted for on the modified equity basis of accounting.

(i) Consolidated Entities

The following local Boards or Commissions are consolidated:

Argyle Business Improvement Association Board of Management
Covent Garden Market Corporation
Eldon House Corporation
Housing Development Corporation, London
Hyde Park Business Improvement Association Board of Management
London & Middlesex Community Housing
London Convention Centre Corporation
London Downtown Business Association
London Police Services Board
London Public Library Board
London Transit Commission
Museum London
Old East Village Business Improvement Area
Public Utility Commission

The transactions and balances between the Corporation and the related boards or commissions have been eliminated.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

a) Basis of Consolidation (continued)

(ii) Equity Accounting

Government business enterprises are accounted for by the modified equity method. Under the modified equity method, the accounting principles of government business enterprises are not adjusted to conform to the Corporation's accounting principles and inter-organizational transactions and balances are not eliminated. However, inter-organizational gains and losses are eliminated on assets remaining with the government reporting entities at the reporting date. The Corporation recognizes its equity interest of the government business enterprises' income or loss in its consolidated statement of operations with a corresponding increase or decrease in its investment account. All dividends received will be reflected as reductions in the investment account.

The government business enterprises and partnerships during the year were:

London Hydro Inc.
Fair-City Joint Venture
City-YMCA Joint Venture

(iii) Proportionate Consolidation

The Lake Huron and Elgin Area Water Boards have been consolidated on a proportionate basis, based upon the water flow used by the Corporation in proportion to the entire flows provided by the joint water boards.

Middlesex-London Health Unit is consolidated on a proportionate basis based upon a percentage of grant money provided by the Corporation in comparison to grant money provided by the Province of Ontario and the County of Middlesex.

(iv) Accounting for School Board Transactions

Although the Corporation collects taxation on behalf of the School Boards, the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, relating to the operations of the school boards are not reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

During the year, **\$143,420** of taxation was collected on behalf of school boards (2017 - \$141,363) and remitted to the school boards during the year.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

a) Basis of Consolidation (continued)

(v) Trust Funds

Trust funds and their related operations administered by the Corporation are not included in these consolidated financial statements, as they are reported on separately in the Trust Fund Statement of Continuity and Balance Sheet.

Total net assets of Trust Funds administered by the Corporation amounted to **\$4,301** (2017 - \$4,344).

b) Basis of Accounting

(i) Accrual Accounting

Revenues and expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as they are earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

(ii) Deferred Revenue

The Corporation receives contributions pursuant to legislation, regulations or agreements that may only be used for certain programs or in the completion of specific work. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. These amounts are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year the related expenses are incurred or services performed.

(iii) Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes amounts for improvements to prepare the land for sale or servicing.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

b) Basis of Accounting (continued)

(iv) Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations.

a) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost of the tangible capital assets, excluding land, is amortized on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Table 1: Tangible Capital Asset Useful Life

Asset	Useful Life – Years
Landfill and land improvements	5 – 40
Buildings and building improvements	10 – 40
Leasehold improvements	Lease term
Machinery, equipment and furniture	5 - 20
Vehicles	5 - 7
Water and wastewater infrastructure	10 - 100
Roads infrastructure	10 - 80
Computers	3, 4 & 8
Computers under capital lease	3

Amortization is charged using the half year rule in the year of acquisition and in the year of disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

b) Contributions of Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions related to water, wastewater infrastructure, roads infrastructure and land are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date they are assumed by the Corporation, and are also recorded as revenue.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

b) Basis of Accounting (continued)

(iv) Non-Financial Assets (continued)

c) Works of Art and Cultural and Historic Assets

Works of art and cultural and historic assets are not recorded as assets in these consolidated financial statements.

d) Interest Capitalization

The Corporation does not capitalize interest costs associated with the acquisition or construction of a tangible capital asset.

e) Leased Tangible Capital Assets

Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as leased tangible capital assets. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

f) Inventories of Supplies

Inventories of supplies held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost.

(v) Budget Figures

London City Council completes separate budget reviews for tax supported operating and capital, as well as water and wastewater budgets each year. Budget figures have been provided for comparison purposes. Given differences between the budgeting model and generally accepted accounting principles established by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), certain budgeted amounts have been reclassified to reflect the presentation adopted under PSAB.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

b) Basis of Accounting (continued)

(vi) Use of Estimates

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements, in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting standards, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the reporting date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. These estimates and assumptions, including employee benefits payable, taxation assessment appeals, legal claims provisions, landfill closure and post-closure liabilities, the valuation of tangible capital assets and their related useful lives and amortization and liabilities for contaminated sites, are based on management's best information and judgment and may differ significantly from future actual results.

c) Government Transfers

(i) Revenues

Government transfer revenue is recorded once it is authorized by the transferring government. The Corporation is eligible to receive the transfer and the amount can be reasonably estimated. Any amount received but restricted is recorded as deferred revenue in accordance with Section 3100 of the Canadian Public Sector Accounting handbook and recognized as revenue in the period in which the resources are used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers include amounts received for the social assistance program. Funding ratios can vary from 80% to 100% of program costs depending on social service program and on the Provincial Upload Schedule for the Ontario Works program. Social service administration funding covers 50% of certain administration costs. The Social Housing program funding is approximately 20% of costs of the program.

In addition, the Corporation periodically receives senior government capital funding in the form of infrastructure grants and receives ongoing funding from Provincial and Federal senior levels of government as a result of an allocation of gas tax funds.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

c) Government Transfers (continued)

(ii) Expenses

External transfers from the Corporation are recorded as expenses when eligibility criteria have been met by the recipient and the amount can be reasonably estimated. This includes payments issued to individuals eligible under the *Ontario Works Act* and *Day Nurseries Act* as well as funding to contracted local social services agencies, Child Care providers and Housing Providers that deliver services in accordance with legislation and local program policies.

d) Tax Revenues

In 2018 the Corporation received **\$604,712** (2017 - \$581,481) in property tax revenues for municipal purposes. The authority to levy and collect property taxes is established under the *Municipal Act, 2001*, the *Assessment Act*, the *Education Act*, and other legislation.

The amount of the total annual property tax levy is determined each year through Council's approval of the annual operating budget. Municipal tax rates are set annually by Council for each class or type of property, in accordance with legislation and Council-approved policies, in order to raise the revenues required to meet operating budget requirements. Education tax rates are established by the Province each year in order to fund the costs of education on a Province-wide basis.

Taxation revenues are recorded at the time tax billings are issued. Additional property tax revenue can be added throughout the year, related to new properties that become occupied, or that become subject to property tax, after the return of the annual assessment roll used for billing purposes. The Corporation may receive supplementary assessment rolls over the course of the year from the Municipal Property Assessment Corporation that identify new or omitted assessments. Property taxes for these supplementary/omitted amounts are then billed according to the approved tax rate for the property class.

Taxation revenues in any year may also be reduced as a result of reductions in assessment values arising from assessment and/or tax appeals. Each year, an amount is identified to cover the estimated amount of revenue loss attributable to assessment appeals, tax appeals or other deficiencies in tax revenues (e.g., uncollectible amounts, write-offs, etc.).

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

e) Financial Instruments

The Corporation's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivables, investments, loans receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, long-term debt, long-term liabilities and urban works payable. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Corporation is not exposed to significant interest, currency, or credit risks arising from these financial instruments.

f) Investments

Investments are recorded at amortized cost less any amounts written off to reflect a permanent decline in value. Investments consist of authorized investments pursuant to provisions of the Municipal Act and comprise government and corporate bonds, debentures, pooled investment funds and short-term instruments of various financial institutions. Investments with original maturity dates greater than 90 days are classified as investments in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Investment income earned on available current funds, reserves and reserve funds (other than obligatory funds) are reported as revenue in the period earned. Investment income earned on obligatory reserve funds is added to the fund balance and forms part of the respective deferred revenue balances.

g) Contaminated Sites

Contaminated sites are defined as the result of contamination being introduced in air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic, or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard.

A liability for remediation of contaminated sites is recognized, net of any expected recoveries, when all of the following criteria are met:

- an environmental standard exists,
- contamination exceeds the environmental standard,
- the organization is directly responsible or accepts responsibility for the liability,
- future economic benefits will be given up, and
- a reasonable estimate of the liability can be made.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

h) Employee Benefits Payable

The Corporation provides employee benefits including sick leave, benefits under the Workplace Safety and Insurance Board ("WSIB") Act, life insurance and extended health and dental benefits for early retirees which will require funding in future periods.

There are also contributions to a multi-employer, defined benefit pension plan, OMERS, which are expensed when contributions are made.

The costs of termination benefits and compensated absences are recognized when the event that obligates the Corporation occurs. Costs include projected future income payments, healthcare continuation costs and fees paid to independent administrators of these plans, calculated on a present value basis.

The costs of other employee benefits are actuarially determined using the projected benefits method pro-rated on service and management's best estimate of retirement ages of employees, salary escalation and expected health costs.

Past service costs from plan amendments related to prior period employee services are accounted for in the period of the plan amendment. The effects of a gain or loss from settlements or curtailments are expensed in the period they occur. Net actuarial gains and losses related to the employee benefits are amortized over the average remaining service life of the related employee group. Employee future benefit liabilities are discounted at the Corporation's cost of borrowing using estimated rates for debt with maturities similar to expected benefit payments in the future. The costs of workplace safety and insurance obligations are actuarially determined and are expensed immediately in the period the events occur.

i) Loan Guarantees

Periodically the Corporation provides loan guarantees on specific debt held by related authorities not consolidated in the Corporation's financial statements. Loan guarantees are accounted for as contingent liabilities and no amounts are accrued in the consolidated financial statements of the Corporation until the Corporation considers it likely that the borrower will default on the specified loan obligation. Should a default occur the Corporation's resulting liability would be recorded in the consolidated financial statements.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

j) Environmental Provisions

The Corporation has a formal environmental assessment and reclamation program in place to ensure that it complies with environmental legislation. The Corporation provides for the cost of compliance with environmental legislation when costs are identified and can be reasonably measured.

k) Provision for Landfill Rehabilitation

The *Ontario Environmental Protection Act* sets out the regulatory requirements to properly close and maintain all active and inactive landfill sites. Under environmental law, there is a requirement for closure and post-closure care of landfill sites. This requirement is being provided for over the estimated remaining life of the landfill sites based on usage, and is funded through tipping fees. The annual provision is reported as an operating expense, and the accumulated provision is reported as a liability on the consolidated statement of financial position.

l) Accumulated Surplus

Accumulated surplus represents the Corporation's net economic resources. It is an amount by which all assets (financial and non-financial) exceed liabilities. An accumulated surplus indicates that the Corporation has net resources (financial and physical) that can be used to provide future services. An accumulated deficit means that liabilities are greater than assets.

m) Adoption of New Accounting Policies

(i) Related Party Disclosures

The Corporation adopted Public Sector Accounting Standard PS2200 *Related Party Disclosures* effective as of January 1, 2018. Under PS2200, related parties could be either an entity or an individual. Related parties exist when one party has the ability to control or has shared control over another party. Individuals that are key management personnel or close family members may also be related parties.

Disclosure is only required when the transactions or events between related parties occur at a value different from what would have been recorded if they were not related and the transactions could have a material financial impact on the consolidated financial statements. Material financial impact would be based on an assessment of the terms and conditions underlying the transaction, the financial materiality of the transaction, the relevance of the information and the need for the information to enable the users to understand the financial statements.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

m) Adoption of New Accounting Policies (continued)

(i) Related Party Disclosures (continued)

This standard also specifies the information required to be disclosed including the type of transactions, amounts classified by financial statement category, the basis of measurement, and the amounts of any outstanding items, any contractual obligations and any contingent liabilities. The standard also requires disclosure of related party transactions that have occurred where no amounts has been recognized.

The adoption of this standard did not result in an accounting policy change, and did not result in any adjustments to the financial statements as at January 1, 2018.

(ii) Inter-entity Transactions

The Corporation adopted Public Sector Accounting Standard PS3420 *Inter-entity Transactions*, effective January 1, 2018. The standard specifies how to account for transactions between public sector entities within the government reporting entity. This standard relates to the measurement of related party transactions for both the provider and the recipient. Transactions are recorded at carrying amounts with the exception of the following:

- Transactions in the normal course of business are recorded at exchange amount.
- Transactions with fair value consideration are recorded at exchange amount.
- Transfer of an asset or liability at nominal or no consideration is recorded by the provider at carrying amount and the recipient has the choice of either carrying amount or fair value.
- Cost allocations are reported using the exchange amount and revenues and expenses are reported on a gross basis.
- Unallocated costs for the provision of goods or services may be recorded by the provider at cost, fair value or another amount dictated by policy, accountability structure or budget practice.

The adoption of this standard did not result in an accounting policy change, and did not result in any adjustments to the Financial Statements as at January 1, 2018.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

n) Future Accounting Changes

(i) Foreign Currency Translation

PSAB released a revised standard related to *Foreign Currency Translation* (PS 2601). The standard has been deferred and applies to all local governments for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2021. The standard requires exchange rates to be adjusted to the rate in effect at the financial statement date for monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency and non-monetary items included in the fair value category. Gains and losses yet to be settled are presented in the statement of re-measurement gains and losses. Gains and losses on long-term monetary assets and liabilities are amortized over the remaining term of the item. The Corporation has not yet determined what, if any, financial reporting implications may arise from this standard.

(ii) Financial Instruments

PSAB released a standard related to *Financial Instruments* (PS 3450). The standard has been deferred and applies to all local governments for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2021. The standard applies to all types of financial instruments (primary and derivatives). In the year that the standard is adopted, Foreign Currency Translation (PS 2601) must also be adopted. The new standard requires equity and derivative instruments be measured at fair value, with changes in value being recorded in a statement of re-measurement gains/losses. The standard gives the option of cost/amortized cost vs. fair value for remaining instruments, which is elected upon by the government organization. The Corporation has not yet determined what, if any, financial reporting implications may arise from this standard.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

n) Future Accounting Changes (continued)

(iii) Restructuring Transactions

The standard, PS 3430 *Restructuring Transactions*, prescribes measurement standards and disclosure requirements when a restructuring transaction exists. A restructuring transaction in the public sector differs from an acquisition as they generally include either no or nominal payment. It also differs from a government transfer as the recipient would be required to assume the related program or operating responsibilities. The standard requires that assets and liabilities are to be measured at their carrying amount. It also prescribes financial statement presentation and disclosure requirements. This standard is effective for fiscal periods beginning on or after April 1, 2018. The Corporation has not yet determined what, if any, financial reporting implications may arise from this standard.

(iv) Asset Retirement Obligations

In August 2018, PSAB issued the new standard, Section PS 3280, *Asset Retirement Obligations*. The new accounting standard addresses the reporting of legal obligations associated with the retirement of certain tangible capital assets such as buildings with asbestos, and solid waste landfill sites by public sector entities. The new accounting standard has resulted in a withdrawal of the existing Section PS 3270, *Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Liability*.

An asset retirement obligation would be recognized when, as at the financial reporting date, all of the following criteria are met:

- There is a legal obligation to incur retirement costs in relation to a tangible capital asset;
- The past transaction or event giving rise to the liability has occurred;
- It is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and
- A reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

Public sector entities would be required to capitalize asset retirement obligations associated with fully amortized tangible capital assets, except in the following instances:

- Asset retirement obligations associated with unrecognized tangible capital assets should be expensed;
- Asset retirement obligations associated with tangible capital assets no longer in productive use should be expensed.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

n) Future Accounting Changes (continued)

(iv) Asset Retirement Obligations (continued)

The estimate of a liability should include costs directly attributable to asset retirement activities. Costs would include post-retirement operations, maintenance and monitoring that are an integral part of the retirement of the tangible capital asset. It would also include costs of tangible capital assets acquired as part of asset retirement activities to the extent those assets have no alternative use.

The new Section is to apply to fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2021. Earlier adoption is permitted. This Section may be applied retroactively or prospectively. If retroactive application is selected, a public sector entity may choose to apply certain transitional provisions provided in the Section. The Corporation has not yet determined what, if any, financial reporting implications may arise from this standard.

(v) Revenue

In June 2018, PSAB approved Section PS 3400, *Revenue*. The framework is focused on two categories of revenue - exchange and unilateral. Transactions which give rise to one or more performance obligations are considered to be exchange transactions. Performance obligations are defined as enforceable promises to provide goods or services to a payer as a result of exchange transactions. Revenue from an exchange transaction would be recognized when the public sector entity has satisfied the performance obligation(s), at a point in time or over a period of time. If no performance obligations are present, the transaction would represent unilateral revenue, and be recognized when the public sector entity has the authority to claim or retain an inflow of economic resources and a past event gives rise to a claim of economic resources. Excluded from this standard are reporting of contributions and appropriations which continue to be accounted for as government transfers, and tax revenues, interest, dividends, gains and restricted assets.

The proposed new section is expected to apply to fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2022, and be accounted for as a change in accounting policy applied retroactively with restatement of prior periods. The Corporation has not yet determined what, if any, financial reporting implications may arise from this standard.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents*Table 2: Cash and Cash Equivalents*

	2018	2017
Cash on deposit	\$479,882	\$355,155
Cash equivalents	10,158	45,348
	\$490,040	\$400,503

Cash equivalents are comprised mainly of term deposits with original maturities of 90 days or less and are recorded at cost.

3. Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable are reported net of allowance for doubtful accounts. As at December 31, the balances are as follows:

Table 3: Taxes Receivable

	2018	2017
Taxes receivable	\$28,057	\$27,377
Penalties and interest	1,735	1,560
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(6,720)	(6,563)
	\$23,072	\$22,374

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

4. Investments

Investments are comprised of the following:

Table 4: Investments

	2018	2018	2017	2017
	Cost	Market Value	Cost	Market Value
Pooled investment funds	\$ 6,769	\$ 6,744	\$ 3,253	\$ 4,021
Government fixed income	119,927	117,890	113,277	111,967
Corporate fixed income	326,568	327,377	293,618	294,666
Asset backed securities	109,112	108,560	124,904	123,367
Other investments	3,475	3,475	2,186	2,186
	\$565,851	\$564,046	\$537,238	\$536,207

5. Loan Receivable*Table 5: Loan Receivable*

	2018	2017
Subordinate Loan – City of London Arena Trust	\$24,130	\$24,393

The Corporation previously transferred a capital asset to the City of London Arena Trust, in return for a subordinate loan. This investment is secured by a mortgage charge and assignment of the borrower's interest in the Ground Lease of the Budweiser Gardens building, an assignment of the borrower's interest in the Participatory Occupancy Lease, a general assignment of all present and future subleases, a security interest in the Capital Repair Fund, and a security interest in the trust fund. Repayments vary and are based on an available cash flow calculation within the 50 year agreement. During the year, **\$263** (2017 - \$387) was received as a payment on the loan.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

6. Investment in Government Business Enterprises and Partnerships

The Corporation holds a 100% interest in London Hydro Inc., a 41.4289% (2017 – 41.4289%) interest in the Fair-City Joint Venture Partnership and a 73.432% interest in the City-YMCA Joint Venture Partnership based upon investments as follows:

Table 6: Investment in Government Business Enterprises and Partnerships

		2018	2017
London Hydro Inc.	a)	\$169,329	\$159,833
Fair-City Joint Venture Partnership	b)	4,603	5,196
City-YMCA Joint Venture Partnership	c)	15,449	15,948
		\$189,381	\$180,977

a) Investment in London Hydro Inc.

The following table provides condensed supplementary financial information reported separately by London Hydro Inc.:

Table 7: Investment in London Hydro Inc. – Financial Position

	2018	2017
Financial Position		
Current assets	\$ 79,563	\$ 82,519
Capital assets	329,275	306,167
Total assets	408,838	388,686
Regulatory balances	17,166	5,832
Total assets and regulatory balance	426,004	394,518
Current and other liabilities	63,675	62,417
Deferred revenue	35,452	29,955
Post-employment benefits	13,895	15,213
Long-term debt	141,522	118,826
Total liabilities	254,544	226,411
Regulatory balances	2,131	8,274
Total liabilities and regulatory balances	256,675	234,685
Net assets	\$169,329	\$159,833

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

6. Investment in Government Business Enterprises and Partnerships (continued)**a) Investment in London Hydro Inc. (continued)***Table 8: Investment in London Hydro Inc. - Results of Operations*

	2018	2017
Results of Operations		
Revenues	\$423,843	\$448,758
Operating expenses	(419,840)	(433,720)
Other income (expenses)	(2,261)	23
Income tax expense	(4,312)	(4,553)
Net movement in regulatory balances	17,066	3,544
Net earnings	14,496	14,052
Dividends	(5,000)	(5,000)
Net assets, beginning of year	159,833	150,781
Net Assets, End of Year –		
Investment in London Hydro Inc.	\$169,329	\$159,833

i) Regulated Business Operations and Distribution Rates

London Hydro Inc. (“the Company”) is a wholly-owned subsidiary company of the Corporation and delivers regulated electricity and related energy services to the inhabitants of the City of London.

The Company is regulated by the Ontario Energy Board (“OEB”), under the authority granted by the *Ontario Energy Board Act, 1998*. The OEB has responsibility to set just and reasonable distribution rates and thereby approves all of the Company’s distribution and ancillary rates. The Company’s distribution revenue is determined by applying those regulated rates to customers and their consumption of electricity in the Company’s distribution territory, as established by its distribution license granted by the OEB.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

6. Investment in Government Business Enterprises and Partnerships (continued)

a) Investment in London Hydro Inc. (continued)

ii) Regulatory Balances

The Ontario Energy Board allows distribution companies to recover amounts incurred for certain transitional costs as well as certain costs associated with the discretionary metering activities under the Provincial Smart Meter Program which have been authorized to be recovered through the rates. Net regulatory debit balances for 2018 totalled **\$17,166** (2017 - \$5,832). Net regulatory credit balances for 2018 totalled **\$2,131** (2017 - \$8,274).

iii) Commitments

The Company has provided **\$6,600** (2017 - \$6,600) in bank standby letters of credit to the independent Electricity System Operator, as required by regulation.

The Company has vendor commitments in connection with projects of **\$700** (2017 - \$23,200).

The Company has committed to operating lease agreements with future minimum non- cancellable annual lease payments of **\$1,104** (2017 - \$1,126).

iv) Credit Facilities

The Company has an uncommitted operating revolving line of credit facility of \$40,000. As at December 31, 2018 the amount drawn under this facility was **nil** (2017 - nil).

The Company has a committed 364 day extendible operating revolving loan facility of \$30,000. The amount drawn under this facility was **\$15,000** (2017 - \$30,000). The loan has a maturity date of March 31, 2021.

The unsecured, committed extendible revolving loan in the amount of \$30,000 outstanding at December 31, 2017 was subsequently repaid with additional borrowing in the amount of **\$40,000** obtained February 1, 2018. The additional borrowing is under an interest rate swap agreement for an unsecured loan. Interest only payments are due quarterly and commenced March 2018. The principal is due at maturity. The agreement is a fixed rate swap and matures along with the debt in June 2022.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

6. Investment in Government Business Enterprises and Partnerships (continued)

a) Investment in London Hydro Inc. (continued)

iv) Credit Facilities (continued)

The Company has an interest rate swap agreement for an unsecured loan in the amount of \$85,000. Interest only payments are due quarterly and commenced December 2014. The principal is due at maturity. The agreement is a fixed rate swap and matures June 2022.

The Company has an interest rate swap agreement for an unsecured loan to fund its Smart Meter capital expenditure program. Principal repayments on this loan commenced October 2010 and are being amortized over a 9 year period ending August 2019. The agreement is a fixed rate swap and the balance outstanding at December 31, 2018 is **\$1,522** (2017 - \$3,826).

At December 31, 2018, the Company would be required to pay **\$1,200** (2017 - \$900) if it wished to cancel the swap agreements.

v) Related Party Transactions

The Corporation has contracted with London Hydro Inc. to provide billing and collection services for water and wastewater charges on a cost recovery basis. Expenses for the year were **\$4,490** (2017 - \$4,430) and are included on the consolidated statement of operations. At December 31, 2018, the Corporation has a receivable of **\$14,300** (2017 - \$13,319) for water and wastewater charges collected by London Hydro Inc. Miscellaneous receivables of **\$1,667** (2017 - \$212) are also outstanding at year end.

The Corporation, on behalf of the Public Utility Commission, charged London Hydro Inc. rent, totalling **\$100** (2017 - \$100).

The Corporation received **\$5,000** (2017 - \$5,000) in dividend payments, which were recorded as a reduction in the investment in government business enterprises.

vi) International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS")

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

6. Investment in Government Business Enterprises and Partnerships (continued)**b) Fair-City Joint Venture Partnership**

The following table provides condensed supplementary financial information reported separately by the Fair-City Joint Venture Partnership:

Table 9: Fair-City Joint Venture Partnership – Financial Position

	2018	2017
Financial Position		
Current assets	\$ 1,641	\$ 1,829
Capital assets	11,263	11,755
	12,904	13,584
Accrued liabilities	1,851	2,035
Deferred capital contributions	3,019	3,152
Long-term debt	3,523	4,518
Total liabilities	8,393	9,075
Net assets	\$ 4,511	\$ 3,879

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

6. Investment in Government Business Enterprises and Partnerships (continued)**b) Fair-City Joint Venture Partnership (continued)***Table 10: Fair-City Joint Venture Partnership - Results of Operations*

	2018	2017
Results of Operations		
Revenues	\$4,028	\$3,883
Operating expenses	3,489	3,325
Net earnings	539	558
Net earnings available to the Corporation	223	231
Distribution for employee future benefit re-measurements	39	(4)
Corporation's portion of earning retained in Joint Venture	262	227
Corporation's investment in Fair-City Joint Venture's net assets, beginning of year	1,607	1,475
Adjustment due to change in Corporation's share during year	-	(95)
Corporation's investment in Fair-City Joint Venture's net assets, end of year	1,869	1,607
Promissory note due to the Corporation	2,734	3,589
Investment in Fair-City Joint Venture Partnership	\$4,603	\$5,196

i) Contributions to Joint Venture

On September 1, 2000, the Corporation entered into a joint venture with the Western Fair Association, to construct and operate a four-pad arena complex.

The joint venture is in the form of a partnership, referred to as the Fair-City Joint Venture and the investment is held in the Civic Investment Reserve Fund.

In return for a contribution of \$5,000 and a twenty-year loan of \$12,000, the Corporation received an initial equity interest of 50% of the partnership. However, once the partnership prepaid \$5,000 of the above-noted loan, and for every \$1,000 repayment thereafter, the Corporation's equity interest will decrease by 2.857% until the loan is completely repaid and the equity interest has decreased to 30%. During the first five years of operation, 100% of profits from the joint venture were paid to the Western Fair Association.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

6. Investment in Government Business Enterprises and Partnerships (continued)

b) Fair-City Joint Venture Partnership (continued)

i) Contributions to Joint Venture (continued)

The Corporation's equity interest as at June 30, 2018 was 41.4289% (2017 – 41.4289%). The Venturers agreed to apply any change in the equity interest, prospectively, to the first day in the year that the threshold is met and to each year thereafter that subsequent repayment thresholds are met. In the current year **nil** (2017 - nil) of profit was available and distributed to the Corporation.

ii) Related Party Transactions

The Corporation has an Ice Rental Agreement with the Fair-City Joint Venture Partnership for 240 hours per year. **\$1,836** was paid for ice rental in 2018 (2017 - \$1,800), which was recorded as an expense in the consolidated statement of operations.

The partnership has a term loan, payable to the Corporation, bearing interest at 6.377%, payable in monthly blended payments of \$88, due October 1, 2021, secured by a general security agreement over all assets. The balance outstanding at December 31, 2018 is **\$2,734** (2017 - \$3,589). During the year, the partnership paid interest to the Corporation in the amount of **\$202** (2017 - \$254), which was recorded as investment income in the consolidated statement of operations.

c) City-YMCA Joint Venture Partnership

The following table provides condensed supplementary financial information reported separately by the City-YMCA Joint Venture Partnership:

Table 11: City-YMCA Joint Venture Partnership - Financial Position

	2018	2017
Financial Position		
Capital assets	\$27,135	\$27,135
Accumulated amortization	(6,097)	(5,419)
Net Assets	\$21,038	\$21,716

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

6. Investment in Government Business Enterprises and Partnerships (continued)**c) City-YMCA Joint Venture Partnership (continued)***Table 12: City-YMCA Joint Venture Partnership - Results of Operations*

	2018	2017
Results of Operations		
Amortization of capital assets	\$ 678	\$ 678
Net loss	(678)	(678)
Net assets, beginning of year	21,716	22,394
Net assets, end of year	21,038	21,716
Corporation's portion of net assets	15,449	15,948
Investment in City-YMCA Joint Venture Partnership	\$15,449	\$15,948

The Corporation entered into a joint venture agreement with the YMCA of Western Ontario (YMCA) in April 2009 to construct and operate the Stoney Creek Community Centre.

The Corporation was responsible for contributing the land, contributing costs related to construction of the building and running the construction project. The YMCA was responsible for contributing costs related to construction of the building. The Corporation's contributed share of the project was \$19,929 or 73.432%.

Construction of this facility was completed in October 2010.

The Joint Venture Partnership has entered into a 40 year lease with the YMCA. The basic annual rent to be paid to the Joint Venture Partnership by the YMCA is nominal. The Joint Venture Partnership does not earn any other type of revenue. In accordance with the lease agreement, the Joint Venture Partnership is not responsible for any costs, expenses or outlays relating to the premises. All capital and operating costs are the responsibility of the tenant, the YMCA.

At the end of the 40 year lease term, the Joint Venture Partnership will transfer the land and building representing the facility to the YMCA for consideration of nil. The transfer of the land and building will result in the dissolution of the Joint Venture Partnership in 2049.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

7. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue on the consolidated statement of financial position is comprised of the following:

Table 13: Deferred Revenue

	2018	2017
Funds deferred to future periods for specific purposes by legislation, regulation or agreement:		
Development Charges Act		
- Recreation and transit	\$ 24,954	\$23,473
- Capital infrastructure	200,985	197,945
Federal and Provincial gas tax	54,411	59,086
Recreational land (<i>The Planning Act</i>)	3,173	2,600
Capital infrastructure for cultural services	3,908	3,381
	287,431	286,935
Other deferred revenue:		
Subsidy advances from Provincial Ministries for future periods	21,397	17,860
Prepaid deposits	531	380
Prepayment of recreation programs, facility rentals, memberships	2,297	2,154
Vacancy rebate allowances	1,701	2,764
Boards and commissions	6,249	6,730
Other deferred revenues	233	220
	\$319,839	\$317,043

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

8. Long-term Liabilities

The Corporation has committed to provide capital grants to Fanshawe College. Capital grants are subject to annual budget approval and are generally not liabilities, however, the Corporation has committed to these multi-year grants in advance and therefore these amounts are included in long-term liabilities.

Table 14: Long-term Liabilities

	Last year of obligation	2018	2017
Fanshawe College	2022	\$7,400	\$9,800
OMEX Insurance	2021	300	300
		\$7,700	\$10,100

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

9. Long-term Debt

Provincial legislation restricts the use of long-term debt to financing capital expenses only. Provincial legislation allows the Corporation to issue debt on behalf of school boards, other local boards, municipal enterprises and utilities. The responsibility of raising amounts to service these liabilities lies with the respective organization. The debt is a joint and several obligation of the Corporation and the respective organization.

Long-term debt is as follows:

Table 15: Long-term Debt

	2018	2017
Long-term debt issued by the Corporation at various rates of interest ranging from 0.90% to 5.88% (2017 - 0.80% to 5.88%), with maturity dates ranging from December 2021 to March 2028.	\$254,988	\$236,595
Long-term debt issued to Infrastructure Ontario programs at various rates of interest ranging from 2.45% to 4.44% (2017 – 2.45% to 4.44%), with maturity dates ranging from March 2020 to March 2030.	48,946	63,533
Long-term debt issued to Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation at an interest rate of 3.23%, with a maturity date of March 2021.	5,300	6,957
Long-term debt issued to the Federation of Canadian Municipalities (FCM), as Trustee for the Green Municipal Fund, at various rates of interest ranging from 2.00% to 2.25% (2017 – 2.00% to 2.25%), with maturity dates ranging from April 2026 to May 2032.	3,784	4,160
Long-term debt, assumed by unconsolidated local Boards, and other municipalities, municipal enterprises and utilities.	(8,030)	(9,270)
Total long-term debt	304,988	301,975
Less: Unamortized debenture discount	(1,561)	(1,460)
Net long-term debt	\$303,427	\$300,515

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

9. Long-term Debt (continued)

Principal repayments are summarized as follows:

Table 16: Principal Repayment Summary

Recoverable from	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Beyond	Total
General	\$30,417	\$29,095	\$26,386	\$21,371	\$18,106	\$38,039	\$163,414
Water	2,497	2,549	2,603	2,417	1,663	3,909	15,638
Sewer	8,683	8,654	8,346	5,207	4,239	15,217	50,346
Discretionary	4,322	4,453	2,034	2,096	1,166	490	14,561
Obligatory	7,963	8,106	8,264	7,155	6,627	22,914	61,029
	\$53,882	\$52,857	\$47,633	\$38,246	\$31,801	\$80,569	\$304,988

Total charges which are included in the consolidated statement of operations are as follows:

Table 17: Principal Repayments - Total Charges

	2018	2017
Interest on long-term debt	\$9,288	\$9,404
Amortization of debenture discount	268	245
Interest on capital lease obligations	49	49
	\$9,605	\$9,698

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

10. Capital Lease Obligations*Table 18: Capital Lease Obligations*

	2018	2017
2018	\$ -	\$ 802
2019	462	462
2020	310	310
2021	256	256
2022	111	111
Minimum lease payments	1,139	1,941
Less amount representing interest at 3.25% (2017 – 3.25%)	57	106
Present value of net minimum capital lease payments	\$1,082	\$1,835

11. Urban Works Payable

The Corporation operates a system of funding developer claims for construction of infrastructure works. The claimable works generally benefit areas beyond the boundaries of the subdivision or development which triggers the requirement for the works, and the cost of these works are shared through development charge collections administered by the Corporation through the Urban Works Reserve Funds.

Claims are subject to approval by the Corporation. Payment of approved claims are further subject to annual limits, and are only payable when sufficient funds have been accumulated to liquidate claims. Liquidation of approved claims may be delayed, until sufficient funds have accumulated to allow for their settlement.

As at December 31 of each year, the value of all completed work is recognized as a liability in the consolidated statement of financial position. Repayment of this liability remains subject to all of the rules of the Urban Works Reserve Funds, including a reliance on development charges received as the source for repayment. Payments for the infrastructure projects are made from both the Urban Works General Reserve Fund and the Urban Works Storm Management Reserve Fund. At December 31, there is **\$5,602** (2017 - \$4,275) in the Urban Works General Reserve Fund and **\$5,889** (2017 - \$4,542) in the Urban Works Storm Water Management Reserve Fund to fund this liability.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

11. Urban Works Payable (continued)

The Urban Works liability represents works as at December 31, with completion status as follows:

Table 19: Urban Works - Liability

	2018	2017
In excess of the payment cap rules	\$1,280	\$ 494
Completed but no claim received	882	3,332
	\$2,162	\$3,826

The continuity breakdown is as follows:

Table 20: Urban Works - Continuity Breakdown

		Roads	Sanitary Sewers	Storm Sewer	Storm Water	Total
Urban Works Payable	Dec 31, 2016	\$1,053	\$192	\$254	\$1,755	\$3,254
Expenses:						
Value of construction work completed	2017	682	(159)	-	1,976	2,499
Payments:						
From Urban Works Reserve Funds	2017	(614)	-	-	(1,313)	(1,927)
Urban Works Payable	Dec 31, 2017	1,121	33	254	2,418	3,826
Expenses:						
Value of construction work completed	2018	356	140	584	109	1,189
Payments:						
From Urban Works Reserve Funds	2018	(1,011)	(155)	(797)	(890)	(2,853)
Urban Works Payable	Dec 31, 2018	\$ 466	\$ 18	\$ 41	\$1,637	\$2,162

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

11. Urban Works Payable (continued)

The estimated future repayments of developer claims are as follows:

Table 21: Urban Works - Estimated Future Developer Claims Repayment

2019	\$2,162
Total	\$2,162

On July 24, 2018, the City resolved at its municipal council meeting to implement the full retirement of the Urban Works Reserve Funds with the adoption of the 2019 Development Charges By-law. Prior approved claims and those claims that were subject to the payment cap rules will be paid out in 2019 to help facilitate the wind-up of the reserve funds. Where no claim has been submitted prior to the adoption of the 2019 Development Charges By-law, these claims submitted for eligible work will be funded from the respective City Services Reserve Fund.

12. Employee Benefits Payable

Employee future benefits are liabilities of the Corporation to its employees and early retirees for benefits earned but not taken as at December 31. Details are as follows:

Table 22: Employee Benefits Payable

		2018	2017
Post-employment and post-retirement benefits	a)	\$ 92,558	\$ 89,764
Workplace Safety and Insurance Board			
Obligation	b)	48,817	46,710
Vacation credits	c)	16,450	16,187
Vested sick leave benefits	d)	1,720	2,213
		\$159,545	\$154,874

Reserve funds and reserves have been established to partially provide for these employee benefit liabilities. The reserve fund balances at the end of the year are **\$106,159** (2017 - \$20,404), and the reserve balances at the end of the year are **\$5** (2017 - \$70,380) to fund these obligations.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

12. Employee Benefits Payable (continued)

a) Post-Employment and Post-Retirement Benefits

The Corporation provides benefits, such as health, dental and life insurance to qualified retirees until they reach 65 years of age and provides certain benefits to employees on long-term disability. The liabilities reported in these consolidated financial statements are based on the most recent actuarial valuation prepared as of December 31, 2018.

The significant assumptions used in the actuarial valuations are as follows:

Table 23: Post-Employment and Post-Retirement Benefits – Assumptions

	2018	2017
	%	%
Discount rate	3.25	3.25
Rate of compensation increase	2.00	1.90
Healthcare cost increases	4.00 – 7.00	4.00 - 7.00

The benefit obligation continuity is as follows:

Table 24: Employee Benefits Payable - Benefit Obligation Continuity

Liability for post-employment and post-retirement benefits:	2018	2017
Accrued benefit obligation, January 1	\$82,603	\$79,121
Current period benefit cost	4,552	4,377
Retirement interest expense	2,758	2,643
Plan amendment	644	-
Actuarial gain	(5,099)	-
Benefits paid	(3,771)	(3,538)
Accrued benefit obligation, December 31	81,687	82,603
Unamortized actuarial gain (loss)	10,871	7,161
Liability for post-employment and post-retirement benefits	\$92,558	\$89,764
Post-employment and post-retirement benefits expense:		
Current period benefit cost	\$ 4,552	\$ 4,377
Retirement interest expense	2,758	2,643
Plan amendment	644	-
Amortization of actuarial (gain) loss	(1,389)	(96)
Total post-employment and post-retirement benefit expense	\$ 6,565	\$ 6,924

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

12. Employee Benefits Payable (continued)

a) Post-Employment and Post-Retirement Benefits (continued)

The actuarial loss is amortized over the expected average remaining service life of the related employee group of 14 years (2017 – 13 years).

b) Workplace Safety and Insurance Board Obligation

The Corporation is a Schedule 2 employer under the Workplace Safety and Insurance Act, and as such assumes responsibility for financing its workplace safety insurance costs. The accrued obligation is determined using the estimated value of future benefit costs provided by WSIB and any additional information known to the Corporation about future obligations. All expected future payouts are discounted to December 31, 2018, using an appropriate discount rate.

c) Liability for Vacation Credits

Under the provisions of certain employee vacation plans, some vacation credits are earned as at December 31 but are generally unavailable for use until a later date. In addition, the provisions of certain plans allow the accumulation of vacation credits for use in future periods. The approximate value of these credits as at December 31, 2018 is **\$16,450** (2017 - \$16,187).

d) Liability for Vested Sick Leave Benefits

Under the sick leave benefit plan, certain unused sick leave can accumulate and employees may become entitled to a cash payment when they leave the Corporation's employment. The liability for these accumulated days, to the extent that they have vested and could be taken in cash by an employee on termination, amounted to **\$1,720** (2017 - \$2,213) at December 31, 2018. During the year **\$736** (2017 - \$609) was paid to employees who left the Corporation's employment.

Reserve funds and reserves have been established to provide for this past service liability. The reserve funds balance at December 31, 2018 is **\$1,852** (2017 - \$2,546), and the reserves balance is **\$5** (2017 - \$5). An amount of **\$42** (2017 - \$38) has been contributed in the current year.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

12. Employment Benefits Payable (continued)

d) Liability for Vested Sick Leave Benefits (continued)

Only employees of the Corporation which commenced their employment prior to February 1, 1985, Police and Middlesex-London Health Unit employees starting before January 1, 1982 and Fire employees starting before January 1, 1991 are entitled to be paid out their balance of accumulated sick time at retirement, which is the balance that makes up this liability.

Anticipated future payments for vested sick leave to employees who are eligible to retire are as follows:

Table 25: Employee Benefits Payable - Anticipated Future Payments

2019	\$1,501
2020	205
2021	14
Total	\$1,720

e) Pension Agreements

The Corporation makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees' Retirement System Pension Fund (OMERS), which is a multi-employer plan, on behalf of 4,468 (2017 – 4,421) members. The plan is a contributory defined benefit plan which specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by employees based on length of service and rates of pay. Employers and employees contribute jointly to the plan.

Since any surpluses or deficits are a joint responsibility of all Ontario municipalities and their employees, the Corporation does not recognize any share of the OMERS pension surplus or deficit in these consolidated financial statements.

The amount contributed to OMERS for 2018 was **\$31,729** (2017 - \$32,508) for current service. Employer's contributions for current service are included as an expense in the consolidated statement of operations.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

13. Landfill Closure and Post Closure Liability

PSAB Handbook Section 3270: *Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Liability*, sets out the standard for anticipated closure and post-closure costs for existing and closed landfill sites. This liability is the estimated cost to date, based on a volumetric basis, of the expenses relating to those activities required when the site or phase stops accepting waste.

The Sanitary Closure costs include final cover and vegetation, completing facilities for drainage control features, leachate monitoring, water quality monitoring, and monitoring and recovery of gas. Post-closure care activities include all activities related to monitoring the site once it can no longer accept waste, including acquisition of any additional land for buffer zones, treatment and monitoring of leachate, monitoring ground water and surface water, gas monitoring and recovery, and ongoing maintenance of various control systems, drainage systems, and final cover.

The estimated liability for the care of landfill sites is the present value of future cash flows associated with closure and post-closure costs.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

13. Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Liability (continued)

Key assumptions in determining the liability at December 31, 2018 for landfills are as follows:

Table 26: Landfill Closure Key Assumptions

Active (W12A) landfill is expected to reach capacity in 2026	
Remaining capacity of active (W12A) as at December 31, 2018	1.5 million tonnes
Expected closing cost in 2018 dollars	\$1,800
Inflation rate	1.8%
Discount rate	3.25%
Estimated time required for post-closure care – active landfill	75 years
Estimated remaining time required for post-closure care – closed landfills	30-40 years

The liability as at December 31, 2018 is comprised of:

Table 27: Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Liability

	2018	2017
Active landfill (W12A) closure, site rehabilitation and monitoring obligation	\$29,734	\$27,364
Closed landfills site rehabilitation and monitoring obligation	9,456	9,328
	\$39,190	\$36,692

A reserve fund has been established to partially provide for this sanitary landfill site closure and post-closure liability. The reserve fund balance at December 31, 2018 is **\$17,537** (2017 - \$14,792).

The Corporation, with Council approval, has commenced an Individual Environmental Assessment (EA) for the expansion of the W12A landfill site. Work on the undertaking has progressed to the stage of submission of the proposed Amended Terms of Reference for approval by the Minister of the Environment, Conservation and Parks. Successful completion of this EA process will result in extension of the anticipated closure date and an increase in the remaining waste disposal capacity currently assumed in the determination of the liability.

The Corporation anticipates the project to be completed over the next few years and a Ministry decision be reached by 2021.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

14. Tangible Capital Assets

Cost	Balance at December 31, 2017	Additions	Disposals	Balance at December 31, 2018
Land	\$ 427,042	\$ 16,211	\$ 3,554	\$ 439,699
Landfill and land improvements	150,923	12,815	5,815	157,923
Building and building improvements	1,007,185	73,030	2,514	1,077,701
Leasehold improvements	3,243	5,260	-	8,503
Machinery, equipment and furniture	402,155	47,634	10,495	439,294
Vehicles	127,299	14,717	8,525	133,491
Water Infrastructure	747,795	40,588	3,133	785,250
Wastewater infrastructure	1,395,524	59,808	1,628	1,453,704
Roads infrastructure	1,273,737	121,819	26,026	1,369,530
Computers	17,304	4,713	1,959	20,058
Computers under capital lease	4,148	-	1,219	2,929
Assets under construction	202,632	106,255	179,547	129,340
Total	\$5,758,987	\$502,850	\$244,415	\$6,017,422

Accumulated Amortization	Balance at December 31, 2017	Amortization Expense	Amortization Disposal	Balance at December 31, 2018
Land	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Landfill and Improvements	78,544	7,948	5,196	81,296
Buildings and building improvements	453,680	31,491	2,837	482,334
Leasehold improvements	1,430	533	-	1,963
Machinery, equipment and furniture	237,501	28,891	10,492	255,900
Vehicles	68,072	10,705	8,429	70,348
Water infrastructure	241,490	16,125	2,821	254,794
Wastewater infrastructure	441,800	25,037	994	465,843
Roads infrastructure	476,279	45,644	23,370	498,553
Computers	8,229	5,324	1,959	11,594
Computers under capital lease	2,245	974	1,219	2,000
Assets under construction	-	-	-	-
Total	\$2,009,270	\$ 172,672	\$ 57,317	\$2,124,625

	Net book value December 31, 2017	Net book value December 31, 2018
Land	\$ 427,042	\$ 439,699
Landfill and land improvements	72,379	76,627
Buildings and building improvements	553,505	595,367
Leasehold improvements	1,813	6,540
Machinery, equipment and furniture	164,654	183,394
Vehicles	59,227	63,143
Water infrastructure	506,305	530,456
Wastewater infrastructure	953,724	987,861
Roads infrastructure	797,458	870,977
Computers	9,075	8,464
Computers under capital lease	1,903	929
Assets under construction	202,632	129,340
Total	\$3,749,717	\$3,892,797

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

14. Tangible Capital Assets (continued)

a) Assets under construction

Assets under construction having a value of **\$129,340** (2017 - \$202,632) have not been amortized. Amortization of these assets will commence when the asset is available for productive use.

In the year that an asset is placed into service, the total cost of the developed asset is transferred to each respective asset category as an addition and removed from assets under construction as a disposal.

b) Contributed Tangible Capital Assets

Contributed capital assets have been recognized at estimated fair value at the date of contribution. The value of contributed assets received during the year is **\$73,284** (2017 - \$36,759) comprised predominantly of roads infrastructure in the amount of **\$33,896** (2017 - \$10,912) and water and wastewater infrastructure in the amount of **\$37,833** (2017 - \$23,370).

c) Tangible Capital Assets Disclosed at Nominal Values

Where an estimate of fair value could not be made, the tangible capital asset was recognized at a nominal value. Land is the only category where nominal values were assigned.

d) Works of Art and Historical Treasures

The Corporation manages and controls various works of art and non-operational historical cultural assets including buildings, artifacts, paintings and sculptures located at Corporation sites and public display areas. These assets are not recorded as tangible capital assets and are not amortized in the consolidated financial statements.

e) Write-down of Tangible Capital Assets

There were write-downs of tangible capital assets during the year in the amount of **\$6,293** (2017 - \$8,078).

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

14. Tangible Capital Assets (continued)

f) Assets under Shared Control

During 2016, the Corporation entered into a joint arrangement with the YMCA of Southwestern Ontario (YMCA) and the London Public Library Board (Library). The agreement to construct and operate a multipurpose complex, The Southwest Community Centre, with a total project budget of \$55,366, includes a community centre, recreation centre and public library branch and features an indoor pool, double pad arena, gymnasium and community centre space in the southwest area of the City.

Each partner proposed to invest in the project as follows:

- The City proposed to provide \$40,616 (75.13%) including land, plus \$300 for furniture and equipment,
- The YMCA proposed to provide \$9,200 (16.61%), plus \$1,200 for furniture and equipment, and
- The Library proposed to provide \$4,050 (8.26%).

The Library had a portion of the facility built and designed as a public library. The Library has exclusive use of its space. The City and Library will pay the YMCA a portion of the common area maintenance costs subject to the terms of the joint arrangement.

The YMCA has assumed all operational and lifecycle maintenance capital costs for the facility with the exception of the dedicated arena and library components through a lease agreement with a term of 40 years.

Title of the land and building remains with the Corporation. At the end of the term or any mutually agreed upon extension, the Corporation will agree to pay the YMCA and Library an amount equal to their respective partnership interest multiplied by the then fair market value of the partnership.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

14. Tangible Capital Assets (continued)

f) Assets under Shared Control (continued)

Total project costs of **\$53,207** have been offset by contributions from the YMCA of \$9,200 and Library of \$4,556. The net project costs of \$39,451 have been accounted for in the Corporation and capitalized or expensed as follows:

Capitalized as:	
Land	\$ 5,155
Building	26,425
Equipment	7,663
Expensed as:	
Contracted services	208
Total	\$39,451

The YMCA and the Library have recorded additions of leasehold improvements in their respective accounting records equal to their contributions.

This new facility opened to the public in the fall of 2018.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

15. Accumulated Surplus

Accumulated surplus consists of individual fund surplus and reserves and reserve funds as follows:

Table 28: Accumulated Surplus

	2018	2017
Surplus:		
Invested in tangible capital assets	\$3,925,615	\$3,783,449
Other	(68,665)	(126,750)
Local boards	2,496	2,044
Equity in government business enterprise	189,381	180,977
Unfunded		
Landfill closure and post-closure liability and liability for contaminated sites	(40,040)	(37,542)
Employee benefits payable	(161,807)	(157,249)
Net long-term debt	(291,308)	(281,602)
Total surplus	3,555,672	3,363,327
Reserves set aside by Council		
Working capital	-	13,219
Contingencies	65,268	111,289
General operations	32,779	35,675
Total reserves	98,047	160,183
Reserve funds set aside for specific purpose by Council		
Contingencies	80,394	-
Infrastructure renewal	196,624	174,271
Acquisition of vehicles	28,170	26,302
Acquisition of facilities	22,702	18,271
Recreational programs & facilities	317	382
Self-insurance (Note 16b)	14,158	13,927
Sick leave (Note 12d)	1,852	2,546
Industrial over sizing	15,745	16,703
Other purposes	228,262	195,330
Special purpose (Note 18(g)(iii))	74,804	73,113
Total reserve funds	663,028	520,845
Accumulated surplus	\$4,316,747	\$4,044,355

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

15. Accumulated Surplus (continued)

The Corporation has chosen to reflect items on a gross rather than a net basis. As such the Corporation has reserve funds and reserves to satisfy certain obligations listed as unfunded in the preceding table, as more fully described in notes 12 and 13.

16. Contingent Liabilities

a) Legal Actions

As at December 31, 2018, certain legal actions and other contingent liabilities are pending against the Corporation. The final outcome of the outstanding claims cannot be determined at this time. However management believes that ultimate disposition of these matters will not materially exceed the amounts recorded in these consolidated financial statements.

Estimated costs to settle claims are based on available information and projections of estimated future expenses developed based on the Corporation's historical experience. Claims are reported as an operating expense in the year of the loss, where the costs are deemed to be likely and can be reasonably determined. Claims provisions are reported as a liability in the consolidated statement of financial position.

b) Public Liability and Property Loss Self Insurance

The Corporation and its various Boards and Commissions are jointly self-insured for liability, property and casualty claims for varying amounts ranging up to \$500 for any individual claim.

Insurance is also purchased for claims in excess of these limits to a maximum of \$50,000 for liability claims. The insured and self-insured Boards and Commissions are: Museum London, London Convention Centre Corporation, Covent Garden Market Corporation, London Police Services Board and London & Middlesex Community Housing Inc.

The Corporation has made a provision for a reserve fund for self-insurance which as at December 31, 2018 amounted to **\$14,158** (2017 - \$13,927) and is reported in Note 15 of the consolidated financial statements. The contribution for the year of **\$4,990** (2017 - \$4,703) has been reported in the individual revenues on the consolidated statement of operations.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

16. Contingent Liabilities (continued)

b) Public Liability and Property Loss Self Insurance (continued)

Claims expensed during the year amounting to **\$4,759** (2017 - \$4,979) have been reported with individual expenses on the consolidated statement of operations. The payment of these expenses was funded through the self-insurance reserve fund.

There were unsettled liability claims against the Corporation as at December 31, 2018 to be paid from the self-insurance reserve fund. The probable outcome of these claims cannot be determined at this time.

17. Loan Guarantees

The Corporation has entered into an agreement which guarantees the borrowings of the Grand Theatre up to a maximum of **\$750** (2017 - \$750) in exchange for a mortgage on the land and building of the Grand Theatre.

The Corporation entered into agreements which, under certain conditions, guarantee a \$7,000 loan from the VersaBank, formerly known as the Pacific & Western Bank of Canada, to the trustee of the City of London Arena Trust. The outstanding principal of this loan at December 31, 2018 is **\$2,214** (2017 - \$2,656).

The Corporation has entered into an agreement, which under certain conditions guarantees a \$6,000 leasehold mortgage from the Bank of Montreal to the YMCA of Southwestern Ontario, related to the Stoney Creek Community Centre. The outstanding principal of this loan at December 31, 2018 is **\$2,073** (2017 - \$2,376).

The Corporation has entered into an agreement which, under certain conditions, guarantees to assume the purchase and payment of block power from the Ontario Electricity Market on behalf of the Lake Huron Primary Water Supply System (Market Participant). The Corporation, in its capacity as Administering Municipality for the Joint Water Board, has guaranteed payment to the Independent Electricity System Operator (IESO) on behalf of the Market Participant. This guarantee is limited to **\$764**. There is no amount outstanding and no anticipated loss from this guarantee.

No amounts have been accrued in the consolidated financial statements of the Corporation with respect to these guarantees, as it is not anticipated at December 31, 2018 that the Corporation will need to make any payments as a result of providing the guarantees.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

18. Commitments

a) London Middlesex Suburban Roads Commission

Section 474.18 of the *Municipal Act, 2001*, requires that the Corporation make annual payments to the County of Middlesex for an indefinite period as compensation for the reduction of income due to the dissolution of the London-Middlesex Suburban Roads Commission. The amount paid in 2018 was **\$1,138** (2017 - \$1,139). Payments are based on the base year of 1997 at \$1,000 and are calculated contingent on annual assessment and tax rate increases.

b) Rehabilitation and Redevelopment Tax Grant Programs

The Corporation has future commitments on the various Rehabilitation and Redevelopment Programs, which are programs that allow for future reductions in property taxes. The future commitments are as follows:

Table 29: Future Tax Grant Program Commitments

2019	\$ 797
2020	1,120
2021	1,020
2022	824
2023	645
Beyond	1,207
Total	\$5,613

c) Fleet, Equipment and Premises Commitments

The Corporation is committed to the following fleet and equipment purchases and minimum annual operating lease payments for premises and equipment as follows:

Table 30: Fleet, Equipment and Premises Commitments

2019	\$ 14,179
2020	5,318
2021	4,811
2022	2,872
2023	2,216
Beyond	15,150
Total	\$ 44,546

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

18. Commitments (continued)**d) Facilities and Infrastructure Commitments**

The Corporation has the following outstanding commitments remaining on facilities and infrastructure contracts as at December 31, 2018:

Table 31: Facilities and infrastructure Commitments

	2018	2017
Roads	\$48,427	\$47,230
Sanitary Sewer	28,092	31,517
Storm Sewer	19,485	17,549
Water	18,814	18,155
Recreation Facilities	16,306	17,085
General Government	6,212	5,347
Waste Disposal and Recycling	2,053	1,141
Fire, Provincial Offences and Emergency Measures	1,594	808
Parks	1,562	3,240
Commercial and Industrial	978	1,457
Cultural Facilities	776	584
Social Housing	79	-
Library Facilities	-	319
	\$144,378	\$144,432

These amounts represent uncompleted portions of contracts, as at December 31, 2018, on major projects. The majority of payments on these outstanding commitments will be made in the next three (3) to five (5) years.

e) Affordable Housing Programs

The Corporation is responsible for the delivery and administration of affordable housing programs in the City of London and the County of Middlesex. The Corporation has entered into various Municipal Contribution Agreements related to Affordable Housing Programs.

As at December 31, 2018, the Corporation has outstanding commitments remaining on these agreements of **\$21,944** (2017 - \$17,395).

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

18. Commitments (continued)

f) Derivatives

The Corporation has the following derivative contracts as at December 31, 2018:

- Contract, expiring October 31, 2019, for average daily natural gas purchases of 210 gigajoules, with a remaining contract value of **\$272** (2017 - \$598).

This derivative contract was purchased to provide price certainty and represents approximately 44% of the Corporation's natural gas needs for 2019. The value of this contract is not reflected as an asset or liability in these consolidated financial statements.

- Contract with one block, negotiated May 5, 2017, with a daily electricity purchase of 24 megawatt hours, covering the period of November 1, 2018 to August 31, 2021, with a remaining contract cost of **\$690** (2017 - \$220 under contract expired October 31, 2018).

This derivative contract was purchased to provide price certainty for 26% of the Lake Huron Area Primary Water Supply System's electricity needs over the term of the contract. The value of the contract is not reflected as an asset or liability in these consolidated financial statements.

g) Public Utility Commission Dissolution

i) Reporting entity history

Pursuant to the *Electricity Act, 1998* (Ontario), the various undertakings and activities of The Hydro-Electric Commission of the City of London were segregated and a substantial portion transferred on November 1, 2000 to separate companies incorporated under the *Business Corporations Act* (Ontario) with the Corporation as the sole shareholder. The name of the Commission was changed to The Public Utility Commission of the City of London (the Commission) effective November 1, 2000, and the Commission has been at all material times and continues to be one and the same corporate and legal entity with the status of a municipal service board under subsection 195(1) of the *Municipal Act, 2001*. The composition of the Commission had previously been in accordance with section 22 of the London-Middlesex Act 1992, was re-established effective December 9, 2003 pursuant to subsection 195(9) of the *Municipal Act, 2001*. Members of the Commission are such persons who had been appointed by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of London.

Certain property containing historic coal tar deposits was excluded from the transfer on November 1, 2000 and had been retained since then by the Commission.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

18. Commitments (continued)

g) Public Utility Commission Dissolution (continued)

i) Reporting entity history (continued)

The Corporation, the sole shareholder of the Commission, resolved, at its Municipal Council meeting on October 16, 2018, to dissolve the Public Utility Commission of the City of London, effective on that date. The by-law enacts that the assets and liabilities of the Commission become those of the Corporation, without compensation.

The tangible capital assets have been disposed of in the Commission and have been transferred to the Corporation at their net book value. The remaining net financial assets have been transferred to the Corporation at cost.

ii) Contingent liability

The Commission was liable for the environmental remediation of the land. The coal tar material present in land held by the Commission was attributable to coal gasification works existing at this location between approximately 1850 and 1930 and identified in a 1987 inventory of coal gasification sites in Ontario by the provincial Ministry of the Environment (MOE).

The Commission was engaged in an ongoing environmental remediation program and related risk management strategy that addresses the presence of historic coal tar in a section of the bed and bank of the south branch of the Thames River and in two adjacent parcels of Commission-owned land. In this context:

- A collection system was completed in November 2000 to intercept coal tar-impacted ground water for treatment by an on-site facility which is situated on the smaller parcel.
- A hard-surfaced parking lot was constructed on the larger of the two parcels and is being operated as a municipal parking lot.
- Coal tar removal and river bed rehabilitation has been satisfactorily completed and a monitoring program which started in 2004 is in place.

With the dissolution of the Commission, the Corporation will assume responsibility for the ongoing environmental remediation program and management strategy.

Future costs for the remediation include operations of the coal tar treatment system, which will carry an ongoing monthly cost for an indeterminate time.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

18. Commitments (continued)

g) Public Utility Commission Dissolution (continued)

iii) Promissory note

A promissory note from London Hydro Inc. to the Corporation was assigned to the Commission subject to several conditions. On November 28, 2014, the promissory note was extinguished through payment by London Hydro to the Corporation.

As part of the transaction, the Corporation and the Commission entered into a Funding Agreement. The agreement ensures that the \$70 million principal will be held by the Corporation on terms consistent with the earlier pledge of undertaking/assignment of the promissory note from the Corporation to the Commission.

The reserve fund is held by the Corporation for the following purposes:

- (i) The investigation, remediation and restoration of the affected lands,
- (ii) Any related legal proceedings, including proceedings before any court or administrative tribunal, and
- (iii) The Commission's actual and reasonable administrative and incidentals costs related thereto.

The Corporation will maintain the principal amount of the \$70 million in a properly managed portfolio in compliance with the Corporation's Investment Policy and the *Municipal Act, 2001*. The Corporation will be entitled to use the interest on the funds for its own purposes.

iv) Related party transactions

As a result of the dissolution of the Commission, financial and non-financial assets were transferred to the Corporation as follows:

Tangible capital assets, transferred at net book value	\$ 3,050,338
Net financial assets, transferred at cost	2,185,889
	<hr/> \$ 5,236,227 <hr/>

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

19. Provincial Offences Court Administration and Prosecution

On March 26, 2001, pursuant to Bill 108, the Corporation assumed responsibility for Provincial Offences Court Administration and Prosecution. The Province of Ontario transferred the responsibility for the administration and prosecution of provincial offences in London-Middlesex to the Corporation. This transfer was part of the Province's strategy to realign provincial and municipal roles in the delivery of public services. As a result, the Corporation was required to establish its own administration, prosecution office and courtrooms to deal with charges laid under the *Provincial Offences Act*.

Table 32: Charges Laid Under the Provincial Offences Act

	2018	2017
Revenues		
Fines	\$6,152	\$5,514
Transfer payments - provincial	4	12
Total revenues	6,156	5,526
Expenses		
Salary, wages and benefits	1,620	1,627
County share of net revenues	376	294
Occupancy costs	321	322
Provincial government cost recovery	490	468
Administration costs	1,242	1,127
Equipment and maintenance	236	182
Total expenses	4,284	4,020
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$1,872	\$1,506

These results comprise part of the other revenue and protection to persons and property expenses that are included in the consolidated statement operations.

20. Budget Data

Budget data presented in these consolidated financial statements is based upon the 2018 operating budget approved by Council. Adjustments were required to convert the budget from a cash basis to a full accrual basis. These adjustments include revenues and expenses which were budgeted in the capital budget, contributed assets recognized as revenues and amortization expense as well as Board and Commissions budget figures. The adjustments have been reduced for capital assets budgeted in operations. Given that certain budget information is not available in full accrual format, the assumption of using budget adjustments that equal the actual full accrual adjustments was used. These full accrual budget estimates are for financial statement presentation only.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

20. Budget Data (continued)

The chart below reconciles the approved budget with the budget figures as presented in these consolidated financial statements.

Table 33: Approved Budget per Consolidated Financial Statements

	Total	Tax	Water	Wastewater
Net Budget PSAB Surplus	\$158,545	\$89,313	\$30,386	\$38,846
Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) Reporting Requirements:				
Addback (deduct) from Net Budget PSAB Surplus:				
Transfers:				
Transfers to Capital	(82,965)	(44,767)	(20,090)	(18,108)
Transfers from Reserves and Reserve Funds	8,258	8,258	-	-
Transfers to Reserves and Reserve Funds	(95,052)	(58,133)	(11,311)	(25,608)
	(169,759)	(94,642)	(31,401)	(43,716)
Budget Adjustments:				
Government Grants and Subsidies	22,840	22,840	-	-
Expenses related to Government Grants and Subsidies	(23,300)	(21,388)	(507)	(1,405)
Transfers to Capital	(1,504)	(1,504)	-	-
Transfers from Reserves and Reserve Funds	501	501	-	-
Transfers to Reserves and Reserve Funds	(1,463)	(449)	507	1,405

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

20. Budget Data (continued)

Table 32: Approved Budget per Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

	Total	Tax	Water	Wastewater
Debt Principal Repayments:	(41,210)	(31,455)	(349)	(9,406)
PSAB Adjustments:				
Capital program funding earned in year	(21,364)	(14,355)	(1,845)	(5,164)
Capital projects not resulting in capital assets	24,479	15,057	3,088	6,334
Amortization	133,983	76,014	14,390	43,579
Developer contributions - assumed capital assets	(44,040)	(14,496)	(5,824)	(23,720)
Loss on disposal of capital assets	2,756	761	821	1,174
Obligatory reserve fund deferred revenue earned	(23,337)	(14,474)	(680)	(8,183)
Government Business Enterprises adjustments	(5,362)	(5,362)	-	-
Landfill liability	1,540	1,540	-	-
Employee future benefits liability	6,529	6,137	136	256
	75,184	50,822	10,086	14,276
Boards and Commissions Budget				
PSAB Surplus	(22,760)	(14,038)	(8,722)	-
Net Surplus per 2018 Approved Budget	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

20. Budget Data (continued)

Table 32: Approved Budget per Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

	Total	Tax	Water Wastewater	
Net Surplus per 2018 Approved Budget – Comprised of:				
Revenues:				
Property Tax	\$579,532	\$579,532	\$ -	\$ -
Government Grants and Subsidies	217,609	217,568	-	41
User Fees	219,422	46,583	77,778	95,061
Municipal Revenues – Other	69,220	68,753	154	313
Municipal Revenues – Transfers from Reserves and Reserve Funds	7,757	7,757	-	-
Total Revenues	1,093,540	920,193	77,932	95,415
Expenses:				
Personnel Costs	366,589	342,364	9,057	15,168
Administrative Expenses	12,367	6,332	2,435	3,600
Financial Expenses – Other	10,711	10,638	73	-
Financial Expenses – Interest and Discount on long-term debt	7,724	5,717	58	1,949
Financial Expenses – Debt Principal Repayments	41,210	31,455	349	9,406
Financial Expenses – Transfers to Reserves and Reserve Funds	96,515	57,684	11,818	27,013
Financial Expenses – Transfers to Capital	81,461	43,263	20,090	18,108
Purchased Services	188,985	182,357	3,139	3,489
Materials and Supplies	73,767	36,025	26,335	11,407
Furniture and Equipment	29,608	24,316	1,943	3,349
Transfers	200,372	200,372	-	-
Other Expenses	8,237	608	2,762	4,867
Recovered Expenses	(24,006)	(20,938)	(127)	(2,941)
Total Expenses	1,093,540	920,193	77,932	95,415
Net Surplus per 2018 Approved Budget	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

21. Revenues

In the consolidated statement of operations, revenues are grouped by classification for financial presentation purposes. The following is a more detailed breakdown of some of the Corporation's revenue classifications:

Table 34: Revenue Classifications

	2018	2017
Net municipal taxation and user charges		
Net municipal taxation	\$595,322	\$572,396
Payments-in-lieu-of-taxes	9,390	9,085
	604,712	581,481
User charges	286,353	275,948
	\$891,065	\$857,429
Transfer payments		
Operating	\$ 5,734	\$ 8,003
Capital infrastructure	50,282	22,962
Government of Canada - total	56,016	30,965
Conditional – operating	262,002	238,907
Capital infrastructure	7,674	6,418
Province of Ontario - total	269,676	245,325
Other municipalities	5,644	5,317
	\$331,336	\$281,607
Investment income		
Investment income - operating	\$6,834	\$ 3,659
Investment income - reserves and reserve funds	11,794	8,508
	\$ 18,628	\$ 12,167
Other revenues		
Provincial Offences Fines	\$ 6,152	\$ 5,514
Ontario Lottery & Gaming Corporation	4,870	4,811
Municipal accommodation tax	851	-
Other contributions - operating	13,588	6,275
Other contributions - capital	9,664	2,882
Donations	1,311	1,387
Miscellaneous sales	572	6,542
	\$ 37,007	\$ 27,411

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

22. Expenses by Object

The consolidated statement of operations represents the Corporation's expenses by function. The following classifies those same expenses by object.

Table 35: Expenses by Object

	2018	2017
Salaries, wages and fringe benefits	\$ 438,907	\$424,156
Long-term debt interest charges	9,605	9,698
Materials and supplies	131,360	118,217
Contracted services	140,000	126,219
Rents and financial expenses	36,205	38,543
External transfers	221,654	204,208
Amortization	172,672	162,828
Total expenses by object	\$1,150,403	\$1,083,869

23. Liability for Contaminated Sites

Under Public Sector Accounting Board Standard PS 3260 *Liability for Contaminated Sites*, the Corporation has identified one site that had contamination and was not in productive use, as follows:

Reports indicate that remediation will be required and has been estimated at \$850 (2017 – \$1,239). This amount has been recorded as a liability at year end and has been included in accrued liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

24. Segmented Information

The Corporation is a diversified municipal government institution that provides a wide range of services to its citizens, including police, fire, roadways, public transit, water, wastewater, solid waste and recycling, social and community services. For management reporting purposes the Corporation's operations and activities are organized and reported by Fund. Funds were created for the purpose of recording specific activities to attain certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. Therefore, certain allocation methodologies are employed in the preparation of segmented financial information. The Operating Fund reports on municipal services that are funded primarily by property taxation. Taxation and payments-in-lieu of taxes are apportioned to General Revenue Fund Services based on the Fund's net surplus. User charges, Government transfers, transfer from other funds and other revenues have been taken from the allocations on schedule 12 of the Financial Information Return.

The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements as disclosed in Note 1. The segmented information reports total revenues and expenses by segment.

The Corporation's services are provided by departments and their activities are reported in these funds. Certain departments that have been separately disclosed in the segmented information, along with the services they provide, are as follows:

a) Protection

Protection is comprised predominantly of the Police Services and Fire departments. The mandate of the Police Services department is to ensure the safety and security of the lives and property of citizens through law enforcement, victims' assistance, public order maintenance, crime prevention and emergency response. The Fire department is responsible for providing proactive fire and injury prevention education programs, comprehensive inspection programs and fire code enforcement. In addition, the department responds to emergency calls for assistance related to fires, rescues, motor vehicle accidents and cardiac medical events as well as calls related to hazardous material incidents, swift water and ice rescue and limited types of technical rescue calls.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

24. Segmented Information (continued)

b) Transportation Services

Transportation Services are comprised of year-round road maintenance, parking, traffic signals and street lighting. Activities include the maintenance of roadsides defined as sidewalks, walkways, boulevards and the urban forest. This service is responsible for the operational integrity of the roadway system through year-round surface maintenance and winter maintenance, including snow and ice control. Parking supports the controlled movement of vehicles to benefit London businesses and residents through policy and operational efforts. Traffic signal services provide the planning, design, operation and maintenance of the Corporation's street lights and traffic signal network including a computerized traffic signal control system.

The London Transit Commission serves as an agent for the Corporation responsible for the delivery of public transit services for the residents of the City of London as provided under the City of London Act.

Public transit services include conventional and specialized transit services. Service design, development and delivery for the respective services take their direction from the Corporation's Official Plan, Transportation Plan and London Transit's Long Term Growth Strategy, Ridership Growth Plan, Business Plan and Accessibility Plan.

c) Environmental Services

i) Water and Wastewater Utilities

The Water Utility provides the planning, engineering, operation and maintenance for the Corporation's water infrastructure. Wholesale potable water is purchased from both the Lake Huron and the Elgin Area Primary Water Supply Systems. Services include the planning and engineering to support the delivery of safe, clean, high quality drinking water of sufficient flow and pressure to enhance the quality of life and support economic development for the residents and businesses of London. Operation and maintenance services ensure the reliable delivery of water to all customers and sustainability of a high quality water infrastructure.

The Wastewater Utility provides the planning, engineering, operation and maintenance for the Corporation's wastewater and drainage infrastructure. Services include the operation of pollution control plants and sewage pumping stations for the treatment of sanitary sewage, year-round maintenance of sanitary and storm sewer systems and planning and implementation of capital works to provide new services and improve existing systems. All services are delivered in an environmentally and fiscally responsible manner while maintaining sustainability of the infrastructure.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

24. Segmented Information (continued)

c) Environmental Services (continued)

ii) Solid Waste and Recycling

Solid Waste and Recycling provides solid waste collection services managing the safe and permanent disposal of non-hazardous wastes collected in an environmentally safe process including the management and operation of a landfill site. It also provides a variety of services and projects relating to the Management of Solid Waste for its customers and the citizens and businesses of London. Such services include daily recyclable and waste drop-off, on-site composting, residential/industrial/commercial and city facilities recycling.

d) Health Services

The Middlesex-London Health Unit provides a wide range of public health services in London and Middlesex County. The programs and services are designed to help citizens live a healthy life, free from disease and injury through health promotion and prevention activities. The Health Unit also monitors the air, food and water supply in the community to make sure it is safe and provides services to individuals and communities and advocates for public policies that make the City of London healthier.

Ambulance Services provide medical emergency medical services to the City of London and Middlesex County.

e) Social and Family Services

As the Consolidated Municipal Service Manager, the Community Services Department is legislated to deliver the Province's Ontario Works program to qualified residents within the City of London; homelessness funding to local emergency shelters and administers the distribution of child care fee subsidies to families in need and wage subsidies to local child care agencies.

The Department also delivers Council-directed social services, including the London CARES initiative and the Child and Youth Agenda in partnership with community agencies and groups. The Department operates the Dearness Home long term care facility; an Adult Day Program and Home Help Services.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

24. Segmented Information (continued)

f) Social Housing

The Housing Division is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system for administering mortgage and rent subsidies for social housing providers; receiving and evaluating financial reports of housing providers; assessing extraordinary financial requests from housing providers; responding to requests for technical support from housing providers and reviewing housing providers operations to ensure compliance with the Housing Services Act and any rules allocated by the Service Manager. The Division also fulfills the application intake function for social housing providers (the Housing Access Centre) and delivers federal, provincial and municipal affordable housing programs.

g) Parks and Recreation

The Department works collaboratively with their colleagues and partners to improve the quality of life for all Londoners by creating opportunities for individuals to lead healthy, socially-active lives through the direct delivery of recreation programs; strengthening neighbourhoods; leading the integration of community wide initiatives; managing and operating parks and recreation facilities such as Storybook Gardens, municipal golf courses; providing aquatic opportunities; and supporting local sport and special event initiatives.

h) Cultural Services

The Culture Office provides the infrastructure necessary to place a greater focus on culture by acting as the central access point for the cultural functions and responsibilities of the City of London. The Culture Office promotes collaboration, communication and the sharing of knowledge and resources for the purpose of generating economic prosperity through cultural vitality.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

24. Segmented Information (continued)

i) Planning, Development and Compliance

a) Planning Services

Planning Services provides a wide range of planning and associated services to guide long-term land use and development activity in the City. The Division is organized under four sections – Policy Planning and Programs, Environmental and Parks Planning, Community Planning and Design and Urban Forestry. The Division employs professional resources consisting of Planners, Parks Planning Co-ordinators, Landscape Architects, a Community Projects Co-ordinator, Urban Designers, Ecologists, a Research Analyst and a Heritage Planner as well as support technical and support staff. A wide range of services are provided by the Division including Official Plan and Zoning By-law approvals, policy development, secondary plans, Community Improvement Plans, economic revitalization programs, brownfield revitalization incentives, heritage preservation incentives, urban design, environmental and ecological evaluations, parks planning, urban forestry, commemorative programs and heritage planning.

b) Development Services

Development Services is a multi-disciplinary team providing a single point of administration for development approvals under the Planning Act. The Division includes Planners, Engineers, Landscape Planners, Site Plan Officers, Inspectors, a Subdivision Co-ordinator, Integrated Land Planning Technologists and technical support staff that function as geographic teams (east and west) to provide an integrated processing framework to provide quality development approvals in a timely manner. Planning Act applications processed by Development Services include Plans of subdivision including associated Official Plan and Zoning By-law amendments, site plan approvals, condominium approvals and consents. The Division also administers subdivision and development agreement servicing standards and compliance through inspection, assumption and security management.

c) Building Services

Building Services, by administering the provisions of the Ontario Building Act and the Building Code, ensures high quality building construction in addition to keeping paramount the health and safety of the citizens of London. These directives are established through the enforcement of various municipal By-laws such as the Property Standards By-law, the Sign and Canopy By-law and the Pool Fence By-law to name a few.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2018

(all dollar amounts in thousands of dollars)

24. Segmented Information (continued)

i) Planning, Development and Compliance (continued)

d) Licensing and Municipal Law Enforcement Services

The Licensing and Municipal Law Enforcement Services area is divided into three interrelated areas. The Community By-laws section is responsible for seeking compliance with community based City by-laws which focus on health and safety, consumer protection, nuisance control and quality of life issues. The Licensing and Parking Enforcement areas are responsible for addressing compliance issues with business licensing by-laws and parking infractions. This section also manages a number of parking lots providing parking services to citizens and visitors alike. The Animal Care and Control service area is responsible for administration, planning, co-ordination and direction of animal care and control in an effort to ensure that policies, practices, directives, by-laws and regulations are in place and adhered to for the protection of the public and the welfare of domestic animals in the community.

25. Comparative Figures

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the 2018 financial statement presentation.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON
Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosure - Operating Revenues
For the year ended December 31, 2018, with comparative information for 2017 (in thousands of dollars)

	REVENUES						
	Taxation	User Charges	Government Transfers	Developer Contributions	Other	TOTAL 2018 Actuals	TOTAL 2017 Actuals
General Government	604,712	3,691	2,031	42	58,856	669,332	625,269
Fire	-	229	-	-	-	229	1,307
Police	-	1,499	6,094	-	1,415	9,008	8,995
Other Protection Services	-	10,905	4	-	6,159	17,068	16,548
Total Protection Services	-	12,633	6,098	-	7,574	26,305	26,850
Transit	-	32,128	22,162	-	325	54,615	54,697
Other Transportation Services	-	4,532	25,844	33,895	33,419	97,690	31,378
Total Transportation Services	-	36,660	48,006	33,895	33,744	152,305	86,075
Water/Waste Water	-	173,895	25,883	37,833	17,906	255,517	215,364
Solid Waste	-	10,672	763	-	-	11,435	9,781
Total Environmental Services	-	184,567	26,646	37,833	17,906	266,952	225,145
Health Services	-	-	4,849	-	150	4,999	4,681
General Assistance	-	279	148,638	-	296	149,213	145,663
Assistance to aged persons	-	6,188	12,634	-	-	18,822	18,260
Child Care	-	-	54,914	-	-	54,914	36,920
Total Social and Family Services	-	6,467	216,186	-	296	222,949	200,843
Social Housing	-	10,981	21,964	-	132	33,077	33,927
Parks and Recreation	-	18,155	3,592	1,514	3,335	26,596	24,111
Libraries	-	526	697	-	871	2,094	3,388
Cultural Services	-	2,733	912	-	1,663	5,308	5,622
Total Recreation and Cultural Services	-	21,414	5,201	1,514	5,869	33,998	33,121
Planning, Development and Compliance	-	9,940	355	-	2,583	12,878	14,317
Total Revenue	604,712	286,353	331,336	73,284	127,110	1,422,795	1,250,228

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON
 Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosure - Operating Expenses
 For the year ended December 31, 2018, with comparative information for 2017 (in thousands of dollars)

	EXPENSES						TOTAL 2017 Actuals
	Salaries, Wages & Benefits	Materials	Contracted Services	External Transfers	Amortization	Other	
General Government	50,987	13,737	11,332	234	11,343	10,106	97,739
Fire	57,416	2,160	509	-	3,295	(259)	63,121
Police	98,199	6,117	1,562	-	5,076	423	111,377
Other Protection Services	15,111	3,559	1,814	4,512	283	855	26,134
Total Protection Services	170,726	11,836	3,885	4,512	8,654	1,019	200,632
Transit	50,346	19,769	7,232	-	12,765	690	90,802
Other Transportation Services	22,479	22,091	19,878	3	46,438	10,852	121,741
Total Transportation Services	72,825	41,860	27,110	3	59,203	11,542	212,543
Water/Waste Water	25,432	30,803	15,169	67	69,267	11,498	152,236
Solid Waste	8,724	7,128	13,087	1,158	2,425	1,499	34,021
Total Environmental Services	34,156	37,931	28,256	1,225	71,692	12,997	186,257
Public Health Services	4,411	419	766	4,863	105	281	10,845
Ambulance Services	-	-	14,735	-	-	-	14,735
Total Health Services	4,411	419	15,501	4,863	105	281	25,580
General Assistance	21,203	576	6,490	135,474	459	2,734	166,936
Assistance to aged persons	19,453	3,031	824	215	1,292	767	25,582
Child Care	2,474	808	24,455	34,276	3	409	62,425
Total Social and Family Services	43,130	4,415	31,769	169,965	1,754	3,910	254,943
Social Housing	6,999	1,145	12,469	31,018	1,726	804	54,161
Parks and Recreation	24,958	7,744	5,841	520	11,256	2,740	53,059
Libraries	14,664	4,272	663	-	3,502	943	24,044
Cultural Services	2,450	2,379	508	1,588	1,313	115	8,353
Total Recreation and Cultural Services	42,072	14,395	7,012	2,108	16,071	3,798	85,456
Planning, Development and Compliance	13,601	5,622	2,666	7,726	2,124	1,353	33,092
Total Expenses	438,907	131,360	140,000	221,654	172,672	45,810	1,150,403
Annual Surplus							272,392