THE ARMS TRADE TREATY

REPORTING TEMPLATE

ANNUAL REPORT IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 13(3) - EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF CONVENTIONAL ARMS COVERED UNDER ARTICLE 2 (1)

This provisional template is intended for use by States Parties to the Arms Trade Treaty when preparing their annual report in accordance with the Treaty's Article 13(3).

The template has two main tables, one for exports and the other for imports. The tables are similar in construction, making it possible to have a common set of explanatory notes for both.

Article 5(3) of the Treaty states that "National definitions of any of the categories covered under Article 2 (1) (a)-(g) shall not cover less than the descriptions used in the United Nations Register of Conventional Arms at the time of entry into force of this Treaty". Against this background, Annex 1 reproduces the UN Register Definitions of Categories I-VII at the time of the ATT's entry into force. For category VIII (small arms and light weapons), the UN Register template for voluntary reporting of this category at the time of the ATT's entry into force has been employed as an approximation.

Annex 2 allows reporting States Parties to, if they so wish, include more specific information on national definitions of reported categories.

Annex 3 comprises two templates for nil reports, one for exports and one for imports. They may be used in place of a report in table format if a States Party has no transactions to report.

The title page of the template contains information on the submitting country and authority, but also a 'table of contents' in tick-box form, to indicate which of the different available forms have been included in the national submission. There is also a section where the reporting Government may indicate whether any commercially sensitive and/or national security-related data has been withheld in accordance with Article 13.3 of the Treaty

On the title page of each of the four reporting forms (exports, imports, nil exports, nil imports) a State Party needs to indicate whether the form may be made publicly available in order to instruct the ATT Secretariat where to upload the report on the ATT website. This makes it possible to restrict access to some forms but not others, which provides an additional measure of flexibility to the reporting States Party.

Guidance to facilitate the preparation of the annual report can be found in the document "<u>Reporting Authorized or</u> <u>Actual Exports and Imports of Conventional Arms under the ATT</u>" (hereinafter: 'FAQ'-type guidance document on the annual reporting obligation), which is available in the <u>Tools and Guidelines section</u> of the ATT website. This document was endorsed by States Parties at CSP3 as an informative and open-ended reference document for States Parties when preparing their annual report. At CSP5 States Parties endorsed a number of amendments that were necessary to reflect the introduction of the online reporting tool.

GOVERNMENT OF <u>DENMARK</u>

ANNUAL REPORT ON EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF CONVENTIONAL ARMS, IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 13(3) OF THE ARMS TRADE TREATY

REPORT FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR 2023

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Date of Report :	31 May 2024
Date of Report :	31 May 2024

The United Nations Office for Disarmament Affairs (UNODA) may use the relevant information in this Annual Report as a basis for the reporting State's report to the United Register on Conventional Arms (UNROCA)

 \boxtimes

Contents of re	Yes	No	
i)	Nil report on exports of conventional arms		\boxtimes
ii)	Nil report on imports of conventional arms		\boxtimes
iii)	Annual report on exports of conventional arms	\boxtimes	
iv)	Annual report on imports of conventional arms	\boxtimes	
v)	National definitions of categories of conventional arms reported		\boxtimes

Scope of report	Yes	No
In the submitted report, some commercially sensitive and/or national security-related data has been withheld in accordance with Article 13.3 of the Treaty ¹ (If `Yes` please consider providing more information on a voluntary basis.)		

EXPORTS OF CONVENTIONAL ARMS²

- SHADED COLUMNS AND ROWS REPRESENT INFORMATION THAT GOES BEYOND THE MINIMUM THAT STATES PARTIES SHOULD INCLUDE WHEN THEY REPORT THEIR AUTHORIZED OR ACTUAL EXPORTS AND IMPORTS-

Reporting country:	Denmark	Calendar Year: 2023	Cutoff date ³ : 31 th December 2023
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In this report, the following definition of the term exports was used ⁴ (check as appropriate) :							
Physical transfer of items across a national border : Y_{es} No							
Transfer of title :	$_{\rm Yes}$ 🛛	No 🗌					
Transfer of control :	$_{\mathrm{Yes}}$ 🛛	No 🗌					
Other (please provide a brief description below) :	Yes 🗌	No					
NOTE: Only permanent exports reported and not export/import for repair or export/import of national material for use by forces abroad.							
Export of category of arms I-VII includes only permanent export from exporter in Denmark.							
Export of category of arms VIII to countries outside of the EU/EEA, Greenland and the Faroe Islands includes only permanent export from exporter in Denmark.							
Final importing State includes the country of the recipient to where the products are to be exported to from Der	ımark.						
Alarm and signal weapons are not included in export and import of category of arms VIII.							
Category of arms VIII, Small arms, 6. Others, includes smooth-bored shotguns.							

This Annual Report on exports may be made publicly available⁵

No 🗌

 $_{\rm Yes}$ 🛛

	Category of arms ⁶ [I-VIII]			rised or exports ⁷		f exports ⁸ 1e or both)	- Final importing	State of origin (if not exporter) ¹²	Remarks ¹³	
			Auth.	Act.	Number of items ⁹	Value ¹⁰	State ¹¹		Description of Item	Comments on the transfer
	1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
A. I-V	/II UN Register Ca	tegories ¹⁴ (natio	onal defini	tions shal	l not cover less tha	an the definitions	provided in Annex 1 ¹⁵)		
I.	Battle tanks		\boxtimes		1		Sweden			
II.	Armoured combat	vehicles	\boxtimes		2		Italy, Finland			
III.	Large-calibre artill	ery systems			NIL					
IV.	Combat Aircraft	a) manned			24		Argentina		F-16 fighter Aircraft	Not expected before 2025
	b) unmanned			NIL						
V.	Attack	a) manned			NIL					
v.	helicopters	b) unmanned			NIL					
VI.	Warships				NIL					
VII.	Missiles &	a) Missiles etc	\boxtimes		2,688		Slovakia		Rocket ammunition	
V 11.	missile launchers	b) MANPADS			NIL					
B. VI	II. Small Arms and	Light Weapon	s ^{16, 17}							
	Small Arms (aggre	egated) ¹⁸	\boxtimes		4,642		Multiple states			
1.	Revolvers and self pistols	-loading			351		Multiple states			
2.	Rifles and carbines	3			3,017		Multiple states			
3.	Sub-machine guns				NIL					

Category of arms ⁶	Authorised or actual exports ⁷		Extent of exports ⁸ (choose one or both)		– Final importing	State of origin	Remarks ¹³		
	[I-VIII]	Auth.	Act.	Number of items ⁹	Value ¹⁰	State ¹¹	(if not exporter) ¹²	Description of Item	Comments on the transfer
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
4.	Assault rifles			Included under rifles and carbines					
5.	Light machine guns			NIL					
6.	Others	\boxtimes		1,274		Multiple states			
L	ight Weapons (aggregated) ¹⁹			NIL					
1.	Heavy machine guns			NIL					
2.	Hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers			NIL					
3.	Portable anti-tank guns			NIL					
4.	Recoilless rifles			NIL					
5.	Portable anti-tank missile launchers and rocket systems			NIL					
6.	Mortars of calibres less than 75 mm			NIL					
7.	Others			NIL					
C. Na	tional Categories ²⁰ (please define ir	Annex 2)						

Category of arms ⁶ [I-VIII]	Authorised or actual exports ⁷		Extent of exports ⁸ (choose one or both)		- Final importing	State of origin	Remarks ¹³		
	Auth.	Act.	Number of items ⁹	Value ¹⁰	State ¹¹	(if not exporter) ¹²	Description of Item	Comments on the transfer	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

IMPORTS OF CONVENTIONAL ARMS²

- SHADED COLUMNS AND ROWS REPRESENT INFORMATION THAT GOES BEYOND THE MINIMUM THAT STATES PARTIES SHOULD INCLUDE WHEN THEY REPORT THEIR AUTHORIZED OR ACTUAL EXPORTS AND IMPORTS -

Reporting country:	Denmark	Calendar Year: 2023	Cutoff date ³ : 31 th December 2023
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In this report, the following definition of the term imports was used ⁴ (check as appropriate) :							
Physical transfer of items across a national border :	$_{\rm Yes}$ 🛛	No 🗌					
Transfer of title :	Yes 🛛	No 🗌					
Transfer of control :	$_{\rm Yes}$ 🛛	No 🗌					
Other (please provide a brief description below) :	Yes 🗌	No 🛛					
NOTE: Only permanent import of conventional arms is included in this report and not export/import for repair or export/import of national material for use by forces abroad.							

This Annual Report on imports may be made publicly available ⁵	$_{\rm Yes}$ 🛛	No 🗌	ļ
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	Category of arms ⁴	Authorised or actual imports ⁵		Extent of imports ⁶ (choose one or both)			State of origin	Remarks ¹¹			
	[I-VIII]	Auth.	Act.	Number of items ⁷	Value ⁸	Exporting State ⁹	(if not exporter) ¹⁰	Description of Item	Comments on the transfer		
	1		3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
A. I-V	A. I-VII UN Registry Categories ¹² (national definitions shall not cover less than the definitions provided in Annex 1) ¹³										
I.	Battle tanks			NIL							

	Category of arms ⁴ [I-VIII]			ised or mports ⁵	Extent of (choose on			State of origin (if not exporter) ¹⁰	Remar	ks ¹¹
				Act.	Number of items ⁷	Value ⁸	Exporting State ⁹		Description of Item	Comments on the transfer
	1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
II.	. Armoured combat vehicles				20		Switzerland			20 PIRANHA 5
III.	. Large-calibre artillery systems				NIL					
III	Large-calibre artillery systems				NIL					
117	Combat aircraft	a) manned		\boxtimes	4	USD	USA		F-35	
IV.		b) unmanned			NIL					
V.	Attack	a) manned		NIL						
۷.	helicopters	b) unmanned			NIL					
VI.	Warships				NIL					
VII.	Missiles & missile launchers	a) Missiles etc.		\boxtimes	4		Israel		Rocket/missile launcher	PULS
		b) MANPADS			NIL					
B. VIII. Small Arms and Light Weapons14, 15										
	Small Arms (aggregated) ¹⁶				13,275		Multiple states			
1.	Revolvers and self-			\boxtimes	2	USD	USA		SIG X-TEN	

		\boxtimes	1,078		Multiple states		
		\boxtimes	1	EUR	Finland	TIKKA ARCTIC	
2.	Rifles and carbines		6,718		Multiple states		
3.	Sub-machine guns		1		United Kingdom		
4.	Assault rifles		Included under Rifles and carbines				
			610	USD	USA	USO M60E6	
5.	Light machine guns		1		USA		
			8	EUR	BEL	MINIMI	
6.	Others	\boxtimes	5,477		Multiple States		

	Category of arms ⁴	ry of arms ⁴ Authorised or actual imports ⁵ Extent of imports ⁶ (choose one or both) Exactly State of origin	Remarks ¹¹						
	[I-VIII]		Act.	Number of items ⁷	Value ⁸	Exporting State ⁹	(if not exporter) ¹⁰	Description of Item	Comments on the transfer
	1		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Ι	Light Weapons (aggregated) ¹⁷								
1.	Heavy machine guns			124	EUR	United Kingdom		HMG M2HB QCB	

2.	Hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers			NIL						
3.	Portable anti-tank guns			NIL						
4.	Recoilless rifles			NIL						
5.	Portable anti-tank missile launchers and rocket systems			NIL						
6.	Mortars of calibres less than 75 mm			NIL						
7.	Others			NIL						
C. Vo	C. Voluntary National Categories ¹⁸ (please define in Annex 2)									

EXPLANATORY NOTES

- 1) States Parties that do not have any exports and/or imports to report should file a "nil report" clearly stating that no exports/imports have taken place in any of the categories during the reporting period. Templates for such nil reports are included in Annex 3.
- 2) Date for collected statistics (for instance 30 June or 31 December).
- 3) Based on UN Registry practice. An international arms transfer could mean, in addition to the physical movement of equipment to or from national territory, the transfer of title to- and control over the equipment. Other criteria are also possible. States Parties should here provide a description of the national criteria used to determine, for control purposes, exactly <u>when</u> an arms transfer takes place.
- 4) As outlined in Articles 2 (1) (a)-(h) and 5(3). For more precise definitions of the categories, see Annex 1.
- 5) Article 13(3) allows reporting of either authorised or actual exports / imports. The choice can be made at the national level for a report as a whole or category by category. Please indicate by ticking the appropriate box for each category reported whether the value represents authorisations (Auth.) or actual exports (Act.). It is highly desirable that national choices in this respect, once made, should remain stable over time for reasons of consistency and continuity. A State Party wishing to report <u>both</u> quantity and value may of course do so, but then needs to submit two tables, one for authorised exports / imports and the other for actual exports.
- 6) The size of exports / imports may be indicated <u>either</u> as quantity or as value. The choice can be made at the national level for each category of arms, but, **once made**, **should remain stable over time for reasons of consistency and continuity**. A State Party wishing to report <u>both</u> quantity and value may of course do so.
- 7) Standard UN Registry reporting variable. Please indicate unit, if not 'pieces'
- 8) Optional alternative. Please indicate unit (for example national currency)
- 9) In line with UN Registry practice
- 10) In line with UN Registry practice. NB: This is a shaded column, voluntary in terms of the obligations of the ATT
- 11) In line with UN Registry practice. In the first "Remarks" column, States Parties may, if they so wish, describe the item transferred by entering the designation, type, model or any other information considered relevant. The second column may be used to explain or clarify the nature of the transfer for instance if it is temporary (e.g. for exhibitions or repairs), or if it is industrial in nature (perhaps intended for integration into a larger system). NB: These are shaded columns, voluntary in terms of the obligations of the ATT

- 12) As outlined in Article 2 (1) (a)-(g), See Annex 1 for the UN Registry's more precise definitions of the categories I-VII, including subcategories.
- 13) See Article 5(3)
- 14) As outlined in Article 2 (1) (h), with sub-categories taken from the UN Registry template for voluntary reporting of Small Arms and Light Weapons. This choice has been made provisionally, pending later agreement between States Parties on the desirability of using this or another UN definition of SALW sub-categories (for instance from the UN Firearms Protocol or the International Tracing Instrument ITI). NB: The SALW sub-categories in this report are shaded, representing voluntary information in terms of the obligations of the ATT
- 15) "national definitions shall not cover less than the descriptions used in relevant United Nations instruments at the time of entry into force of this Treaty" (Article 5(3))
- 16) In line with UN Registry practice, States Parties may choose between reporting small arms by sub-type or as an aggregate.
- 17) In line with UN Registry practice, States Parties may choose between reporting light weapons by sub-type or as an aggregate.
- 18) Article 5(3) encourages States Parties to apply the provisions of the Treaty to the broadest range of conventional weapons. Any such additional categories are voluntary and categories used may vary between States Parties. If provided at all, extra categories should be more precisely defined in Annex 2.

ANNEX 1

UN Register Definitions of Categories I-VII¹

I. Battle tanks

Tracked or wheeled self-propelled armoured fighting vehicles with high cross-country mobility and a high-level of self-protection, weighing at least 16.5 metric tons unladen weight, with a high muzzle velocity direct fire main gun of at least 75 millimetres calibre.

II. Armoured combat vehicles

Tracked, semi-tracked or wheeled self-propelled vehicles, with armoured protection and cross-country capability, either: (a) designed and equipped to transport a squad of four or more infantrymen, or (b) armed with an integral or organic weapon of at least 12.5 millimetres calibre or a missile launcher.

III. Large-calibre artillery systems

Guns, howitzers, artillery pieces, combining the characteristics of a gun or a howitzer, mortars or multiple-launch rocket systems, capable of engaging surface targets by delivering primarily indirect fire, with a calibre of 75 millimetres and above.

IV. Combat aircraft

- a) Manned fixed-wing or variable-geometry wing aircraft, designed, equipped or modified to engage targets by employing guided missiles, unguided rockets, bombs, guns, cannons or other weapons of destruction, including versions of these aircraft which perform specialized electronic warfare, suppression of air defence or reconnaissance missions;
- b) Unmanned fixed-wing or variable-geometry wing aircraft, designed, equipped or modified to engage targets by employing guided missiles, unguided rockets, bombs, guns, cannons or other weapons of destruction.

The term "combat aircraft" does not include primary trainer aircraft, unless designed, equipped or modified as described above.

V. Attack helicopters

- a) Manned rotary-wing aircraft, designed, equipped or modified to engage targets by employing guided or unguided anti-armour, air-to-surface, air-to-subsurface, or air-toair weapons and equipped with an integrated fire control and aiming system for these weapons, including versions of these aircraft which perform specialized reconnaissance or electronic warfare missions;
- b) Unmanned rotary-wing aircraft, designed, equipped or modified to engage targets by employing guided or unguided anti-armour, air-to-surface, air-to-subsurface, or air-to-air weapons and equipped with an integrated fire control and aiming system for these weapons.

¹ Excerpted from the 2014 UN Register reporting template

VI. Warships

Vessels or submarines armed and equipped for military use with a standard displacement of 500 metric tons or above, and those with a standard displacement of less than 500 metric tons, equipped for launching missiles with a range of at least 25 kilometres or torpedoes with similar range.

VII. Missiles and missile launchers²

- a) Guided or unguided rockets, ballistic or cruise missiles capable of delivering a warhead or weapon of destruction to a range of at least 25 kilometres, and means designed or modified specifically for launching such missiles or rockets, if not covered by categories I through VI. For the purpose of the Register, this sub-category includes remotely piloted vehicles with the characteristics for missiles as defined above but does not include ground-to-air missiles.
- b) Man-Portable Air-Defence Systems (MANPADS)³.

² Multiple-launch rocket systems are covered by the definition of category III.

³ MANPADS should be reported if the MANPAD system is supplied as a complete unit, i.e. the missile and launcher/Grip Stock form an integral unit. In addition, individual launching mechanisms or grip-stocks should also be reported. Individual missiles, not supplied with a launching mechanism or grip stock need not be reported.