THE ARMS TRADE TREATY

REPORTING TEMPLATE

ANNUAL REPORT IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 13(3) - EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF CONVENTIONAL ARMS COVERED UNDER ARTICLE 2 (1)

This provisional template is intended for use by States Parties to the Arms Trade Treaty when preparing their annual report in accordance with the Treaty's Article 13(3).

The template has two main tables, one for exports and the other for imports. The tables are similar in construction, making it possible to have a common set of explanatory notes for both.

Article 5(3) of the Treaty states that "National definitions of any of the categories covered under Article 2 (1) (a)-(g) shall not cover less than the descriptions used in the United Nations Register of Conventional Arms at the time of entry into force of this Treaty". Against this background, Annex 1 reproduces the UN Register Definitions of Categories I-VII at the time of the ATT's entry into force. For category VIII (small arms and light weapons), the UN Register template for voluntary reporting of this category at the time of the ATT's entry into force has been employed as an approximation.

Annex 2 allows reporting States Parties to, if they so wish, include more specific information on national definitions of reported categories.

Annex 3 comprises two templates for nil reports, one for exports and one for imports. They may be used in place of a report in table format if a States Party has no transactions to report.

The title page of the template contains information on the submitting country and authority, but also a 'table of contents' in tick-box form, to indicate which of the different available forms have been included in the national submission. There is also a section where the reporting Government may indicate whether any commercially sensitive and/or national security-related data has been withheld in accordance with Article 13.3 of the Treaty

On the title page of each of the four reporting forms (exports, imports, nil exports, nil imports) a State Party needs to indicate whether the form may be made publicly available in order to instruct the ATT Secretariat where to upload the report on the ATT website. This makes it possible to restrict access to some forms but not others, which provides an additional measure of flexibility to the reporting States Party.

Guidance to facilitate the preparation of the annual report can be found in the document "<u>Reporting Authorized or</u> <u>Actual Exports and Imports of Conventional Arms under the ATT</u>" (hereinafter: 'FAQ'-type guidance document on the annual reporting obligation), which is available in the <u>Tools and Guidelines section</u> of the ATT website. This document was endorsed by States Parties at CSP3 as an informative and open-ended reference document for States Parties when preparing their annual report. At CSP5 States Parties endorsed a number of amendments that were necessary to reflect the introduction of the online reporting tool.

GOVERNMENT OF <u>DENMARK</u>

ANNUAL REPORT ON EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF CONVENTIONAL ARMS, IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 13(3) OF THE ARMS TRADE TREATY

REPORT FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR 2022

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Date of Report : ^{6 October 2023}

The United Nations Office for Disarmament Affairs (UNODA) may use the relevant information in this Annual Report as a basis for the reporting State's report to the United Register on Conventional Arms (UNROCA)

\boxtimes	

Co	ntents of report (check as appropriate)	Yes	No
i)	Nil report on exports of conventional arms		\boxtimes
ii)	Nil report on imports of conventional arms		\boxtimes
iii)	Annual report on exports of conventional arms	\boxtimes	
iv)	Annual report on imports of conventional arms	\boxtimes	
v)	National definitions of categories of conventional arms reported		\boxtimes

Scope of report	Yes	No
In the submitted report, some commercially sensitive and/or national security-related data has been withheld in accordance with Article 13.3 of the Treaty ¹ (If `Yes` please consider providing more information on a voluntary basis.)	\boxtimes	

EXPORTS OF CONVENTIONAL ARMS²

- SHADED COLUMNS AND ROWS REPRESENT INFORMATION THAT GOES BEYOND THE MINIMUM THAT STATES PARTIES SHOULD INCLUDE WHEN THEY REPORT THEIR AUTHORIZED OR ACTUAL EXPORTS AND IMPORTS-

Reporting country :	Denmark	Calendar Year : 2022	Cutoff date ³ : 31 th December 2022
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In this report, the following definition of the term exports was used ⁴ (check as appropriate) :								
Physical transfer of items across a national border :	$_{\mathrm{Yes}}$ 🛛	No 🗌						
Transfer of title :	$_{\rm Yes}$ 🛛	No 🗌						
Transfer of control :	$_{\mathrm{Yes}}$ 🛛	No 🗌						
Other (please provide a brief description below) :	Yes 🗌	No						

This Annual Report on exports may be made publicly available ⁵	$_{\rm Yes}$ 🖂	No 🗌
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Category of arms ⁶	Authorised or actual exports ⁷		Extent of exports ⁸ (choose one or both)		- Final importing	State of origin	Remarks ¹³			
	[I-VIII]	Auth.	Act.	Number of items ⁹	Value ¹⁰	State ¹¹	(if not exporter) ¹²	Description of Item	Comments on the transfer	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
A. I-VII UN Register Categories ¹⁴ (national definitions shall not cover less than the definitions provided in Annex 1 ¹⁵)										
I.	Battle tanks			NIL						

Category of arms ⁶ [I-VIII]			Authorised or actual exports7Extent of exports8 (choose one or both)		- Final importing	State of origin	Remarks ¹³			
		Auth.	Act.	Number of items ⁹	Value ¹⁰	State ¹¹	(if not exporter) ¹²	Description of Item	Comments on the transfer	
	1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
II.	Armoured combat	vehicles	\boxtimes	\boxtimes	31 (related to auth.)	EUR 1.484.286,3	Switzerland & Czech Republic & Germany			
					54 (related to act)	DEU	Ukraine		APC M113 G4	
III.	Large-calibre artill	ery systems		\boxtimes			Ukraine		Heavy mortar, pulled	
IV.	Combat Aircraft	a) manned			NIL					
1 V.	Combat Aircran	b) unmanned			NIL					
V.	Attack helicopters	a) manned			NIL					
v.		b) unmanned			NIL					
VI.	Warships				NIL					
VII.	Missiles & missile launchers	a) Missiles etc		\boxtimes			Ukraine		Harpoon launchers and missiles	
	missue launchers	b) MANPADS		\boxtimes	407		Ukraine		Stinger MANPADS	
B. VI	B. VIII. Small Arms and Light Weapons ^{16, 17}									
Small Arms (aggregated) ¹⁸										
1.	Revolvers and self pistols	loading			480					
2.	Rifles and carbines	5			1.957		Multiple states			
3.	Sub-machine guns				3					

Category of arms ⁶ [I-VIII]		Authorised or actual exports7Extent of exports8 (choose one or both)		 Final importing 	State of origin	Remarks ¹³			
		Auth.	Act.	Number of items ⁹	Value ¹⁰	State ¹¹	(if not exporter) ¹²	Description of Item	Comments on the transfer
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
4.	Assault rifles			NIL					
5.	Light machine guns	\boxtimes		1					
6.	Others			745					
L	ight Weapons (aggregated) ¹⁹								
1.	Heavy machine guns		\boxtimes			Ukraine			Donation EUC/transfer approved
2.	Hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers			NIL					
3.	Portable anti-tank guns			NIL					
4.	Recoilless rifles			NIL					
5.	Portable anti-tank missile launchers and rocket systems		\boxtimes	2700		Ukraine			
6.	Mortars of calibres less than 75 mm			NIL					
7.	Others			NIL					
C. Na	tional Categories ²⁰ (please define in	n Annex 2)						
<u></u>									

Ca	Category of arms ⁶	Category of arms ⁶ Authorised or actual exports ⁷		Extent of exports ⁸ (choose one or both)		- Final importing	State of origin	Remarks ¹³	
	[I-VIII]		Act.	Number of items ⁹	Value ¹⁰	State ¹¹	(if not exporter) ¹²	Description of Item	Comments on the transfer
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

IMPORTS OF CONVENTIONAL ARMS²

- SHADED COLUMNS AND ROWS REPRESENT INFORMATION THAT GOES BEYOND THE MINIMUM THAT STATES PARTIES SHOULD INCLUDE WHEN THEY REPORT THEIR AUTHORIZED OR ACTUAL EXPORTS AND IMPORTS -

Reporting country :	Denmark	Calendar Year : 2022	Cutoff date ³ : 31 th December 2022
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In this report, the following definition of the term imports was used ⁴ (check as appropriate) :								
Physical transfer of items across a national border :	$_{\mathrm{Yes}}$ 🛛	No 🗌						
Transfer of title :	$_{\mathrm{Yes}}\boxtimes$	No 🗌						
Transfer of control :	$_{\mathrm{Yes}}$ 🛛	No 🗌						
Other (please provide a brief description below) :	Yes 🗌	No 🛛						

This Annual Report on imports may be made publicly available ⁵	$_{\rm Yes}$ 🖂	No 🗌
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Category of arms ⁶ [I-VIII]		Authorised or actual imports ⁷		Extent of imports ⁸ (choose one or both)			State of origin	Remarks13		
		Auth.	Act.	Number of items ⁹	Value ¹⁰	Exporting State ¹¹	(if not exporter) ¹²	Description of Item	Comments on the transfer	
	1		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
A. I-V	A. I-VII UN Register Categories ¹⁴ (national definitions shall not cover less than the definitions provided in Annex 1) ¹⁵									
I.	Battle tanks			NIL						

Category of arms ⁶ [I-VIII]		Authorised or actual imports ⁷		Extent of imports ⁸ (choose one or both)			State of origin	Remarks13		
		Auth.	Act.	Number of items ⁹	Value ¹⁰	Exporting State ¹¹	(if not exporter) ¹²	Description of Item	Comments on the transfer	
	1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
II.	Armoured con	nbat vehicles		\boxtimes	85	СНЕ	СНЕ		49 PIRANHA 5 36 EAGLE 5	
III.	Large-calibre arti	llery systems								
IV.	Combat aircraft	a) manned			NIL					
1 V.	Combat ancian	b) unmanned			NIL					
V.	Attack helicopters	a) manned			NIL					
۷.		b) unmanned			NIL					
VI.	Warships				NIL					
VII.	Missiles & missile	a) Missiles etc		\boxtimes	28		USA		AIM-120C-7	
V 11.	launchers	b) MANPADS			NIL					
B. VI	II. Small Arms an	d Light Weapon	IS ^{16, 17}							
	Small Arms (aggr	regated) ¹⁸								
1.	Revolvers and se pistols	lf-loading		\boxtimes	1.137 100 (related to act.)		Multiple states USA		SIG P320 (52 PSC) SIG P365 (48 PCS)	
2.	Rifles and carbin	es			7.506]			
3.	Sub-machine gun	IS			NIL]			
4.	Assault rifles			\boxtimes	4		UK		AI AX50	NSPA

Category of arms ⁶ [I-VIII]		Authorised or actual imports ⁷		Extent of imports ⁸ (choose one or both)			State of origin	Remarks13	
		Auth.	Act.	Number of items ⁹	Value ¹⁰	Exporting State ¹¹	(if not exporter) ¹²	Description of Item	Comments on the transfer
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
5.	Light machine guns	\square		7					
6.	Others			5.285 7 3		UK SAF		Pyrotechnic pistols Grenade launcher	
L	ight Weapons (aggregated) ¹⁹								
1.	Heavy machine guns			NIL					
2.	Hand-held under-barrel and mounted grenade launchers			NIL					
3.	Portable anti-tank guns			NIL					
4.	Recoilless rifles			50		Norway		M/72 Instruction weapons	NSPA
5.	Portable anti-tank missile launchers and rocket systems		\boxtimes	4		Germany	Israel	SPIKE LR2 ICLU launcher	NSPA
6.	Mortars of calibres less than 75 mm			NIL					
7.	Others			NIL					
C. National Categories ²⁰ (please define in Annex 2)									

	Category of arms ⁶	Authorised or actual imports ⁷		Extent of imports ⁸ (choose one or both)			State of origin	Remarks13	
[I-VIII]		Auth.	Act.	Number of items ⁹	Value ¹⁰	Exporting State ¹¹	(if not exporter) ¹²	Description of Item	Comments on the transfer
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

EXPLANATORY NOTES

- 1) See questions 29 to 31 in the 'FAQ'-type guidance document on the annual reporting obligation.
- States Parties that do not have any exports and/or imports to report should file a "nil report" clearly stating that no exports/imports have taken place in any of the categories during the reporting period. Templates for such nil reports are included in Annex 3. See also question 33 in the <u>'FAQ'-type guidance document on the annual reporting obligation</u>.
- 3) Date for collected statistics (for instance 30 June or 31 December). See also question 3 in the <u>'FAQ'-type guidance document on the annual reporting obligation</u>.
- 4) Based on UN Register practice. An international arms transfer could mean, in addition to the physical movement of equipment to or from national territory, the transfer of title to- and control over the equipment. Other criteria are also possible. States Parties should here provide a description of the national criteria used to determine, for control purposes, exactly <u>when</u> an arms transfer takes place. See also question 5 in the <u>'FAQ'-</u> type guidance document on the annual reporting obligation.
- 5) If you wish this Annual Report to be publicly available and posted on the public area of the ATT website, tick 'Yes'. If you tick 'No', this Annual Report will be posted on the restricted area of the website and will not be publicly available. See question 41 in the 'FAQ'-type guidance document on the annual reporting obligation.
- 6) As outlined in Articles 2 (1) (a)-(h) and 5(3). For more precise definitions of the categories, see Annex 1. See also section B.ii. in the <u>'FAQ'-type guidance document</u> on the annual reporting obligation.
- 7) Article 13(3) allows reporting of either authorised or actual exports / imports. The choice can be made at the national level for a report as a whole or category by category. Please indicate by ticking the appropriate box for each category reported whether the value represents authorisations (Auth.) or actual exports (Act.). It is highly desirable that national choices in this respect, once made, should remain stable over time for reasons of consistency and continuity. A State Party wishing to report both authorised and actual exports / imports may of course do so, but then needs to submit two tables, one for authorised exports / imports and the other for actual exports / imports. See also questions 9 to 11 in the <u>'FAQ'-type guidance document on the annual reporting obligation</u>.
- 8) The size of exports / imports may be indicated <u>either</u> as quantity or as value. The choice can be made at the national level for each category of arms, but, **once made**, **should remain stable over time for reasons of consistency and continuity**. A State Party wishing to report <u>both</u> quantity and value may of course do so. See also question 24 in the <u>'FAQ'-type guidance document on the annual reporting obligation</u>.
- 9) Standard UN Register reporting variable. Please indicate unit, if not 'pieces'.
- 10) Optional alternative. Please indicate unit (for example national currency).

- 11) In line with UN Register practice. See also questions 22 and 23 in the <u>'FAQ'-type</u> guidance document on the annual reporting obligation on breaking down information.
- 12) In line with UN Register practice. NB: This is a shaded column because this information goes beyond the common understanding of what information States Parties should include *as a minimum* when they report their authorized or actual exports and imports. See also question 24 in the <u>'FAQ'-type guidance document on the annual reporting obligation</u>.
- 13) In line with UN Register practice. In the first "Remarks" column, States Parties may, if they so wish, describe the item transferred by entering the designation, type, model or any other information considered relevant. The second column may be used to explain or clarify the nature of the transfer for instance if it is temporary (e.g. for exhibitions or repairs), or if it is industrial in nature (perhaps intended for integration into a larger system). NB: In line with UN Register practice, States Parties may choose between reporting respectively small arms and light weapons as an aggregate, or by sub-type. See also questions 25 to 28 in the <u>'FAQ'-type guidance document on the annual reporting obligation</u>.
- 14) As outlined in Article 2 (1) (a)-(g), See Annex 1 for the UN Register's more precise definitions of the categories I-VII, including subcategories. See also question 12 and Annexes 1 and 2 in the <u>'FAQ'-type guidance document on the annual reporting</u> <u>obligation</u>.
- 15) See Article 5(3). See also question 12 and Annexes 1 and 2 in the <u>'FAQ'-type</u> guidance document on the annual reporting obligation.
- 16) As outlined in Article 2 (1) (h), with sub-categories taken from the UN Register template for voluntary reporting of Small Arms and Light Weapons in alignment with the provision in Article 5(3), which stipulates that: 'For the category covered under Article 2 (1) (h), national definitions shall not cover less than the descriptions used in relevant United Nations instruments at the time of entry into force of this Treaty'. This choice has been made provisionally, pending later agreement between States Parties on the desirability of using this or another UN description or definitional Tracing Instrument ITI). NB: The SALW sub-categories in this report are shaded, in line with the UN Register practice that allows States to choose between reporting small arms by sub-type or as an aggregate. See also questions 13 and 14 and Annex 3 in the <u>'FAQ'-type guidance document on the annual reporting obligation</u>.
- 17) "national definitions shall not cover less than the descriptions used in relevant United Nations instruments at the time of entry into force of this Treaty" (Article 5(3)) See also question 12 and Annexes 1 and 2 in the <u>'FAQ'-type guidance document on the</u> <u>annual reporting obligation</u>.
- 18) In line with UN Register practice, States Parties may choose between reporting small arms by sub-type or as an aggregate. See also question 13 and Annex 3 in the <u>'FAQ'-type guidance document on the annual reporting obligation</u>.

- 19) In line with UN Register practice, States Parties may choose between reporting light weapons by sub-type or as an aggregate. See also question 13 and Annex 3 in the 'FAQ'-type guidance document on the annual reporting obligation.
- 20) Article 5(3) encourages States Parties to apply the provisions of the Treaty to the broadest range of conventional weapons. Any such additional categories are voluntary and categories used may vary between States Parties. If provided at all, extra categories should be more precisely defined in Annex 2. See also questions 15 and 16 in the <u>'FAQ'-type guidance document on the annual reporting obligation</u>.

ANNEX 1

UN Register Definitions of Categories I-VII¹

I. Battle tanks

Tracked or wheeled self-propelled armoured fighting vehicles with high cross-country mobility and a high-level of self-protection, weighing at least 16.5 metric tons unladen weight, with a high muzzle velocity direct fire main gun of at least 75 millimetres calibre.

II. Armoured combat vehicles

Tracked, semi-tracked or wheeled self-propelled vehicles, with armoured protection and cross-country capability, either: (a) designed and equipped to transport a squad of four or more infantrymen, or (b) armed with an integral or organic weapon of at least 12.5 millimetres calibre or a missile launcher.

III. Large-calibre artillery systems

Guns, howitzers, artillery pieces, combining the characteristics of a gun or a howitzer, mortars or multiple-launch rocket systems, capable of engaging surface targets by delivering primarily indirect fire, with a calibre of 75 millimetres and above.

IV. Combat aircraft

- a) Manned fixed-wing or variable-geometry wing aircraft, designed, equipped or modified to engage targets by employing guided missiles, unguided rockets, bombs, guns, cannons or other weapons of destruction, including versions of these aircraft which perform specialized electronic warfare, suppression of air defence or reconnaissance missions;
- b) Unmanned fixed-wing or variable-geometry wing aircraft, designed, equipped or modified to engage targets by employing guided missiles, unguided rockets, bombs, guns, cannons or other weapons of destruction.

The term "combat aircraft" does not include primary trainer aircraft, unless designed, equipped or modified as described above.

V. Attack helicopters

- a) Manned rotary-wing aircraft, designed, equipped or modified to engage targets by employing guided or unguided anti-armour, air-to-surface, air-to-subsurface, or air-toair weapons and equipped with an integrated fire control and aiming system for these weapons, including versions of these aircraft which perform specialized reconnaissance or electronic warfare missions;
- b) Unmanned rotary-wing aircraft, designed, equipped or modified to engage targets by employing guided or unguided anti-armour, air-to-surface, air-to-subsurface, or air-to-air weapons and equipped with an integrated fire control and aiming system for these weapons.

¹ Excerpted from the 2014 UN Register reporting template

VI. Warships

Vessels or submarines armed and equipped for military use with a standard displacement of 500 metric tons or above, and those with a standard displacement of less than 500 metric tons, equipped for launching missiles with a range of at least 25 kilometres or torpedoes with similar range.

VII. Missiles and missile launchers²

- a) Guided or unguided rockets, ballistic or cruise missiles capable of delivering a warhead or weapon of destruction to a range of at least 25 kilometres, and means designed or modified specifically for launching such missiles or rockets, if not covered by categories I through VI. For the purpose of the Register, this sub-category includes remotely piloted vehicles with the characteristics for missiles as defined above but does not include ground-to-air missiles.
- b) Man-Portable Air-Defence Systems (MANPADS)³.

² Multiple-launch rocket systems are covered by the definition of category III.

³ MANPADS should be reported if the MANPAD system is supplied as a complete unit, i.e. the missile and launcher/Grip Stock form an integral unit. In addition, individual launching mechanisms or grip-stocks should also be reported. Individual missiles, not supplied with a launching mechanism or grip stock need not be reported.