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## ISRAEL RETALIATES FOR SYRIAN SABOTEUR RAIDS; BOMBS SYRIAN POSITION

JERUSALEM, July 14. (JTA) -- Israeli planes tangled in a dogfight over Syria today with Syrian Soviet-built MIGs and shot down one of the Syrian jets.

The clash developed when the Syrian planes attacked the Israeli planes which bombed and strafed Syrian trucks working on a project to divert Jordan River headwaters. All Israeli planes returned safely to their base. They also attacked an anti-aircraft battery which opened fire on them during the strafing operation. (A Syrian Radio broadcast claimed that two Israeli planes were shot down).

Israel said the planes were sent into action following four saboteur efforts within the last 48 hours by raiders from Syrian bases which cost the life of an Israeli civilian, and wounded two soldiers and one civilian. An Israeli spokesman said that the air raid was ordered after a long series of terrorist operations in Israeli territory, causing civilian deaths and casualties and destroying farm equipment.

He declared that Israel's air action was aimed at making it clear to Syrian authorities the gravity Israel ascribed to the sabotage activities and killings, particularly the four actions in the past 48 hours. The raid was also intended, he said, to make it clear to the Syrians that quiet along border which Israel seeks must prevail on both sides.

According to the spokesman, the air assault was described as "highly successful." He said that the planes began to withdraw after completing their assignment when the four Syrian jets appeared. The pilot of the disabled Mig was seen to parachute down. The other Syrian jets then withdrew from contact, the spokesman said. He added that this was the first Israel reprisal raid carried out by air.

## Israel Warns U.N. on Syria; Eshkol Confers with Chief of Staff

Prior to disclosure of the air raid, Israeli officials reacted with strong warnings to the United Nations here over the saboteur attacks from Syria. Israel authorities informed the United Nations Truce Supervision Organization this morning of the gravity with which Israel viewed the "murder and sabotage" and that it placed full responsibility for the incidents on Syria.

Joseph Tekoah, the Foreign Ministry's acting armistice division head, called in Gen. Odd Bull, the UNTSO Chief of Staff, to inform him the attacks were a serious breach of the Israel-Syrian armistice. He also told Gen. Bull that the assaults were also a breach of the promise which Damascus leaders had made last year to Gen. Bull to preserve quiet on the Israel-Syrian border. Gen. Bull expressed regrets over the incidents and the loss of life.

Premier Levi Eshkol conferred at length this morning with Chief of Staff Yitzhak Rabin and Foreign Minister Abba Eban on the new developments. One of the first expected Israeli steps is expected to be invitations to foreign diplomats in Israel, including the Soviet ambassador, to call at the Foreign Ministry to receive full and detailed information on the latest saboteur incursions by El Fatah commandoes. The Foreign Ministry cabled its representatives in overseas capitals to give them full briefings and to instruct them to inform the respective foreign ministries of the developments.

## The Terrorist Acts Which Provoked Israel's Retaliation Cited

Yehoshua Levi, 42, of Tiberias, was killed yesterday when the command car in which he was riding with two soldiers hit a mine near Almagor village, north of the Sea of Galilee about a half mile from the Syrian border. The blast hurled one of the soldiers out of the car. His uniform caught fire. He was reported in critical condition in a Haifa hospital. The other soldier was slightly wounded. Levi, father of five children, was a Jewish National Fund reclamation department worker for 17 years. He was killed not far from the spot where two other JNF workers were killed in an incident two months ago.

Later, a tractor working farther north, near Rosh Pina village, hit a mine, seriously wounding 15-year-old Yaron Landesman. He is a member of the Ayelet

Hashachar kibbutz. Police found tracks leading to the Syrian border from the sites of the mines.

Three explosions rocked the village of Metullah, Israel's northernmost point in the upper Galilee mountains on the Lebanese border on Tuesday night, blowing holes in a building. There were no casualties. The marauders came from Lebanon but were believed to have been Syrians who entered Lebanon and then infiltrated Israel to plant the explosives. In the fourth incident, saboteurs believed to be Syrians set off an explosives charge under a house near Yuval on the Israeli-Syrian-Lebanese border causing damage to the house but no casualties.

The Damascus Radio broadcast a statement this morning that Syria had no connection whatever with the incidents. However, reports arriving here said that Syria has been concentrating troops on its Israeli border and that the concentrations were started before the latest incidents began. This indicated to observers here that Syrian authorities knew about the incidents and were preparing for possible Israeli reprisals. Another report said that Syria had declared a state of emergency for its army.

Gen. Bull was told by Mr. Tekoah that the saboteurs could not have crossed the armistice lines into Israel without the knowledge of personnel manning the Syrian border posts lining the frontier. Israel officials meanwhile were reported to be considering lodging a complaint with the United Nations Security Council to warn it about the seriousness of the situation. Political sources said that it could not be tolerated indefinitely.

#### BOURGUIBA SAYS TIME IS WORKING FOR HIS ARAB-ISRAEL PEACE IDEA

BRUSSELS, July 14. (JTA) -- President Habib Bourguiba of Tunisia reiterated here today his appeal to the Arab rulers to negotiate peace with Israel and asserted that "the time is working in favor of my ideas." The Tunisian leader, whose first appeals for such negotiations rocked the Arab world last year and evoked savage criticism from the Arab leaders, spoke out again for the idea at a press conference at the Tunisian Embassy. He is currently on an official visit to Belgium.

Replying to questions about the Middle East problem, he said "peace in this area will not come tomorrow but my plan will make the responsables think it over." He said he had suffered criticism in the past for his suggestions "but after some time my ideas are often adopted. Anyway, the time is working in favor of my ideas."

"Acceptable solutions," he said, "have to be found for both parties, for the Palestinians who were the subjects of an injustice and lost their land, and for the Jews -- that means the Israelis -- who were also the subjects of an injustice." To put an end to an injustice, however, one must not create another injustice. I repeat, acceptable solutions for everybody must be found in order that peace may be established in this part of the Middle East."

#### ARGENTINE AND ISRAEL TO SET NEW DATE ON SHAZAR'S VISIT TO BUENOS AIRES

BUENOS AIRES, July 14. (JTA) -- The Foreign Ministries of Argentina and Israel will soon issue a joint statement about the projected visit of Israeli President Zalman Shazar to Argentina in which the exact date of the visit will be given, Foreign Minister Nicanor Costa Mendez told the press here today.

The visit originally had been scheduled to begin July 4 but was temporarily postponed by Israeli officials after the July 1 ouster by the military of President Illia and his replacement by Gen. Onganía as President. Israel recognized the new regime last week.

President Shazar, who is currently resting in Punta Del Este in Uruguay, a famous sea resort, met today with a group of Argentine Jewish leaders who flew to the resort to meet him. The Argentine Jewish leaders greeted him on behalf of Argentine Jewry. The President thanked his visitors and asked them to extend to Argentine Jewry his best wishes.

Among the leaders were Emilio Gutkin, chairman of the Argentine Zionist Organization, Dr. Tobias Kamenszain, president of the Buenos Aires Jewish community, Gregorio Faigon, vice-president of the DAIA, the central representative body of Argentine Jewry; Nachman Radzichowski, vice-president of the Argentine Zionist Actions Committee; Abraham Mittelberg, secretary of the Argentine Zionist Organization, and Hirsch Triwaks, general secretary of the Buenos Aires Jewish community.

(In Washington, the State Department declared today that the report submitted by the American embassy in Buenos Aires proves that the arrest of people connected to the credit union cooperatives, among whom were a number of Jews, was not caused by anti-Semitic trends. Officials in the American Embassy had talks with members of the Jewish community in Argentina who supported the conclusion that there were no anti-Semitic motives in the arrest of Jewish merchants, the State Department communication said.)

JEWSH CLAIMS CONFERENCE MEETS IN GENEVA; BONN CRITICIZED ON PAYMENTS

GENEVA, July 14. (JTA) -- The Conference on Jewish Material Claims Against Germany called on the German federal republic last night to take immediate action to "allay the fears of tens of thousands of victims of Nazism whose claims for compensation are imperiled by recent developments in the implementation of the indemnification laws" of West Germany.

The demand was made by the Claims Conference at its plenary session here after a report by Dr. Nahum Goldmann, Claims Conference chairman. Sums amounting to more than \$100,000,000 were assigned by West Germany in 1964. The Conference continues to function as a recognized spokesman for individual claimants.

Dr. Goldmann told the session that the major positive development of the past year was the promulgation by the West German Government in December, 1965, of the law extending benefits to new categories of claimants, including those previously excluded because they were in East European countries and hence unable to file claims for reparations before the 1953 deadline in the basic legislation. The law also improved existing rights under the previous legislation.

Dr. Goldmann added that on the negative side, there had been subsequent "deplorable" developments which he called a violation of the basic spirit of the indemnification legislation. He declared that "within 90 days of the promulgation of the new law, the West German Parliament enacted a budgetary protection law which seriously curtailed payment to claimants during 1966 and 1967, deferring them to a later date." He reiterated that "many of these claimants may not live to see this date."

"We are now in the fourth decade since initiation of the Nazi discriminatory laws and acts in 1933," he said. "Many of the claimants have now been waiting 20 years for payment of their claims. They cannot and we cannot participate in a race between justice and mortality."

Goldmann Asks Germany for Priority On Payments to Nazi Victims

Dr. Goldmann reported that the new law did allow full payment of certain "privileged claims" but, he added, "even these privileged claims are now endangered." He said this "fundamental injustice" was now being compounded by the fact that some of the West German states were pleading lack of funds as justification for not making immediate payments even to those in the "privileged category."

He told the session that "for the first time in the history of indemnification payments, the question of inadequacy of funds has arisen." He called this "an intolerable situation," noting that West Germans have referred to the reparations program as "a debt of honor."

Insisting that such debts "have first priority," he said the Claims Conference was "calling on the West German Government to make a public commitment to take action to allay the fears of the Nazi victims throughout the world that there may be further delays in payment and that their terms for compensation may never come."

He reported that while annual allocations have ceased, the Claims Conference continued to make allocations to individuals and to groups of victims "who have no other source to take the place of what we have been giving them in former years." Jacob Blaustein, Claims Conference senior vice-president, explained that the sums distributed this year come from residual funds that remained after the conclusion of annual payments by West Germany, supplemented by accrued interest.

Mr. Blaustein added that the budgetary proposals for 1966 were restricted to a small number of special programs in the field of relief and rehabilitation. He said that in line with the board's decision of 1964, no new applications for relief and rehabilitation have been accepted.

He reported that a total of \$1,144,534 had been allocated for this year. He said the sum "is being distributed mainly to men, women and children who are entitled to either public or private welfare relief. It will also provide help to aged rabbis and former community leaders who have no official status in the countries in which they reside."

Declaring that the funds on hand "will be used in a very few years," Dr. Blaustein added that "hopefully, by then new resources of help will be found or established and our beneficiaries will be able to spend the remaining years in the peace and freedom from want to which they are entitled." Dr. Joseph J. Schwartz of New York, Claims Conference treasurer, reported on receipts and expenditures for the past year.

Other officers of the Claims Conference are Jules Braunschvig, of Switzerland, Samuel Bronfman of Montreal, Dr. Israel Goldstein of Israel, Adolph Feld of New York, Sir Barnett Janner of London, Dr. Siegfried Moses of Israel, Mark Uveler of New York, M. Boukstein of New York and Saul Kagan of New York.

FOUNDATION FOR JEWISH CULTURE MEETS IN GENEVA; 41 GROUPS REPRESENTED

GENEVA, July 14. (JTA) -- A call to delegates at the second annual meeting of the Memorial Foundation for Jewish Culture "to look toward its future with the breadth of vision that would make it a dynamic force in raising Jewish life to a new level of cultural creativity" was voiced today by Dr. Nahum Goldmann, who was reelected chairman of the Foundation.

He told the representatives of 41 Jewish organizations from all continents that he conceived the task of the Memorial Foundation to be that of serving as an essential instrument working for the survival of Jewish life.

"The threat of Jewish survival today is not annihilation from without but disintegration from within," he declared. "Against such disintegration the Foundation should stand as a mighty bulwark."

The Foundation was established in 1965 by the Conference on Jewish Material Claims Against Germany with residual funds from the Claims Conference, to serve as a living memorial to the 6,000,000 European Jews slaughtered by the Nazis. It operates in three main areas: Education, with emphasis on training teachers, rabbis and Jewish scholars; research and publication; and commemoration and documentation of the period of the catastrophe.

The Foundation operates with a capital of more than \$10,000,000 from which it spends the income supplemented by annual grants from individuals and other foundations. In its first year, the Foundation made grants totalling more than \$850,000. At the meeting today, grants amounting to \$1,140,500 were voted to 200 individuals and institutions.

Dr. Goldmann also said that as presently constituted, the Foundation was "the most representative and comprehensive body in Jewish life," representing through its 41 member organizations, every shade of ideological opinion and every geographical area. He said that "to maintain this large and complicated structure just for the purpose of parcelling out \$1,000,000 a year to 200 or 300 institutions or individuals would be a real waste of its potential strength."

Goldmann Proposes Set of Priorities for Foundation's Program

Dr. Goldmann proposed a set of priorities to enable the Foundation to realize its goal as an instrument of Jewish survival. One would be to develop a worldwide corps of highly-qualified teachers for all levels of Jewish education which now suffers from "anemia" caused by lack of good teachers.

The second priority, he said, should be to train and provide facilities for young Jewish scholars that would attract young intellectuals into Jewish scholarship. He said this goal would involve greater cooperation with Harvard University, the Sorbonne and the University of London where the Foundation took the solid step of creating chairs of Judaica.

His third priority called for establishing "monumental" cultural enterprises to express the inheritance of the Jewish people, with special emphasis on the cultural contributions of those individuals and centers of Jewish learning who were annihilated by the Nazis.

He said such priorities would not preclude the Foundation's continued support of programs of commemoration and documentation of the holocaust. He expressed the conviction that if the Foundation assumed the functions appropriate to an agency of its scope and authority, it should be able to increase its budget to \$3,000,000 in the space of a few years. As possible sources of new funds, Dr. Goldmann cited private foundations, universities and even additional money from the West German Government.

A breakdown of the grants for the 1966-67 academic year approved today by the delegates indicated that 30 percent went for educational programs, mostly for rabbinical seminars and teacher-training colleges but also including establishment of chairs in Judaica at universities; 30 percent went for documentation and commemoration of the Nazi holocaust; and 40 percent for research publication and fellowship. Grants went to individuals in Israel and the United States, and in eight European countries, Australia and Uruguay.

The delegates approved appointment of a committee to consider the proposals made by Dr. Goldmann and to turn them over to working scholars and experts in various fields to draw up projects to be submitted to the next annual Foundation meeting.

SECRETARY RUSK TESTIFIES BEFORE SENATE GROUP ON ARAB REFUGEES

WASHINGTON, July 14. (JTA) -- Secretary of State Dean Rusk testified today before the Senate Subcommittee on Refugees and was asked about the United States attitude on the solution to the Arab refugee problem. He said that the United States sees in the United Nations Relief and Works Agency the important factor for maintaining stability in the Middle East and that the political situation in the area renders it impossible to solve this problem.

The Subcommittee on Refugees will hear next Wednesday reports on the Arab refugee problem from Assistant Secretary of State for International Organization Affairs, Joseph Sisko, who is now touring the Middle East and from Assistant Secretary of State for Middle East and South Asian Affairs - Raymond Haire. It is assumed that one of the major questions will be whether the United Nations Relief and Works Agency which aids the Arab refugees should continue to aid those refugees who undergo military training in the so-called Palestine Liberation Army.

ISRAEL ENVOY TO BONN ASSAILS 'INDISCRIMINATE CRITICISM' OF GERMANY

JERUSALEM, July 14. (JTA) -- Asher Ben-Nathan, Israel's first Ambassador to West Germany, assailed today "indiscriminate criticism" of West Germany which he said often countered Israel's own interests. The envoy is currently here on home leave.

He told a press conference that "painting everything black and ignoring the positive developments in West Germany" might create a crisis in German-Israeli relations. Such criticisms, he added, also robbed of its impact legitimate criticism such as he himself had often voiced.

The envoy was particularly critical of the "cold treatment" given in Israel to German tourists, including students, who included the most liberal and progressive elements in West Germany.

Mr. Ben-Nathan referred to a recent speech by Dr. Rolf Pauls, the West German Ambassador to Israel, at the Tel Aviv Fair in which the latter criticized Israel saying, among other things, that Israel was not sufficiently grateful for West German aid. The Israel Ambassador said that while he did not agree with everything Dr. Pauls had said, the German envoy had the right to express his opinions.

MASS DESECRATION OF JEWISH CEMETERY IN GERMANY; WORST SINCE END OF WAR

MANNHEIM, West Germany, July 14. (JTA) -- More than 100 gravestones in the Jewish cemetery here were found uprooted and overturned today in what was described as the worst act of vandalism on Jewish property since the end of the Second World War.

Although the West German press gave little space to the incident, fears were expressed in Jewish circles that neo-Nazis are out to repeat the events of December 1959 when a rash of swastika-smearing incidents swept Germany and other parts of Europe.

NAZI CHARGED WITH KILLING 17,000 JEWS SAYS HE 'REGRETS' CRIME

BONN, July 14. (JTA) -- The State prosecutor in the trial of Heinrich Hamann, wartime head of the German security police in Neu Sandz, in occupied Poland, demanded today a sentence of life imprisonment at hard labor for the defendant in a Nazi war crimes trial at Bochum.

Hamann, charged with participation in the murder of 17,000 Polish Jews, testified he felt regret and shame over the crimes. The prosecution demand was based on testimony involving Hamann in 76 cases of murder. The trial started in October, 1965.

BRITISH CHARITABLE TRUST CONTRIBUTES \$750,000 FOR JEWISH REFUGEES

LONDON, July 14. (JTA) -- The Agnes Spencer Charitable Trust has contributed 270,000 pounds (\$756,000) to the Society of Friends of Jewish Refugees, according to Bruce Goodman, a trustee of the Trust. The gift will be payable over a three-year period.

LARGE GROUP OF IMMIGRANTS FROM U.S. AND CANADA ARRIVES IN ISRAEL

HAIFA, July 14. (JTA) -- More than 100 immigrants from the United States and Canada, ranging in age from three years to 90, were among the 900 passengers who arrived here yesterday aboard the Shalom liner.

The newcomers are the largest group of immigrants to come from North America in many years. Officials of the Jewish Agency's immigration department and of the Association of Americans and Canadians in Israel welcomed the newcomers.

VIEW ON U.S. JEWS PRESENTED AT CONVENTION OF B'NAI B'RITH YOUTH

STARLIGHT, Pa. July 14. (JTA) -- A Jewish youth expert rejected today the contention that American Jewish youth was in rebellion against the Jewish heritage, asserting that "what we are witnessing today is more apathy and indifference than hostility to Judaism."

Dr. Max F. Baer, director of the B'nai B'rith Youth Organization, expressed that view in an address to the 21st Annual International Convention of the B'nai B'rith Young Adults, which is being held at Camp B'nai B'rith in the Pennsylvania Poconos. He said the reactions of youthful ignorance of the Jewish heritage, the increasing rate of intermarriage, and other forms of "alienation from Jewish life" should be considered "the price we are paying for the enjoyment of the privileges of the most open society in all history."

Rabbi Myron Fenster of New York told the youth convention that "Some synagogue leaders have a growing tendency to view themselves as the sole bearers of authentic Judaism. As they see the synagogue emerging as the most potent factor in American Judaism, some assume there is a conflict between themselves and the so-called secular agencies in American Judaism. Such a conflict is time consuming and self-defeating."

Not all of the world's wisdom or even its piety is to be found in the synagogue," Rabbi Fenster declared: "Jewish youth organizations, such as the B'nai B'rith Youth Organization, have an important and distinctive service to render in their respective fields. Jewish civil rights groups and those who have carried on a dignified dialogue with the Christian community have played a valuable role in the emerging patterns of Jewish life. All these efforts should be seen as cooperative. Often the synagogue group do not have the expertise or the staff to do these jobs properly."

ISRAEL AND FRANCE SIGN PACT ON CONSTRUCTING COMMUNICATIONS CABLE

JERUSALEM, July 14. (JTA) -- Israel and France signed an agreement here yesterday providing for the construction of a 2,125-mile underwater cable between Tel Aviv and Marseilles that will enable the first cable telecommunications between Israel and the United States and Europe to begin operating in 1968. Current telephone and other communications links between Israel and points in Europe and the United States are by radio. The \$17,000,000 Mediterranean cable will join Israel with the extensive cable network now linking Europe with the United States.

The Israeli and French Governments have formed a joint company to operate the cable with Israel holding 60 percent of the shares and France 40 percent. The company is expected to sell individual circuits of the 96-circuit cable to various governments and telecommunications companies.

During the ceremonies at which the agreement was signed, Yeshayahu Lavie, director general of the Israel Ministry of Posts, handed over a check of 5,000,000 pounds (\$1,667,000) to representatives of Excofina, the French telecommunications company that was awarded the contract for producing and laying the cable. French Ambassador to Israel Bertrand de la Sabliere stated at the ceremony that the cable will be another link uniting the two countries.

COLOMBIA AND ISRAEL SIGN AGREEMENT ABOLISHING VISITORS VISAS

BOGOTA, July 14, (JTA) -- Israel and Colombia today signed an agreement providing for the abolition of visitors visas between the two states. The pact, which is the result of a growing interest of Colombia in Israel, was signed by the Colombian Foreign Minister, Dr. Castor Jaramillo Arrubia and Israel Ambassador Avigdor Shoham. The agreement is expected to facilitate commerce and travel between the two countries.

JEWISH SURVIVORS OF BERGEN-BELSEN HOLD ANNUAL CONFERENCE IN ISRAEL

TEL AVIV, July 14. (JTA) -- Josef Rosensaft, president of the Bergen-Belsen Survivors Association, protested today at the organization's 21st annual meeting here that "in the concentration camps, we heard the music of Wagner and Strauss, and now we are to hear it again in Israel."

He referred to a public debate which developed when the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra announced last month that it would schedule the music of the two German composers whose works have been proscribed in Israel since it was founded. He also called on Israeli authorities to make the Yad Vashem, the Memorial to the Victims of the Nazi holocaust, barred to German visitors. Yaacov Tsur, chairman of the World Zionist Actions Committee, also addressed the meeting.