



# Simple bug but not easy exploit: Rooting Android devices in one shot

WANG, YONG (@ThomasKing2014)  
Alibaba Cloud Pandora Lab

# Whoami

- WANG, YONG @ThomasKing2014@infosec.exchange
  - @ThomasKing2014 on X/Weibo
- Security Engineer of Alibaba Cloud
- BlackHat{ASIA/EU/USA}/HTBAMS/Zer0Con/POC/CanSecWest/QPSS/MOSEC
- Nominated at Pwnie Award 2019(Best Privilege Escalation)

# Agenda

- Introduction
- Bug analysis and exploitation
- Conclusion

# MTE on the market

Friday, November 3, 2023

## First handset with MTE on the market

By Mark Brand, Google Project Zero

### Introduction

It's finally time for me to fulfill a long-standing promise. Since I first heard about ARM's Memory Tagging Extensions, I've said (to far too many people at this point to be able to back out...) that I'd immediately switch to the first available device that supported this feature. It's been a long wait (since late 2017) but with the release of the new [Pixel 8 / Pixel 8 Pro](#) handsets, there's finally a production handset that allows you to enable MTE!

The ability of MTE to detect memory corruption exploitation at the first dangerous access is a significant improvement in diagnostic and potential security effectiveness. The availability of MTE on a production handset for the first time is a big step forward, and I think there's real potential to use this technology to make 0-day harder.

I've been running my Pixel 8 with MTE enabled since release day, and so far I haven't found any issues with any of the applications I use on a daily basis<sup>1</sup>, or any noticeable performance issues.

Currently, MTE is only available on the Pixel as a developer option, intended for app developers to test their apps using MTE, but we can configure it to default to synchronous mode for all<sup>2</sup> apps and native user mode binaries. This can be done on a stock image, without bootloader unlocking or rooting required - just a couple of debugger commands. We'll do that now, but first:

### Disclaimer

**This is absolutely not a supported device configuration;** and it's highly likely that you'll encounter issues with at least some applications crashing or failing to run correctly with MTE if you set your device up in this way.

# Android kernel mitigations 101

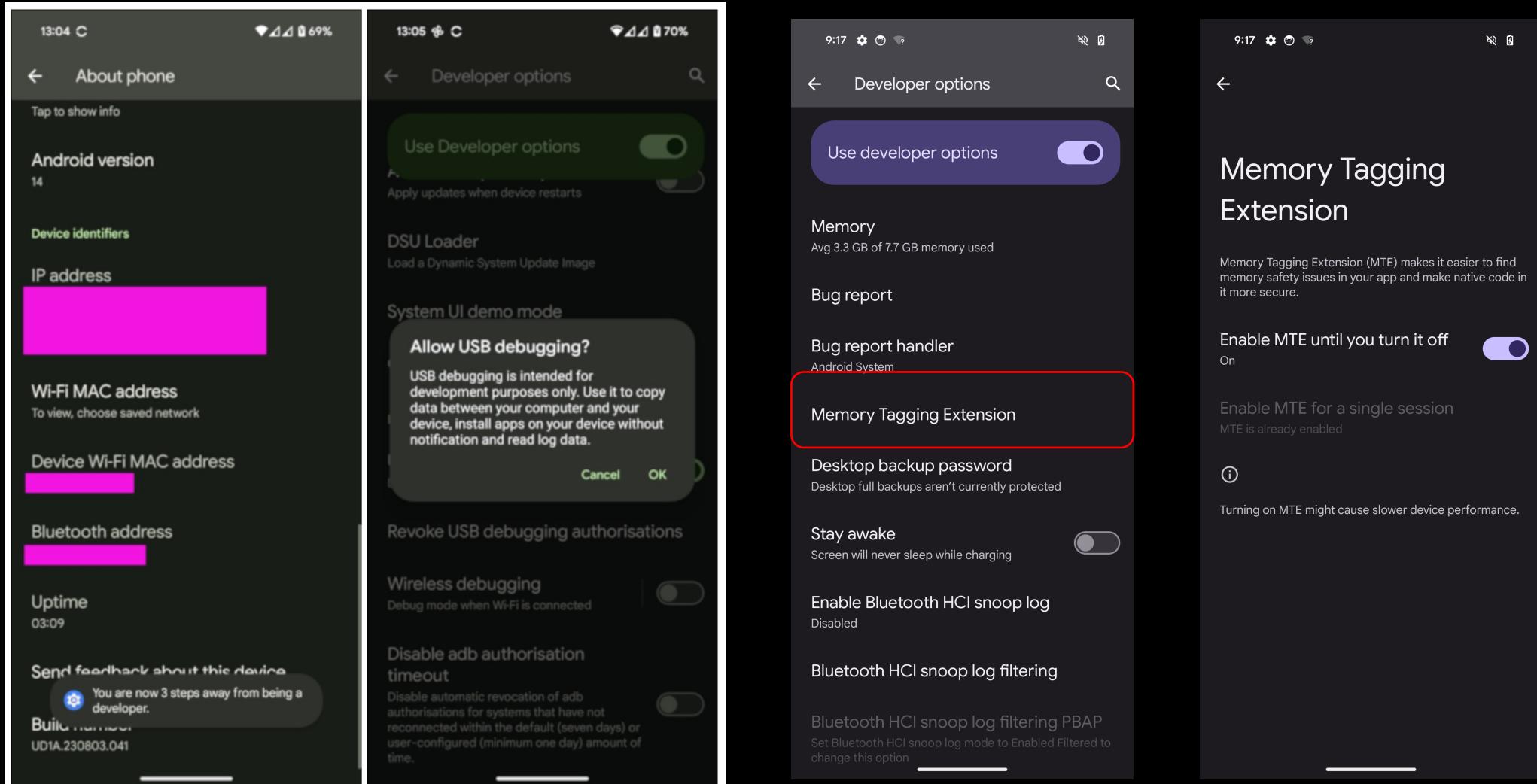
- PNX - Privileged eXecute Never
- PAN - Privileged Access Never
- UAO - User Access Override
- PAC - Pointer Authentication Code
- MTE - Memory Tagging Extension
- KASLR - Kernel Address Space Layout Randomization
- CONFIG\_DEBUG\_LIST
- CONFIG\_SLAB\_FREELIST\_RANDOM/HARDENED
- # CONFIG\_SLAB\_MERGE\_DEFAULT is not set
- CONFIG\_BPF\_JIT\_ALWAYS\_ON

# Android kernel mitigations 101

- PNX - Privileged eXecute Never
- PAN - Privileged Access Never
- UAO - User Access Override
- PAC - Pointer Authentication Code
- **MTE - Memory Tagging Extension**
- KASLR - Kernel Address Space Layout Randomization
- CONFIG\_DEBUG\_LIST
- CONFIG\_SLAB\_FREELIST\_RANDOM
- # CONFIG\_SLAB\_MERGE\_DEFAULT
- CONFIG\_BPF\_JIT\_ALWAYS\_ON

```
~ $ uname -a
Linux localhost 5.15.110-android14-11-ga6d7915820a0-ab10726252
#1 SMP PREEMPT Mon Aug 28 18:42:09 UTC 2023 aarch64 Android
~ $ lscpu
Architecture:           aarch64
CPU op-mode(s):         64-bit
Byte Order:              Little Endian
CPU(s):                 9
On-line CPU(s) list:    0-8
Vendor ID:              ARM
Model:                  1
Thread(s) per core:     1
Core(s) per socket:     4
Socket(s):              1
Stepping:               r1p1
CPU max MHz:            1704.0000
CPU min MHz:            324.0000
BogoMIPS:                49.15
Flags:      fp asimd evtstrm aes pmull sha1 sha2 cr
c32 atomics fphp asimdhp cpuid asimdrdm
jscvt fcma lrcpc dcpop sha3 sm3 sm4 as
imddp sha512 sve asimdfhm dit uscat ilr
cpc flagm ssbs sb pac a pacg dcpodp sve2
sveaes svepmull svebitperm svesha3 sve
sm4 flagm2 frint svei8mm svebf16 i8mm b
ti mte mte3
```

# Memory Tagging Extension



# Memory Tagging Extension

## Synchronous mode (SYNC)

This mode is optimized for correctness of bug detection over performance and can be used as a precise bug detection tool, when higher performance overhead is acceptable. When enabled, MTE SYNC acts as a security mitigation. On a tag mismatch, the processor aborts execution immediately and terminates the process with `SIGSEGV` (code `SEGV_MTESERR`) and full information about the memory access and the faulting address.

We recommend using this mode during testing as an alternative to HWASan/KASAN or in production when the target process represents a vulnerable attack surface. In addition, when ASYNC mode has indicated the presence of a bug, an accurate bug report can be obtained by using the runtime APIs to switch execution to SYNC mode.

When running in SYNC mode, the [Android allocator](#) records stack traces for all allocations and deallocations and uses them to provide better error reports that include an explanation of a memory error, such as use-after-free, or buffer-overflow, and the stack traces of the relevant memory events. Such reports provide more contextual information and make bugs easier to trace and fix.

## Asynchronous mode (ASYNC)

This mode is optimized for performance over accuracy of bug reports and can be used as low-overhead detection for memory safety bugs.

On a tag mismatch, the processor continues execution until the nearest kernel entry (for example, a syscall or timer interrupt), where it terminates the process with `SIGSEGV` (code `SEGV_MTEAERR`) without recording the faulting address or memory access.

We recommend using this mode in production on well tested codebases where the density of memory safety bugs is known to be low, which is achieved by using the SYNC mode during testing.

## Asymmetric mode (ASYMM)

An additional feature in Arm v8.7-A, Asymmetric MTE mode provides synchronous checking on memory reads, and asynchronous checking of memory writes, with performance similar to that of the ASYNC mode. In most situations, this mode is an improvement over the ASYNC mode, and we recommend using it instead of ASYNC whenever it is available.

For this reason, none of the APIs described below mention the Asymmetric mode. Instead, the OS can be configured to always use Asymmetric mode when Asynchronous is requested. Please refer to the "Configuring the CPU-specific preferred MTE level" section for more information.

# Memory Tagging Extension

- User space
  - setprop arm64.memtag.bootctl memtag
  - setprop persist.arm64.memtag.default sync
  - setprop persist.arm64.memtag.app\_default sync
- Kernel
  - arm64.memtag.bootctl memtag,memtag-kernel
- Reboot the phone

# MTE- kernel

```
[ 0.000000] Kernel command line: console=ttynull stack_depot_disable=on cgroup_disable=pressure
kasan.page_alloc.sample=10 kasan.stacktrace=off bootconfig ioremap_guard kvm-arm.mode=protected
root=/dev/ram0 rw clocksource=arch_sys_counter clk_ignore_unused loop.max_part=
7 loop.hw_queue_depth=31 coherent_pool=4M firmware_class.path=/vendor/firmware irqaffinity=0
swiotlb=noforce sysrq_always_enabled no_console_suspend softlockup_panic=1 kasan_multi_shot kvm-
arm.protected_modules=exynos-pd,pkvm_s2mpu-v9 exynos_drm.load_sequential=1 g2d.load_s
equential=1 samsung_iommu_v9.load_sequential=1 swiotlb=noforce disable_dma32=on printk.devkmsg=on
cma_sysfs.experimental=Y cgroup_disable=memory rcupdate.rcu_expedited=1 rcu_nocbs=all swiotlb=1024
cgroup.memory=nokmem sysctl.kernel.sched_pelt_multiplier=4 kasan=off at24.wri
te_timeout=100 log_buf_len=1024K bootconfig console=null exynos_drm.panel_name=google-bigsurf.04a050
tcpci_max77759.conf_sbu=0 arm64.nomte ufs_pixel_fips140.fips_firs
```

# MTE- kernel

```
[ 0.000000] Kernel command line: console=ttynull stack_depot_disable=on cgroup_disable=pressure  
kasan.page_alloc.sample=10 kasan.stacktrace=off bootconfig ioremap_guard kvm-arm.mode=protected  
root=/dev/ram0 rw clocksource=arch_sys_counter clk_ignore_unused loop.max_part=  
7 loop.hw_queue_depth=31 coherent_pool=4M firmware_class.path=/vendor/firmware irqaffinity=0  
swiotlb=noforce sysrq_always_enabled no_console_suspend softlockup_panic=1 kasan_multi_shot kvm-  
arm.protected_modules=exynos-pd,pkvm_s2mpu-v9 exynos_drm.load_sequential=1 g2d.load_s  
equential=1 samsung_iommu_v9.load_sequential=1 swiotlb=noforce disable_dma32=on printk.devkmsg=on  
cma_sysfs.experimental=Y cgroup_disable=memory rcupdate.rcu_expedited=1 rcu_nocbs=all swiotlb=1024  
cgroup.memory=nokmem sysctl.kernel.sched_pelt_multiplier=4 kasan=off at24.wri  
te_timeout=100 log_buf_len=1024K bootconfig console=null exynos_drm.panel_name=google-bigsurf.04a050  
tcpci_max77759.conf_sbu=0 kasan=on ufs_pixel_fips140.fips_first_l
```

```
[ 0.000000] kasan: KernelAddressSanitizer initialized (hw-tags, mode=sync, vmalloc=on, stacktrace=off)
```

# MTE- kernel

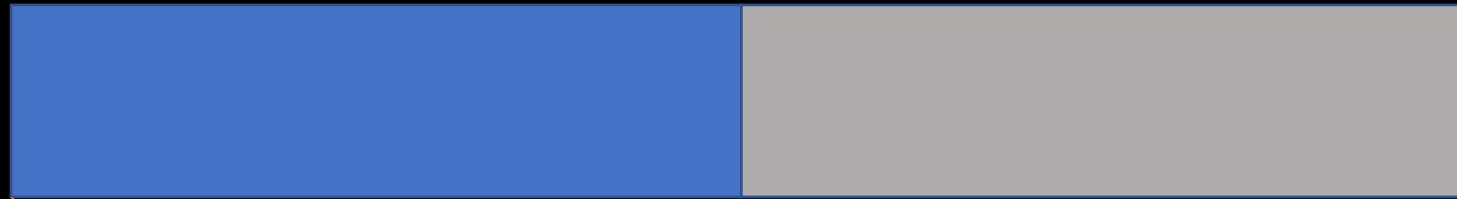
```
// ffffff8850f82b00 --> f1ffff8850f82b00
#define KASAN_TAG_KERNEL 0xFF /* native kernel pointers tag */
#define KASAN_TAG_INVALID 0xFE /* inaccessible memory tag */
#define KASAN_TAG_MAX     0xFD /* maximum value for random tags */

#ifndef CONFIG_KASAN_HW_TAGS
#define KASAN_TAG_MIN    0xF0 /* minimum value for random tags */
#else
#define KASAN_TAG_MIN    0x00 /* minimum value for random tags */
#endif

static inline u8 mte_get_ptr_tag(void *ptr)
{
    /* Note: The format of KASAN tags is 0xF<x> */
    u8 tag = 0xFO | (u8)((u64)(ptr)) >> MTE_TAG_SHIFT;

    return tag;
}
```

# MTE- kernel



```
char *p = kmalloc(32, GFP_kernel);
p[32] = 'A';
```

# MTE- kernel

## OOB access

```
[ 4407.612749] BUG: KASAN: invalid-access in __memcpy+0x194/0x250
[ 4407.612852] Write at addr f6ffff89163e2a00 by task checker/10632
[ 4407.612864] Pointer tag: [f6], memory tag: [fe]
[ 4407.612875]
[ 4407.612886] CPU: 6 PID: 10632 Comm: checker Tainted: G S B W OE 5.15.110-
android14-11-gcc48824eebe8-ab10865596 #1
[ 4407.612898] Hardware name: ZUMA SHIBA MP based on ZUMA (DT)
[ 4407.612908] Call trace:
[ 4407.612917] dump_backtrace+0xf8/0x1e8
[ 4407.612970] dump_stack_lvl+0x74/0xa4
[ 4407.613025] print_report+0x344/0x958
[ 4407.613092] kasan_report+0x90/0xe4
[ 4407.613102] __do_kernel_fault+0xc4/0x2ac
[ 4407.613129] do_bad_area+0x3c/0x154
[ 4407.613138] do_tag_check_fault+0x18/0x24
[ 4407.613145] do_mem_abort+0x60/0x134
[ 4407.613159] el1_abort+0x38/0x54
[ 4407.613262] el1h_64_sync_handler+0x54/0x88
[ 4407.613269] el1h_64_sync+0x78/0x7c
[ 4407.613282] __memcpy+0x194/0x250
```

# MTE- kernel

```
char *p = kmalloc(32, GFP_kernel);  
kfree(p);  
p[0] = 'A';
```

Use-After-Free(in free state)

```
char *p = kmalloc(32, GFP_kernel);  
kfree(p);  
char *q = kmalloc(32, GFP_kernel);  
p[0] = 'A';
```

Use-After-Free

# MTE- kernel

Use-After-Free(in free state)

```
[ 95.707717] BUG: KASAN: invalid-access in __memcpy+0x110/0x250
[ 95.707811] Read at addr f9ffff88c658db00 by task checker/7490
[ 95.707824] Pointer tag: [f9], memory tag: [fe]
[ 95.707835]
[ 95.707874] CPU: 4 PID: 7490 Comm: checker Tainted: G S      W  OE   5.15.110-
android14-11-gcc48824eebe8-ab10865596 #1
[ 95.707894] Hardware name: ZUMA SHIBA MP based on ZUMA (DT)
[ 95.707906] Call trace:
[ 95.707916] dump_backtrace+0xf8/0x1e8
[ 95.707968] dump_stack_lvl+0x74/0xa4
[ 95.708064] print_report+0x344/0x958
[ 95.708134] kasan_report+0x90/0xe4
[ 95.708141] __do_kernel_fault+0xc4/0x2ac
[ 95.708167] do_bad_area+0x3c/0x154
[ 95.708173] do_tag_check_fault+0x18/0x24
[ 95.708180] do_mem_abort+0x60/0x134
[ 95.708192] el1_abort+0x38/0x54
[ 95.708297] el1h_64_sync_handler+0x54/0x88
[ 95.708305] el1h_64_sync+0x78/0x7c
[ 95.708316] __memcpy+0x110/0x250
```

# MTE- kernel

## Use-After-Free

```
[ 1233.203312] BUG: KASAN: invalid-access in __memcpy+0x110/0x250
[ 1233.203407] Read at addr f4ffff8850f82b00 by task checker/7685
[ 1233.203420] Pointer tag: [f4], memory tag: [fd]
[ 1233.203432]
[ 1233.203445] CPU: 6 PID: 7685 Comm: checker Tainted: G S      W  OE   5.15.110-
android14-11-gcc48824eebe8-ab10865596 #1
[ 1233.203460] Hardware name: ZUMA SHIBA MP based on ZUMA (DT)
[ 1233.203469] Call trace:
[ 1233.203478] dump_backtrace+0xf8/0x1e8
[ 1233.203529] dump_stack_lvl+0x74/0xa4
[ 1233.203598] print_report+0x344/0x958
[ 1233.203662] kasan_report+0x90/0xe4
[ 1233.203670] __do_kernel_fault+0xc4/0x2ac
[ 1233.203699] do_bad_area+0x3c/0x154
[ 1233.203705] do_tag_check_fault+0x18/0x24
[ 1233.203711] do_mem_abort+0x60/0x134
[ 1233.203724] el1_abort+0x38/0x54
[ 1233.203828] el1h_64_sync_handler+0x54/0x88
[ 1233.203837] el1h_64_sync+0x78/0x7c
[ 1233.203847] __memcpy+0x110/0x250
```

# MTE- kernel

- Small chunks
  - kmalloc – generic cache
  - kmem\_cache\_alloc – dedicated cache
- Large virtually contiguous areas
  - vmalloc
  - vmap
- Physical pages
  - alloc\_pages

# MTE- kernel

- Small chunks (tagged)
  - kmalloc – generic cache
  - kmem\_cache\_alloc – dedicated cache
- Large virtually contiguous areas
  - Vmalloc (tagged)
  - Vmap (Not tagged)
- Physical pages
  - alloc\_pages (tagged, native kernel pointers tag)

# MTE- kernel

- CVE-2022-22706
  - Elevates CPU RO pages to writable
- CVE-2022-38181
  - Kmalloc UAF
- CVE-2022-20186/CVE-2022-36449/CVE-2023-????/CVE-2023-6241
  - Page UAF
- CVE-2022-46395
  - Vmalloc UAF
- CVE-2023-32832
  - kmem\_cache\_alloc UAF

# MTE- kernel

- CVE-2022-22706

```
+     write = reg->flags & (KBASE_REG_CPU_WR | KBASE_REG_GPU_WR);
+
[...]
    pinned_pages = pin_user_pages_remote(
        mm, address, alloc->imported.user_buf.nr_pages,
-       reg->flags & KBASE_REG_GPU_WR ? FOLL_WRITE : 0, pages, NULL,
-       NULL);
+       write ? FOLL_WRITE : 0, pages, NULL, NULL);
[...]
```

# MTE- kernel

- CVE-2022-22706
  - Elevates CPU RO pages to writable
- CVE-2022-38181
  - Kmalloc UAF
- CVE-2022-20186/CVE-2022-36449/CVE-2023-????/CVE-2023-6241
  - Page UAF
- CVE-2022-46395
  - Vmalloc UAF
- CVE-2023-32832
  - kmem\_cache\_alloc UAF

# MTE- kernel

- CVE-2022-22706
  - Elevates CPU RO pages to writable
- CVE-2022-38181
  - Kmalloc UAF
- CVE-2022-20186/CVE-2022-36449/CVE-2023-????/CVE-2023-6241
  - Page UAF
- CVE-2022-46395
  - Vmalloc UAF
- CVE-2023-32832
  - kmem\_cache\_alloc UAF

CVE-2023-6241

Security

# Gaining kernel code execution on an MTE-enabled Pixel 8

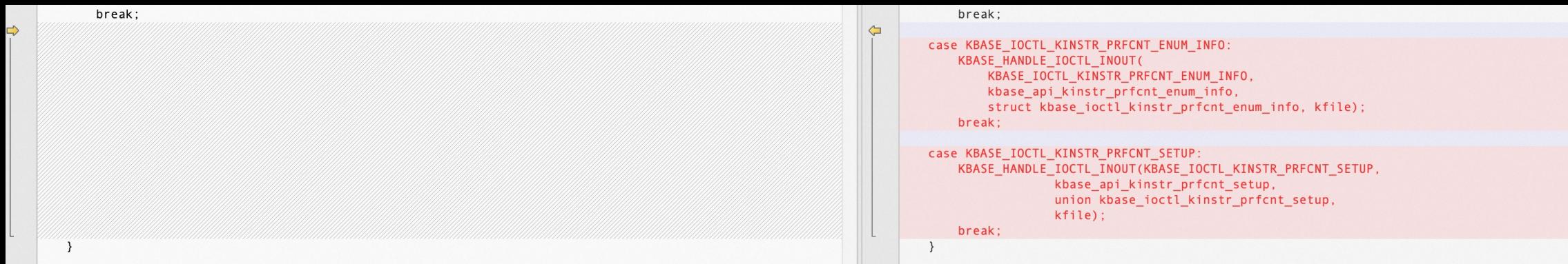
In this post, I'll look at CVE-2023-6241, a vulnerability in the Arm Mali GPU that allows a malicious app to gain arbitrary kernel code execution and root on an Android phone. I'll show how this vulnerability can be exploited even when Memory Tagging Extension (MTE), a powerful mitigation, is enabled on the device.

# Agenda

- Introduction
- *Bug analysis and exploitation*
- Conclusion

# CVE-????

- New commands are added
  - New bugs



```
break;

case KBASE_IOCTL_KINSTR_PRCNT_ENUM_INFO:
    KBASE_HANDLE_IOCTL_INOUT(
        KBASE_IOCTL_KINSTR_PRCNT_ENUM_INFO,
        kbase_api_kinstr_prcnt_enum_info,
        struct kbase_ioctl_kinstr_prcnt_enum_info, kfile);
    break;

case KBASE_IOCTL_KINSTR_PRCNT_SETUP:
    KBASE_HANDLE_IOCTL_INOUT(KBASE_IOCTL_KINSTR_PRCNT_SETUP,
        kbase_api_kinstr_prcnt_setup,
        union kbase_ioctl_kinstr_prcnt_setup,
        kfile);
    break;
```

# CVE-????

```
static int kbase_api_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info(
    struct kbase_file *kfile,
    struct kbase_ioctl_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info *prfcnt_enum_info)
{
    return kbase_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info(kfile->kbdev->kinstr_prfcnt_ctx,
                                         prfcnt_enum_info);
}

/** 
 * struct kbase_ioctl_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info - Enum Performance counter
 *                                              information
 * @info_item_size: Performance counter item size in bytes.
 * @info_item_count: Performance counter item count in the info_list_ptr.
 * @info_list_ptr: Performance counter item list pointer which points to a
 *                 list with info_item_count of items.
 *
 * On success: returns info_item_size and info_item_count if info_list_ptr is
 * NULL, returns performance counter information if info_list_ptr is not NULL.
 * On error: returns a negative error code.
 */
struct kbase_ioctl_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info {
    __u32 info_item_size;
    __u32 info_item_count;
    __u64 info_list_ptr;
};
```

```
int kbase_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info(
    struct kbase_kinstr_prfcnt_context *kinstr_ctx,
    struct kbase_ioctl_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info *enum_info)
{
    int err;

    if (!kinstr_ctx || !enum_info)
        return -EINVAL;

    if (!enum_info->info_list_ptr)
        err = kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info_count(kinstr_ctx,
                                                    enum_info);
    else
        err = kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info_list(kinstr_ctx,
                                                enum_info);

    return err;
}
```

# CVE-????

```
static int kbase_api_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info(
    struct kbase_file *kfile,
    struct kbase_ioctl_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info *prfcnt_enum_info)
{
    return kbase_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info(kfile->kbdev->kinstr_prfcnt_ctx,
                                         prfcnt_enum_info);
}

/***
 * struct kbase_ioctl_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info - Enum Performance counter
 *                                              information
 * @info_item_size: Performance counter item size in bytes.
 * @info_item_count: Performance counter item count in the info_list_ptr.
 * @info_list_ptr: Performance counter item list pointer which points to a
 *                 list with info_item_count of items.
 *
 * On success: returns info_item_size and info_item_count if info_list_ptr is
 * NULL, returns performance counter information if info_list_ptr is not NULL.
 * On error: returns a negative error code.
 */
struct kbase_ioctl_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info {
    __u32 info_item_size;
    __u32 info_item_count;
    __u64 info_list_ptr;
};
```

```
static int kbasesp_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info_list(
    struct kbase_kinstr_prfcnt_context *kinstr_ctx,
    struct kbase_ioctl_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info *enum_info)
{
    struct prfcnt_enum_item *prfcnt_item_arr;
    size_t arr_idx = 0;
    int err = 0;
    size_t block_info_count = 0;
    const struct kbase_hwcnt_metadata *metadata;

    if ((enum_info->info_item_size == 0) ||
        (enum_info->info_item_count == 0) || !enum_info->info_list_ptr)
        return -EINVAL;

    if (enum_info->info_item_count != kinstr_ctx->info_item_count)
        return -EINVAL;

    prfcnt_item_arr =
        (struct prfcnt_enum_item *)(<uinthptr_t>)enum_info->info_list_ptr;
    kbasesp_kinstr_prfcnt_get_request_info_list(kinstr_ctx, prfcnt_item_arr,
                                                &arr_idx);
    metadata = kbase_hwcnt_virtualizer_metadata(kinstr_ctx->hvirt);
    block_info_count = kbasesp_kinstr_prfcnt_get_block_info_count(metadata);

    if (arr_idx + block_info_count >= enum_info->info_item_count)
        err = -EINVAL;

    if (!err) {
        size_t counter_set;
```

# CVE-????

```
static int kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info_list(
    struct kbase_kinstr_prfcnt_context *kinstr_ctx,
    struct kbase_ioctl_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info *enum_info)
{
    struct prfcnt_enum_item *prfcnt_item_arr;
    size_t arr_idx = 0;
    int err = 0;
    size_t block_info_count = 0;
    const struct kbase_hwcnt_metadata *metadata;

    if ((enum_info->info_item_size == 0) ||
        (enum_info->info_item_count == 0) || !enum_info->info_list_ptr)
        return -EINVAL;

    if (enum_info->info_item_count != kinstr_ctx->info_item_count)
        return -EINVAL;

    prfcnt_item_arr =
        (struct prfcnt_enum_item *)(uintptr_t)enum_info->info_list_ptr;
    kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_request_info_list(kinstr_ctx, prfcnt_item_arr,
                                                &arr_idx);
    metadata = kbase_hwcnt_virtualizer_metadata(kinstr_ctx->hvirt);
    block_info_count = kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_block_info_count(metadata);

    if (arr_idx + block_info_count >= enum_info->info_item_count)
        err = -EINVAL;

    if (!err) {
        size_t counter_set;
```

Arbitrary kernel address write!

# CVE-????

```
static int kbasesp_kinstr_prfcnt_parse_setup(
    struct kbasesp_kinstr_prfcnt_context *kinstr_ctx,
    union kbasesp_ioctl_kinstr_prfcnt_setup *setup,
    struct kbasesp_kinstr_prfcnt_client_config *config)
{
    uint32_t i;
    struct prfcnt_request_item *req_arr;
    int err = 0;

    if (!setup->in.requests_ptr || (setup->in.request_item_count == 0) ||
        (setup->in.request_item_size == 0)) {
        return -EINVAL;
    }

    req_arr =
        (struct prfcnt_request_item *)(uintptr_t)setup->in.requests_ptr;

    if (req_arr[setup->in.request_item_count - 1].hdr.item_type !=  

        FLEX_LIST_TYPE_NONE) {
        return -EINVAL;
    }

    if (req_arr[setup->in.request_item_count - 1].hdr.item_version != 0)
        return -EINVAL;

    /* The session configuration can only feature one value for some
     * properties (like capture mode and block counter set), but the client
     * may potentially issue multiple requests and try to set more than one
     * value for those properties. While issuing multiple requests for the
     * same property is allowed by the protocol, asking for different values
     * is illegal. Leaving these properties as undefined is also illegal.
     */
    config->prfcnt_mode = PRFCNT_MODE_RESERVED;
    config->counter_set = KBASE_HWCNT_SET_UNDEFINED;

    for (i = 0; i < setup->in.request_item_count - 1; i++) {
        if (req_arr[i].hdr.item_version > PRFCNT_READER_API_VERSION) {
            err = -EINVAL;
            break;
        }
    }
}
```

Arbitrary kernel address parse!

```

if (enum_info->info_item_count != kinstr_ctx->info_item_count)
    return -EINVAL;

prfcnt_item_arr =
    (struct prfcnt_enum_item *)(uintptr_t)enum_info->info_list_ptr;

kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_request_info_list(kinstr_ctx, prfcnt_item_arr,
                                            &arr_idx);
metadata = kbase_hwcnt_virtualizer_metadata(kinstr_ctx->hvirt);

block_info_count = kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_block_info_count(metadata);

if (arr_idx + block_info_count >= enum_info->info_item_count)
    err = -EINVAL;

if (!err) {
    size_t counter_set;

    defined(CONFIG_MALI_PRFCNT_SET_SECONDARY)
        counter_set = KBASE_HWCNT_SET_SECONDARY;
    if defined(CONFIG_MALI_PRFCNT_SET_TERTIARY)
        counter_set = KBASE_HWCNT_SET_TERTIARY;
    se
        /* Default to primary */
        counter_set = KBASE_HWCNT_SET_PRIMARY;
    dif
        kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_block_info_list(
            metadata, counter_set, prfcnt_item_arr, &arr_idx);
        if (arr_idx != enum_info->info_item_count - 1)
            err = -EINVAL;
    }
/* The last sentinel item. */
prfcnt_item_arr[enum_info->info_item_count - 1].hdr.item_type =
    FLEX_LIST_TYPE_NONE;
prfcnt_item_arr[enum_info->info_item_count - 1].hdr.item_version = 0;

return err;

```

```

if (enum_info->info_item_count != kinstr_ctx->info_item_count)
    return -EINVAL;

prfcnt_item_arr = kcalloc(enum_info->info_item_count,
                        sizeof(*prfcnt_item_arr), GFP_KERNEL);
if (!prfcnt_item_arr)
    return -ENOMEM;

kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_request_info_list(prfcnt_item_arr, &arr_idx);
metadata = kbase_hwcnt_virtualizer_metadata(kinstr_ctx->hvirt);
/* Place the sample_info item */
kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_sample_info_item(metadata, prfcnt_item_arr, &arr_idx);

block_info_count = kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_block_info_count(metadata);

if (arr_idx + block_info_count >= enum_info->info_item_count)
    err = -EINVAL;

if (!err) {
    size_t counter_set;

# if defined(CONFIG_MALI_PRFCNT_SET_SECONDARY)
    counter_set = KBASE_HWCNT_SET_SECONDARY;
# elif defined(CONFIG_MALI_PRFCNT_SET_TERTIARY)
    counter_set = KBASE_HWCNT_SET_TERTIARY;
# else
    /* Default to primary */
    counter_set = KBASE_HWCNT_SET_PRIMARY;
# endif
    kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_block_info_list(
        metadata, counter_set, prfcnt_item_arr, &arr_idx);
    if (arr_idx != enum_info->info_item_count - 1)
        err = -EINVAL;
}

/* The last sentinel item. */
prfcnt_item_arr[enum_info->info_item_count - 1].hdr.item_type =
    FLEX_LIST_TYPE_NONE;
prfcnt_item_arr[enum_info->info_item_count - 1].hdr.item_version = 0;

if (!err) {
    unsigned long bytes =
        enum_info->info_item_count * sizeof(*prfcnt_item_arr);

    if (copy_to_user(u64_to_user_ptr(enum_info->info_list_ptr),
                    prfcnt_item_arr, bytes))
        err = -EFAULT;
}

kfree(prfcnt_item_arr);
return err;

```

# Fix

```
static int kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_parse_setup(
    struct kbase_kinstr_prfcnt_context *kinstr_ctx,
    union kbase_ioctl_kinstr_prfcnt_setup *setup,
    struct kbase_kinstr_prfcnt_client_config *config)
{
    uint32_t i;
    struct prfcnt_request_item *req_arr;

    int err = 0;

    if (!setup->in.requests_ptr || (setup->in.request_item_count == 0) ||
        (setup->in.request_item_size == 0)) {
        return -EINVAL;
    }

    req_arr =
        (struct prfcnt_request_item *) (uintptr_t) setup->in.requests_ptr;
    if (req_arr[setup->in.request_item_count - 1].hdr.item_type !=
        FLEX_LIST_TYPE_NONE) {
        return -EINVAL;
    }

    if (req_arr[setup->in.request_item_count - 1].hdr.item_version != 0)
        return -EINVAL;
```

```
static int kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_parse_setup(
    struct kbase_kinstr_prfcnt_context *kinstr_ctx,
    union kbase_ioctl_kinstr_prfcnt_setup *setup,
    struct kbase_kinstr_prfcnt_client_config *config)
{
    uint32_t i;
    struct prfcnt_request_item *req_arr;
    unsigned int item_count = setup->in.request_item_count;
    unsigned long bytes;
    int err = 0;

    /* Limiting the request items to 2x of the expected: accomodating
     * moderate duplications but rejecting excessive abuses.
     */
    if (!setup->in.requests_ptr || (item_count < 2) ||
        (setup->in.request_item_size == 0) ||
        item_count > 2 * kinstr_ctx->info_item_count) {
        return -EINVAL;
    }

    bytes = item_count * sizeof(*req_arr);
    req_arr = kmalloc(bytes, GFP_KERNEL);
    if (!req_arr)
        return -ENOMEM;

    if (copy_from_user(req_arr, u64_to_user_ptr(setup->in.requests_ptr),
                      bytes)) {
        err = -EFAULT;
        goto free_buf;
    }

    if (req_arr[item_count - 1].hdr.item_type != FLEX_LIST_TYPE_NONE ||
        req_arr[item_count - 1].hdr.item_version != 0) {
        err = -EINVAL;
        goto free_buf;
    }
```

# PoC

```
static int kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info_list(
    struct kbase_kinstr_prfcnt_context *kinstr_ctx,
    struct kbase_ioctl_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info *enum_info)
{
    struct prfcnt_enum_item *prfcnt_item_arr;
    size_t arr_idx = 0;
    int err = 0;
    size_t block_info_count = 0;
    const struct kbase_hwcnt_metadata *metadata;

    if ((enum_info->info_item_size == 0) ||
        (enum_info->info_item_count == 0) || !enum_info->info_list_ptr)
        return -EINVAL;

    if (enum_info->info_item_count != kinstr_ctx->info_item_count)
        return -EINVAL;

    prfcnt_item_arr =
        (struct prfcnt_enum_item *) (uintptr_t) enum_info->info_list_ptr;
    kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_request_info_list(kinstr_ctx, prfcnt_item_arr,
                                                &arr_idx);
    metadata = kbase_hwcnt_virtualizer_metadata(kinstr_ctx->hvirt);
    block_info_count = kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_block_info_count(metadata);

    if (arr_idx + block_info_count >= enum_info->info_item_count)
        err = -EINVAL;

    if (!err) {
        size_t counter_set;
```

```
int kbase_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info(
    struct kbase_kinstr_prfcnt_context *kinstr_ctx,
    struct kbase_ioctl_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info *enum_info)
{
    int err;

    if (!kinstr_ctx || !enum_info)
        return -EINVAL;

    if (!enum_info->info_list_ptr)
        err = kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info_count(kinstr_ctx,
                                                    enum_info);
    else
        err = kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info_list(kinstr_ctx,
                                                enum_info);

    return err;
}
```

# PoC

```
static int kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info_list(
    struct kbase_kinstr_prfcnt_context *kinstr_ctx,
    struct kbase_ioctl_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info *enum_info)
{
    struct prfcnt_enum_item *prfcnt_item_arr;
    size_t arr_idx = 0;
    int err = 0;
    size_t block_info_count = 0;
    const struct kbase_hwcnt_metadata *metadata;

    if ((enum_info->info_item_size == 0) ||
        (enum_info->info_item_count == 0) || !enum_info->info_list_ptr)
        return -EINVAL;

    if (enum_info->info_item_count != kinstr_ctx->info_item_count)
        return -EINVAL;

    prfcnt_item_arr =
        (struct prfcnt_enum_item *) (uintptr_t) enum_info->info_list_ptr;
    kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_request_info_list(kinstr_ctx, prfcnt_item_arr,
                                                &arr_idx);
    metadata = kbase_hwcnt_virtualizer_metadata(kinstr_ctx->hvirt);
    block_info_count = kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_block_info_count(metadata);

    if (arr_idx + block_info_count >= enum_info->info_item_count)
        err = -EINVAL;

    if (!err) {
        size_t counter_set;
```

```
static int kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info_count(
    struct kbase_kinstr_prfcnt_context *kinstr_ctx,
    struct kbase_ioctl_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info *enum_info)
{
    int err = 0;
    uint32_t count = 0;
    size_t block_info_count = 0;
    const struct kbase_hwcnt_metadata *metadata;

    count = ARRAY_SIZE(kinstr_prfcnt_supported_requests);
    metadata = kbase_hwcnt_virtualizer_metadata(kinstr_ctx->hvirt);
    block_info_count = kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_block_info_count(metadata);
    count += block_info_count;

    /* Reserve one for the last sentinel item. */
    count++;
    enum_info->info_item_count = count;
    enum_info->info_item_size = sizeof(struct prfcnt_enum_item);
    kinstr_ctx->info_item_count = count;

    return err;
}
```

# PoC

```
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,3]Unable to handle kernel paging request at virtual address 0000000041414151
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,4]Mem abort info:
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,5]  ESR = 0x96000045
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,6]  EC = 0x25: DABT (current EL), IL = 32 bits
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,7]  SET = 0, FnV = 0
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,8]  EA = 0, S1PTW = 0
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,9]Data abort info:
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,0]  ISV = 0, ISS = 0x000000045
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,1]  CM = 0, WnR = 1
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,2]user pgtable: 4k pages, 39-bit VAs, pgdp=0000000085646000
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,3][0000000041414151] pgd=0000000000000000, p4d=0000000000000000, pud=0000000000000000
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,4]Internal error: Oops: 9600045 [#1] PREEMPT SMP
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,5]Modules linked in:
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,6]CPU: 4 PID: 12999 Comm: PoC2023 VIP: 00 Tainted: G          W      5.10.43 #1
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,7]TGID: 12999 Comm: PoC2023
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,8]
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,9]pstate: 60400005 (nZCv daif +PAN -UA0 -TC0 BTYPEn---)
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,0]pc : kbase_kinstr_prfcnt_enum_info+0x44/0x350
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,1]lr : kbase_ioctl+0x494/0x3430
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,2]pc : <fffffe946d669ec> lr : <fffffe946d83634> pstate: 60400005
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,3]sp : ffffff8110b97cd0
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,4]x29: ffffff8110b97da0 x28: ffffff816e4b1180
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,5]x27: 0000000000000000 x26: ffffffe94829f21c
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,6]x25: 0000000000000000 x24: ffffff8110b97cf0
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,7]x23: 0000007fce5131c8 x22: ffffff816e4b1180
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,8]x21: ffffff81b6429500 x20: 00000000c0108038
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,9]x19: 0000007fce5131c8 x18: 0000000000000000
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,0]x17: 0000000000000000 x16: 0000000000000000
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,1]x15: 0000000000000000 x14: 0000000000000000
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,2]x13: 0000000100000000 x12: 0000000000000001
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,3]x11: 0000000000000000 x10: 0000000000000000
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,4]x9 : 0000000041414141 x8 : ffffffe948cc6360
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,5]x7 : ffffff8110b97d90 x6 : ffffff8110b97d00
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,6]x5 : ffffff8110b97d00 x4 : 0000000000000008
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,7]x3 : 0000000041414141 x2 : 0000000000000008
[pid:12999,cpu4,PoC2023,8]x1 : ffffff8110b97cf0 x0 : ffffff800951f100
```

# MTE- kernel

```
// ffffff8850f82b00 --> f1ffff8850f82b00
#define KASAN_TAG_KERNEL 0xFF /* native kernel pointers tag */
#define KASAN_TAG_INVALID 0xFE /* inaccessible memory tag */
#define KASAN_TAG_MAX     0xFD /* maximum value for random tags */

#ifndef CONFIG_KASAN_HW_TAGS
#define KASAN_TAG_MIN    0xF0 /* minimum value for random tags */
#else
#define KASAN_TAG_MIN    0x00 /* minimum value for random tags */
#endif

static inline u8 mte_get_ptr_tag(void *ptr)
{
    /* Note: The format of KASAN tags is 0xF<x> */
    u8 tag = 0xFO | (u8)((u64)(ptr)) >> MTE_TAG_SHIFT;

    return tag;
}
```

# Exploitation

```
prfcnt_item_arr =
    (struct prfcnt_enum_item *)(uintptr_t)enum_info->info_list_ptr;
kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_request_info_list(kinstr_ctx, prfcnt_item_arr,
                                            &arr_idx);
metadata = kbase_hwcnt_virtualizer_metadata(kinstr_ctx->hvirt);
block_info_count = kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_block_info_count(metadata);

if (arr_idx + block_info_count >= enum_info->info_item_count)
    err = -EINVAL;

if (!err) {
    size_t counter_set;

    if defined(CONFIG_MALI_PRFCNT_SET_SECONDARY)
        counter_set = KBASE_HWCNT_SET_SECONDARY;
    elif defined(CONFIG_MALI_PRFCNT_SET_TERTIARY)
        counter_set = KBASE_HWCNT_SET_TERTIARY;
    else
        /* Default to primary */
        counter_set = KBASE_HWCNT_SET_PRIMARY;
}

kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_block_info_list(
    metadata, counter_set, prfcnt_item_arr, &arr_idx);
if (arr_idx != enum_info->info_item_count - 1)
    err = -EINVAL;

/* The last sentinel item. */
prfcnt_item_arr[enum_info->info_item_count - 1].hdr.item_type =
    FLEX_LIST_TYPE_NONE;
prfcnt_item_arr[enum_info->info_item_count - 1].hdr.item_version = 0;
```

# Exploitation

```
prfcnt_item_arr =
    (struct prfcnt_enum_item *)(uintptr_t)enum_info->info_list_ptr;
kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_request_info_list(kinstr_ctx, prfcnt_item_arr,
                                            &arr_idx);
metadata = kbase_hwcnt_virtualizer_metadata(kinstr_ctx->hvirt);
block_info_count = kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_block_info_count(metadata);

if (arr_idx + block_info_count >= enum_info->info_item_count)
    err = -EINVAL;

if (!err) {
    size_t counter_set;

    if defined(CONFIG_MALI_PRFCNT_SET_SECONDARY)
        counter_set = KBASE_HWCNT_SET_SECONDARY;
    elif defined(CONFIG_MALI_PRFCNT_SET_TERTIARY)
        counter_set = KBASE_HWCNT_SET_TERTIARY;
    else
        /* Default to primary */
        counter_set = KBASE_HWCNT_SET_PRIMARY;
}

kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_block_info_list(
    metadata, counter_set, prfcnt_item_arr, &arr_idx);
if (arr_idx != enum_info->info_item_count - 1)
    err = -EINVAL;

/* The last sentinel item. */
prfcnt_item_arr[enum_info->info_item_count - 1].hdr.item_type =
    FLEX_LIST_TYPE_NONE;
prfcnt_item_arr[enum_info->info_item_count - 1].hdr.item_version = 0;
```

```
static void kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_request_info_list(
    struct kbase_kinstr_prfcnt_context *kinstr_ctx,
    struct prfcnt_enum_item *item_arr, size_t *arr_idx)
{
    memcpy(&item_arr[*arr_idx], kinstr_prfcnt_supported_requests,
           sizeof(kinstr_prfcnt_supported_requests));
    *arr_idx += ARRAY_SIZE(kinstr_prfcnt_supported_requests);
}

static struct prfcnt_enum_item kinstr_prfcnt_supported_requests[] = {
{
    /* Request description for MODE request */
    .hdr = {
        .item_type = PRFCNT_ENUM_TYPE_REQUEST,
        .item_version = PRFCNT_READER_API_VERSION,
    },
    .u.request = {
        .request_item_type = PRFCNT_REQUEST_MODE,
        .versions_mask = 0x1,
    },
},
{
    /* Request description for ENABLE request */
    .hdr = {
        .item_type = PRFCNT_ENUM_TYPE_REQUEST,
        .item_version = PRFCNT_READER_API_VERSION,
    },
    .u.request = {
        .request_item_type = PRFCNT_REQUEST_ENABLE,
        .versions_mask = 0x1,
    },
};
```

# Exploitation

```
prfcnt_item_arr =
    (struct prfcnt_enum_item *)(uintptr_t)enum_info->info_list_ptr;
kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_request_info_list(kinstr_ctx, prfcnt_item_arr,
                                             &arr_idx);
metadata = kbase_hwcnt_virtualizer_metadata(kinstr_ctx->hvirt);
block_info_count = kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_block_info_count(metadata);

if (arr_idx + block_info_count >= enum_info->info_item_count)
    err = -EINVAL;

if (!err) {
    size_t counter_set;

    if defined(CONFIG_MALI_PRFCNT_SET_SECONDARY)
        counter_set = KBASE_HWCNT_SET_SECONDARY;
    elif defined(CONFIG_MALI_PRFCNT_SET_TERTIARY)
        counter_set = KBASE_HWCNT_SET_TERTIARY;
    else
        /* Default to primary */
        counter_set = KBASE_HWCNT_SET_PRIMARY;
}

kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_block_info_list(
    metadata, counter_set, prfcnt_item_arr, &arr_idx);
if (arr_idx != enum_info->info_item_count - 1)
    err = -EINVAL;

/* The last sentinel item. */
prfcnt_item_arr[enum_info->info_item_count - 1].hdr.item_type =
    FLEX_LIST_TYPE_NONE;
prfcnt_item_arr[enum_info->info_item_count - 1].hdr.item_version = 0;
```

```
'static int kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_block_info_list(
const struct kbase_hwcnt_metadata *metadata, size_t block_set,
struct prfcnt_enum_item *item_arr, size_t *arr_idx)
{
    size_t grp;
    size_t blk;

    if (!metadata || !item_arr || !arr_idx)
        return -EINVAL;

    for (grp = 0; grp < kbase_hwcnt_metadata_group_count(metadata); grp++) {
        for (blk = 0;
            blk < kbase_hwcnt_metadata_block_count(metadata, grp);
            blk++, (*arr_idx)++) {
            item_arr[*arr_idx].hdr.item_type =
                PRFCNT_ENUM_TYPE_BLOCK;
            item_arr[*arr_idx].hdr.item_version =
                PRFCNT_READER_API_VERSION;
            item_arr[*arr_idx].u.block_counter.set = block_set;

            item_arr[*arr_idx].u.block_counter.block_type =
                kbase_hwcnt_metadata_block_type_to_prfcnt_block_type(
                    kbase_hwcnt_metadata_block_type(
                        metadata, grp, blk));
            item_arr[*arr_idx].u.block_counter.num_instances =
                kbase_hwcnt_metadata_block_instance_count(
                    metadata, grp, blk);
            item_arr[*arr_idx].u.block_counter.num_values =
                kbase_hwcnt_metadata_block_values_count(
                    metadata, grp, blk);

            /* The bitmask of available counters should be dynamic.
             * Temporarily, it is set to U64_MAX, waiting for the
             * required functionality to be available in the future.
             */
            item_arr[*arr_idx].u.block_counter.counter_mask[0] =
                U64_MAX;
            item_arr[*arr_idx].u.block_counter.counter_mask[1] =
                U64_MAX;
        }
    }

    return 0;
}
```

# Exploitation

```
struct prfcnt_enum_item {  
    struct prfcnt_item_header hdr;  
    union {  
        struct prfcnt_enum_block_counter  
        block_counter;  
        struct prfcnt_enum_request request;  
    } u;  
}; // 32 bytes
```

```
struct prfcnt_item_header {  
    __u16 item_type;  
    __u16 item_version;  
};
```

```
struct prfcnt_enum_block_counter {  
    __u8 block_type;  
    __u8 set;  
    __u8 num_instances;  
    __u8 num_values;  
    __u8 pad[4];  
    __u64 counter_mask[2];  
};
```

```
struct prfcnt_enum_request {  
    __u16 request_item_type;  
    __u16 pad;  
    __u32 versions_mask;  
};
```

# Exploitation

- `kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_request_info_list`

```
0000: 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 01 00 00 00  
0016: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00  
0032: 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 00  
0048: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

- `kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_block_info_list`

```
0000: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ?? ?? ?? ?? 00 00 00 00  
0016: FF FF
```

- The last sentinel item

```
0000: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00  
0016: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

# Exploitation

- `kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_request_info_list`  
0000: 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 01 00 00 00  
0016: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00  
0032: 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 00 01 00 00 00  
0048: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
- `info_item_count` is 7
  - 196( $32 * 6 + 4$ ) bytes
- `kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_block_info_list`  
0000: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ?? ?? ?? ?? 00 00 00 00  
0016: FF FF
- The last sentinel item  
0000: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00  
0016: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

# Exploitation

- Good news
  - Arbitrary kernel address write
- Bad news
  - Length is fixed
  - Content is almost fixed

# Exploitation

- Good news
  - Arbitrary kernel address write
- Bad news
  - Length is fixed
  - Content is almost fixed
- Where to overwrite? 🤔
  - Brute force(KASLR) ✗
  - Kernel information disclosure bug ✓

# Exploitation

- Good news
  - Arbitrary kernel address write
- Bad news
  - Length is fixed
  - Content is almost fixed
- Where to overwrite? 🤔
  - Brute force(KASLR) ✗
  - Kernel information disclosure bug ✓
- Use only one bug to exploit
  - Guess or predict the addresses of kernel objects

# Exploitation

- `kmalloc/kmem_cache_alloc`
  - Small object(size < 1 page) - fast
  - Physically Contiguous pages
  - Linear mapping(`PAGE_OFFSET`)
- `vmalloc`
  - Large object - slow
  - Physically Non-contiguous pages
  - `[VMALLOC_START, VMALLOC_END]`

# Exploitation

- `kmalloc/kmem_cache_alloc`
  - Small object(size < 1 page) - fast
  - Physically Contiguous pages
  - Linear mapping(`PAGE_OFFSET`)
- `vmalloc` ✓
  - Large object - slow
  - Physically Non-contiguous pages
  - `[VMALLOC_START, VMALLOC_END]`

# VMALLOC

- Allocate
  - Find the first free virtual memory area
- Free
  - Mark the area as “unpurged”
- Purge
  - Reclaim the unpurged area

0xffffffffc02121d000-0xffffffffc02121f000	8192	unpurged	vm_area
0xffffffffc018c77000-0xffffffffc018c79000	8192	unpurged	vm_area
0xffffffffc01f869000-0xffffffffc01f86b000	8192	unpurged	vm_area
0xffffffffc021205000-0xffffffffc021207000	8192	unpurged	vm_area
0xffffffffc02120d000-0xffffffffc02120f000	8192	unpurged	vm_area
0xffffffffc0211ed000-0xffffffffc0211ef000	8192	unpurged	vm_area
0xffffffffc0231d0000-0xffffffffc0231d5000	20480	unpurged	vm_area
0xffffffffc026ed8000-0xffffffffc026edd000	20480	unpurged	vm_area
0xffffffffc026f48000-0xffffffffc026f4d000	20480	unpurged	vm_area
0xffffffffc026f50000-0xffffffffc026f55000	20480	unpurged	vm_area
0xffffffffc026f70000-0xffffffffc026f75000	20480	unpurged	vm_area
0xffffffffc026f68000-0xffffffffc026f6d000	20480	unpurged	vm_area
0xffffffffc0268c8000-0xffffffffc0268cd000	20480	unpurged	vm_area
0xffffffffc018b09000-0xffffffffc018b0b000	8192	unpurged	vm_area

# VMALLOC

- Allocate
  - Find the first free virtual memory area
- Free
  - Mark the area as “unpurged”
- Purge
  - Reclaim the unpurged area

```
0xfffffffffebde0000-0xfffffffffebfee8000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc
0xfffffffffebfee8000-0xfffffffffebfff0000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc
0xffffffffc019c45000-0xffffffffc019c47000    8192 unpurged vm_area
0xffffffffc0234f8000-0xffffffffc0234fd000   20480 unpurged vm_area
0xffffffffc01adf7000-0xffffffffc01adf000   24576 unpurged vm_area
0xffffffffc01adff000-0xffffffffc01ae05000  24576 unpurged vm_area
0xffffffffc01ade7000-0xffffffffc01aded000  24576 unpurged vm_area
0xffffffffc01ac0f000-0xffffffffc01ac15000  24576 unpurged vm_area
0xffffffffc01adc5000-0xffffffffc01adcb000  24576 unpurged vm_area
0xffffffff-0000-0000-0000-0000-0000      0102 unpurged vm_area
```

# Exploitation

- Hardcode the addresses of kernel objects
  - Early allocated objects during booting

```
struct foo_t {  
    void *a;  
    void *b;  
};  
  
void init_xx() {  
    foo_t *f = kmalloc(sizeof(foo_t), GFP_KERNEL);  
    f->a = vmalloc(0x8000);  
    f->b = vmalloc(0x4000);  
    // ...  
}
```

# Exploitation

- Hardcode the addresses of kernel objects
  - Early allocated objects during booting

```
[panther:/data/local/tmp # cat /proc/vmallocinfo | more
0xfffffc008000000-0xfffffc008005000 20480 start_kernel+0x21c/0x5f8 pages=4 vmalloc
0xfffffc008005000-0xfffffc008007000 8192 scs_alloc+0x18/0xc8 pages=1 vmalloc
0xfffffc008007000-0xfffffc008008000 4096 debug_snapshot_debug_kinfo_probe+0x198/0x2d8 [debug_sn
apshot_debug_kinfo] vmap
0xfffffc008008000-0xfffffc00800d000 20480 start_kernel+0x21c/0x5f8 pages=4 vmalloc
0xfffffc00800d000-0xfffffc00800f000 8192 scs_alloc+0x18/0xc8 pages=1 vmalloc
0xfffffc008010000-0xfffffc008015000 20480 start_kernel+0x21c/0x5f8 pages=4 vmalloc[panther:/ # reboot
0xfffffc008015000-0xfffffc008017000 8192 scs_alloc+0x18/0xc8 pages=1 vmalloc [thomasking@test-2 ~ % adb shell
0xfffffc008018000-0xfffffc00801d000 20480 start_kernel+0x21c/0x5f8 pages=4 vmalloc[panther:/ $ su
0xfffffc00801d000-0xfffffc00801f000 8192 scs_alloc+0x18/0xc8 pages=1 vmalloc[panther:/ # echo "1">/proc/sys/kernel/kptr_restrict
0xfffffc008020000-0xfffffc008025000 20480 start_kernel+0x21c/0x5f8 pages=4 vmalloc[panther:/ # cat /proc/vmallocinfo |more
0xfffffc008025000-0xfffffc008027000 8192 scs_alloc+0x18/0xc8 pages=1 vmalloc
0xfffffc008028000-0xfffffc00802d000 20480 start_kernel+0x21c/0x5f8 pages=4 vmalloc 0xfffffc008000000-0xfffffc008005000 20480 start_kernel+0x21c/0x5f8 pages=4 vmalloc
0xfffffc00802d000-0xfffffc00802f000 8192 scs_alloc+0x18/0xc8 pages=1 vmalloc 0xfffffc008005000-0xfffffc008007000 8192 scs_alloc+0x18/0xc8 pages=1 vmalloc
0xfffffc008030000-0xfffffc008035000 20480 start_kernel+0x21c/0x5f8 pages=4 vmalloc 0xfffffc008007000-0xfffffc008008000 4096 debug_snapshot_debug_kinfo_probe+0x198/0x2d8 [debug_sn
apshot_debug_kinfo] vmap
0xfffffc008035000-0xfffffc008037000 8192 scs_alloc+0x18/0xc8 pages=1 vmalloc
0xfffffc008038000-0xfffffc00803d000 20480 start_kernel+0x21c/0x5f8 pages=4 vmalloc 0xfffffc008008000-0xfffffc00800d000 20480 start_kernel+0x21c/0x5f8 pages=4 vmalloc
0xfffffc00803d000-0xfffffc00803f000 8192 scs_alloc+0x18/0xc8 pages=1 vmalloc 0xfffffc00800d000-0xfffffc00800f000 8192 scs_alloc+0x18/0xc8 pages=1 vmalloc
0xfffffc008040000-0xfffffc008051000 69632 gic_of_init.31948+0x44/0x254 phys=0x000 0xfffffc008010000-0xfffffc008015000 20480 start_kernel+0x21c/0x5f8 pages=4 vmalloc
oremap 0xfffffc008015000-0xfffffc008017000 8192 scs_alloc+0x18/0xc8 pages=1 vmalloc
0xfffffc008018000-0xfffffc00801d000 20480 start_kernel+0x21c/0x5f8 pages=4 vmalloc 0xfffffc00801d000-0xfffffc00801f000 8192 scs_alloc+0x18/0xc8 pages=1 vmalloc
0xfffffc008020000-0xfffffc008025000 8192 scs_alloc+0x18/0xc8 pages=1 vmalloc 0xfffffc008020000-0xfffffc008025000 20480 start_kernel+0x21c/0x5f8 pages=4 vmalloc
0xfffffc008025000-0xfffffc008027000 8192 scs_alloc+0x18/0xc8 pages=1 vmalloc 0xfffffc008025000-0xfffffc008027000 8192 scs_alloc+0x18/0xc8 pages=1 vmalloc
0xfffffc008028000-0xfffffc00802d000 20480 start_kernel+0x21c/0x5f8 pages=4 vmalloc 0xfffffc008028000-0xfffffc00802d000 20480 start_kernel+0x21c/0x5f8 pages=4 vmalloc
0xfffffc00802d000-0xfffffc00802f000 8192 scs_alloc+0x18/0xc8 pages=1 vmalloc 0xfffffc00802d000-0xfffffc00802f000 8192 scs_alloc+0x18/0xc8 pages=1 vmalloc
0xfffffc008030000-0xfffffc008035000 20480 start_kernel+0x21c/0x5f8 pages=4 vmalloc 0xfffffc008030000-0xfffffc008035000 20480 start_kernel+0x21c/0x5f8 pages=4 vmalloc
0xfffffc008035000-0xfffffc008037000 8192 scs_alloc+0x18/0xc8 pages=1 vmalloc 0xfffffc008035000-0xfffffc008037000 8192 scs_alloc+0x18/0xc8 pages=1 vmalloc
0xfffffc008038000-0xfffffc00803d000 20480 start_kernel+0x21c/0x5f8 pages=4 vmalloc 0xfffffc008038000-0xfffffc00803d000 20480 start_kernel+0x21c/0x5f8 pages=4 vmalloc
0xfffffc00803d000-0xfffffc00803f000 8192 scs_alloc+0x18/0xc8 pages=1 vmalloc 0xfffffc00803d000-0xfffffc00803f000 8192 scs_alloc+0x18/0xc8 pages=1 vmalloc
0xfffffc008040000-0xfffffc008051000 69632 gic_of_init.31948+0x44/0x254 phys=0x0000000010400000 i
oremap
```

# Exploitation

- Hardcode the addresses of kernel objects
  - Early allocated objects during booting

```
struct foo_t {  
    void *a;  
    void *b;  
};  
  
void init_xx() {  
    foo_t *f = kmalloc(sizeof(foo_t), GFP_KERNEL);  
    f->a = vmalloc(0x8000);  
    f->b = vmalloc(0x4000);  
    // ...  
}
```

- No user handle associated with those objects

# Predict the address

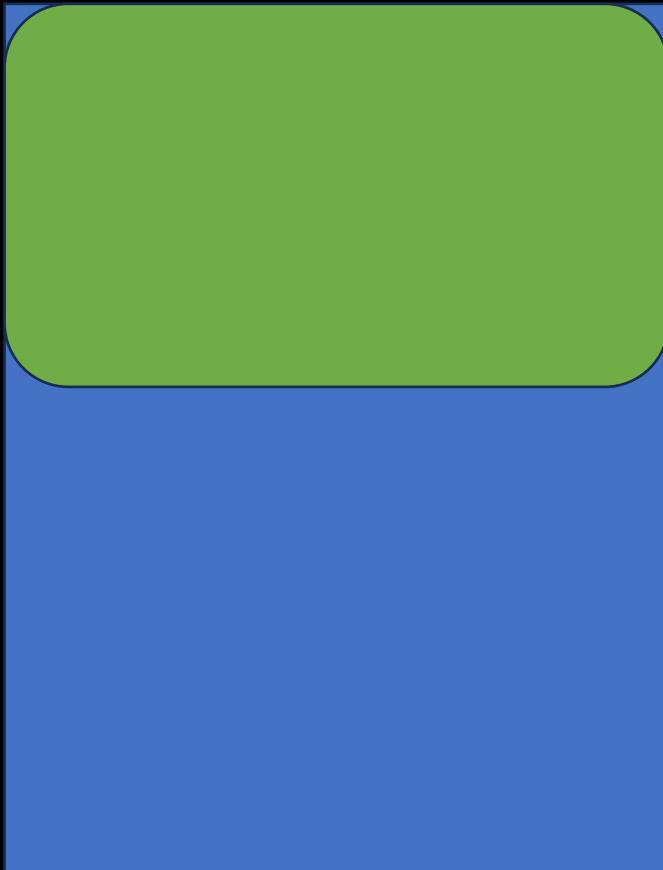
VMALLOC\_START



```
0xffffffe51f284000-0xffffffe51f289000 20480 load_module+0x1ecc/0x2554 pages=4 vmalloc  
0xffffffe51f289000-0xffffffe51f75d000 5062656 load_module+0x1ecc/0x2554 pages=1235  
vmalloc vpages  
0xfffffffffeb498000-0xfffffffffeb5a0000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc  
0xfffffffffeb5a0000-0xfffffffffeb6a8000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc  
0xfffffffffeb6a8000-0xfffffffffeb7b0000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc  
0xfffffffffeb7b0000-0xfffffffffeb8b8000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc  
0xfffffffffeb8b8000-0xfffffffffeb9c0000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc  
0xfffffffffeb9c0000-0xfffffffffebfac8000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc  
0xfffffffffebfac8000-0xfffffffffebfb0000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc  
0xfffffffffebfb0000-0xfffffffffebfc8000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc  
0xfffffffffebfc8000-0xfffffffffebfd0000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc  
0xfffffffffebfd0000-0xfffffffffebfcde0000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc  
0xfffffffffebfcde0000-0xfffffffffebfee8000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc  
0xfffffffffebfee8000-0xfffffffffebfff0000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc  
0xffffffc021c9b000-0xffffffc021c9d000 8192 unpurged vm_area  
0xffffffc021197000-0xffffffc021199000 8192 unpurged vm_area  
0xffffffc027a18000-0xffffffc027a1d000 20480 unpurged vm_area  
0xffffffc021be9000-0xffffffc021beb000 8192 unpurged vm_area  
0xffffffc021beb000-0xffffffc021bed000 8192 unpurged vm_area  
0xffffffc02122d000-0xffffffc02122f000 8192 unpurged vm_area
```

# Predict the address

VMALLOC\_START



```
0xffffffe51f284000-0xffffffe51f289000 20480 load_module+0x1ecc/0x2554 pages=4 vmalloc  
0xffffffe51f289000-0xffffffe51f75d000 5062656 load_module+0x1ecc/0x2554 pages=1235  
vmalloc vpages  
0xfffffffffeb498000-0xfffffffffeb5a0000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc  
0xfffffffffeb5a0000-0xfffffffffeb6a8000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc  
0xfffffffffeb6a8000-0xfffffffffeb7b0000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc  
0xfffffffffeb7b0000-0xfffffffffeb8b8000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc  
0xfffffffffeb8b8000-0xfffffffffeb9c0000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc  
0xfffffffffeb9c0000-0xfffffffffebfac8000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc  
0xfffffffffebfac8000-0xfffffffffebfb0000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc  
0xfffffffffebfb0000-0xfffffffffebfc8000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc  
0xfffffffffebfc8000-0xfffffffffebfd0000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc  
0xfffffffffebfd0000-0xfffffffffebfcde8000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc  
0xfffffffffebfcde8000-0xfffffffffebfee8000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc  
0xfffffffffebfee8000-0xfffffffffebfff0000 1081344 pcpu_get_vm_areas.cfi_jt+0x0/0x8 vmalloc  
0xffffffc024e45000-0xffffffc024e47000 8192 unpurged vm_area  
0xffffffc024e3d000-0xffffffc024e3f000 8192 unpurged vm_area  
0xffffffc0254af000-0xfffffc0254b5000 24576 unpurged vm_area  
0xfffffc024d8b000-0xfffffc024d8d000 8192 unpurged vm_area  
0xfffffc025f30000-0xfffffc025f35000 20480 unpurged vm_area  
0xfffffc024e35000-0xfffffc024e37000 8192 unpurged vm_area  
0xfffffc024e2d000-0xfffffc024e2f000 8192 unpurged vm_area  
0xfffffc023fad000-0xfffffc023faf000 8192 unpurged vm_area  
0xfffffc024e1d000-0xfffffc024e1f000 8192 unpurged vm_area  
0xfffffc027f90000-0xfffffc027f95000 20480 unpurged vm_area  
...
```

# Predict the address

VMALLOC\_START

threshold

VMALLOC\_END

Music

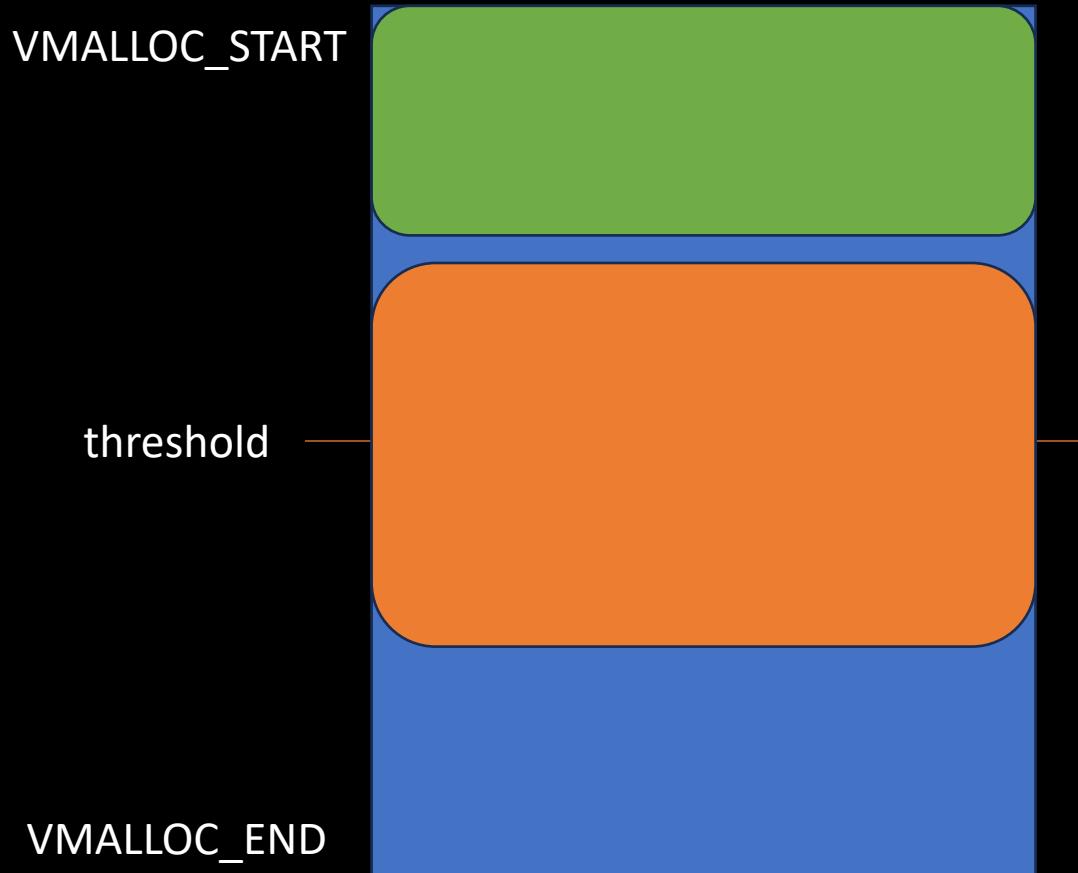
VMALLOC\_START

threshold

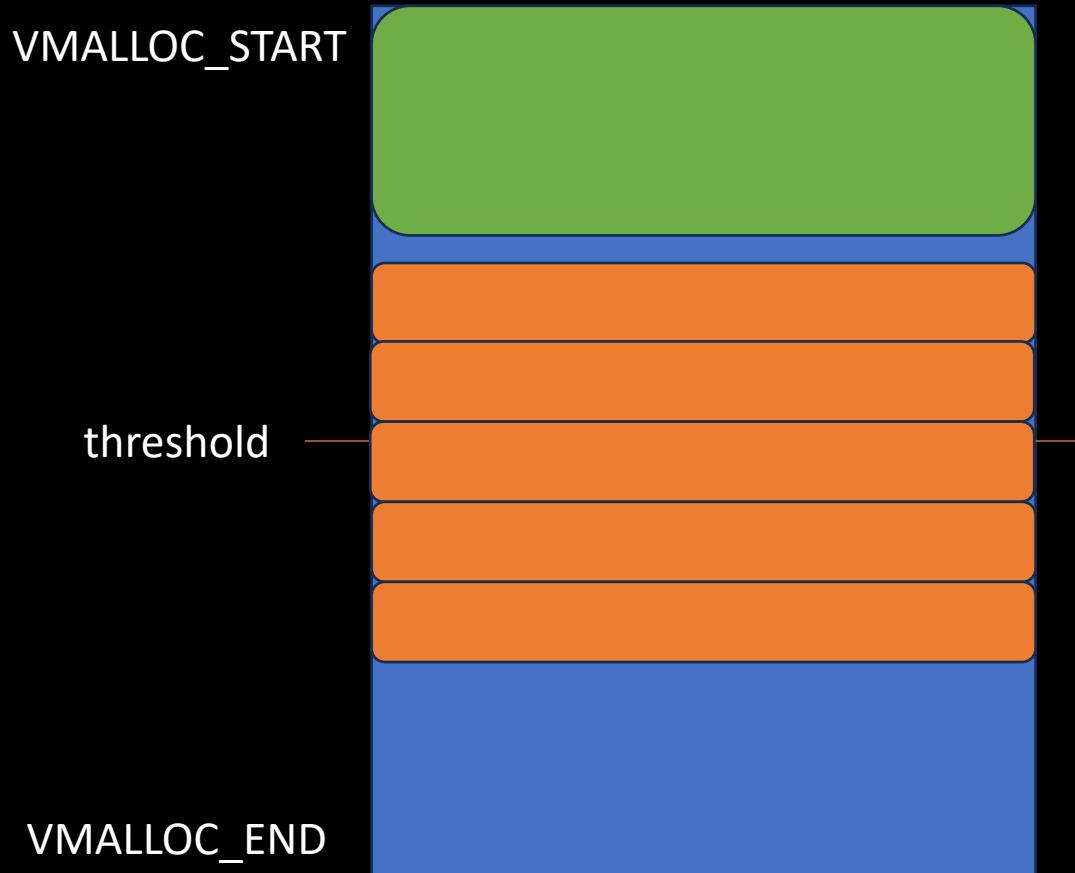
VMALLOC\_END

Chrome

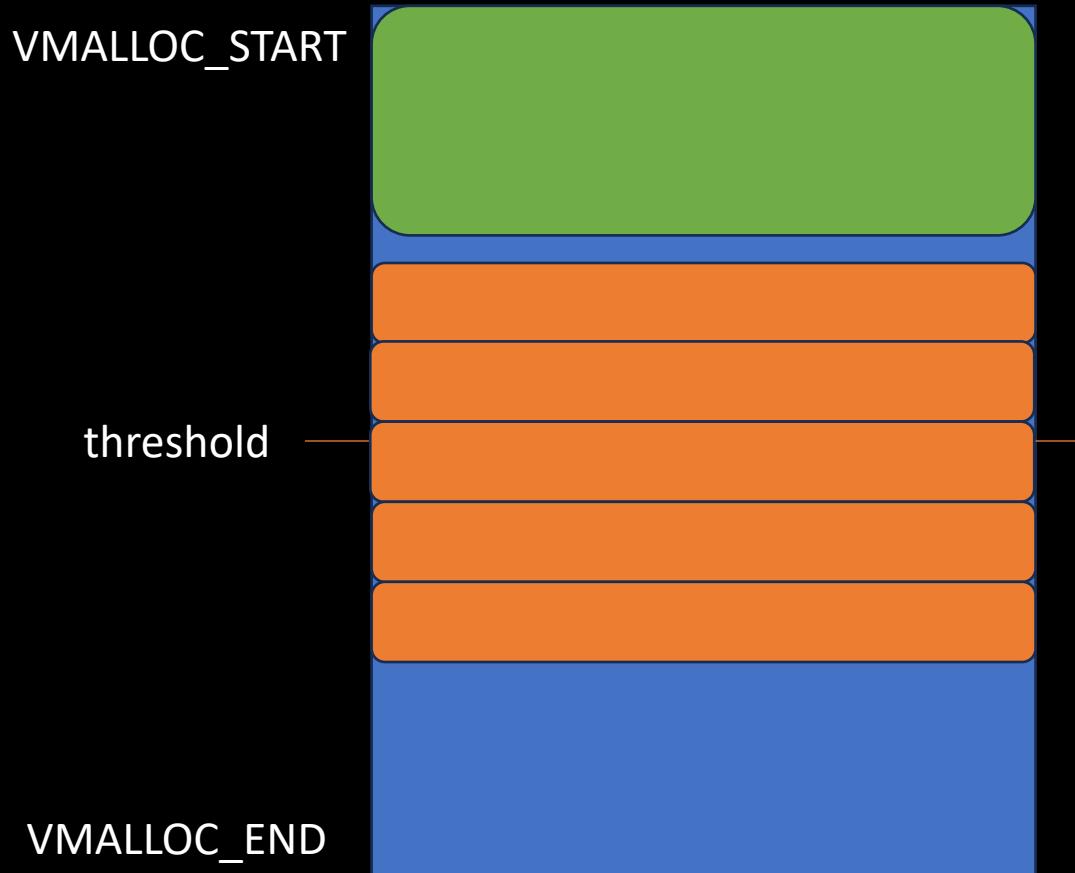
# Predict the address



# Predict the address



# Predict the address



Is it possible to spray enough `vm_areas` at a low cost? 🤔

# Virtual Address Management

```
struct kbase_va_region {  
    struct rb_node rblink;  
    struct list_head link;  
    u64 start_pfn; // virtual address  
    size_t nr_pages;  
    size_t initial_commit;  
    unsigned long flags; // {KBASE_REG_CPU_WR, KBASE_REG_FREE, ...}  
    struct kbase_mem_phy_alloc *cpu_alloc;  
    struct kbase_mem_phy_alloc *gpu_alloc;  
    struct list_head jit_node;  
    u16 jit_usage_id;  
    u8 jit_bin_id;  
    int va_refcnt;
```

# Virtual Address Management

```
struct kbase_mem_phy_alloc {  
    struct kref      kref;  
    atomic_t        gpu_mappings;  
    atomic_t        kernel_mappings;  
    size_t          nents;  
    struct tagged_addr *pages;  
    struct list_head mappings;  
    struct list_head evict_node;  
    size_t          evicted;  
    struct kbase_va_region *reg;  
    enum kbase_memory_type type;  
    struct kbase_vmap_struct *permanent_map;  
    u8 properties;  
    u8 group_id;  
    union {umm, alias, native, user_buf} imported;
```

# Predict the address

```
#define KBASE_MEM_PHY_ALLOC_LARGE_THRESHOLD ((size_t)(4*1024)) /* size above which we use kzalloc */

static inline struct kbase_mem_phy_alloc *kbase_alloc_create(
    struct kbase_context *kctx, size_t nr_pages,
    enum kbase_memory_type type, int group_id)
{
    struct kbase_mem_phy_alloc *alloc;
    size_t alloc_size = sizeof(*alloc) + sizeof(*alloc->pages) * nr_pages;
    size_t per_page_size = sizeof(*alloc->pages);

    /* Imported pages may have page private data already in use */
    if (type == KBASE_MEM_TYPE_IMPORTED_USER_BUF) {
        alloc_size += nr_pages *
                      sizeof(*alloc->imported.user_buf.dma_addrs);
        per_page_size += sizeof(*alloc->imported.user_buf.dma_addrs);
    }

    /*
     * Prevent nr_pages*per_page_size + sizeof(*alloc) from
     * wrapping around.
     */
    if (nr_pages > (((size_t)-1) - sizeof(*alloc))
        / per_page_size)
        return ERR_PTR(-ENOMEM);

    /* Allocate based on the size to reduce internal fragmentation of vmem */
    if (alloc_size > KBASE_MEM_PHY_ALLOC_LARGE_THRESHOLD)
        alloc = vzalloc(alloc_size);
    else
        alloc = kzalloc(alloc_size, GFP_KERNEL);

    if (!alloc)
        return ERR_PTR(-ENOMEM);
```

# Predict the address

```
union kbase_ioctl_mem_alloc {  
    struct {  
        __u64 va_pages; // virtual address  
        __u64 commit_pages; // physical address  
        __u64 extension;  
        __u64 flags;  
    } in;  
    struct {  
        __u64 flags;  
        __u64 gpu_va;  
    } out;  
};
```

# Predict the address

- Boot #1

```
0xffffffffc03c80e000-0xffffffffc03d80f000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages  
0xffffffffc03d80f000-0xffffffffc03e810000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages  
0xffffffffc03e810000-0xffffffffc03f811000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages  
0xffffffffc03f811000-0xffffffffc040812000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages  
0xffffffffc040812000-0xffffffffc041813000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages  
0xffffffffc041813000-0xffffffffc042814000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages  
0xffffffffc042814000-0xffffffffc043815000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages  
0xffffffffc043815000-0xffffffffc044816000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages  
0xffffffffc044816000-0xffffffffc045817000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages  
0xffffffffc045817000-0xffffffffc046818000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages  
0xffffffffc046818000-0xffffffffc047819000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages  
0xffffffffc047819000-0xffffffffc04881a000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages  
0xffffffffc04881a000-0xffffffffc04981b000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages
```

# Predict the address

- Boot #n

```
0xffffffffc03cc0f000-0xffffffffc03dc10000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages  
0xffffffffc03dc10000-0xffffffffc03ec11000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages  
0xffffffffc03ec11000-0xffffffffc03fc12000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages  
0xffffffffc03fc12000-0xffffffffc040c13000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages  
0xffffffffc040c13000-0xffffffffc041c14000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages  
0xffffffffc041c14000-0xffffffffc042c15000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages  
0xffffffffc042c15000-0xffffffffc043c16000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages  
0xffffffffc043c16000-0xffffffffc044c17000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages  
0xffffffffc044c17000-0xffffffffc045c18000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages  
0xffffffffc045c18000-0xffffffffc046c19000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages  
0xffffffffc046c19000-0xffffffffc047c1a000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages  
0xffffffffc047c1a000-0xffffffffc048c1b000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages  
0xffffffffc048c1b000-0xffffffffc049c1c000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages
```

# Predict the address



How to find the start address? 🤔

# Search the start address

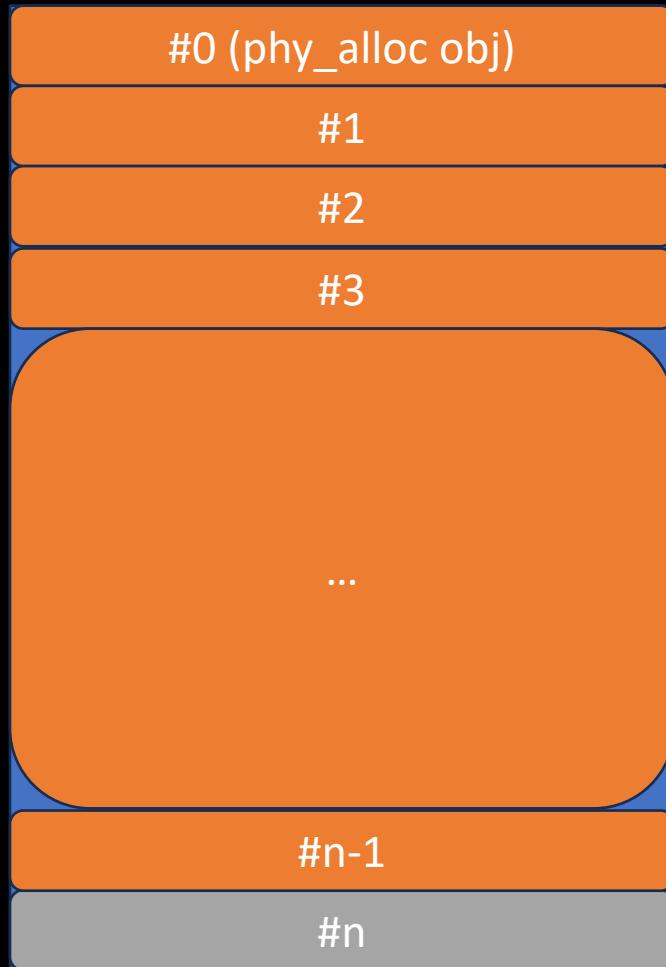
```
switch (query) {
    case KBASE_MEM_QUERY_COMMIT_SIZE:
        if (reg->cpu_alloc->type != KBASE_MEM_TYPE_ALIAS) {
            *out = kbase_reg_current_backed_size(reg);
        } else {
            size_t i;
            struct kbase_aliased *aliased;
            *out = 0;
            aliased = reg->cpu_alloc->imported.alias.aliased;
            for (i = 0; i < reg->cpu_alloc->imported.alias.nents; i++)
                *out += aliased[i].length;
        }
        break;

static inline size_t kbase_reg_current_backed_size(struct kbase_va_region *reg)
{
    KBASE_DEBUG_ASSERT(reg);
    /* if no alloc object the backed size naturally is 0 */
    if (!reg->cpu_alloc)
        return 0;

    KBASE_DEBUG_ASSERT(reg->cpu_alloc);
    KBASE_DEBUG_ASSERT(reg->gpu_alloc);
    KBASE_DEBUG_ASSERT(reg->cpu_alloc->nents == reg->gpu_alloc->nents);

    return reg->cpu_alloc->nents;
}
```

# Search the start address



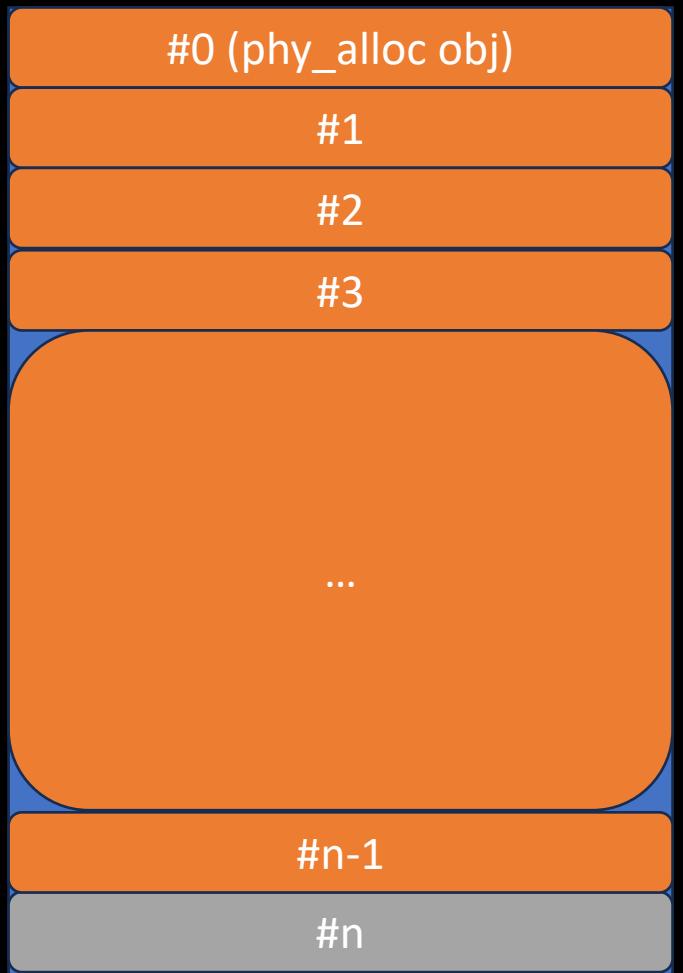
`kbase_mem_phy_alloc & page_array`

```
struct kbase_mem_phy_alloc {  
    struct kref      kref;  
    atomic_t        gpu_mappings;  
    atomic_t        kernel_mappings;  
    size_t          nents;  
    struct tagged_addr *pages;
```

`kbasep_kinstr_prfcnt_get_request_info_list`

0000:	01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 01 00 00 00
0016:	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0032:	01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 00
0048:	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

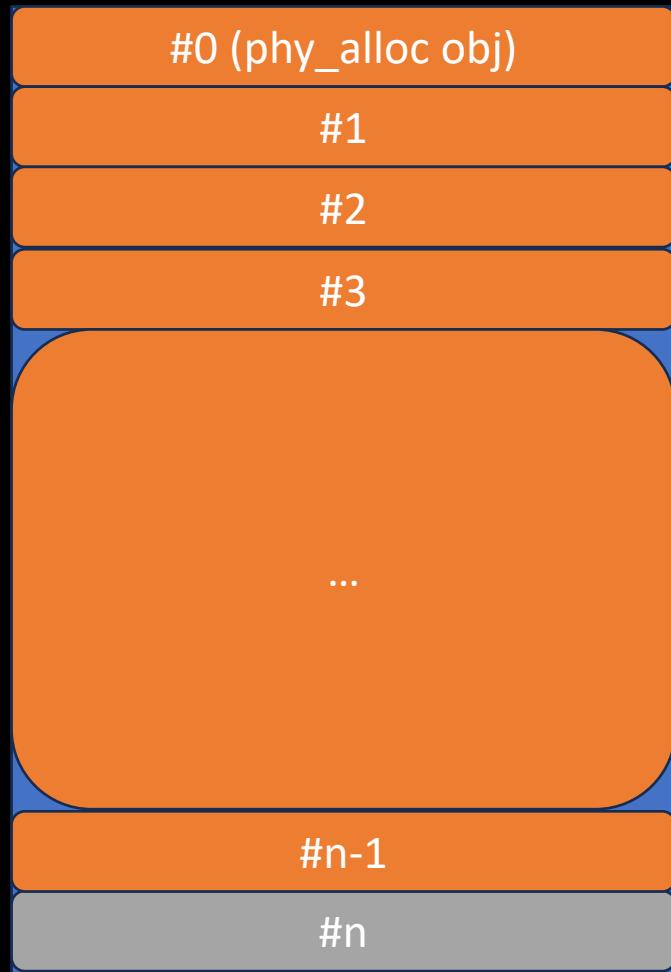
# Search the start address



`kbase_mem_phy_alloc & page_array`

- Trigger the bug
  - $KA - 0x1000 * index + nents\_offset$
- Query the nents
  - 0

# Search the start address



KA(threshold)

kbase\_mem\_phy\_alloc & page\_array

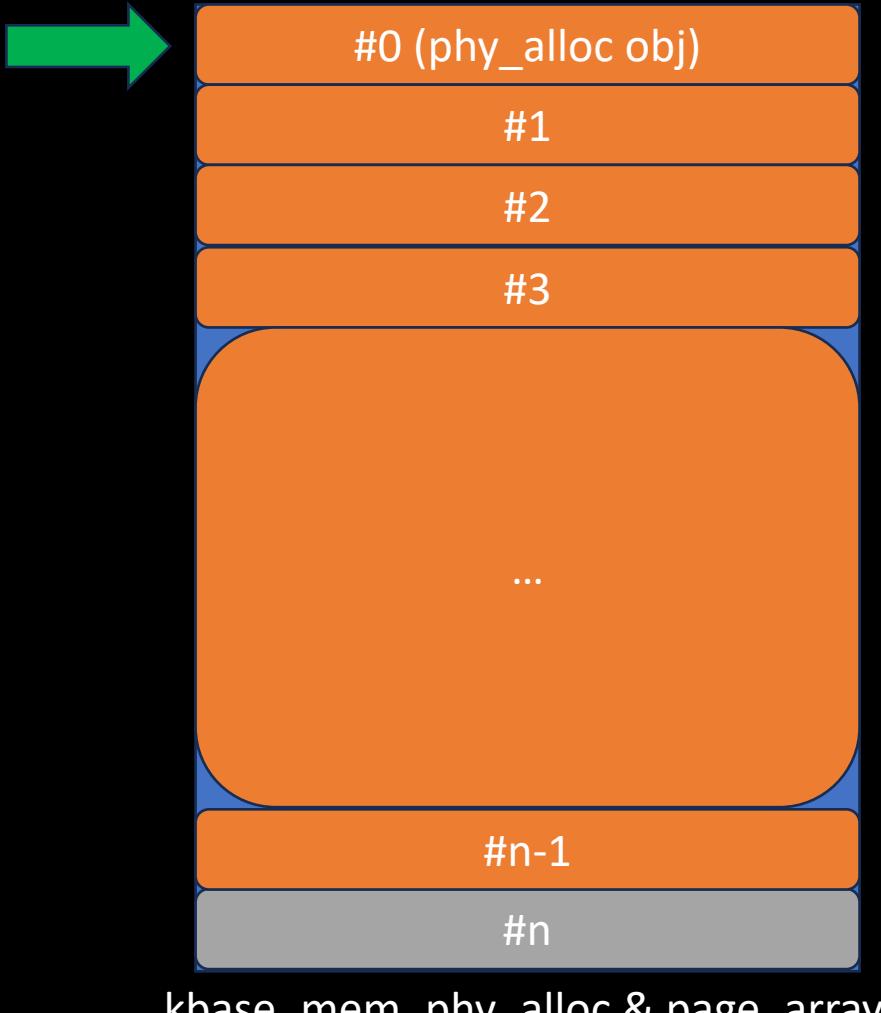
- Trigger the bug
  - $KA - 0x1000 * index + nents\_offset$
- Query the nents
  - 1
- GPU VA Reg\_n
  - Precise kernel address
  - Fields are corrupted

# Predict the address

- Boot #n

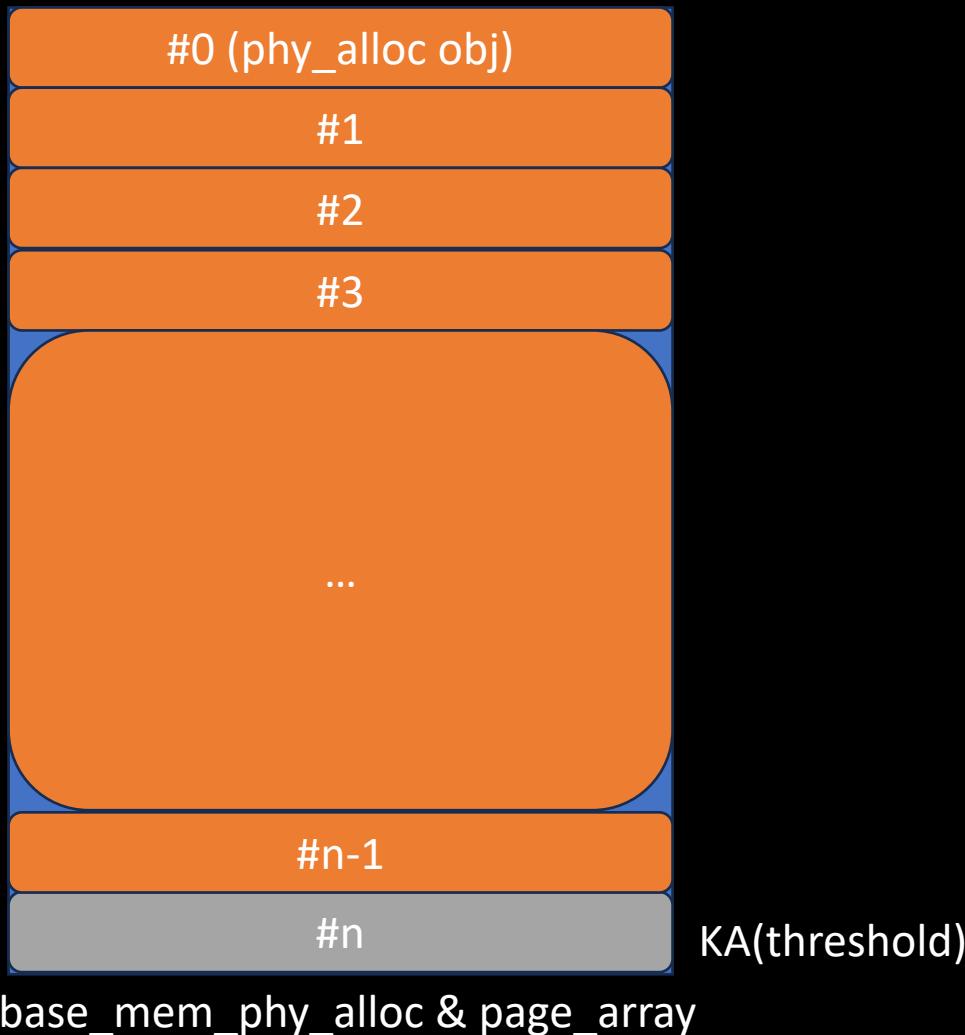
```
0xffffffffc03cc0f000-0xffffffffc03dc10000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages
0xffffffffc03dc10000-0xffffffffc03ec11000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages
0xffffffffc03ec11000-0xffffffffc03fc12000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages
0xffffffffc03fc12000-0xffffffffc040c13000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages
0xffffffffc040c13000-0xffffffffc041c14000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages // Reg_n
0xffffffffc041c14000-0xffffffffc042c15000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages // Reg_n+1
0xffffffffc042c15000-0xffffffffc043c16000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages
0xffffffffc043c16000-0xffffffffc044c17000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages
0xffffffffc044c17000-0xffffffffc045c18000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages
0xffffffffc045c18000-0xffffffffc046c19000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages
0xffffffffc046c19000-0xffffffffc047c1a000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages
0xffffffffc047c1a000-0xffffffffc048c1b000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages
0xffffffffc048c1b000-0xffffffffc049c1c000 16781312 kbase_ioctl+0x2a20/0x3430 pages=4096 vmalloc vpages
```

# Search the start address



- Trigger the bug
  - KA - 0x1000 \* index + nents\_offset
- Query the nents
  - 1
- GPU VA Reg\_n
  - Precise kernel address
  - Fields are corrupted
- GPU VA Reg\_n+1
  - Precise kernel address

# Search the start address



- Trigger the bug
  - $KA - 0x1000 * \text{index} + \text{nents\_offset}$
- Query the nents
  - 1
- GPU VA Reg\_n
  - Precise kernel address
  - Fields are corrupted
- GPU VA Reg\_n+1
  - Precise kernel address
- Crash rate ( $1/n$ )
  - 16MB(<0.025%)

# Write primitive

- kbasep\_kinstr\_pfcnt\_get\_request\_info\_list

```
0000: 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 01 00 00 00  
0016: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00  
0032: 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 01 00 00 00  
0048: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

- kbasep\_kinstr\_pfcnt\_get\_block\_info\_list

```
0000: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ?? ?? ?? ?? 00 00 00 00  
0016: FF FF
```

- The last sentinel item

```
0000: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00  
0016: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

```
struct kbase_mem_phy_alloc {  
    struct kref        kref;  
    atomic_t           gpu_mappings;  
    atomic_t           kernel_mappings;  
    size_t             nents;  
    struct tagged_addr *pages;  
    struct list_head   mappings;  
    struct list_head   evict_node;  
    size_t             evicted;  
    struct kbase_va_region *reg;  
    enum kbase_memory_type type;  
    struct kbase_vmap_struct *permanent_map;  
    u8 properties;  
    u8 group_id;  
    union {umm, alias, native, user_buf} imported;
```

# Write primitive

- kbasep\_kinstr\_prcnt\_get\_request\_info\_list

```
0000: 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 01 00 00 00  
0016: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00  
0032: 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 01 00 00 00  
0048: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

- kbasep\_kinstr\_prcnt\_get\_block\_info\_list

```
0000: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ?? ?? ?? ?? 00 00 00 00  
0016: FF FF
```

- The last sentinel item

```
0000: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00  
0016: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
```



`kbase_mem_phy_alloc & page_array`

# Write primitive

- kbasep\_kinstr\_prcnt\_get\_request\_info\_list

```
0000: 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 01 00 00 00  
0016: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00  
0032: 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 01 00 00 00  
0048: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

- kbasep\_kinstr\_prcnt\_get\_block\_info\_list

```
0000: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 ?? ?? ?? ?? 00 00 00 00  
0016: FF FF
```

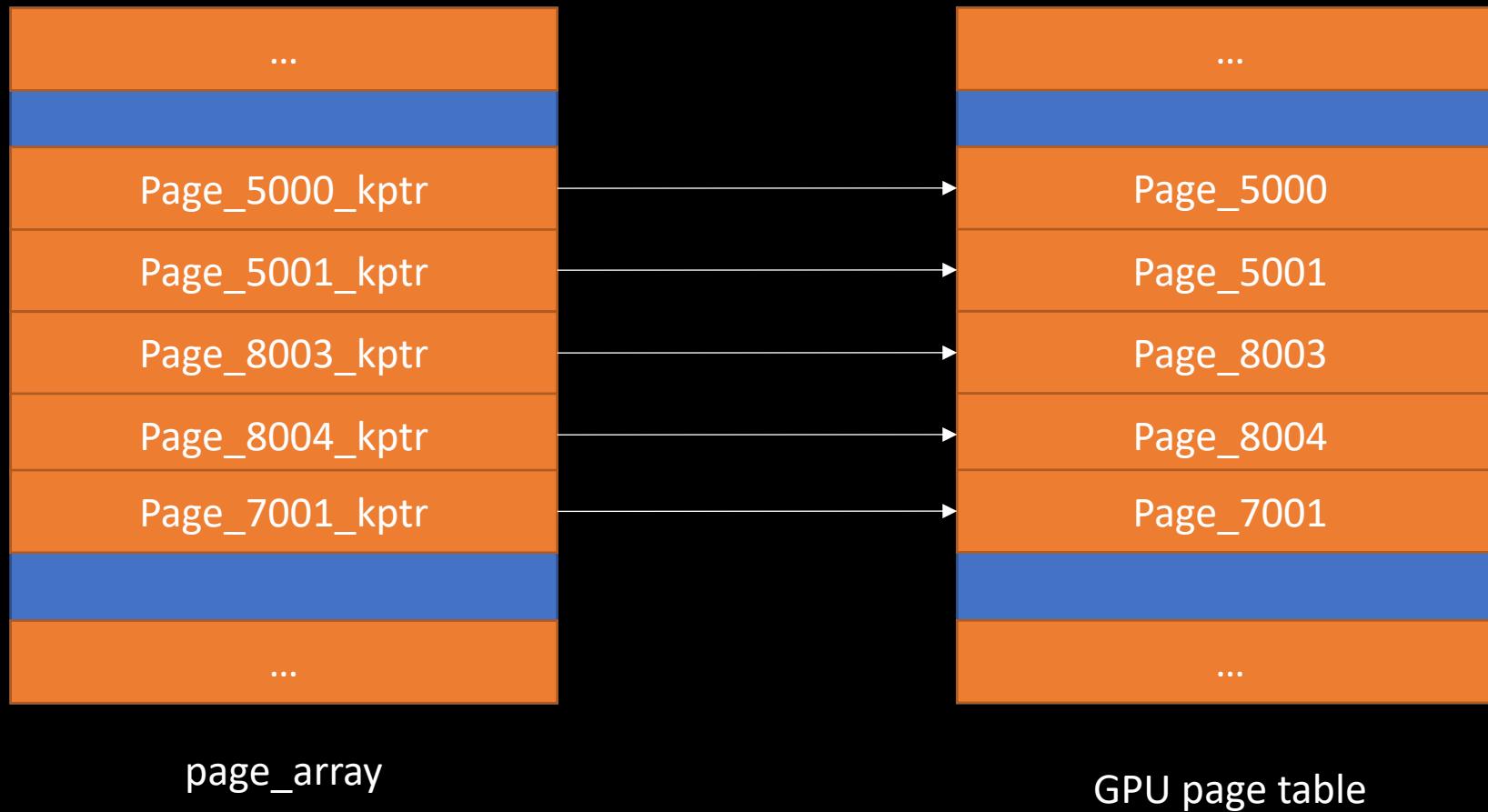
- The last sentinel item

```
0000: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00  
0016: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

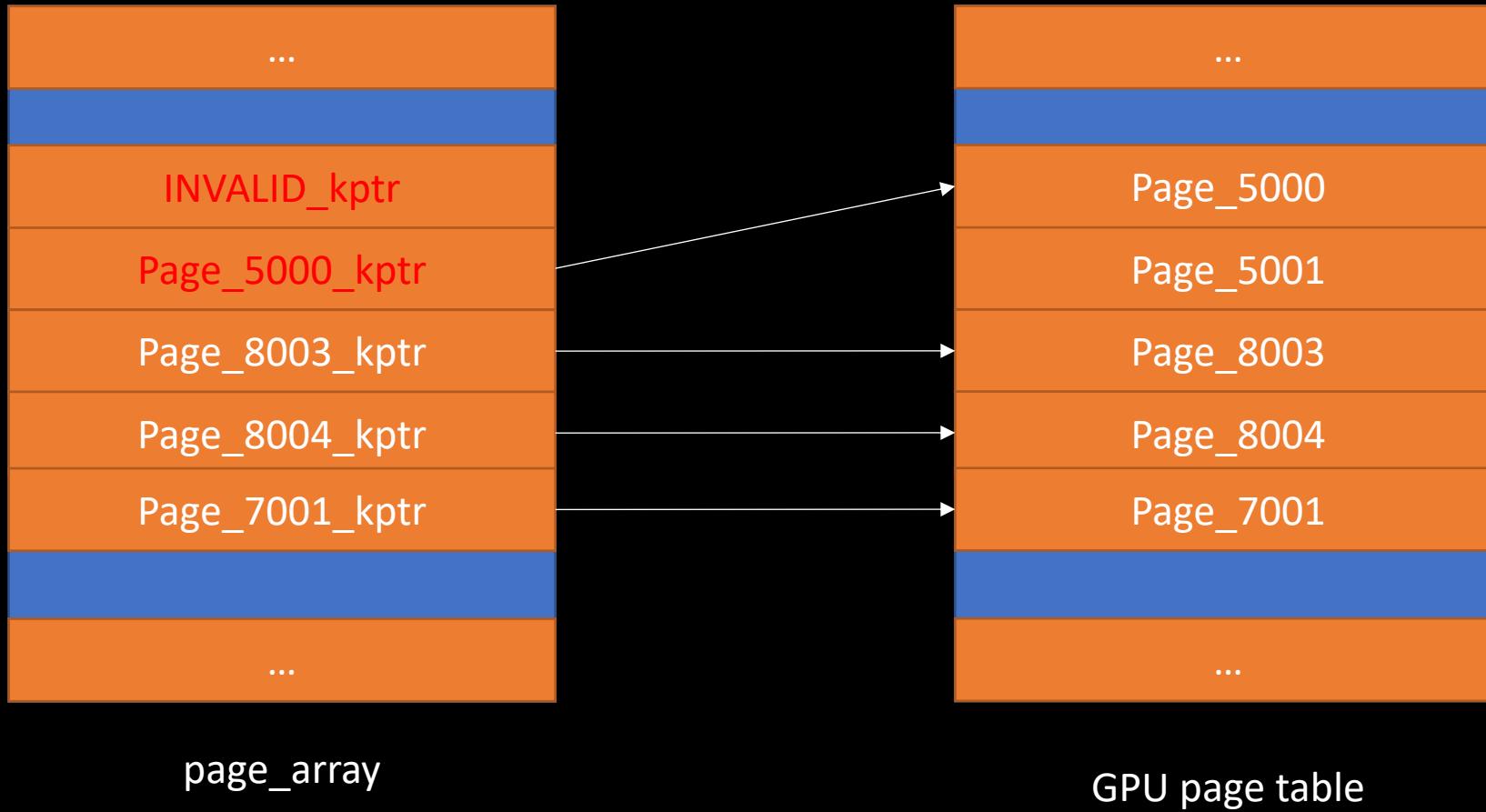


kbase\_mem\_phy\_alloc & page\_array

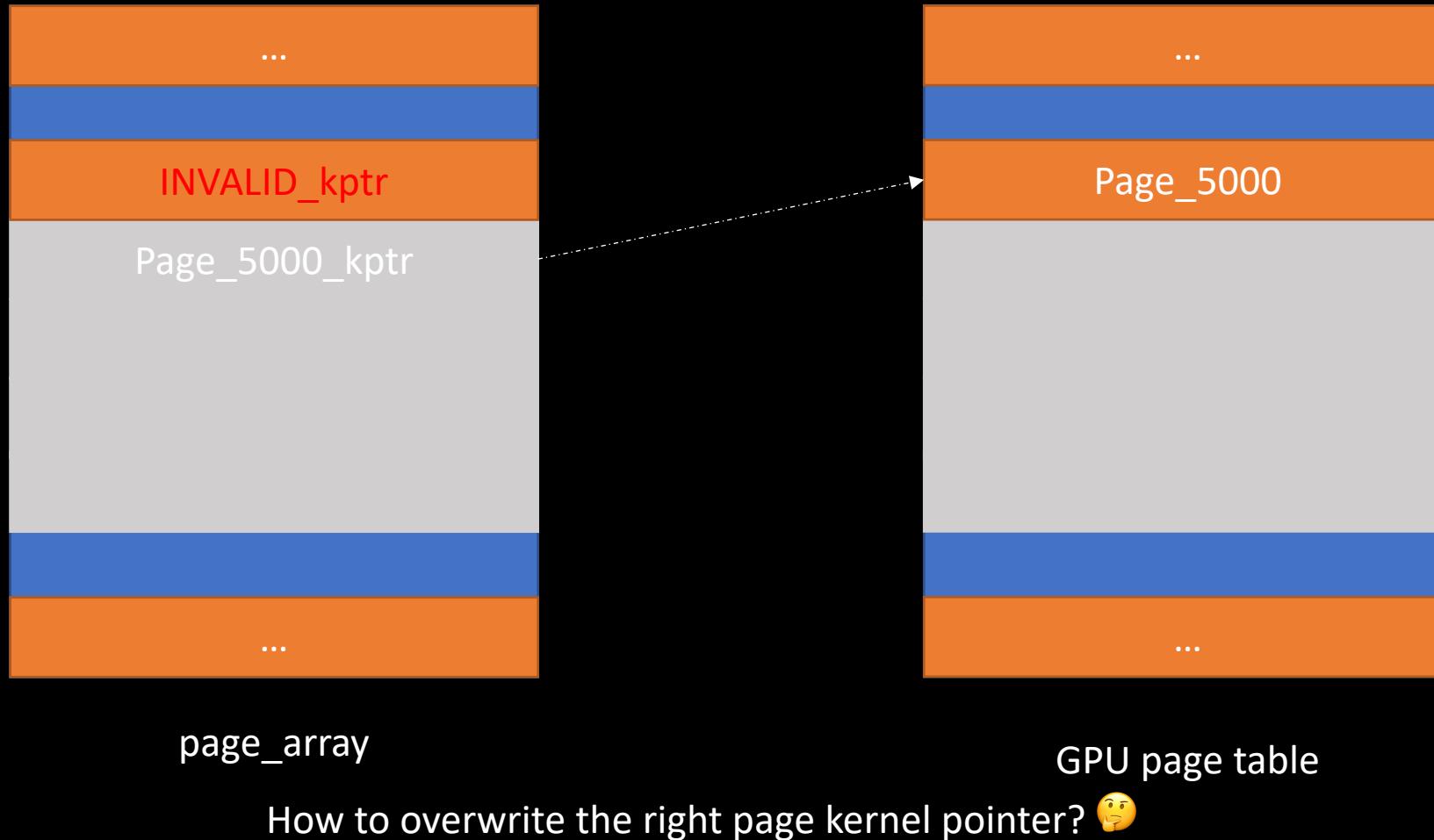
# Page UAF in GPU MMU



# Page UAF in GPU MMU



# Page UAF in GPU MMU



# CVE-2022-36449

- MMU entries can be dumped
  - Leak the physical page frames(including zero page)

```
PGD(level: 0): 0(next PGD: 8da80a000)
PGD(level: 1): 7f00000000(next PGD: 8da686000)
PGD(level: 2): 7f00000000(next PGD: 8da685000)
Range: 7f00000000-7f00020000: ****
Range: 7f00020000-7f00040000: ****_
Range: 7f00040000-7f00060000: _____
Range: 7f00060000-7f00080000: _____
Range: 7f00080000-7f000a0000: _____
Range: 7f000a0000-7f000c0000: _____
Range: 7f000c0000-7f000e0000: _____
Range: 7f000e0000-7f00100000: _____
Range: 7f00100000-7f00120000: _____
Range: 7f00120000-7f00140000: _____
Range: 7f00140000-7f00160000: _____
Range: 7f00160000-7f00180000: _____
Range: 7f00180000-7f001a0000: _____
Range: 7f001a0000-7f001c0000: _____
Range: 7f001c0000-7f001e0000: _____
Range: 7f001e0000-7f00200000: _____
```

“-” denotes Invalid descriptor

“\*” denotes Page descriptor

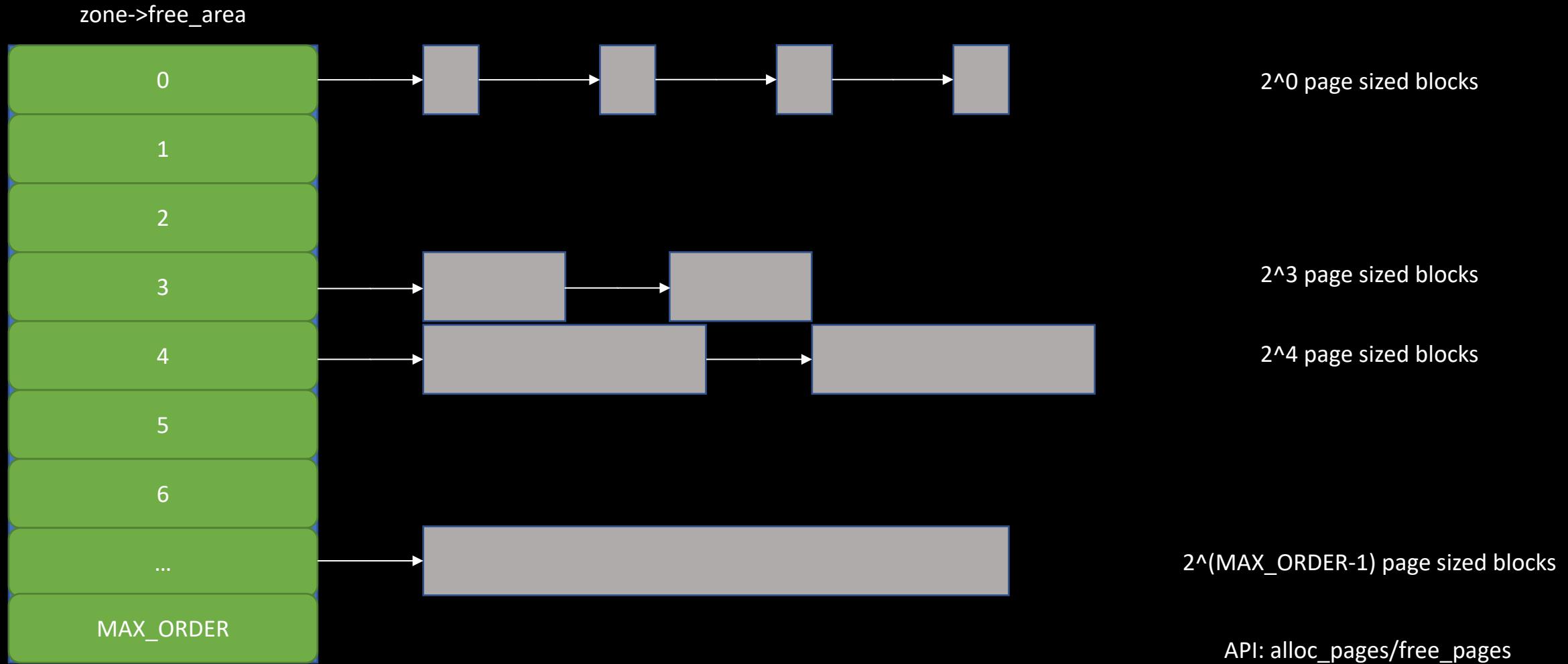
# CVE-2022-36449

- MMU entries can be dumped
  - Leak the physical page frames(including zero page)
  - Fixed and guarded by non-default config

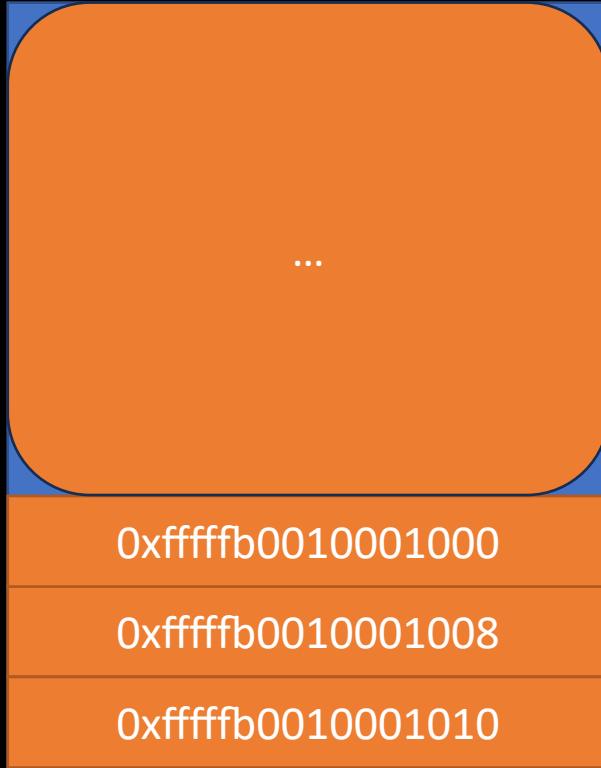
```
2850     case `PFN_DOWN` (BASE_MEM_MMU_DUMP_HANDLE):  
2851 #if defined(CONFIG_MALI_VECTOR_DUMP)  
2852     /* MMU dump */  
2853     err = kbase_mmu_dump_mmap(kctx, vma, &reg, &kaddr);  
2854     if (err != 0)  
2855         goto out_unlock;  
2856     /* free the region on munmap */  
2857     free_on_close = 1;  
2858     break;  
2859 #else
```

- Use only one bug to exploit

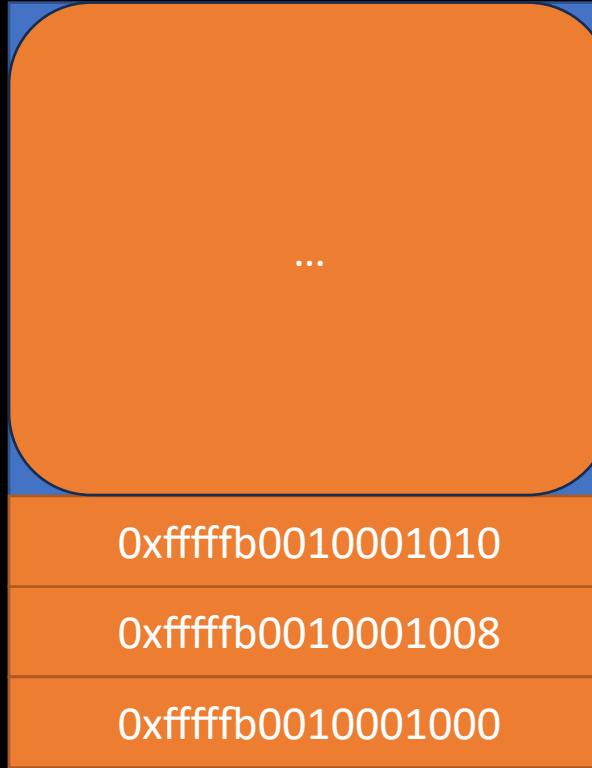
# Buddy allocator internal



# Page UAF in GPU MMU



page\_array

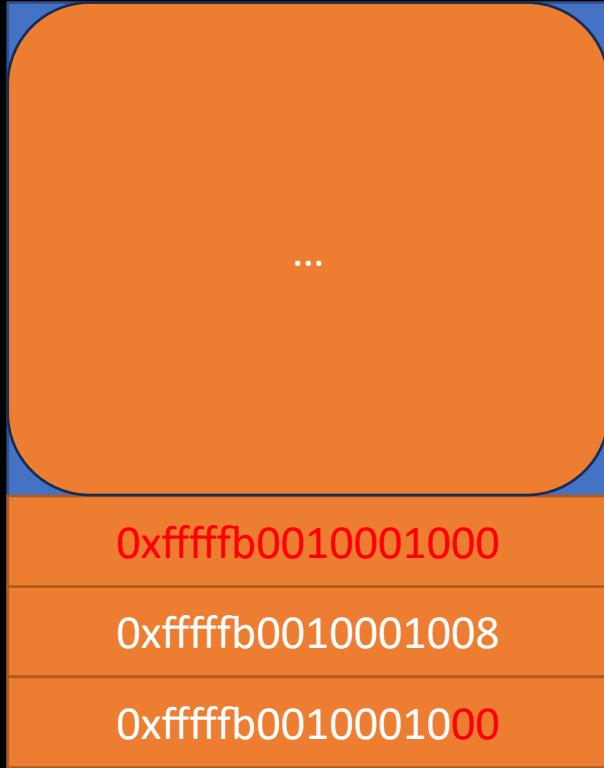


page\_array

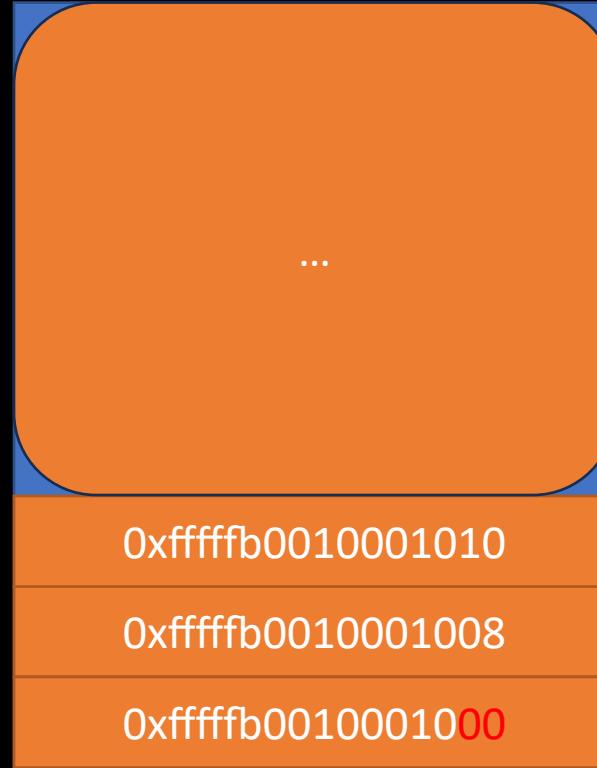


page\_array

# Page UAF in GPU MMU



page\_array



page\_array



page\_array



# Physical Page Management

```
struct kbase_mem_pool {  
    struct kbase_device *kbdev;  
    size_t      cur_size;  
    size_t      max_size;  
    u8          order;  
    u8          group_id;  
    spinlock_t   pool_lock;  
    struct list_head  page_list;  
    struct shrinker   reclaim;  
  
    struct kbase_mem_pool *next_pool;  
  
    bool dying;  
    bool dont_reclaim;  
};
```

```
struct kbase_mem_pool_group {  
    struct kbase_mem_pool small[16];  
    struct kbase_mem_pool large[16];  
};  
  
int kbase_context_mem_pool_group_init(struct kbase_context  
*kctx)  
{  
    return kbase_mem_pool_group_init(  
        &kctx->mem_pools,  
        kctx->kbdev,  
        &kctx->kbdev->mem_pool_defaults,  
        &kctx->kbdev->mem_pools);  
}
```

# Physical Page Management

- Allocate
  - Step 1: allocate from the kctx->mem\_pools. If insufficient, goto step 2
  - Step 2: allocate from the kbdev->mem\_pools. If insufficient, goto step 3
  - Step 3: allocate from the kernel
- Free
  - Step 1: add the pages to kctx->mem\_pools. If full, goto step 2
  - Step 2: add the pages to kbdev->mem\_pools. If full, goto step 3
  - Step 3: free the remaining pages to the kernel
- Shrinker
  - `register_shriner(&kctx->reclaim);`
  - `register_shriner(&pool->reclaim);`

# Page UAF in GPU MMU

- `kbase_mmu_insert_pages_no_flush`
  - If invalid, allocate one page as the PGD
  - Allocate from `kbdev->mem_pools`, not from `kctx->mem_pools`

```
if (!kbdev->mmu_mode->pte_is_valid(page[vPFN], level)) {  
    enum kbase_mmu_op_type flush_op = KBASE_MMU_OP_NONE;  
    unsigned int current_valid_entries;  
    u64 managed_pte;  
  
    target_pgd = kbase_mmu_alloc_pgd(kbdev, mmuT);  
    if (target_pgd == KBASE_MMU_INVALID_PGD_ADDRESS) {  
        dev_dbg(kbdev->dev, "%s: kbase_mmu_alloc_pgd failure\n",  
                __func__);  
        kunmap(p);  
        return -ENOMEM;  
    }  
}
```

```
static phys_addr_t kbase_mmu_alloc_pgd(struct kbase_device *kbdev,  
                                       struct kbase_mmu_table *mmuT)  
{  
    u64 *page;  
    struct page *p;  
    phys_addr_t pgd;  
  
    p = kbase_mem_pool_alloc(&kbdev->mem_pools.small[mmuT->group_id]);  
    if (!p)  
        return KBASE_MMU_INVALID_PGD_ADDRESS;
```

# Page UAF in GPU MMU

- `kbase_mmu_insert_pages_no_flush`
  - If invalid, allocate one page as the PGD
  - Allocate from `kbdev->mem_pools`, not from `kctx->mem_pools`
  - **It's possible to reuse the freed pages as the PGD**

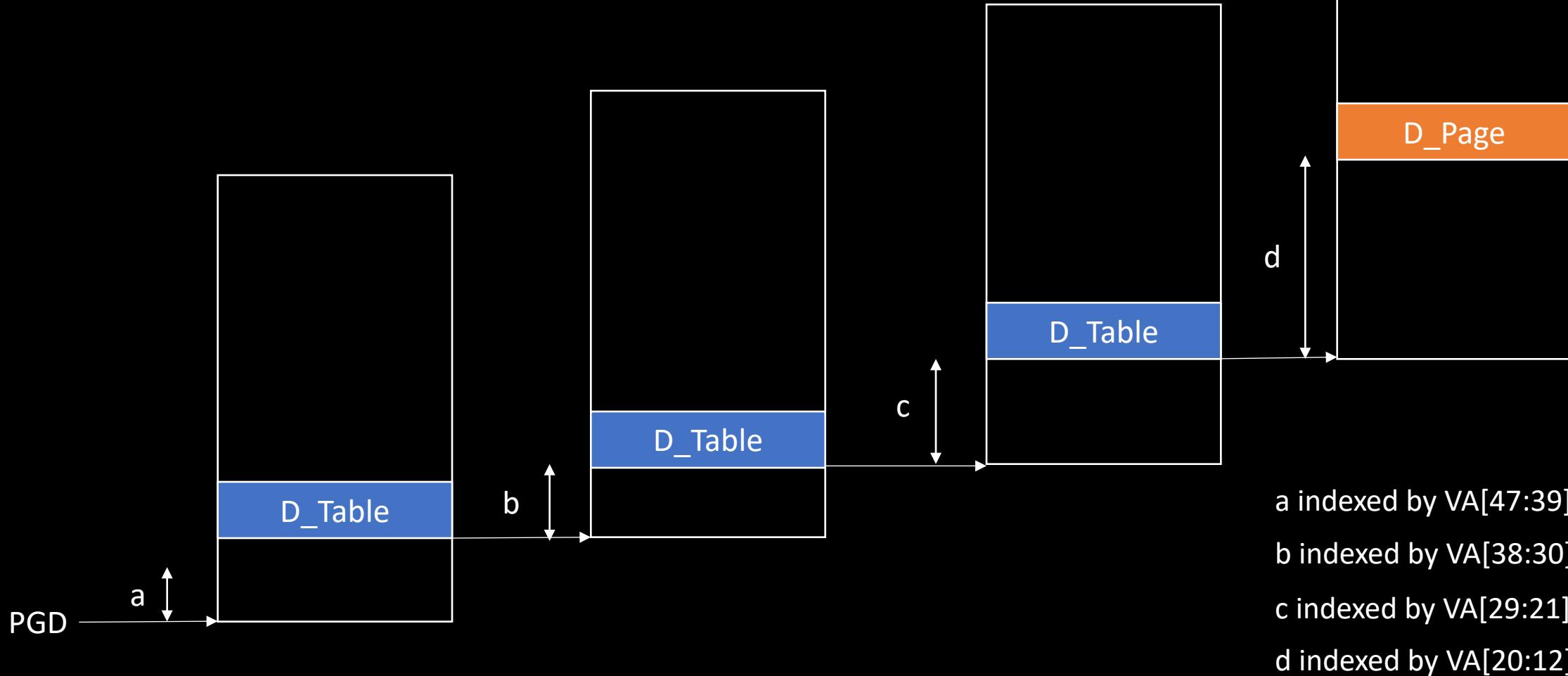
```
if (!kbdev->mmu_mode->pte_is_valid(page[vPFN], level)) {
    enum kbase_mmu_op_type flush_op = KBASE_MMU_OP_NONE;
    unsigned int current_valid_entries;
    u64 managed_pte;

    target_pgd = kbase_mmu_alloc_pgd(kbdev, mmu);
    if (target_pgd == KBASE_MMU_INVALID_PGD_ADDRESS) {
        dev_dbg(kbdev->dev, "%s: kbase_mmu_alloc_pgd failure\n",
                __func__);
        kunmap(p);
        return -ENOMEM;
    }
}
```

```
static phys_addr_t kbase_mmu_alloc_pgd(struct kbase_device *kbdev,
                                         struct kbase_mmu_table *mmut)
{
    u64 *page;
    struct page *p;
    phys_addr_t pgd;

    p = kbase_mem_pool_alloc(&kbdev->mem_pools.small[mmut->group_id]);
    if (!p)
        return KBASE_MMU_INVALID_PGD_ADDRESS;
```

# Memory Management Unit

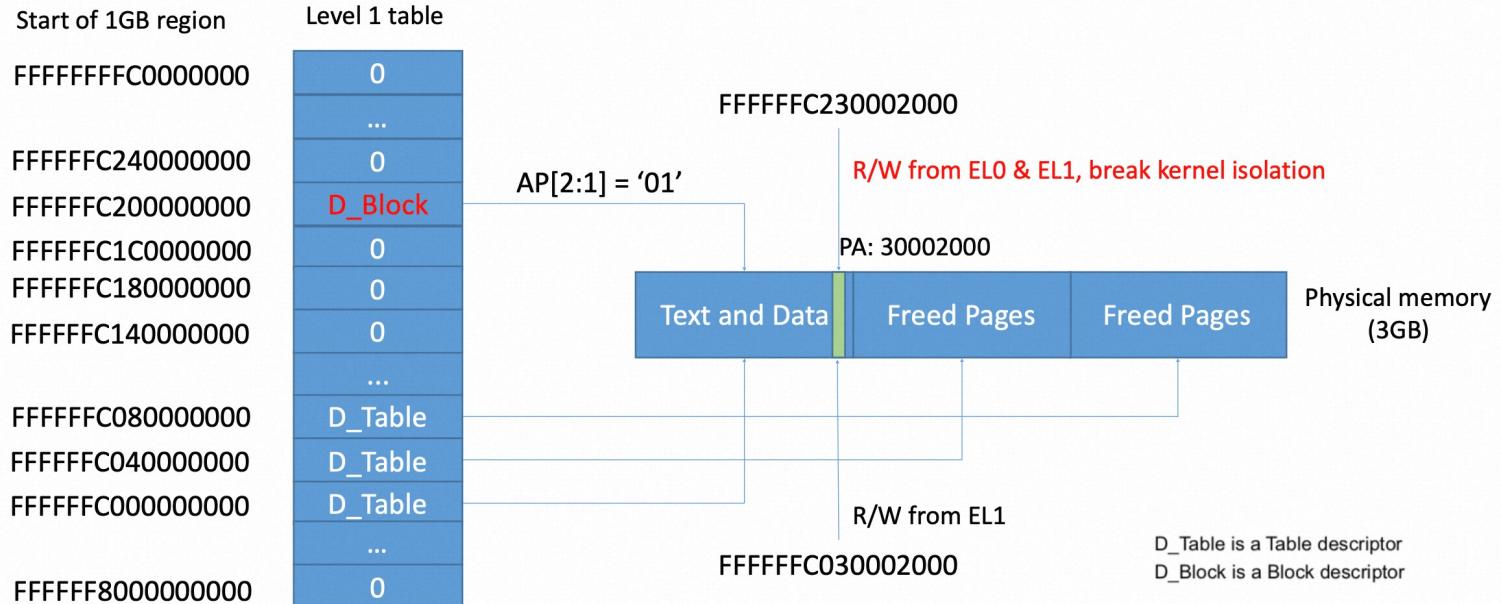


# Kernel Space Mirroring Attack



## Principle of KSMA

#BHASIA



KSMA: Breaking Android kernel isolation and Rooting with ARM MMU features

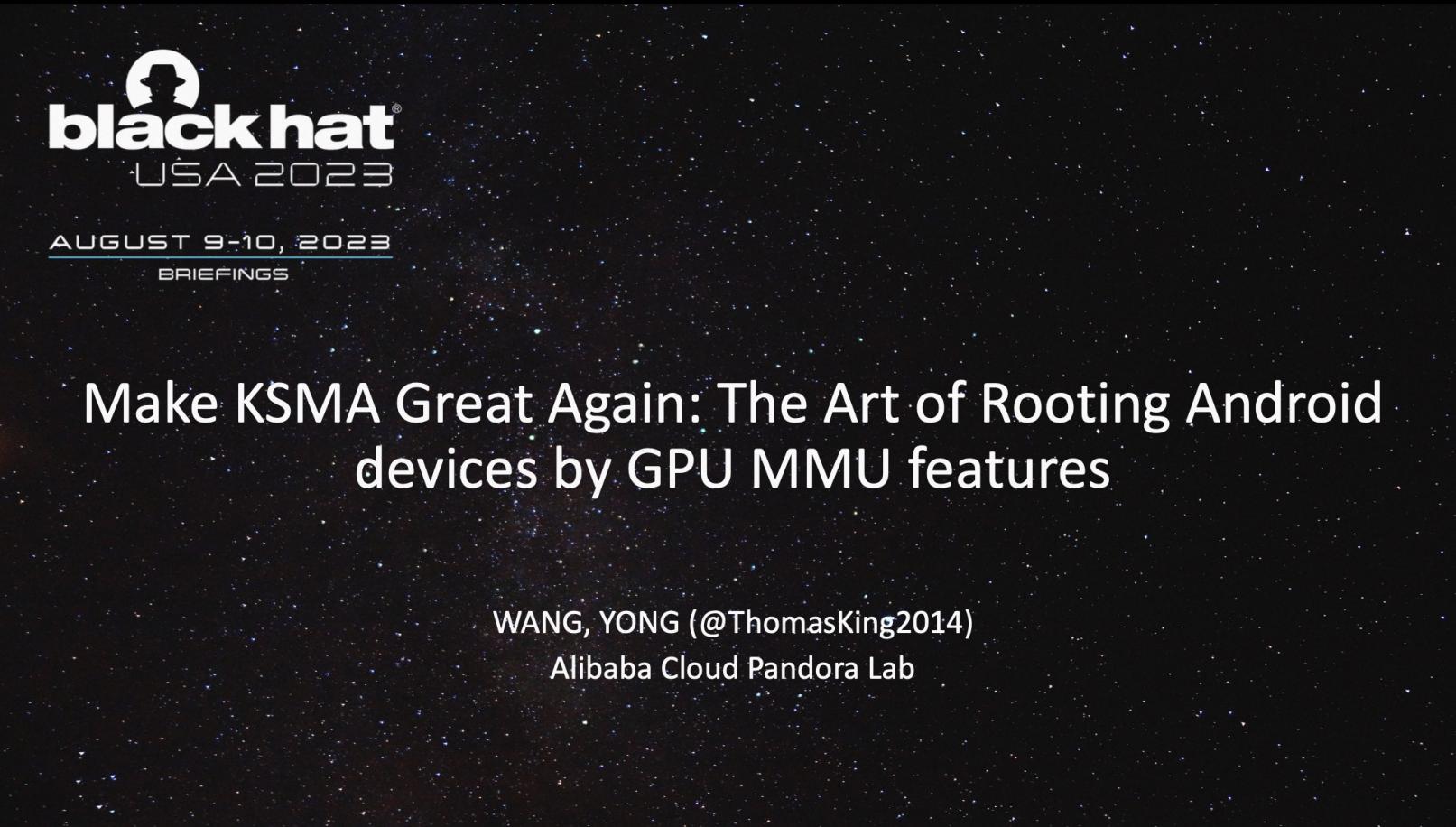
WANG, YONG a.k.a. ThomasKing(@ThomasKing2014)

Pandora Lab of Ali Security

@BHASIA / @BlackHatEvents

# Page UAF in GPU MMU

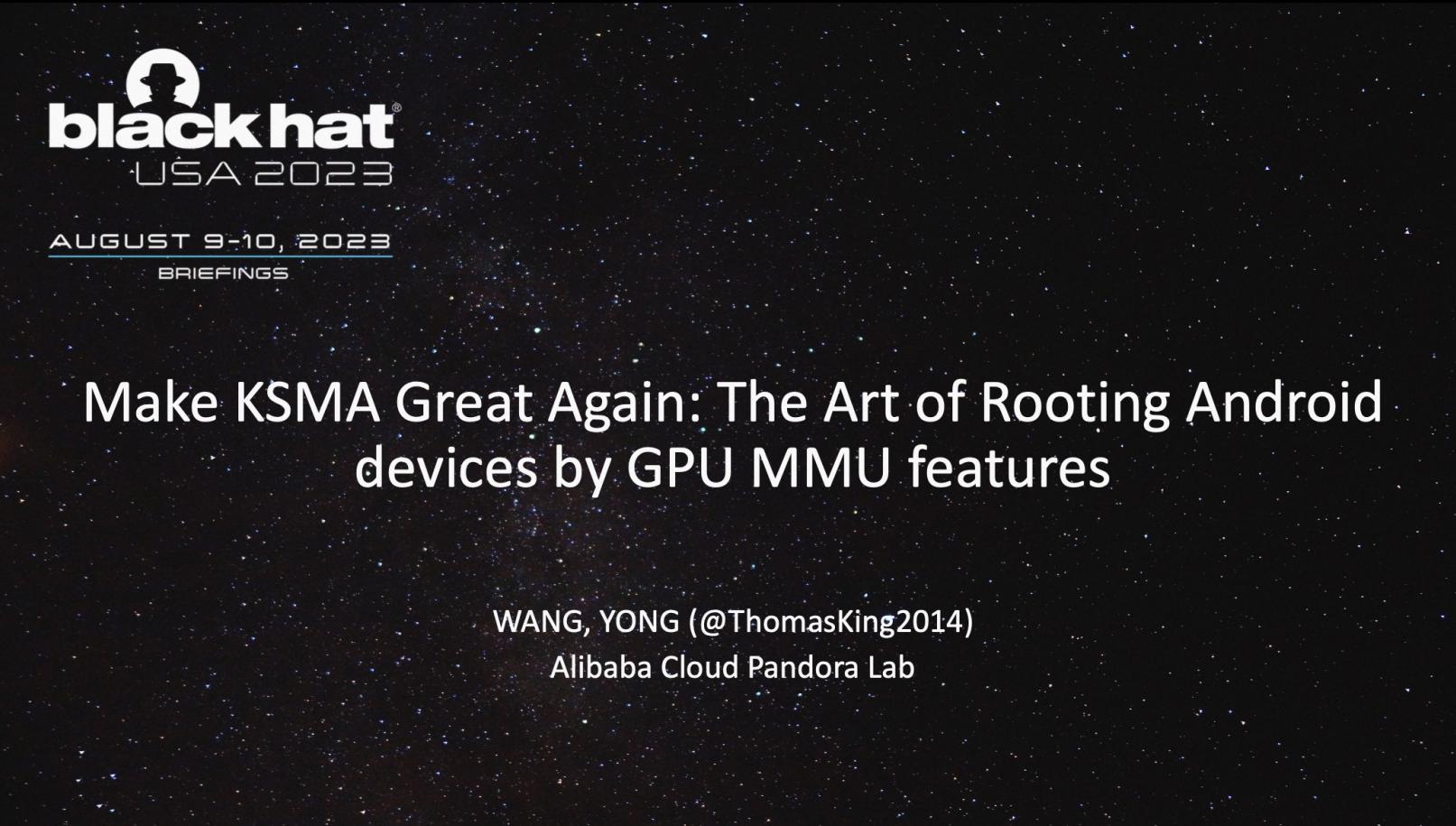
- How to craft the valid block entry



The slide features a dark background with a starry field pattern. In the upper left corner, the Black Hat USA 2023 logo is displayed, which includes a silhouette of a person wearing a fedora, the text "black hat" in a bold, lowercase font, and "USA 2023" below it. Below the logo, the text "AUGUST 9-10, 2023" is underlined, followed by "BRIEFINGS" in a smaller, uppercase font. In the center of the slide, the title "Make KSMA Great Again: The Art of Rooting Android devices by GPU MMU features" is written in a large, white, sans-serif font. At the bottom center, the speaker information is provided: "WANG, YONG (@ThomasKing2014)" and "Alibaba Cloud Pandora Lab".

# Page UAF in GPU MMU

- MTE(?)



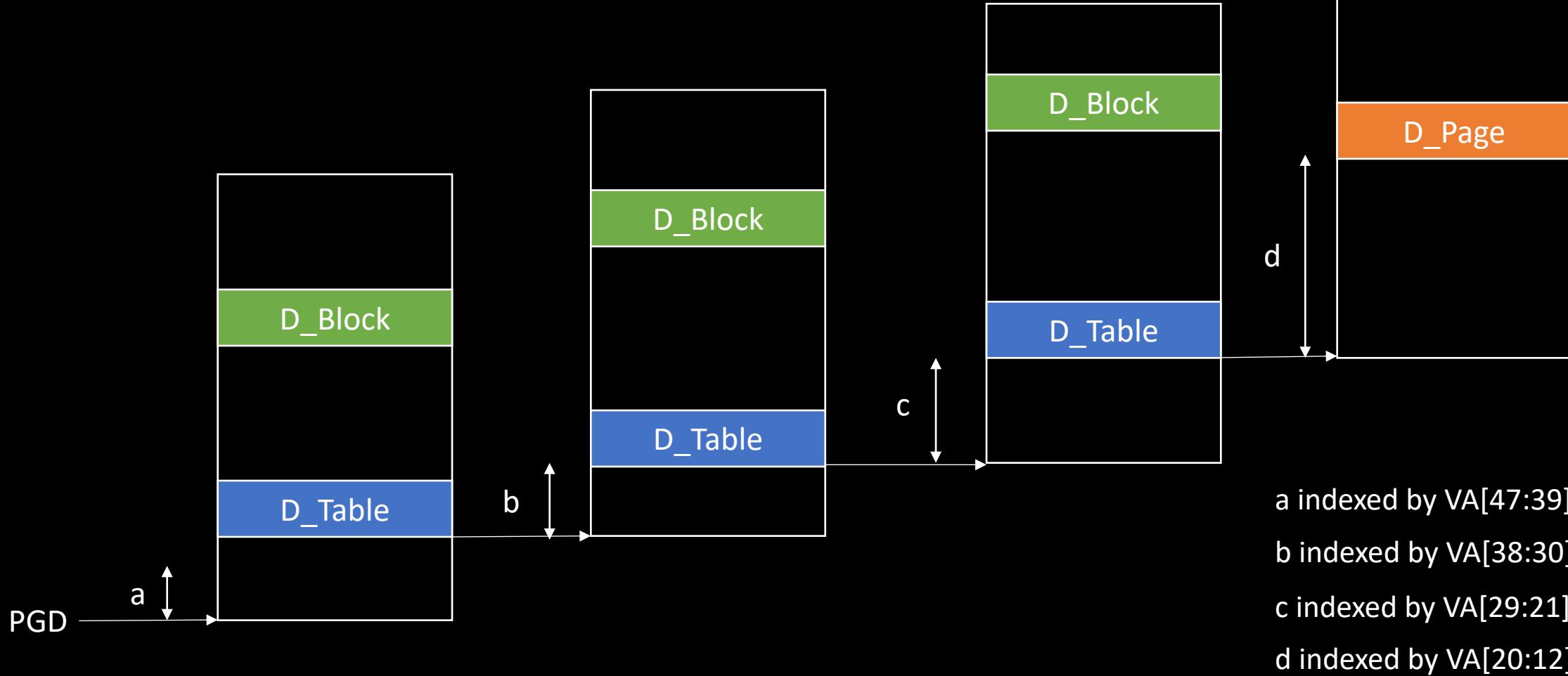
The slide features a dark background with a starry texture. In the upper left corner, the Black Hat USA 2023 logo is displayed, which includes a silhouette of a person wearing a hat, the text "black hat" in a bold, lowercase font, and "USA 2023" below it. Below the logo, the text "AUGUST 9-10, 2023" is underlined, followed by "BRIEFINGS" in a smaller, uppercase font. In the center of the slide, the title "Make KSMA Great Again: The Art of Rooting Android devices by GPU MMU features" is written in a large, white, sans-serif font. At the bottom center, the speaker information is provided: "WANG, YONG (@ThomasKing2014)" and "Alibaba Cloud Pandora Lab".

black hat®  
USA 2023  
AUGUST 9-10, 2023  
BRIEFINGS

Make KSMA Great Again: The Art of Rooting Android devices by GPU MMU features

WANG, YONG (@ThomasKing2014)  
Alibaba Cloud Pandora Lab

# Memory Management Unit



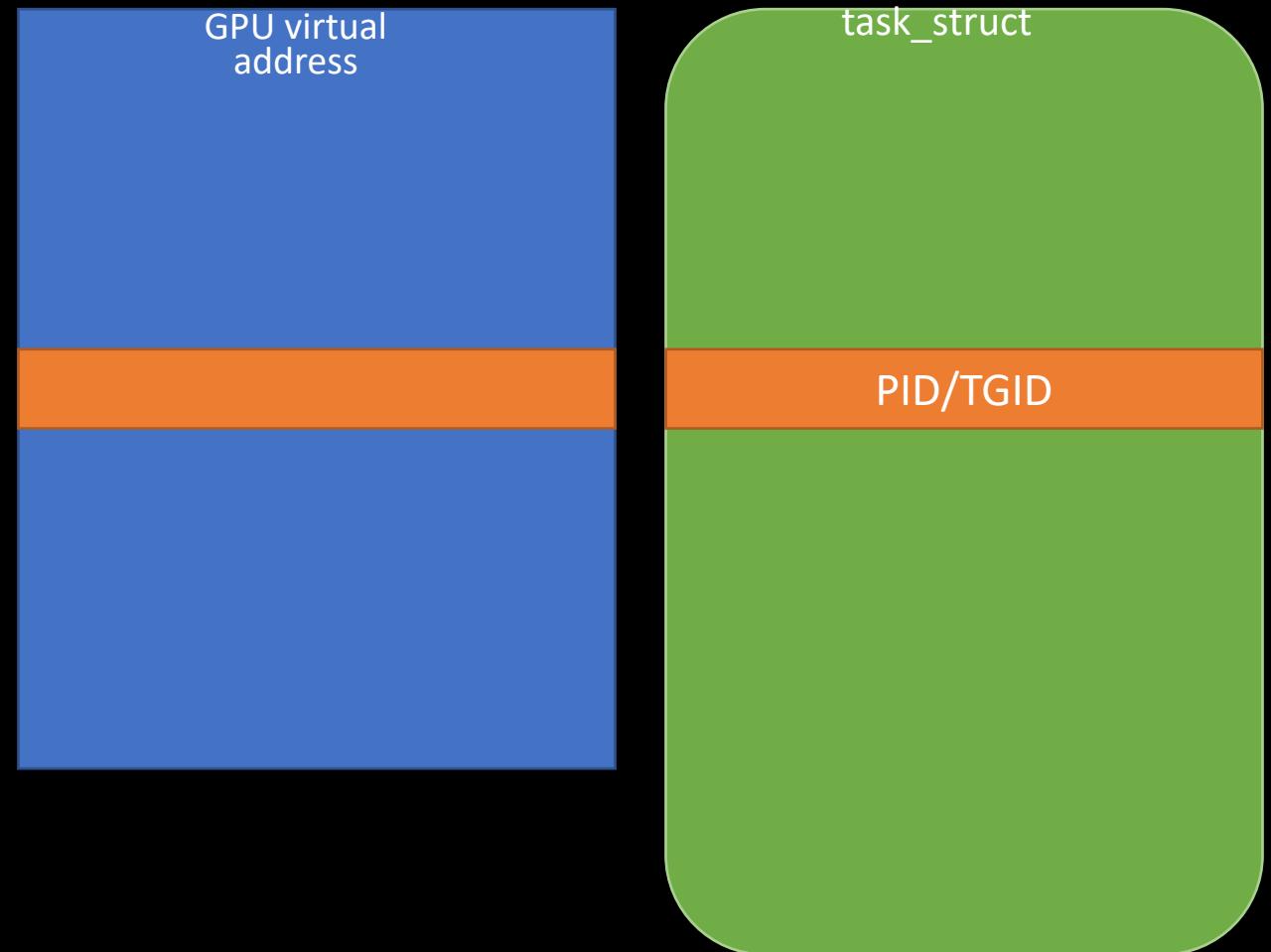
a indexed by VA[47:39]  
b indexed by VA[38:30]  
c indexed by VA[29:21]  
d indexed by VA[20:12]

# Exploitation

```
[shell:/ # cat /proc/iomem |grep "System RAM"
80000000-8affffff : System RAM
8b06e000-901fffff : System RAM
90600000-91dfffff : System RAM
97400000-97ffffff : System RAM
98500000-b71fffff : System RAM
c0000000-d80fffff : System RAM
da710000-dc20ffff : System RAM
dc620000-dfffffff : System RAM
e3800000-f87fffff : System RAM
f9800000-fd3effff : System RAM
fd3ff000-fd7fffff : System RAM
fd900000-fd90bfff : System RAM
fd90d000-ffffffff : System RAM
880000000-9fffffff : System RAM
· · · · ·
```

# Exploitation

- Search the task\_struct objects
  - PID/TID
  - Comm
  - ...
- Leak kernel pointers
  - Cred - \*(u64\*)(A + OFF\_CRED - OFF\_PID)
- Compute the PFN slide
  - PA <-> VA



Share the same physical page(start address aligned)

# Arbitrary Physical Page Read/Write

- Put it together

Step 1: Spray the GPU VA regions without allocating physical pages

Step 2: Search the target kbase\_mem\_phy\_alloc obj starting from the predicted kernel address

Step 3: calculate the kernel address of the next kbase\_mem\_phy\_alloc obj

Step 4: Commit the large number of pages

Step 5: Trigger the bug and overwrite the last page pointer

Step 6: Shrink the related region and free the last page

Step 7: Reuse the page as the PGD. If it fails, goto step 3

Step 8: Apply the KSMA exploitation technique and access the whole physical pages

Step 9: Bypass the vendor's mitigation and gain the root shell

shell:/ \$ █

# Agenda

- Introduction
- Bug analysis and exploitation
- *Conclusion*

# Takeaways

- It's possible to reliably predict the kernel addresses of attacker-controlled objects.
- Using only one bug to exploit now needs more advanced exploitation technique.
- With MTE mitigation landed, the high quality bugs and more advanced exploitation technique becomes more valuable.

# References

- [1] <https://googleprojectzero.blogspot.com/2023/11/first-handset-with-mte-on-market.html>
- [2] <https://blackhat.com/us-23/briefings/schedule/index.html#make-ksma-great-again-the-art-of-rooting-android-devices-by-gpu-mmu-features-32132>
- [3] <https://googleprojectzero.blogspot.com/2020/02/mitigations-are-attack-surface-too.html>
- [4] <https://github.blog/2024-03-18-gaining-kernel-code-execution-on-an-mte-enabled-pixel-8/>

# Thank you!

WANG, YONG (@ThomasKing2014)

ThomasKingNew@gmail.com