

Table 6. Supplemental gas supplies by state, 2023

million cubic feet

State	Synthetic natural gas	Propane air	Biomass gas	Other	Total
Arkansas	0	0	0	0	0
California	1,571	0	0	0	1,571
Colorado	0	9	0	5,497	5,506
Florida	76	0	0	0	76
Georgia	6	0	335	0	341
Hawaii	2,811	7	0	0	2,818
Idaho	525	0	94	0	619
Illinois	0	0	1,217	*	1,217
Indiana	733	2	0	0	734
Iowa	413	0	0	0	413
Kansas	1,303	0	356	0	1,659
Kentucky	160	0	0	0	160
Louisiana	2,008	0	0	0	2,008
Maryland	0	199	0	0	199
Massachusetts	0	6	0	10	16
Michigan	760	0	28	0	787
Minnesota	313	16	0	0	329
Missouri	0	0	0	0	0
Nebraska	301	47	92	0	440
New York	1,529	0	0	0	1,529
North Carolina	37	0	0	0	37
North Dakota	38,810	0	0	0	38,810
Ohio	3,409	*	297	0	3,707
Oklahoma	1,263	0	17	0	1,280
Oregon	154	0	0	0	154
Pennsylvania	5,565	5	251	0	5,821
South Dakota	2,695	0	0	0	2,695
South Carolina	159	0	0	0	159
Tennessee	0	0	0	0	0
Texas	8,032	*	0	2,455	10,487
Utah	126	0	0	0	126
Vermont	0	2	0	0	2
Virginia	24	34	0	0	58
Washington	2,538	0	0	0	2,538
Wisconsin	30,400	0	0	0	30,400
Total	105,718	327	2,686	7,963	116,695

* Volume is less than 500,000 cubic feet.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-176, *Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition*.**Note:** Estimates of biomass gas exclude volumes produced at landfill methane collection facilities and other kinds of digesters that are consumed onsite for electricity generation, heat, vehicle fuel, or other applications. Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. Other includes coke oven gas, blast furnace gas, and air injection for British thermal unit stabilization.