G1 3lr0387 CF SB 379

By: Delegates Feldmark, Allen, Amprey, Attar, Atterbeary, Bagnall, D. Barnes, Bartlett, Barve, Bhandari, Boyce, Bridges, Chang, Charles, Crosby, Crutchfield, Ebersole, Fennell, Foley, Forbes, Grossman, Guzzone, Healey, Henson, Jackson, A. Johnson, S. Johnson, D. Jones, Kaiser, Kaufman, Kelly, Kerr, Lehman, Love, Mireku-North, Moon, Pasteur, Patterson, Pena-Melnyk, Pruski, Rogers, Ruth, Shetty, Simmons, Simpson, Smith, Stewart, Taveras, Terrasa, Toles, Valderrama, Vogel, Watson, Wells, White, Williams, and Wu

Introduced and read first time: February 1, 2023

Assigned to: Ways and Means

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments

House action: Adopted

Read second time: March 3, 2023

CHAPT	$^{\mathrm{ER}}$	

1 AN ACT concerning

2

Election Law - Ballots - <u>Issuance</u>, Processing, and Reporting Procedures

3 FOR the purpose of requiring that a local board of elections send a ballot to certain voters 4 who have made a request and qualify to vote by absentee ballot not later than a 5 certain number of days before an election; altering the procedures for the canvassing 6 of and curing of errors on absentee and provisional ballots; repealing the 7 requirements that a certain statement of election results be by precinct and that the 8 local boards of elections publish copies of the complete election results in a certain 9 manner; requiring that a certain report of election results by the State Board of Elections be reported by precinct, including reports of the early, absentee, and 10 11 provisional vote; and generally relating to ballot issuance, processing, and reporting 12 procedures.

- 13 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
- 14 Article Election Law
- 15 Section 9–306(b)
- 16 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 17 (2022 Replacement Volume and 2022 Supplement)

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.



1	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
2 3	Article – Election Law Section <u>9–306(c)</u> , 11–101, 11–302, 11–303(d), and 11–402
4	Annotated Code of Maryland
5	(2022 Replacement Volume and 2022 Supplement)
6	BY adding to
7	Article – Election Law
8	Section 11–303.2 Annotated Code of Maryland
0	(2022 Replacement Volume and 2022 Supplement)
$\frac{1}{2}$	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
13	Article - Election Law
4	<u>9–306.</u>
5	(b) If the applicant qualifies to vote by absentee ballot, the local board shall
16	(b) If the applicant qualifies to vote by absentee ballot, the local board shall provide the ballot by one of the following methods requested by the voter:
L 7	<u>(1)</u> <u>mail;</u>
18	(2) <u>facsimile transmission;</u>
9	(3) the Internet; or
20	(4) by hand during an in-person transaction.
21	(c) (1) [Once ballots are available, the] NOT LATER THAN 43 DAYS BEFORE
22	AN ELECTION, THE LOCAL BOARD SHALL SEND A BALLOT TO EACH VOTER WHO
23	QUALIFIES TO VOTE BY ABSENTEE BALLOT AND HAS MADE A REQUEST AT LEAST 60
24	DAYS BEFORE THE ELECTION TO RECEIVE THE BALLOT BY MAIL, FACSIMILE
25	TRANSMISSION, OR THE INTERNET.
26	(2) A local board shall provide [the] A ballot to a [qualified applicant]
27	VOTER WHO QUALIFIES TO VOTE BY ABSENTEE BALLOT AND MAKES A REQUEST LESS
28	THAN 60 DAYS BEFORE AN ELECTION:
29	[(1)] (I) as soon as practicable after receipt of the request; or
30	[(2)] (II) immediately for an in-person transaction with a voter or the
	voter's duly authorized agent.

- 1 11–101.
- 2 (a) In this title the following words have the meanings indicated.
- 3 (b) "Board of canvassers" means the local board of elections in a county after the 4 local board organizes itself for the purpose of canvassing the vote [after] FOR an election 5 in that county.
- 6 (c) (1) "Canvass" means the entire process of vote tallying, vote tabulation, 7 and vote verification [or audit], culminating in the production and certification of the 8 official election results.
- 9 (2) For absentee ballots, the "canvass" includes the opening of any envelope accompanying an absentee ballot and the assembly and review of absentee ballots in preparation for vote tallying.
- 12 (3) For provisional ballots, the "canvass" includes the review of the 13 provisional ballot applications described in § 11–303 of this title and the assembly and 14 review of provisional ballots in preparation for vote tallying.
- 15 (4) For votes cast during early voting, the "canvass" includes the tabulation of votes cast during early voting.
- 17 (5) For votes cast in a special election conducted by mail under Title 9, 18 Subtitle 5 of this article, the "canvass" includes:
- 19 (i) the opening of any envelope accompanying a vote—by—mail ballot 20 and the assembly and review of vote—by—mail ballots in preparation for vote tabulation; 21 and
- 22 (ii) the tabulation of vote-by-mail ballots.
- 23 (d) "Counting center" means one or more central locations designated by a local 24 board to conduct the canvass.
- 25 (e) "Removable data storage device" means a read—only memory device that is 26 programmed to record votes as they are cast on an electronic voting system.
- 27 (f) (1) "Unofficial returns" means [a] vote [tabulation] TOTALS reported on election night after the polls close.
- 29 (2) "Unofficial returns" does not include [the absentee ballot count or] the 30 provisional ballot count.
- 31 (g) "Vote tabulation" or "vote counting" means the aggregation of the votes cast 32 by individual voters to produce vote totals at any level.

- 1 "Vote tallying" means the recording of votes cast by individual voters on a 2 certified voting system [whether done by: 3 (1) a mechanical lever voting machine; **(2)** an electronic voting device; or 4 5 (3) making marks manually on a tally sheet]. 6 11 - 302.7 **(1)** [Following an election, each] EACH local board shall meet at its (a) designated counting center to canvass the absentee ballots cast in that election in 8 accordance with the regulations and guidelines established by the State Board. 9 10 **(2)** PROMPTLY AFTER RECEIPT OF AN ABSENTEE BALLOT, A LOCAL 11 BOARD SHALL REVIEW THE BALLOT ENVELOPE OR BALLOT/RETURN ENVELOPE FOR 12 THE OMISSION OF THE VOTER'S SIGNATURE ON THE OATH. 13 **(3)** A LOCAL BOARD SHALL RECORD THE RECEIPT OF AN ABSENTEE 14 BALLOT IN THE STATEWIDE VOTER REGISTRATION SYSTEM AND MAKE THE 15 INFORMATION AVAILABLE THROUGH THE FREE ACCESS SYSTEM ESTABLISHED 16 UNDER COMAR 33.11.06.03 AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE, BUT NOT LATER THAN 2 BUSINESS DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF THE ABSENTEE BALLOT. 17 18 (b) (1) (I)[A] EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH AND SUBJECT TO PARAGRAPH (3) OF THIS SUBSECTION, A local board 19 20[may not open any envelope of an] SHALL BEGIN PROCESSING absentee [ballot prior to 8] 21a.m.] BALLOTS on the [Wednesday following election day] DAY THAT IS 8 BUSINESS DAYS 22BEFORE THE FIRST DAY OF EARLY VOTING. 23THE ADMINISTRATOR STATE ADMINISTRATOR MAY GRANT (II) 24A WAIVER TO A LOCAL BOARD FROM THE REQUIREMENT UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (I) 25OF THIS PARAGRAPH IF THE LOCAL BOARD DETERMINES SEEKS A DETERMINATION BY THE STATE ADMINISTRATOR THAT EARLY CANVASSING IS NOT: 2627 NECESSARY BASED ON DUE TO THE LOW NUMBER OF 1. 28ABSENTEE BALLOTS RECEIVED BY THE LOCAL BOARD; OR
- 29 2.PRACTICABLE DUE TO LIMITED RESOURCES OR 30 OTHER CONSTRAINTS ON THE LOCAL BOARD.
- 31 A local board may not delay the commencement of the canvass to await 32the receipt of late-arriving, timely absentee ballots.

$\frac{1}{2}$	(3) A LOCAL BOARD MAY CONDUCT VOTE TALLYING WHEN ABSENTEE BALLOTS ARE PROCESSED UNDER PARAGRAPH (1)(I) OF THIS SUBSECTION.
4	BALLOTS ARE PROCESSED UNDER PARAGRAPH (1)(1) OF THIS SUBSECTION.
3 4 5	(3) (4) A LOCAL BOARD OR AN EMPLOYEE OF A LOCAL BOARD MAY NOT TABULATE CONDUCT ABSENTEE BALLOT VOTE TOTALS TABULATION BEFORE THE POLLS CLOSE ON ELECTION DAY.
6 7	(c) (1) An absentee ballot shall be deemed timely received if it is received in accordance with the regulations and guidelines established by the State Board.
8 9	(2) An absentee ballot that is received after the deadline specified by the regulations and guidelines may not be counted.
10 11 12	(d) (1) The State Board shall adopt regulations that reflect the policy that the clarity of the intent of the voter is the overriding consideration in determining the validity of an absentee ballot or the vote cast in a particular contest.
13 14 15	(2) [A] SUBJECT TO § 11–303.2 OF THIS SUBTITLE, A local board may not reject an absentee ballot except by unanimous vote and in accordance with regulations of the State Board.
16	(3) The local board shall reject an absentee ballot if:
17 18 19	(i) the voter failed to sign the oath on the ballot envelope OR BALLOT/RETURN ENVELOPE AND FAILED TO CORRECT THE OMISSION BEFORE 10 A.M. ON THE DAY THAT IS 10 DAYS AFTER ELECTION DAY;
20 21	(ii) the local board received more than one ballot from the same individual for the same election in the same ballot envelope; or
22 23 24	(iii) the local board determines that an absentee ballot is intentionally marked with an identifying mark that is clearly evident and placed on the ballot for the purpose of identifying the ballot.
25 26	[(4) If the local board receives more than one legally sufficient ballot, in separate envelopes, from the same individual, the local board shall:
27	(i) count only the ballot with the latest properly signed oath; and
28	(ii) reject any other ballot.]
29 30	(4) (I) THE STATE BOARD SHALL ADOPT REGULATIONS

- 1 FAILED TO SIGN THE OATH ON THE BALLOT ENVELOPE OR BALLOT/RETURN
- 2 ENVELOPE, TO NOTIFY THE VOTER OF THE FAILURE; AND
- 3 2. TO PROVIDE THE VOTER AN OPPORTUNITY TO
- 4 CORRECT THE OMISSION AND HAVE THE BALLOT COUNTED.
- 5 (II) THE REGULATIONS UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL ALLOW
- 6 A VOTER:
- 7 1. TO SUPPLY A SIGNATURE TO THE LOCAL BOARD
- 8 THROUGH A DIGITAL PICTURE MESSAGE SENT BY MOBILE TELEPHONE OR E-MAIL IF
- 9 THE VOTER FAILED TO SIGN THE OATH ON THE BALLOT ENVELOPE OR
- 10 BALLOT/RETURN ENVELOPE; AND
- 11 2. TO CHOOSE AMONG MULTIPLE METHODS OF
- 12 COMMUNICATING WITH THE LOCAL BOARD TO CORRECT THE FAILURE TO SIGN THE
- 13 OATH ON THE BALLOT ENVELOPE OR BALLOT/RETURN ENVELOPE, INCLUDING:
- 14 A. TEXT MESSAGE;
- 15 **B.** E-MAIL;
- 16 C. AN ACCESSIBLE ONLINE PORTAL;
- D. A MAILED FORM; AND
- 18 E. AN IN-PERSON VISIT TO THE LOCAL BOARD OFFICE.
- 19 (5) If the intent of the voter is not clearly demonstrated, the local board 20 shall reject only the vote for that office or question.
- 21 (6) If an absentee voter casts a vote for an individual who has ceased to be 22 a candidate, the vote for that candidate may not be counted, but that vote does not
- 23 invalidate the remainder of the ballot.
- 24 (e) [At] **BEGINNING AFTER THE POLLS CLOSE ON ELECTION DAY, AT** the end of each day of canvassing, a local board shall prepare and release a report of the unofficial
- 26 [results] **RETURNS** of the absentee ballot vote tabulation.
- 27 11–303.
- 28 (d) (1) [A] SUBJECT TO § 11-303.2 OF THIS SUBTITLE, A local board may
- 29 not reject a provisional ballot except by unanimous vote and in accordance with regulations
- 30 of the State Board.

1	(2) The local board shall reject a provisional ballot if:
2 3 4	(i) pursuant to paragraph (4) of this subsection, the local board determines that the individual who cast the provisional ballot is not qualified to vote that provisional ballot;
5 6	(ii) the individual failed to sign the oath on the provisional ballot application; \mathbf{OR}
7 8	(iii) [the individual cast more than one ballot for the same election; or
9 10 11	(iv)] the local board determines that a provisional ballot is intentionally marked with an identifying mark that is clearly evident and placed on the ballot for the purpose of identifying the ballot.
12 13	(3) If the intent of the voter with respect to a particular contest is not clearly demonstrated, the local board shall reject only the vote for that contest.
14 15	(4) For the purposes of this section, an individual is qualified to vote the provisional ballot cast if the local board determines that:
16	(i) the individual is registered in the State;
17 18 19	(ii) if the provisional ballot was cast because the voter failed to provide required identification, the individual who cast the provisional ballot has met the identification requirements established by the State Board; and
20 21 22	(iii) if the provisional ballot was cast during a period covered by a court order or other order extending the time for closing the polls, the order has not been invalidated by a subsequent court order.
23	11-303.2.
24 25 26	SUBJECT TO § 11–302(D)(3)(II) OF THIS SUBTITLE, IF A LOCAL BOARD RECEIVES MORE THAN ONE BALLOT FROM THE SAME INDIVIDUAL, THE LOCAL BOARD SHALL:
27 28	(1) COUNT THE FIRST BALLOT FROM THE INDIVIDUAL THAT THE LOCAL BOARD DETERMINES IS LEGALLY SUFFICIENT; AND
29	(2) REJECT ANY OTHER BALLOT.

30

11-402.

