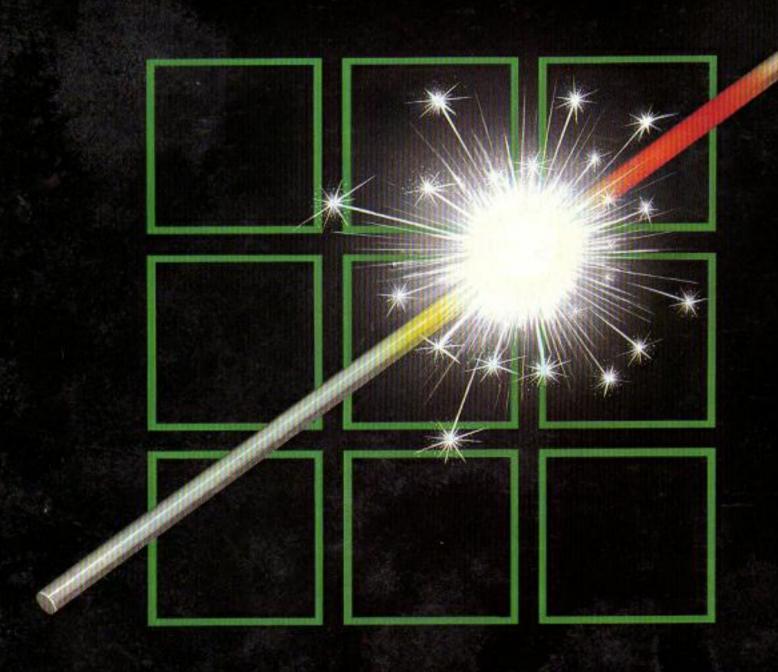


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Published by Database Publications Ltd

Europa House, 68 Chester Road, Hazel Grove, Stockport SK7 5NY.

Telephone: 061-456 8835 (Editorial) 061-456 8383 (Administration) 061-456 8500 (Advertising) Subscriptions: 061-480 0171 Telex: 667664 SHARET G. Prestel: 614568383.

ABC 18,052 July-Dec 1984

News trade distribution: Europress Sales and Distribution Limited, 11 Brighton Road, Crawley, West Sussex RH10 6AF Circulation 0293 2,7053.

Electron User is an independent publication. Acorn Computers Ltd. manufacturers of the Electron, are not responsible for any of the articles in this issue or for any of the opinions expressed.

Electron User welcomes program listings and articles for publication. Material should be typed or computer-printed, and preferably double-spaced. Program listings should be accompanied by cassette tape or disc. Please enclose a stamped, self-addressed envelope, otherwise the return of material cannot be guaranteed. Contributions accepted for publication will be on an all-rights basis.

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The ultimate guide to the Electron!

Mark Holmes & Adrian Dickens

This detailed guide to the Electron's operating system is a must for every serious Electron user.

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electron WEWS

Cut price offer ends

A MAIL order operation offering top selling games at rock bottom prices has apparently stopped, just as leading software publishers including Acornsoft were investigating its activities.

Money has been returned to people who ordered software packs from a firm called A1 Software Services, of Hornchurch, Essex.

Famous titles like Elite, Pole Position, Micro Olympics, Hunchback, Football Manager and Combat Lynx – all Electron favourites – were mentioned in the promotion, which offered as many as 50 games for £30.

React

Acornsoft's head of technical services, John Collins, was among the first to react to the mail shot after hearing about it from readers of Database Publications.

Collins sent a postal order for £19 to A1 Software Services for a pack of 15 games.

An Acornsoft col-

Turn to Page 6



Massive queues for the big, big show

ALL previous attendance records were smashed during the latest in the series of Electron & BBC Micro User shows.

In all, well in excess of 20,000 visitors filed their way through the turnstiles in the New Horticultural Hall, London, over the four day event.

At peak times on Saturday and Sunday, queues more than a mile long formed as enthusiasts braved unseasonal icy winds to wait their turn to get inside.

One non-computer buff who passed by remarked: "I've seen smaller crowds at Wembley on Cup Final day. What's going on?"

Extra door staff were being rushed into position to speed up the entry flow and so prevent the crowd backlog from presenting central London with a major traffic problem.

"Based on our previous shows, we had expected a significant turnout", said Derek Meakin, head of Database Publications, the show's organisers.

"But we were amazed by the size of the crowds this time.

"If nothing else, it was a supreme vote of confidence in both the Electron and the BBC Micro by the people who count – the users". Nor

were Electron users disappointed when they finally got inside.

Continuing support for the machine was amply demonstrated by the emphasis placed on the Electron by the exhibiting companies.

Typical of this was Cumana, the disc drive supplier, which displayed two Electrons running with Plus 1 and one of the company's interfaces.

'There were plenty of goodies around for the machine which made the trip very well worth-while', said John Roberts from Wallasey, who had travelled from Merseyside just to attend the show.

"It was good to see a noticeable shift away from games and with more serious applications for the Electron such as complete O level English language courses".

Cassette prices cut

ACORNSOFT has cut the prices of nearly all its cassette titles for the Electron.

The new prices, which makes titles 24 per cent cheaper at £6.99, have been introduced "to give Electron software the same increased value-for-money that the Electron now represents at

£129", says Acornsoft.

The new price applies to all games on cassette except Elite and Countdown to Doom, and to all education, business and home interest cassette titles except the Linkwood foreign language tutors.

Altogether a total of 56 titles have had their prices cut.

Brush up French

EDUCATIONAL software house Chalksoft wants to help Electron users brush up on their French.

Eiffel Tower is a dual program aimed at schoolchildren, students, tourists and businessmen and contains hundreds of words grouped in families.

Users can insert their own word sets, and there's a fun element as correct answers "build" the Eiffel Tower onscreen. Price is £9.25.

Disc toolkit

ADVANCED Computer Products has brought out what it claims is the most versatile advanced disc toolkit ever for the Electron and other Acorn legal compatibles.

The 16k eprom contains more than 30 commands, works in any screen mode and enables the user to view over 2k of memory at a glance.

Price is £29.

Offer ends

From Page 5

league sent 25p postage and packing for a "free" game chosen from a list of 20 wellknown titles.

Collins told Electron User: "My money was refunded along with a slip of paper saying 'A1 Software Services has ceased trading'.

"My colleague has not yet received a reply.

"I shall be pleased if this mail order operation has stopped.

"We were most concerned that our titles had been mentioned in it and our legal department was ready to act should any infringement of copyright have been involved".



Software pool plan wins two micros

STEPHEN Perugi, aged 13, has won a unique Acorn micro for his school, Bedford Modern, and an Electron home computer for himself in the first competition organised by The Times Network for Schools.

Entrants were asked to devise a project for TTNS that would make full use of the network's communications and database features and be of social value.

Stephen suggested developing a pool of software for schools for the mentally handicapped, pointing out that the cost of buying specialist packages is beyond most school budgets.

His idea was for special schools needing software to put descriptions of their requirements on the database, for programmers in other schools to work from.

Once programs were developed they would

be added to a TTNS software library and downloaded free of charge by any school needing them.

Stephen's idea will be implemented by TTNS over the next few months, and special schools will be encouraged to take part.

The unique Acorn machine won by Bedford Modern School is a 32 bit micro based on the NS 32016 processor, with a 10mbyte hard disc and a high resolution colour monitor.

Stephen's personal prize is Acorn's "Have Fun With The Electron" pack, consisting of an Electron, Plus One extension, software, joysticks, books and accessories.

Ten runners-up will get a copy of the 1985 Times Atlas of the World for their schools and a copy of the 1985 Times Concise Atlas for themselves.

Acorn decided to

donate a special prize of a BBC Micro with voice synthesiser to Linden Lodge School for the Visually Handicapped.

Pupils of the weekly boarding school submitted a collective entry proposing that TTNS should help integrate handicapped children with those in ordinary schools through the use of speech synthesisers and Braille link add-ons for micros.

News of local and

national events would then be readily available from the database, and students could swap ideas and information.

 Picture shows Lord Young of Graffham with prizewinners of The Times Network for Schools Communicate Competition (left to right): Gordon Jones, chief executive of TTNS, Stephen Perugi, Bedford Modern School and Martin Maidment, Linden Lodge School.

Summer boost for

ACORN will continue to promote the Electron through an extensive advertising campaign to be held during the traditionally quiet summer sales season.

The thinking behind the campaign is not to try to stimulate the dormant home user market but to promote the machine in the small business and speciality markets.

Marketing chief John Caswell told Electron User: "We are not aiming at traditional markets

Down garden path to maths

TO get away from the question - and - answer type computer maths programs, Hilditch Software has released a Creative Mathematics three-part series for the Electron.

The first in the package, How Does Your Garden Grow? is for three - to - seven year-olds.

Progressing from the numbers one to nine, then through larger numbers and simple arithmetic, it claims to allow a child to design a flower garden.

Mosaic, part two, is a design program suitable for all ages, and uses repeated small elements to build up a picture.

It can also be used to design embroidery patterns, construct bar charts and explain mathematical concepts.

Based on the use of coordinates, Hunt the Treasure – the final part – is for children in the middle school-age range.

It is intended to develop language skills, design abilities and logic.

Programs on tape cost £9.50 or £11.50 on disc.

Electron

like games players, but hoping to break into new ones.

"We will be test marketing in strategic areas.

"We have a lot of exciting projects on the go which will be announced during the next few months".

Retailer raps sub-standard educational software

MUCH of the educational software available for the Electron is of poor quality, claims mail order executive Bradley Viner.

He says it is this which is preventing the educational market from realising its full potential.

Now Viner, managing director of mail order house First Byte, is calling on fellow retailers to unite to "banish the bad".

"There is a lot of high

quality software around – such as from Penguin, Shards, Highlight, ASK and Mirrorsoft – but it is a question of sorting the good from the bad", he said

"The customer cannot be expected to do this. He relies on advice given by the retailer.

First Byte keeps an eye on the market by compiling a database of program reviews from all sources, plus their own feelings on the software, said Viner. It enables the company to recommend software they feel will be of benefit to the buyer.

The company also runs the Brain Train Club, membership of which entitles its customers to discounts, more advice and newsletters.

Unfortunately a lot of retailers were not in a position to do this because of their lack of specialist knowledge, he said.

"You have got to take

an active interest rather than sell everything pushed through or whatever has highest margins.

"You've got to look for high quality material and only sell that if you want to restore the public's confidence in educational software.

"The educational market will not grow to its full potential unless the trade in general supplies the right quality software at the right price".

Paul, 17, collects the Elite £1,000



A SCHOOLBOY took time off from studying for his A levels to become the world champion Elite player recently.

Paul Shonk, 17, the son of a Croydon sales executive, snatched the title in the face of fierce competition during the Electron & BBC Micro User Show.

The youngster, who had practised the cult space game for seven hours a week before the build up to his exams, carried off a £1,000 prize.

Twelve finalists converged on the New Horticultural Hall to display their skills during the marathon two-day play off.

Each had previously won eliminating heats organised by Acornsoft since the company launched Elite in September, 1984.

The finalists were:

Dave Brunner, a computer studies teacher from Romford, Essex.

Joseph Buchdahl, a 14-year-old schoolboy from Horningsea, Cambridge, who much prefers history and biology to computing.

Philip Carson, aged 18 and studying physics, maths and electronic engineering at Surbiton School, Surrey.

David Duckworth, a 19-year-old who sells cleaners on a market stall in his home town of Preston, Lancashire.

Mathew Huddleston, a 14-year-old student at Kings Manor, Shore-ham, who can be found playing the theatre organ – or Elite – when not studying for his O levels.

Mike Keeting, a biology teacher from Leeds who ran afoul of domestic problems for playing Elite seven hours a day when it first came out.

Brett Keys, a 30-year-old electronics technician who writes accounts software packages in his spare time.

Andrew Myers, a 16-year-old rugby enthusiast who is about to take O levels at Whitchurch.

Darren Rowley, aged 19 and an employee of a food company in Rugby.

Kemal Sangrar, 15 a student at Our Lady's High School, Cumbernauld, Glasgow.

Andrew Vickery, a 17-year-old British Telecom apprentice engineer and self confessed Elite-aholic who plays up to four hours a night.

"The competition was really hot and I'm just very pleased to have emerged the winner", said Paul Shonk.

He's already decided what to do with the prize money. He is going to buy a BBC B+ and a bigger disc drive.



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Not that you'd ever

want to use one, but . . .

How not to let those GOTOs drive you loopy!

Part 18 of PETE BIBBY's introduction to the art of programming

LAST month we had a look at the way that GOTO works and sampled some of the many problems it can cause. Again let me repeat that while I may have told you about it I don't recommend its use, except among consenting adults who really know what they're doing.

Used badly, GOTOs can, at worst, destroy a program. At best they can make it incomprehensible. In fact they should carry a health warning.

Having said all that, this time we'll be having a closer look at the way we can use GOTOs to create loops.

No, I'm not being inconsistent. By the time we've finished we'll have come across a way of avoiding GOTOs. We're exploring them to learn how to do without them.

Take a look at Program I, last month's Program XIV. Does it remind you of anything?

10 REM PROGRAM I
20 REM OLD PROGRAM XIV
30 LET variable=1
48 PRINT variable
50 LET variable=variable
+1
50 IF variable(=10 THEN
GOTO 48

Program I

There's no mystery about how it works. The variable variable is initially given the value 1 in line 30. The next line displays the value of variable and, this done, line 50 increases its value by one.

The program then comes on to the IF... THEN of line 60. This tests variable to see if it is less than or equal to 10. If this is the case the GOTO (boo, hiss) after the THEN sends the program back to line 40 and the whole process repeats.

Eventually variable has the value 11, the condition of line 60 fails and the program ends. You can test this by adding:

78 PRINT variable

and running the program again.

In other words, the program lines form a loop which cycles while variable goes from 1 to 10 and then stops dead. If line 60 had been:

50 GOTO 40

the loop would have carried on forever (or until we hit Escape, Break or the Electron). It would have been an infinite loop.

As it is, the IF ... THEN of line 60 provides a way out of the loop. IF variable is greater than 10, then the condition is false and the part of the line after the THEN is ignored. In effect, the GOTO only works within the conditions of the IF ... THEN.

While variable is less than or equal to 10 the program is stuck in the loop. If and when it becomes greater than 10, the loop stops.

Put more formally, the exit

condition for the loop is that variable is greater than 10. When this is the case, the program exits out of the loop and, in this case, ends.

Try changing the last line of the program to lines such as:

60 IF variable(10 THEN GOTO 40 50 IF variable=10 THEN GOTO 40 50 IF variable>10 THEN GOTO 40

and see if you can understand what's happening. Notice that the loop is always performed at least once.

Finally, try:

60 IF variable<=10 THEN GOTO 30

This is quite a common mistake which can be surprisingly hard to spot. As I've said before, beware GOTOs, they're easy to use but hard to use well.

Have you figured out what

Program I resembles? Program II, which does the same job, gives the answer.

10 REM PROGRAM II
20 FOR variable=1 TO 10
30 PRINT variable
40 NEXT variable

Program II

As you can see, it's our old friend the FOR... NEXT loop. If you cast your mind back, you'll remember that all the lines between the FOR and the NEXT are repeated. The number of times that this happens depends on the values given to the loop control variable.

In this case variable is to range in value from 1 to 10.

Why, you may ask, if we can do its job with a simple GOTO, should the Electron's Basic have a FOR ... NEXT loop? It seems a bit redundant.

The answer is that the FOR ... NEXT loop is a much better structure. Compare the two programs.

Program II is much easier to understand. The FOR ... NEXT loop sets out its limits clearly. It's obvious that the loop will cycle ten times and that everything inside the loop will be repeated ten times.

The workings of Program I are much more complicated and obscure. And where there's complication and obscurity, bugs lurk, waiting to destroy your programs!

Get the line number after

From Page 9

the GOTO or the operators in the condition wrong and there's the devil to pay. And, because the structure is fairly complicated, it can be murder to figure out what's going wrong.

The moral is, don't use GOTOs to form loops if a FOR ... NEXT loop will do the job. This will benefit both your programs and your sanity!

Program III is a variant of Program I in which variable is increased by two each time round the loop.

10 REM PROGRAM III
28 LET variable=1
30 PRINT variable
48 LET variable=variable
+2
50 IF variable(=10 THEN
GOTO 30

Program III

You should be able to see why it prints out 1, 3, 5, 7, 9 and then stops. Can you rewrite the program using a FOR ... NEXT loop with a STEP of two?

Notice that the GOTO of line 50 only comes into effect while variable is less than or equal to 10. In other words the loop carries on until variable is greater than 10. The exit condition of the loop is that variable must be greater than 10.

If you must insist on using GOTO to create your loops, make sure that your exit condition will actually exist. If you don't see what I mean, try changing line 50 of Program III to:

50 IF variable ()10 THEN GOTO 30

You'll find that you've got an endless loop on your hands.

What's happened is that you've told the program that when it reaches line 50 it is to go back to line 30 provided that variable isn't equal to 10.

The only time it won't loop is when variable is equal to 10.

The trouble is that the way that the program is constructed means that this exit condition won't happen. variable goes from 1 to 3 then 5, 7 and 9, followed by 11, 13 and so on. It never actually equals 10, so the loop carries on.

This is a problem to watch out for. While in this example if was fairly obvious, when you have a condition made up of lots of little conditions joined with ANDs and ORs and suchlike it can happen very easily.

Program IV shows us GOTO in action again, only now there are two of them.

10 REM PROGRAM IV
20 LET variable=1
30 PRINT variable
40 LET variable=variable
+2
50 IF variable(20 THEN P
RINT "Less than or equal to
20":60TO 30
60 IF variable>20 THEN P
RINT "Greater than 20":60TO
30

Program IV

Line 50 tests variable and if it is less than 20 it tells you so before sending the program back to line 30. Line 60 tells you if it is greater than 20 and then sends control back to 30.

Notice the way we have to use a GOTO after each IF. Not very efficient.

Also notice that while we've got a couple of IFs, we haven't got an exit condition – the loop keeps on going.

Program V solves the exit

condition problem by means of a cunning AND.

10 REM PROGRAM V
20 LET variable=1
30 PRINT variable
40 LET variable=variable
+2
50 IF variable(=20 THEN
PRINT "Less than or equal t
o 20":80TO 30
60 IF variable>20 AND va
riable<100 THEN PRINT "Grea
ter than 20":60TO 30
70 PRINT "The End"

Program V

Now line 60 has a joint condition and the GOTO only works while variable is between 21 and 99. As soon as it goes over this, the loop ends and the program goes on to line 70.

So now we've got our exit condition – but it's not really a very neat solution, is it? Try rewriting the whole thing using a FOR... NEXT loop. I'm sure you'll agree that it's a lot easier to understand.

Observant readers may have noticed that the condition in line 50 changed from:

IF variable(20

in Program IV to:

IF variable(=20

in Program V.

While it makes no difference in this case (variable never gets to 20) it's much better to have every number catered for as in the second case. If you don't follow that, try making line 40 of Program IV read:

40 LET variable=variable+1

and see what happens when you run the program.

In the examples we're using it's fairly simple to see that variable will never be 20, so this problem won't arise.

However in more complicated programs you may not have any idea of what values may emerge.

So make sure you don't leave any "holes" between two sets of conditions, because if you do it's odds'on that the program will find them and bring things to an untimely halt.

Now have a look at Program VI. You should have no difficulty in seeing that the main part of it is a loop that cycles ten times.

18 REM PROGRAM VI

20 variable=0:loopno=0

30 loopno=loopno+1:PRINT

"Loop number ":loopno

40 variable=variable +1

50 IF variable (10 PRINT

"As variable is ":variable
", the loop continues.":GDT

0 30

60 PRINT "As variable is now ":variable", so it end

70 PRINT "There have bee a ":loopno" cycles round the e loop."

Program VI

While our old friend variable is less than 10, the GOTO of line 50 keeps on sending the

HEALTH WARNING:

GOTOs can seriously damage your sanity!



program round the loop. However, eventually line 40 is going to make variable equal to 10 and the condition fails. Now the GOTO is ignored and the program carries on to lines 60 and 70 and ends.

Make sure that you understand what's happening in the program. It should be clear to you that lines 30 and 40 are repeated over and over while variable is less than 10.

Put another way, the loop repeats lines 30 and 40 until variable is equal to 10. Then the loop stops and the program carries on with the next lines.

You can look at Program I in the same way. There, lines 40 and 50 were repeated until variable was equal to 11.

Similarly, in Program V the loop cycled until the exit condition of variable being 100 was reached.

In all these cases you can look on the loop as being repeated over and over again until a certain condition is reached. The loop is repeated until the exit condition is true.

This is quite a useful concept. After all, when we use a FOR ... NEXT loop we have to know the number of times it's going to loop. We have structures like:

10 FOR 1000=1 TO 100 50 NEXT 1000

which are fairly rigid. It's much more flexible to have a loop repeating over and over until it's done the task we want.

The structure would be something like:

REPEAT SOME TASK UNTIL IT'S DONE

This is vastly different from the FOR . . . NEXT loop. Here the loop will carry on forever unless its exit conditions are met. And it's such a useful loop structure that the advanced Basic in the Electron has it as standard.

You don't have to mess about with GOTOs. You can do

We're exploring them ... to learn how to do without them?

10 REM PROGRAM VII

20 variable=0:loopno=0

30 REPEAT

40 IF variable ()0 THEN PRINT "As variable is ":var iable", the loop continues.

50 loopno=loopno+1:PRINT

"Loop number ";loopno

50 variable=variable +1

78 UNTIL variable >= 10

BD PRINT "As variable is now "(variable", so it end

90 PRINT "There have bee n ":loopno" cycles round th e loop."

Program VII

it all with a simple REPEAT... UNTIL loop. Program VII, a variant of the previous program, shows it in action.

Here the REPEAT...UNTIL loop is formed by lines 30 and 70. Now everything between those lines will be repeated over and over until variable is greater than or equal to 10. This means in effect, that the loop repeats ten times, then finishes.

One point to bear in mind is that a REPEAT ... UNTIL loop is always performed at least once. This is because the condition is tested by the UNTIL at the end of the loop.

The program performs all the code up to the UNTIL and then tests the exit condition. If this is met, the loop ends. If it's not, it carries on, sending the program back to the REPEAT.

But, whatever the result of the test, the code preceding the UNTIL will have been processed. Hence a REPEAT ... UNTIL loop always cycles once.

Try changing line 70 of Program VII to:

70 UNTIL variable: -2

Obviously variable is greater than -2 when the loop starts so the exit condition of line 70 is met.

However, the program doesn't know this until the UNTIL of line 70 and ploughs on through the preceding lines.

The flexibility of REPEAT...
UNTIL loops comes as a breath of fresh air after the confines of FOR... NEXT loops and the horrors of GOTOs. Have a look at the way one is used to read data in Program VIII.

18 REM PROGRAM VIII

20 total = 8

30 REPEAT

48 READ number

50 total=total+number

58 UNTIL number=8

70 PRINT total

90 DATA 12,45,67,897,8

Program VIII

All the program does is to total up the numbers in the DATA statement and display the result.

However, notice the exit condition of the loop, It repeats until the variable number is equal to 0. Now adding 0 to the running total leaves it the same, so why bother?

The answer is that the 0 exit

condition is a flag that tells the program when I want the loop to end.

Try changing line 80 to:

80 DATA 1.2,3,4,5.8

or

80 DATA 209.365.3.0

and you'll see the flexibility of the structure. The numbers are read and added to the running total until the program finds a O.

Compare this with using a FOR ... NEXT loop for the same job as in Program IX:

10 REM PROGRAM IX

28 total=8

38 FOR loop= 1 TO 4

48 READ number

50 total=total+number

68 NEXT LOOP

70 PRINT total

88 DATA 12,45,67,897

Program IX

This is a much more rigid program. If you want to change the data line you have to add up the number of items in it and change the FOR ... NEXT loop accordingly.

I think you should see that the REPEAT ... UNTIL is a much better program structure.

And that's it for this month.

I leave it to you to try your hand at your own REPEAT...

UNTIL loops.

Last month we used a GOTO to form a mugtrap. Can you rewrite the program using a REPEAT ... UNTIL loop instead?

Repeat the process until you're sure you understand it. ELECTRON, BBC Model B (any OS, BASIC I/II)

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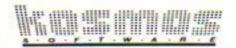
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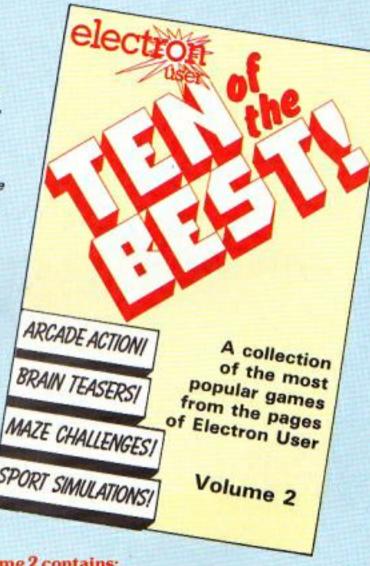
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Out of the many thousands of programs submitted to Electron User... out of the dozens that have been considered good enough to appear in these pages... we have selected 20 of the most outstanding to delight, intrigue – and frustrate! – Electron users everywhere.



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Another classic. Help the spacemen avoid maurading monsters. Parky's Peril

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Test your wits and reflexes in this popular classic ball game.

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Crack the code in a colourful if frustrating brainteaser.

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Save the plunging sky divers from a watery end.

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Attack the bandit ships in this fast-moving 3D punch-up.

Never before

has there been such a helpful, easy-to-understand guide to BBC Basic

There has been an enthusiastic welcome from users of the BBC Mico and Electron to "Getting Started on BBC Basic". And with good reason. For its author, Mike Bibby, is acknowledged to be one of Britain's leading experts on BBC Basic, and in it he achieves new standards in simplifying the teaching of Basic programming.

The book, which is based on his highly-praised series for beginners in The Micro User, takes the reader step by step through the fundamentals of writing programs.

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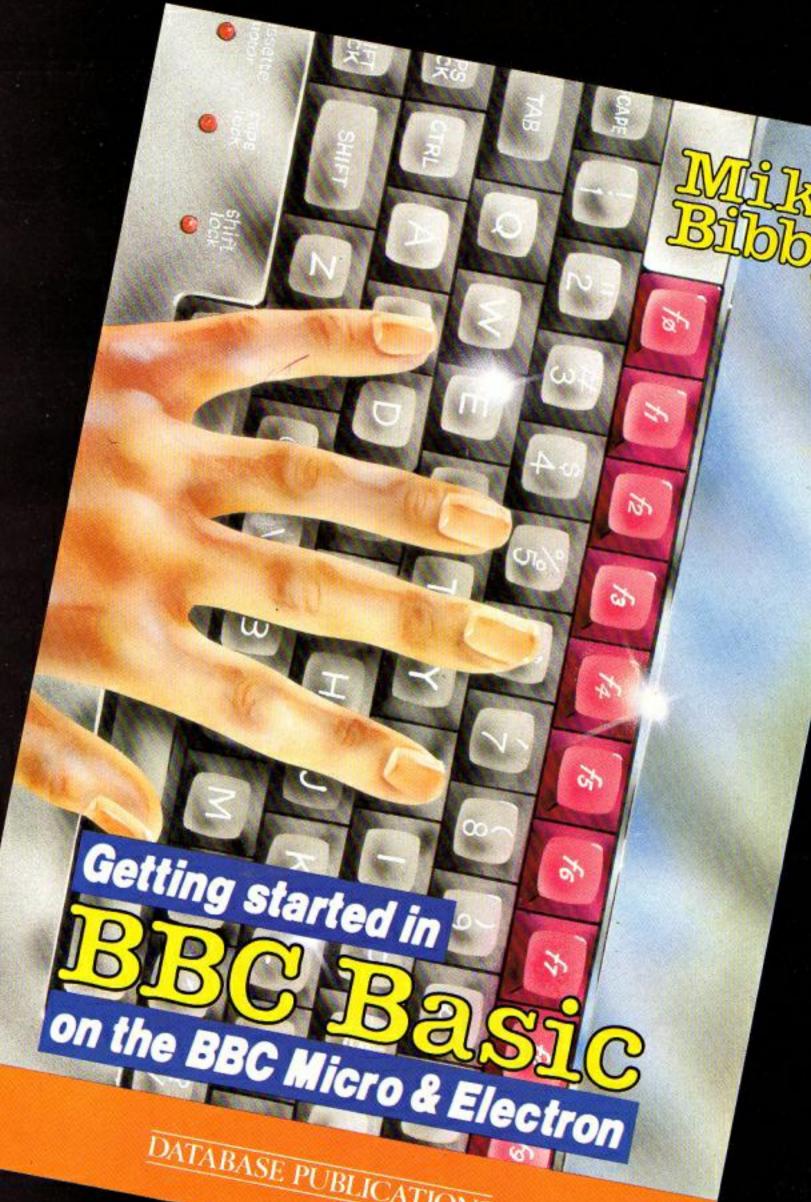
absolute novice not only the formal rules of Basic but also that elusive quality - good programming style.

By working through its many examples, the reader will gain a clear insight into structured programming, and will quickly acquire the ability to use structured techniques in creating his own programs.

The chapters include:

- Basic ideas printing strings and numeric expressions
- RUNning your first programs
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DATABASE PUBLICATIONS

It's a race against the clock in



CARL DUNKERLEY's explosive game

IS life getting boring? Do you feel the need to spice it up with a little danger? Well why not try Carl Dunkerley's game Time-Bomb?

The object is simple. You have to collect all the TNT mines, and so gain points, before the timer reaches zero and they explode, taking you with them.

As you move around the screen you'll destroy all the

blocks that you come into contact with. Don't worry if you leave one edge of the screen, you'll re-appear at the opposite side.

The block you are currently on is capable of sliding horizontally into an empty space, but it doesn't move vertically. If you do try to move it this way your Electron will ignore you.

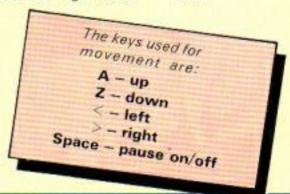
You can obtain more points by eating the fruit scattered

around the screen, but will lose a life if you run into a skull. A bonus man is awarded every 10,000 points.

You'll need a lot of luck and skill to beat the high score.

All REMs can be safely omitted from the listing.

In case you're wondering, *FX200,1 disables the Esc key while *FX202 forces Caps Lock.



PROCEDURES

PROCassemble Store machine code for double

height characters.

PROCcharacters Define characters and envelopes.

PROCinstructions Print instructions.

PROCinitialise Reset variables for a new game.

PROCgrid Draw screen.

PROCplay Play game.

PROCget Select mans direction.

PROCpause Pauses until SPACE is pressed.

Add a BONUS to score and PROCnext

increment frame counter.

PROCdead Lose a life.

PROClocate Find an empty square.

FUNCTIONS

FNs(V%,N%) Formats V%, by adding leading 0 until it has N% digits.

VARIABLES

X%, Y%, N%, M%, P%,

Z%,T%,D,A\$,D\$ General

G% Delay loop counter.

S% Score.

L% Lives.

F% Frame number.

Q% Bonus man marker.

H% High score.

D% Man's current direction.

C% Contents of square man is moving

0% Number of TNT mines to be eaten.

MAN\$ String of CHR\$ forming the man. SPA\$ String of CHR\$ forming a blank

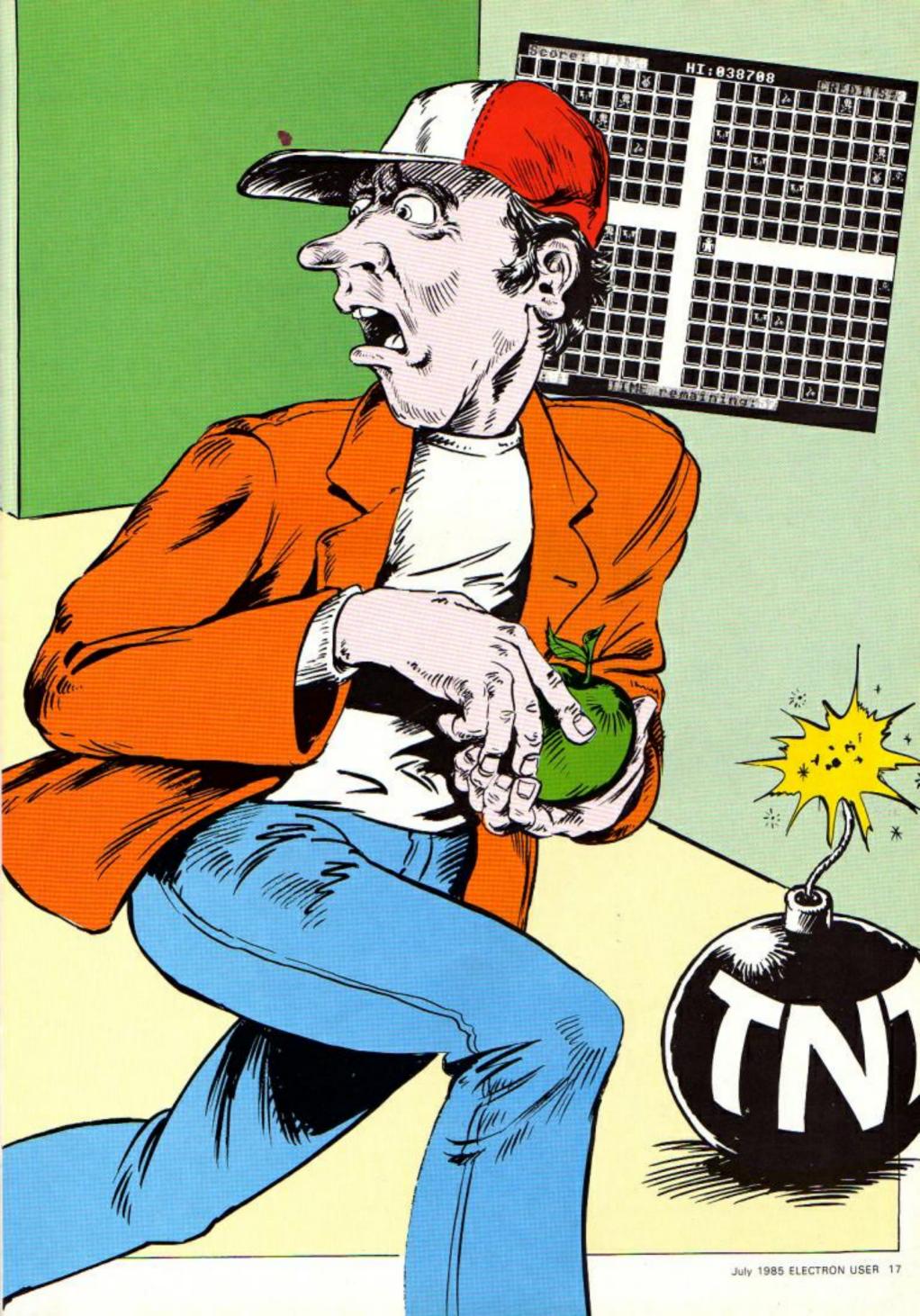
square

ARRAYS

S%(14,20) Screen contents.

Q%250

Machine code storage.



1140 VDU23,237,98,52,0,0,0 From Page 17 .2.7*C%.3:S%=S%+25*C% 788 REM### lose a life ## 448 IFC%=30RTIME>=6000PRO 9,8,8, Cdead: TIME=TX: IFLX=00RTX>=6 1150 VDU23,238,8,0,24,52,1 18 REM TIME-BOMB 790 DEFPROCdead **OBSENDEROC** 800 TZ=TIME 14,126,68,24 28 REM BY CARL DUNKERLY 450 IFNOT(CX<>00RDX=440RD 1160 REM SKULL & CROSSBONE 38 REM (C) ELECTRON USER 810 SOUND1,1,100,10 X=46) SOUND1,1,25,1: DX=ASC (M S=3 1985 820 LX=LX-1 40 ON ERROR GOTO2610 ID\$(",.",RND(2),1)):60T0398 830 COLOUR129: COLOUR0: PRI 1178 VDU23,240,0,0,0,0,0,0 460 COLOURE: COLOUR129: IFS 50 *fx202 NTTAB(38,1); LX 1180 VDU23,241,3,0,3,6,8,0 840 IFT%>=6000 PRINTTAB(2 x>=@x@x=@x+10000:Lx=Lx-(Lx< 60 #fx11 .0.0 6): SOUND1,2,100,10: PRINTTAB 8,30):"00" 70 *fx200 1 1198 VDU23,242,24,224,24,1 (38,1);L% 850 COLOUR128: PRINTTAB (XX 80 HX=38788 470 PRINTTAB (7,1); FNs (SX, #2-2, Y%#2) SPA\$ 98 DIMSX(14,28),9X258 2,0,0,0,0 868 SX(YX, XX)=8:NX=18:MX= 6); TAB(28,30); FNs(INT((6000 1200 VDU23,243,0,0,224,240 100 MODE6 -TIME)/100),2):COLOUR128:PR 110 PROCassemble ,80,240,224,160 INTTAB(XX*2-2, YX*2) SPA\$: SX(870 COLOURS: PRINTTAB(NX+2 1210 VDU23,244,0,0,0,1,1,1 120 PROCcharacters YX, XX) = 0: XX=NX: YX=MX: SX(YX. -2.M%*2):MAN\$ 130 MODE1 .0.0 1228 VDU23,245,8,8,8,8,8,8,8 XX)=5:COLOUR3:PRINTTAB(XX+2 880 *fx21 140 VDU23,1,0;0;0;0; -2, YX+2) MAN\$: IFCX=20X=0X-1: 890 FORN=1T0450: NEXT 158 REMass main loop ses ,0,12 160 REPEAT IFOX=8PROCnext:ENDPROC 900 SOUND1,1,1,1 1230 REM MAN=5 480 GOT0390 170 PROCinstructions 910 IFL%(>0 ANDT%(6000 PR 1248 VDU23,246,0,63,95,94, 498 ENDPROC 180 PROCinitialise OCget 94,95,88,98 500 REMORE pause *** 928 #fx21 198 REPEAT 1250 VDU23,247,8,254,38,17 518 DEFPROCpause 938 NX=18: MX=8 200 ?&FE27=255 4,14,30,2,18 520 TX=TIME 948 ENDPROC 218 PROCgrid 1268 VDU23,248,98,98,98,94,92 530 REPEATUNTILGET *= " " 228 ta. 958 REM### define chr\$ ## ,95,96,127,8 548 TIME=TX 1278 VDU23,249,18,18,78,78 238 PROCplay 550 ENDPROC 960 DEFPROCcharacters 248 UNTILLX=8 ORTX>=6888 ,254,2,252,0 560 REM### get inital dir 1288 MAN\$=CHR\$246+CHR\$247+ 258 REMess game over *** 978 ENVELOPE1,3,124,-254, 260 COLOUR2 ection ### -5,2,4,100,0,0,0,0,0,0,0 CHR\$8+CHR\$8+CHR\$1@+CHR\$248+ 570 DEFPROCaet CHR\$249 270 IFT%>=6000COLOUR129:5 988 ENVELOPE2,2,18,-18,18 575 VDU 23,1,8;8;8;8; 1298 SPA\$=" "+CHR\$8+CHR\$8 OUND1, 2, 18, 8: XX=17: YX=4: \$da ,-1,1,-1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0 +CHR\$18+" " 580 #fx21 ta="TIME-UP": CALLdnor 998 REM empty block:=1 590 REPEAT: D\$=GET\$: UNTILI 288 COLOUR128 1000 VDU23,224,0,63,95,95, 1300 ENDPROC NSTR("AZ,.",D\$)(>8 298 IFSX>HX HX=SX: XX=15: Y 95,95,95,95 1318 REM### draw screen ## X=10:\$data="NEW HI-SCORE":C 600 DX=ASC(D\$):TIME=TX 1010 VDU23,225,0,254,254,2 610 ENDPROC 54,254,254,254,254 1320 DEFPROCGrid ALLdnor: FORNX=1T05000: NEXT 628 REM### bonus, next fra 300 XX=12:YX=20:\$data="An 1020 VDU23,226,95,95,95,95 1338 6X=6X+15*(6X()8) ae ### other Game (Y/N)?": CALLdiny ,95,96,127,0 1340 FORN=1T03: VDU19, N. 8:8 638 DEFPROCnext 1030 VDU23,227,254,254,254 318 REPEAT AS=GETS: UNTILA :: NEXT \$="Y"ORA\$="N" 640 TX=(6000-TIME)/100 ,254,254,2,252,8 1350 COLOUR131 320 UNTILAS="N" 650 COLOUR2 1848 REM TnT block:=2 1360 CLS 668 XX=15: YX=18: \$data="NE 1050 VDU23,228,0,0,0,0,14, 338 MODE6 1370 VDU5 XT PATTERN": CALLdnor 4.4.4 340 END 1388 GCOL8.8 678 FORN=T% TO1 STEP-1 1868 VDU23,229,8,8,8,8,28, 350 REMess run frame *** 1390 HOVE538,995:PRINT"HI: 688 IFTX()8 SX=SX+18+258* 368 DEFPROCPLay 8,8,8 *+FNs(H%,6) 1878 VDU23,238,8,8,8,8,8,8,8 FX/TX 370 TX=0: XX=10: YX=8 1400 VDU4 698 SOUND&18,-1,N MOD5,1 388 PROCget ,1,1 1410 COLOUR129: COLOUR2 1888 VDU23,231,8,8,8,8,8,8,8 700 COLOURO: COLOUR129: PRI 398 K\$=INKEY\$8: IFK\$() "AN 1428 PRINTTAB(1,30); "Frame NTTAB (28, 38); FNs (N, 2) TAB (7, .32,160 DINSTR("AZ,.",K\$)(>@DZ=ASCK :"; TAB(13,30); "TIME remain! 1); FNs (SX. 6) 1090 VDU23,232,1,1,0,0,0,0 ng: "; TAB(1,1); "Score: "; TAB(718 IFSX>=QXQX=QX+18888:L 400 IFK\$=" PROCpause 30,1); "CREDITS: ":: COLOUR0: P 418 NX=XX+(DX=44)-(DX=46) X=LX-(LX(6):SOUND1,2,100,10 1100 VDU23,233,96,32,0,0,0 RINT; LX; TAB (7,1); FNs (5%,6); :PRINTTAB(38,1);L% 9,0,8 : MX=YX+(DX=65)-(DX=98): IFMX TAB (7,30); FNs (F1,2); TAB (28, 720 FORD=1T098: NEXT. 30): "60": TAB(0,2): (1MZ=14ELSEIFMZ>14MZ=1 1110 REM APPLE & CHERRY=BO 428 IFNX>28NX=1: MX=MX+(MX 730 PRINTTAB(28,30); "00" NUS FRUIT=4 1430 COLOUR128: COLOUR3 >1)ELSEIFNX(1NX=20: MX=MX-(M 748 COLOUR128 1120 VDU23,235,16,8,12,16, 1440 FORY%=1T014 750 FORNX=1T05000: NEXT 8.8.8.8 1450 FORXX=1T028 7(14) 768 FX=FX+1 438 CX=SX(MX,NX):FORPX=1T 1460 SX(YZ,XZ)=1 1130 VDU23,236,8,0,0,2,37,

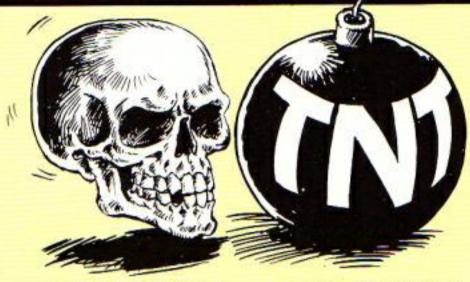
114,32,0

1478 VDUZ24,225

OGX: NEXT: IFCX=20RCX=4SOUND1

770 ENDPROC

1480 NEXT 1498 FORXX=1T028 1500 VDU226,227 1510 NEXT. 1520 REM MAN 1530 57 (8, 10) =5 1540 COLOURS: PRINTTAB(18,1 6) MANS 1550 VDU5 1560 REM ThT 1570 TX=5+5+FX: 1FTX>25 TX= 25 1580 0%=T% 1598 FORYX=1TOTX 1600 PROClocate 1618 SX (ZX, XX) = 2 1620 SCOL0,1 1638 VDU228,229,8,8,238,23 1,8,8,10,232,233 1648 MOVEXX*64-58,1821-64* 2% 1650 VDU228,229,8,8,230,23 1,8,8,10,232,233 1660 GCOL@.0 1670 MOVEXX*64-60,1021-64* 1680 VDU228,229,8,8,18,8,2 ,230,231,8,8,10,232,233 1690 NEXT 1700 REM APPLE+CHERRY=BONU S FRUIT 1710 TX=RND(7)+3 1720 FORYX=1TOTX 1730 PROClocate 1740 SX(ZX, XX)=4 1758 MOVEXX+64-64+16,1823-64#7%-16 1768 AX=RND(2) 1770 IFAX=1 6COL0.0: VDU235 .8,236: MOVEXX*64-58+16,1023 -64*7%-16:6COL0,2:VDU235,8: GCOL8,1: VDU236 1788 IFAX=2 GCOL8,8: VDU237 .8.238: MOVEXX+64-58+16,1023 -64+ZX-16:GCOL0,2:VDU237,8: GCOL0,1:VDU238 1790 NEXT 1800 REM SKULL & CROSSBONE 1810 TX=5+5*FX: IFTX>20 TX= 20 1820 FORYX=ITOTX 1838 REPEAT 1840 SUMX=0 1858 PROClocate 1860 IFIX(>0 IF SX(ZZ-1,XZ)=3 SUMX=SUMX+1 1878 IFZX<>14 IF SX(ZX+1,X X)=3 SUMX=SUMX+1



1880 IFXX(>0 IF SZ(ZX,XZ-1)=3 SUMX=SUMX+1 1898 IFXX(>28 IF SX(ZX,XX+ 1)=3 SUM%=SUM%+1 1980 UNTIL SUMX(4 1910 SX(ZX,XX)=3 1920 SCOL0.0 1930 VDU240,245,8,8,10,241 ,242,8,8,11,244,243 1948 MOVEXX*64-58,1823-64* 2% 1950 GCOL0.2 1960 VDU240,245,8,8,10,241 ,242 1970 GCOL0.1 1988 VDU8,8,11,244,243 1998 NEXT 2000 VDU4, 20, 19, 3, 4; 8; 19, 2 ,5:0: 2010 ENDPROC 2020 REM### choose a squar e ### 2030 DEFPROClocate 2048 REPEAT XX=RND(20): ZX= RND (14): UNTILSZ (ZZ, XZ)=1 2858 MOVEXX*64-64,1823-64* 2% 2060 ENDPROC 2070 REM### double height chr\$ ### 2080 DEFPROCassemble 2070 V=&FFEE 2188 FORN=8T01:PX=8X 2110 [OPT0:.dnor:LDA#0:JMP start 2120 .dinv:LDA#&FF 2138 .start:STA&89:LDA#31:

0: PHA

Y#1

2150 .loop3:LDA&80,Y:EOR&8

9: JSRV: JSRV: INY: CPY#5: BNELo

JSRV: TXA: JSRV: TYA: JSRV: LDA# 2148 .loop@:PLA:TAX:LDAdat a. X: CMP#13: BEQend: STA&80: IN X: CPX#21: BEQend: TXA: PHA: LDX #&88:LDY#8:LDA#18:JSR&FFF1: LDA#23: JSRV: LDA#255: JSRV: LD

op3:LDA#255:JSRV:LDA#18:JSR V:LDA#8:JSRV:LDA#23:JSRV:LD A#255: JSRV 2160 .loop4:LDA&80,Y:EOR&8 9: JSRV: JSRV: INY: CPY#9: BNE10 op4:LDA#255:JSRV:LDA#11:JSR V: JMP1 0000 2170 .end:RTS:.data:EQUS* 2180 1: NEXT 2198 ENDPROC 2288 REMate score formatti ng ### 2210 DEFFNs (NX,PX): S\$=STR\$ (NX):=STRING\$(PX-LENS\$,"0") +5\$ 2228 REM### initialise ### 2230 DEFPROCinitialise 2240 6%=105:5%=0:L%=3:F%=1 :0%=10000 2250 ENDPROC 2268 REM### instructions # ** 2270 DEFPROCinstructions 2288 VDU28 2290 COLOUR128: COLOUR3 2300 CLS 2318 XX=13:YX=1:\$data="'Ti me-Bomb ": CALLdnor 2320 COLOUR2 2338 PRINT'' The object o f this game is to defuse al Ithe bombs ('TNT'), before t he counter reaches zero. 2340 PRINT' A bonus is awa rded for time remaining att he end of the frame and for each piece of fruit eaten.

2350 PRINT' However, if you

collide with a 'SKULL' ort

he counter reaches zero you

2360 PRINT' A bonus MAN is

awarded every 10000points-

up to a maximum of six."

will lose alife."

2378 PRINT "You control th e man using the following k eys:" 2388 COLOURS: PRINTTAB(19); "A"CHR\$13CHR\$18; TAB(18)"(>"CHR\$13CHR\$10: TAB(20);"Z" 2398 PRINT'"'SPACE' P ause ON/OFF" 2400 XX=6:YX=30:\$data="Pre ss any key to": CALLdnor 2410 XX=23: \$data="continue ... ": CALLdnor 2428 #fx21 2438 A=6ET 2448 FORYX=4T029 2450 PRINTTAB(0, YX); SPC(40 2460 NEXT 2478 COLOUR2: PRINTTAB (8.5) 2480 PRINT"As you move aro und the screen you will de stroy all the 'BLOCKS' that you come into contact wit 2490 PRINT' If you leave o ne edge of the screen, your ill reappear at the other." 2500 PRINT "The following only applies when you try a

.. 2510 PRINT' The 'BLOCK' yo u are on can slide left & right, but not up and dow n. If you tryto make it slid e up or down the computerwi ll ignore your command and move you either left or r ight instead." 2520 COLOUR3

nd move into an empty space

2538 XX=3: YX=38: \$data= Do you want the soun : CALLdnor 2548 XX=23: \$data="d ON (Y/ N)?": CALLdnor

2558 REPEAT AS=BET\$ 2560 UNTILA\$="Y"ORA\$="N" 2570 IFA\$="Y"THEN*fx210 2580 IFA\$="N"THEN#fx218 1 2598 ENDPROC 2600 REM### ERROR ### 2610 MODE6 2628 REPORT 2630 PRINT at line "; ERL

This listing is included in this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 61.

ROLAND WADDILOVE

begins a new series on programming graphics with arcade games in mind

HAVE you ever looked at the latest arcade games and been amazed by the incredibly fast, super smooth, multi-colour, sprite-like graphics?

Wish your programs could have graphics like that? Well it's not that hard.

Over the next couple of months I shall be covering the basic techniques involved in moving multi-coloured characters of any size smoothly round the screen.

The only way to achieve such animation is through the use of machine code, as it runs many times faster than Basic which is too slow.

So to make the most of these articles you will need a fair knowledge of 6502 machine code. But even if you don't, then you should be able to follow the first section which looks at how the screen memory is organised, and you'll have till next month to swot up on the subject.

As many of the arcade games written for the Electron are in Mode 5, this is the one we shall be concentrating on.

Although there are fewer colours than Mode 2, programs run much faster, in fact at almost the same speed as the BBC in Mode 2. So it's a swings and roundabouts situation – do you want speed or colour?

The secret to high speed multicolour graphics is to directly access the screen memory. This is the top 6-20k of memory, depending on the mode, from which the TV picture is built up, and is formed from the bit pattern of the bytes stored there.

The operating system is best used as little as possible. Not that there is anything wrong with it, it's excellent, but it simply wasn't designed specifically to run arcade games in Mode 5.

In the OS ROM is a superb routine which will print any character you care to define, in any colour and in any mode at

Machine code can make your games faster, smoother and paint box bright

any pixel (a pixel is the smallest element of the screen display — when you plot a single point, that's a pixel). The calculations it must perform are mind boggling.

The bit pattern must be fetched, then the foreground and background colour found and the bytes required to produce the pattern calculated.

This depends on the mode, and whether you are printing at the text or the graphics cursor using VDU 5.

The correct addresses in the screen memory must be found and the data poked in.

A fantastic amount of time can be saved by working out all the data beforehand and saving it. Then all that is necessary is to poke the pre-packaged data into the correct location, using a fairly simple routine.

First we will try to find out how the Electron organises the screen memory. You will need Program I for this.

The memory map of page 128 of the User Guide tells us that the RAM used for high resolution graphics is located between HIMEM and &8000, and that HIMEM is a movable boundary.

Try putting the Electron into different modes and printing HIMEM:

PRINT"HIMEM

You can see that more RAM

is required by higher resolution graphics or more colours, and that in Mode 5 HIMEM is equal to &5800.

Type in and run Program I.

It prints the alphabet starting at the top left of the screen and then waits for a key to be pressed.

The variable address is initially set to HIMEM, and whenever a key is pressed its value is printed and &OF stored in the screen memory. The address is then incremented by 1.

Run the program a few times and hold down a key. You will see that each character is made up of two strips, each 8 bytes high, and that each line is made up of 40 of these strips or columns.

If you are using a TV and can't see the top line add this line:

55 VDU 38.11.11

Look at the address printed and note when it runs on to the next line. It is &5800 at the start of the first line, &5940 at the start of the second line, &5A80 on the next and so on. Each line starts &140 lower than the previous one.

It can be seen from Program I that a Mode 5 character is stored in 16 bytes, two columns of 8 bytes.

Figure I shows the first character position. As each character is 8 pixels wide (in any mode) a single byte must hold the colour information for four pixels.

Also we saw earlier that each line of 20 characters is made up of 40 columns, and since there are 160 pixels across the Mode 5 screen 160 divided by 40 equals 4 – four pixels per byte.

How is the information coded? Program II will help here. The four pixels in the first byte of the screen memory can be set to any of the four colours by pressing the keys 1-4, 1 for the first, 2 for the second and so on.

The value of this byte is printed in hex and its binary bit pattern is shown.

Try altering the colour of the pixels and look for a pattern in the hex value or binary pattern. It doesn't seem to make sense does it?

10 REM PROGRAM I 20 MODE 5

30 address=HIMEM

48 PRINT "ABCDEFSHIJKLMN OPDRSTUVNXYZ"

50 PRINT TAB(0.10) "Addre

55=\$....'

60 key=GET

78 PRINT TAB(9,18): "addr

855

80 ?address=10F

90 address=address+1

100 GOTO 50

Program !

70 byte%=the first byte of screen memory. 80 Hexadecimal value printed. 110-130 Bit pattern printed. 150-180 Pairs of bits for each pixel printed. 200 key%=code of key pressed-48. 210 Call PROCchange() if keys 1-4 pressed. screen Sets up screen display, initialises variables. bit(N%) Prints coloured square if bit N% in byte set. change(pixel) Changes colour of pixel.

Two bits can be used to store the numbers 0 to 3, %00, %01, %10 and %11 in binary, So a byte, consisting of 8 bits can store the colours (0-3) for four pixels.

It would be logical to use the first two bits for the first pixel, the second two for the second pixel and so on. However it's not quite so simple.

Bits 7 and 3 store the colour for pixel 1, 6 and 2 for pixel 2, 5 and 1 for pixel 3 and 4 and 0 for pixel 4. Program II prints the pairs of bits for each pixel near the bottom of the screen.

Press key 1 and the bits 7 and 3 will cycle through the four colours, %00, %01, %10 and %11 in binary. Similarly the others can be changed by pressing keys 2, 3 or 4. Watch the bit pairs run through the colours.

A multi-coloured character could be designed on paper and each horizontal group of four pixels could be set using this program and the data noted. It could then be stored at any position on the screen.

This would be a very clumsy method though. So in a later article in this series we will employ a sprite designer to make it a bit easier.

You should now be able to see why in Program I storing &OF in the screen memory coloured it red. Set all four pixels to red and look at the hex value and bit patterns -&OF and 01, 01, 01, 01.

Maybe it's coincidence, I don't know, but look what happens when all the pixels are the same colour in Program II.

When all are black the byte is &00, red is &0F, yellow is &FO and white is &FF. See the pattern?

It looks like the binary pattern %00, %01, %10 and %11, of the four colours (0-3), doesn't it? This makes it very easy to remember how to completely colour a byte of memory.

 That's all for now. Next month we will look at some simple machine code routines for printing characters.

18 REM PROGRAM II	300 COLOUR 2: PRINT TAB(6.
28 REM By R.A. Waddilove	
38 MODE 5	62 51 48";TAB(12,6)"1111
48 PROCscreen	
50 REPEAT	310 FOR IX=1 TO 4
68 COLOUR 2	320 colour%(I%)=1
78 byte%=?HIMEM	338 NEXT
88 IF byte%(16 PRINT TAB	348 ?HIMEM=&F
(3,5)"&8";"byte% ELSE PRINT	350 COLOUR 1
TAB(3,5)"4";"byte%	360 PRINT TAB(12,4)STRING
98 COLOUR 129	\$(4,CHR\$255)
100 PRINT TAB(6,20);	378 COLOUR 129: COLOUR 2
118 FOR IX=7 TO 8 STEP -1	388 PRINT TAB(1,38) " 1-4
128 PROCbit(IX)	Change pixel *
138 NEXT	398 COLDUR 128
148 PRINT TAB(3,25);	488 MOVE 8,95: DRAW 1288,9
158 FOR IX=7 TO 4 STEP -1	5: MOVE 8,658: DRAW 1288,658:
168 PROChit (I%): PROChit (I	MOVE 688,658: DRAW 688,1824
7-4)	418 ENDPROC
170 PRINT CHR\$9; CHR\$9;	428 DEF PROChit(NX)
188 NEXT	438 IF (byte% AND 2^N%) C
198 COLOUR 128	OLDUR 2 ELSE COLOUR @
200 key%=SET-48: *FX21.8	440 VDU 255
218 IF key%>8 AND key%<5	458 ENDPROC
PROCchange (key%)	460 DEF PROCchange(pixel%
228 UNTIL FALSE)
230 END	470 colour%(pixel%)=(colo
240 DEF PROCscreen	ur%(pixel%)+1)MOD 4
250 VDU 23,1,0;0;0;0;0;	480 PRINT TAB(12,4);
260 VDU 23,255,0,126,126,	498 FOR IX=1 TO 4
126,126,126,126,8	500 GCOL 0,colourX(IX)
278 DIM colour X(4)	510 PLOT 69,8*(IX-1),1023
288 DRAW 8,1823; DRAW 1276	520 COLOUR colour X(IX)
.1023: DRAW 1276,0: DRAW 0,0	530 VDU 255,8,10,10,17,2,
298 PRINT TAB(11,2) "Pixel	colour%(I%)+48,11,11
s"; TAB(3,3) "Byte"; TAB(4,15)	540 NEXT
"Bit Pattern"	550 ENDPROC

Program II

8:5800	25808	
55801	85807	
45902	%58ØA	* * *
%58Ø3	%58ØB	
85804	%580C	
8.5805	8,580D	* * *
%5806	%580E	
8.5807	%58ØF	

Figure I: Memory map of the first character position

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BOBBY CHARLTON SOCCER

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oftware Surgery

THE COLUMN THAT TAKES A LOOK INSIDE THE LATEST RELEASES

Screens full of high speed action

WHAT an absolutely brilliant game. This must be the ultimate in high speed arcade action. The sound is excellent and the graphics superb.

The screen is filled with laser bolts, flying debris, brain waves, mutating monsters and robots. It's got to be seen to be believed.

There are nine screens full of various nasties to be disposed of and people to be rescued. As you progress through each screen the number of nasties increase and they get meaner and meaner.

You start off positioned in the centre, surrounded by assorted robots and monsters with nowhere to hide and only a laser pistol with which to defend yourself.

On screen one there are only robots plus a few obstacles. These can be dealt with quickly, in fact if you don't blast everything in sight within about five seconds then you have had it.

Bonus points are gained if you pick up the two humans wandering around.

Screen two starts with ordinary robots, large indestructable robots, pulsating rings, people and more obstacles. After a short while the pulsating rings mutate into machines which hover about the screen firing spinners at you, so speed is essential.

Screens three and four are the same only worse, that is there are twice as many robots and machines.

Screen five is a bit tricky. In addition to all the other

Robotron 2084 Atarisoft

obstacles and nasties, there are giant brains with tiny bodies and legs. These fire thought bolts or brain waves which home in on you and then mutate into another indescribable form.

Six is the same as four, which is a bit of a relief after the struggle to blast your way through five.

Seven is nearly impossible. There are pulsating rings different to the previous ones bouncing about the screen at high speed. They quickly mutate into giant frogmen's heads on tank tracks which emit spinning balls.

Eight and nine are like three

except that there are far more robots - over 40.

There are the usual options available before the game starts - sound on/off, set start level, keyboard/joysticks and a two player game. Once the game has started there is a pause facility so you can stop for a second to get your breath

To play Robotron properly you will need a pair of joysticks (Plus 1 type). There is a keyboard option but it is impossible as there are four keys to move and another four

to fire in each direction.

The only way to play is to use the two joystick option. One joystick is for moving and the other to fire. You can actually run one way and fire another.

The problem with two joysticks is how to hold them though. I ended up strapping one to each leg!

Robotron is a highly recommended action packed arcade classic. On a scale of 1 to 10 would give it 11 for addictiveness.

Roland Waddilove

Tanks on target

Blitzkrieg

Software Invasion

ONE of the most straightforward, yet most addictive, games I've ever had the pleasure to meet, Blitzkrieg is a winner.

Based on the familiar arcade game, the idea is to destroy as many enemy tanks as you can, gaining points in the process, while sustaining as little damage as possible.

You can receive only ten direct hits, then you're a goner.

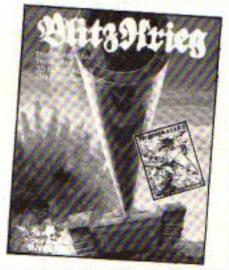
You start out as a private, and are promoted every 10,000 points. I won't tell you what rank I reached, though rank is probably the right

There are smaller tanks and larger ones out to get you -and watch out, because they don't wait too long before they turn and fire, so get your shot in first.

The graphics, with their 3D effect, are absolutely superb. Although all in green, the detail achieved is striking and the sound effects are also good.

However, your gun position can only sweep from left to right. It seems a pity that it isn't more mobile and can move backwards and forwards

A First Byte joystick option



is available, plus a pause facility if the kettle boils at a particularly unnerving moment. There is also a sound on or off option.

The keys are well placed and simple to use - kids from 9 to 90 will find it easy and great fun.

Bev Friend

BE A SUPER SECRET AGENT

Super Agent Flint Potter Programs

THE first thing that strikes you about Super Agent Flint is the reasonableness of its price – an example I hope other software houses will emulate.

When you load the program, you find that your task is to infiltrate a secret TERD base to capture their evil plans for world domination.

Your only means of escape is a rocket which you must use to dock with a British space station.

Happily for those of you who lack astronaut experience, the game assumes that successfully firing the rocket is enough.

The adventure begins in an aeroplane over the South Pacific. You've got a parachute and there's a green light showing, so your next move is fairly obvious.

Once you've landed you can start to explore the surrounding countryside. A submarine and a helicopter will help you in your travels, though the cable car is more useful in keeping things dry.

The rocket is soon found, but getting it started is something else. You need to find four things to operate the rocket successfully and finish the game.

Although there are only about 40 locations, don't expect these four objects to be easy to find.

As is beginning to seem usual with Potter Programs, there's no save-game facility, though there are spelling mistakes.

What there is is quite a lot of program protection, including a routine to intercept a Ctrl-Break.

At the price of these programs, the programming involved might be put to better use writing a save-game routine.

Overall, although it's in Basic it's quite fast and fun to play. At the price I must recommend it.

Merlin



hard day's night at the bier keller

Auf Wiedersehen Pet Tynesoft

FOR any fans of the popular TV show, this may have a special appeal.

The central character in our neat little plot is Oz, the well known loudmouth. Our Oz is put into a variety of tricky little situations over in Dusseldorf, and it's up to you to get him out of them!

Firstly, at the building site, Oz is under instructions to build as wide and tall a wall as possible, and if you thought bricklaying was easy, try this!

As well as avoiding the

watchful Erics and the falling trowels, poor Oz must be careful not to tumble from the wall.

The more wall he builds, the more marks he earns for his night at the bier keller.

At the bier keller, Oz must try to drink as many pints as possible before 11.30 (clock provided). The more he drinks, the more fearsome the barmaids become and the more numerous the tables to fall over

If you're not full of pity already, you will be when you find he's got to guide himself home as all the street lights in Dusseldorf flicker and die.

He must remember the route, then try to find his way through a pitch-black maze of lamp-posts and police cars! Even when he gets to the hut, he's got to avoid the security guard.

Is it really worth going out? You may well ask.

Take the controls and see for yourself.

The keys are easy to operate, and you will find the graphics are well up to standard. But just allow me a few grumbles, being the fusspot I am!

First, the instructions are a little harsh on the eyes in glaring Mode 2. Mode 1 would be preferable.

Second, the game seems to be a little slow-moving in parts – particularly when the lights are going out. Finally, moreadventurous sound-effects wouldn't come amiss.

All in all, though, a promising game for all ages, with plenty of variety.

Bev Friend

Worth its salt

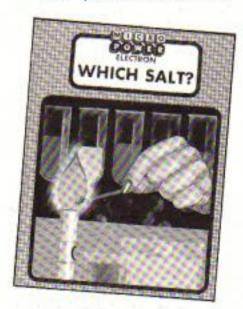
Which Salt? Micro Power

THIS program is designed to be used to help students revising for O level or CSE exams in chemistry. It provides practice in that well-known bane of chemists known as qualitative analysis.

After loading – a long process, but with no hitches – you are shown a picture of a reagent bottle containing a salt, together with some information on colour and solubility in water.

You are given 100 points to start with as you begin a series of standard tests. First comes the flame test, which, like all the rest is shown graphically, but with a sentence of explanation as well – vital for those with monochrome monitors.

Then you are shown the



Wongo goes to the Wall

IF you want a game with superb colour graphics and reasonable sound effects with an almost irritating addictive quality thrown in, then Wongo is the game for you.

Some grovelling nasties have planted bombs along the length of the Great Wall of China and it's up to bouncing little Wongo the Chinaman to defuse them.

However, it's not as simple as all that, as poor dutiful Wongo also has to avoid a constant barrage of rocks, arrows and a particularly nasty Wongo Icon

kind of creature, the jumping gremlin.

Not only does he have to face all this, but the Great Wall itself, being a little older than most of us here (except possibly the editor), is in a sorry state.

Parts of it have crumbled away. This leaves a gaping gap which can only be crossed by a rather bloody-minded flying ferry which simply doesn't want to wait for you. Timing is of the essence.

It's a fast-moving game with three levels of difficulty and a pause facility should you develop finger cramp.

The keys are easy to use, the instructions are clear, and you also have the option of having the sound on or off.

If you defuse five bombs without losing a life (you have three) you get a bonus score. There's also an extra life after every 20,000 points. A Hall of Fame is available for good scores.

Keith Young

effect of heat on your salt, with further tests offered if any gas is evolved. Ten points are lost if any of these tests are

Next you find the effect of adding alkali and ammonia. The final set of tests are for anions (the non-metal part of your salt). Again points are lost for using these.

It is now assumed that you will know your salt and you check your result by picking one of the nine cations and one of the seven anions used in the program.

Entering these is done by pressing Space at the correct time, so there is no chance of poor spelling being a stumbling block.

When you have selected the salt correctly, a summary sheet gives details of the chemistry of the tests used. You also get a score and a message such as "Seek help", "Boffin" or "Einstein".

A guibble on these messages is that scoring 100 per cent earns you "Cheat".

My other two criticisms are that the prompt "Press Space to continue" is forgotten at times, and more seriously that it is not possible to repeat a test, which can reduce you to wild guessing.

That apart, this is an excellent program. The graphics are tidy and fast, good use is made of the computer's colour and, thankfully, the program is silent.

It is packaged with details of the chemical knowledge required for the program and also a single copy of a worksheet which may be photo-copied.

At £6.95 this is a very cheap educational program and definitely worth getting for home revision.

Rog Frost

Games

Games Collection Century Software

Elk Man keeps your ROMs in order ELKMAN is a sideways ROM designed for use with an external ROM expansion

board such as Slogger's own Rombox, (not the Plus 1), and ElkMan Sideways is identical to the ROMs that ROM Manager BBC owners have been using Slogger

ElkMan is a ROM manager

so needs to have priority over

all other ROMs present to

operate properly. This means

that it is best placed so that it

appears as ROM 15 to the

socket on Slogger's Rombox

achieves this. You'll have to

check the manual on other

which means that all its

commands are available while

another ROM is in use, using a

be used within a Basic

using View I can test each

function without leaving the

ROMs 16 commands and their

syntax. One of the simplest is

These commands can even

While writing this review

*HELP ElkMan reveals the

Their appeal is not great

compared with the more

sophisticated machine code

games available, but they do

provide a good insight into

programming games in Basic.

publishers that users would

use the listings to pick up

It is an intention of the

The strategy games are not

in Basic and not machine

code. Speed of presentation

and response is not important.

elsewhere in various forms;

users to find out how the

programs work so I would

the ideas are not new.

The programs are available

This collection enables

ElkMan is a service ROM,

Placing it in the rightmost

operating system.

systems.

* command.

word processor.

generally slow.

program.

*PROMS which lists all the ROMs present, their state and

ROMs can be in one of three states. They are either on, off or killed. *OFFROM and *ONROM can be used to enable or disable a ROM.

If it has been disabled it will not respond to any commands and cannot be used. This is useful if two ROMs have the same name for different commands. The offending ROM taking the command can be switched off.

Even though a ROM may be off it can still reserve valuable memory. *KILLROM is equivalent to physically removing a ROM. I found it useful for disabling the Plus 3 when playing games on tape.

which can be used to display any section of memory, even sideways ROMs. The output is

in hexadecimal and Ascii. *POKE will place a series of bytes or a string anywhere in memory.

ElkMan contains a complete 6502 disassembler, which again is capable of operating on sideways ROMs. The hex address, object code, mnemonics and Ascii codes are listed.

There are several commands which operate on sideways RAM. These can clear the RAM if fitted, load it with data from memory, tape or disc, and save it to memory tape or disc.

ElkMan is well written and simple to use. The documentation is excellent. It comes with a very smart 21-page manual which explains fitting and use in a clear and easy-to-read manner.

Even if it's the only ROM you have, you'll still find most of the utilities useful. I can recommend ElkMan to all serious Electron users.

Roland Waddilove

*PEEK is a memory lister

work. However, although there is a great variety of arcade games their speed is

Euler's Touring Knight is a particular favourite of mine. The problem is to move a knight about a chess board calling in at each and every square.

One of the other programs, Robotank, requires Logo-type

Ace High is a patience card game. Instead of manipulating your own pack you press a letter to deal and another to

I think I prefer to use real cards, but the simulation is a good one.

I can recommend this

John Woollard

Revision aid

Where? Micropower

THIS is an excellent little program for testing general knowledge of places, rivers, cities, hills etc in Britain.

The format is simple. A place is indicated on the map and a choice of four answers is given. The user presses the number key corresponding to the answer chosen.

If the answer is wrong the correct answer is given. After 10 questions the score is displayed. It is based on the number of correct answers plus the speed of response.

It is not stimulating enough to teach on its own, but it is a good program for revision.

John Woollard

expert hints on programming their Electrons. The variety makes up for any loss in in Basic affected detrimentally by the fact that they are programmed

THIS is a sparkling collection of 20 strategy and arcade type games, all written in Basic for the Electron. An accompanying book gives full instructions and detailed descriptions explaining how the programs seriously recommend it for budding programmers.

The computer is programmed to demonstrate a solution, then the user can try

commands.

move the cards.

collection for those people who wish to increase their powers of programming by seeing how others do it.

OVER the next few months we'll be looking into the special functions called *FX available to Electron users.

Before we start finger tapping I'll explain the jargon. Then we'll have a look at some of those *FX commands which will improve your programming powers.

When your Electron is switched on a lot of short machine code programs are transferred into the RAM and values entered into specific locations in memory.

Those programs and values determine how the computer will behave under certain conditions.

For example, there are two locations whose contents determine how long the flashes of the flashing colours last. That is, the duration of the flash is stored in two specific locations.

If we knew the exact place of these locations the we could change them and so affect the way our computer behaves.

Also as the Electron and its sister computers alter, the size of these machine code programs will change. Therefore the places in memory where these programs start and various locations used will change.

Acorn computers are provided with the *FX function so that if such changes take place our present programs will still be able to run on all future machines.

When people talk of *FX they also talk of OSBYTE and CALLS. CALLing means going to a particular piece of machine code program, doing something and then returning

The operating system of the computer is packed with short programs that do many wonderous and seemingly trivial, yet vital, jobs such as putting a letter on the screen or reading a tape file.

All such routines are given names or are grouped together under one name. They're listed on page 229 of the User

OSBYTE is one family of programs called through one particular memory location &FFF4. The *FX command is designed to call these OSBYTE routines.

So what can the OSBYTE

Call up the mag and unleash the that lies in your

JOHN WOOLWARD begins a new series about those special functions called *FX

programs do? There are a potential 256 calls, so their action is wide and varied.

They range from asking the computer to wait for vertical synchronisation of the screen to a program that will reset all of the function keys of the keyboard.

All of these powerful mach-

necessary to write them as part of a program, they can be entered directly. In every case Return has to be pressed at the end of the line.

Type *FXO and press Return to reveal the operating system that you have in your computer. Mine is OS 1.00

Now let's try some other,

stays on the screen for the slightest fraction of a seond one fiftieth to be exact. To change the duration of the second colour, yellow, we use *FX10. Type: #FX10.188 Now the yellow will stay on

You will notice that the blue

the screen for 100 fiftieths of a second which, if my maths is correct, is two seconds.

We can use this technique to create an interesting title page for a program as illustrated in Program I.

First, the actual colours of the screen are changed. The background is made red (but any colour could be chosen). The program's title and author are then printed in flashing red and cyan.

The information about the program is printed in flashing cyan and red (notice the difference!)

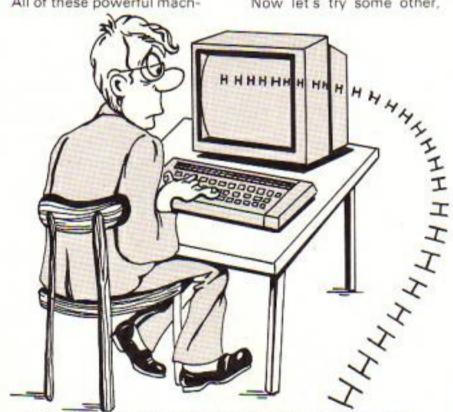
When the program title is red, which is invisible on the red background, the program information is a visible cyan. When the colours change the information becomes invisible and the title visible.

If the flash rate was not changed with the *FX calls of lines 60 and 70, then the information and the title would alternate too quickly.

By changing the rates the title is seen for two seconds then the information for five seconds.

The display gives the appearance of action, yet the computer can be carrying out some other task such as reading data or loading cassette files.

It's also possible to com-



*FX 12,1 and *FX 11,1: A good technique for fast moving arcade games - and a good trick to play on friends!

ine code programs can be called from your Basic program using *FX.

In a way *FX is the magic word that allows you to unleash the power of the machine code routines in the Electron's ROM.

Enough of this theory, let's try our first *FX call.

At the moment there's only one version of the Electron operating system on the market, but we can check our own by using *FXO.

With all *FX calls it is not

rather more useful, calls.

You can, for instance, revalue the flashing colour mark state - that means change the speed at which the flashing colours flash.

First put some flashing colour on the screen by typing

VDU19,1,12,8,8,8

That will change the white writing to flashing blue and yellow. Now try:

#FX9,1

ic word power micro!



bine the change in flash rates with graphics to create simple animation.

There are three points to be noted about *FX commands:

- The numbers following the *FX command are integers in the range 0 to 255. All other numbers will have no meaning.
- The commas may be omitted from between the numbers but there should be a space. I will continue to use commas to make the presentation clearer.
- None of this month's *FX commands affect the Break key. Pressing Break will nullify the previous *FX calls and return the micro to its original state.

To convince yourself you know what's happening, try some more combinations of *FX9 and *FX10 and then use Break to return the colours to their standard flash rate of half a second on, then off.

Now let's investigate *FX11 and *FX12. These calls affect the response of the keyboard.

The first determines how long a key has to be pressed before it starts to auto repeat.

The default time is 50 hundredths of a second. This means that the key must be held down for 50 hundredths of a second before the auto repeat starts.

Typing *FX11,100 makes the micro wait one second before auto repeating. *FX11,0 switches off the auto-repeat altogether.

If I'm writing a program for physically handicapped users or for the very young I find it useful to use *FX11.0. *FX11.100 also helps.

*FX12 is used to set the auto repeat rate – that is the rate at which the following letters are placed on the screen once the repetition has actually started. It is normally eight hundredths of a second.

Try entering *FX12,1 and *FX11,1 and then typing a single letter. It's very difficult because the computer will type a letter for each hundredth of a second the key is held down.

This is a very good technique to use in fast moving arcade type games where you want the computer to respond continually to the holding down of a key. It's also a good trick to play on someone.

*FX12,0 resets both values to their default setting. Hit Break if you can't manage it.

Finally let's look at a *FX command which is not in the User Guide. *FX229.1 causes the Escape key to stop working.

Try this out on your computer. Press Escape and see that the response Escape is printed. Now, enter *FX229.1 and then press Escape. It doesn't work! Enter *FX229.0 to return the key to

its normal action.

We can now try this in a program. Program II will continue to count until the letter S is pressed. Pressing Escape will not stop the program.

Use of *FX229,1 can be part of security measures taken to prevent others from breaking into your program once it is running.

To sum up, this month we've seen how *FX calls can affect the actions of the Electron.

*FX9 and *FX10 changes the colour flash rate. These were used to create a special effect for a program title.

*FX11 and *FX12 change the auto repeat action of the keys. Table I sums it up.

 Next time we'll take a closer look at some other calls that affect the keyboard and I'll show how they can be used to create better programs.

10 REM PROGRAM I	being displayed the"
28 MODE1	200 PRINTTAB(4,14); "the c
38 PROCtitle	omputer can be working"
40 END	218 PRINTTAB(4,16); on ot
50 DEFPROCtitle	her things such as*
68 *FX9,250	220 PRINTTAB(4,18); "readi
70 *FX10,99	ng data and initiating*
30 VDU19,0,1;0;	238 PRINTTAB(4,20); "varia
90 VDU19.3,0;0;	bles. The 'flashing'"
100 VDU19,1,9;0;	240 PRINTTAB(4,22); "displ
110 VDU19,2,14;0;	ay can include graphics"
120 COLOUR1	250 PRINTTAB(4,24); "or be
130 PRINTTAB(9,11); "Progr	used while the computer"
an Title"	260 PRINTTAB(4,26); "is Lo
148 PRINTTAB(9,13); "Progr	ading another program."
an Author"	270 PRINTTAB(4,30);
150 COLOUR2	280 COLOUR3
160 PRINTTAB(4,6); "This w	298 MOVE188,188
riting should contain"	300 DRAW100,900
170 PRINTTAB(4.8); "detail	310 DRAW1108,988
s of the program and"	320 DRAW1100,100
180 PRINTTAB(4,10); "how i	338 DRAW188,188
t can be used. While"	348 ENDPROC
190 PRINTTAB(4,12); "it is	

Program I

10 REM PROGRAM II	60 number%=number%+1
20 *FX229.1	70 gets=GETs
30 number%=0	88 UNTIL gets="S"
40 REPEAT	98 *FX229.8
50 PRINT number %	

Program II

Call	Units	Default	Effect
#FX 9,n	1/50 sec	25	1st flashing colour duration
	1/50 sec	ALCOHOLD TO THE REAL PROPERTY.	2nd flashing colour duration
	1/100 sec	58	Delay before auto-repeat begins
	1/100 sec	The second of the late of the late of	Length of auto-repeat

Table I: The story so far.

EVERY now and then something comes into the Electron User offices and there's a scramble for it.

Having used and been impressed with Cumana disc drives on my BBC Micro (in the dark old days when I used to work for *The Micro User*) I made sure that I won the latest tussle.

My prize? The Cumana floppy disc system for the Electron.

It consists of an interface cartridge, lead and either a $5\frac{1}{4}$ or $3\frac{1}{2}$ inch disc drive with its own power supply.

A second drive can be added if required, again of either size.

The cartridge, which contains among other things, the interface software, fits snugly into one of the slots on the Electron's Plus 1.

The lead, which, unlike on other micro products, is of adequate length, goes from this to the chosen disc drive.

Setting the system up was easy. Even if it hadn't been obvious what went where, the user guide supplied with the system gives more than adequate instructions.

So five minutes after receiving it I had a working disc system for my Electron. On the screen was not only the

Cumana DISK System

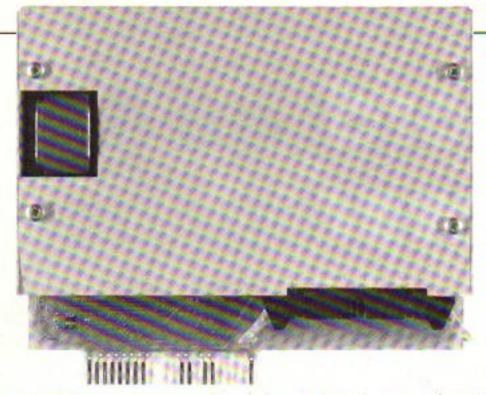
message, there was also the date!

The next few hours were spent exploring the commands available under the system. The more I saw of it, the more I liked it.

Using the Cumana DFS, the familiar LOAD and SAVE still work, except now programs are saved to disc, not tape. The increase in speed and reliability this brings has to be experienced to be believed.

It's more than just a







It's an impressive piece of work

super-fast cassette, however. Because the saved programs or files are on a disc, not a tape, you can access a file you've saved without having to read all the previous programs.

This gives the system enormous flexibility and with it come a whole host of commands and utilities to take advantage of this.

Files can be copied, renamed, and deleted with ease, while *CAT gives you the name of all the files on the disc, instantly.

One whole category of commands is given over to organising and analysing these files, allowing operations that would be impossible or impractical on tape.

Also the system supports random access files, vital for more advanced and flexible databases.

Before a disc can be used by a disc system it has to be formatted. All this means is that the disc is magnetically organised so that data is stored on it in the way that the DFS expects.

The trouble is that there is no standard format, discs that work on one DFS not working on another.

The Cumana DFS has what is known as a double density format, but it's not the same as the Plus 3's double density format. Nor is it compatible with the Acorn DFS for the

BBC Micro.

This could be a problem, but supplied with the system comes a disc full of utilities to deal with the situation.

It's these utilities that give the flexibility that makes it a winner, allowing it to use discs written on both the BBC Micro and on the Plus 3.

With them you can copy files from a Plus 3 or BBC disc onto your Cumana discs.

Not only that, but you can format and write to discs that can be used on the BBC Micro. No other DFS has this adaptability and compatibility.

As if that wasn't enough, the utilities disc also has a verify program – to check discs – and a disc editor for more advanced users.

Even with the above features, to think of the Cumana Floppy Disc System as just a DFS would be to underate it.

Not only does it have all the facilities you'd expect of a DFS, it also has a built-in real time clock and ROM socket for an additional ROM such as Addcom or Starmon.

Add to this that the maximum length of files is a massive 64k and the fact that the Cumana DFS doesn't use the Electron's memory (allowing easy tape to disc conversion) and the system becomes even more impressive.

It's a splendid, thoroughly professional piece of work. The manual is comprehensive, if a little formal in parts, and the system does what it sets out to do and does it well. The obvious question is how it compares with the Plus 3.

The answer is, very well indeed. While not having the complexity of the Plus 3's directories and pathways, the filing system, with its 10 letter filenames and use of wildcards, is more than adequate for the home user.

When you throw in the real time clock, the ROM ability and the flexibility in the disc formats that can be read, then it comes out a clear winner.

There are only two drawbacks that I can think of. The first is that you have to have a Plus 1. I'm not sure if this is a drawback, as I think most people who want to expand to discs will already have one of these excellent bits of kit.

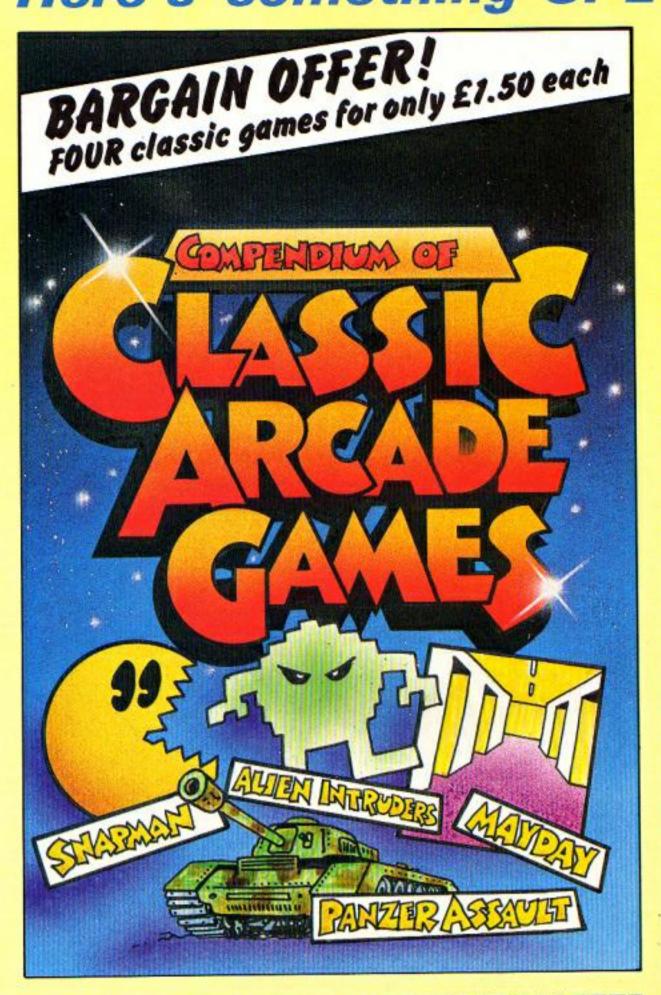
The second is that there is no utility that allows you to copy from your Cumana formatted discs to discs that will work on a Plus 3.

So as things stand, you could use your mate's Plus 3 discs but you couldn't copy your masterpieces on to a disc he can use.

Having said that, I don't think it will be long until someone does just that.

To sum up, it's a versatile, powerful piece of equipment that I recommend whole-heartedly. **Nigel Peters**

Here's something SPECIAL from



Classic Arcade Games. I enclose a cheque/PO No for £ made payable to: Database Publications Ltd.	☐ Electron tape £5.95 ☐ BBC Micro tape £5.95 ☐ BBC Micro disc £7.95 (Please tick)
Name	,
Address	



We've commissioned four rip-roaring games for the Electron and BBC Micro

Three of this highpowered collection
are top-rate machine-code
versions of arcade classics
and the fourth is a
thrilling real-time
adventure game.
There's hours of
enjoyment and something
to suit everyone in this
unique value for money
collection

SNAPMAN – Guide your man through the maze as he munches energy pellets and avoids hostile aliens

ALIEN INTRUDERS -

With only your laser for protection you must destroy the waves of aliens who threaten to engulf you

are a tank commander engaged in vicious combat against encircling enemy forces

MAYDAY - A futuristic
adventure! As captain of an
interstellar cruiser you must
guide the sole survivor of a
stricken space freighter
through the wreckage of his
craft. If you fail to recover
those vital medical supplies
a whole planet is doomed!

SCRAPBOOK

SCRAPBOOK is the feature that contains a selection of all the short, simple programs sent in by our readers.

It's where we keep a record – our scrapbook – of all the interesting little routines that don't end up in the Notebook or in Program Probe but are too good for us not to share.

This month it's very much a graphics show. Next month - who knows? It's up to you.

So if you enjoy messing about with your Electron and want to share your discoveries with other Electron users, send them in to us.



Sounds familiar? Alan Kerr

18 REM MOONLIGHT SONATA

28 MODE 1

30 VDU 23,1,8;8;8;8;

48 COLOUR 133:CLS

58 COLOUR 2

68 PRINT MOONLI

HT SONATA BY ALAN KERR"

78 COLOUR 3: PRINT ...

AND BEETHOVEN"

88 COLOUR 2

90 PRINT

WHAT SPEED?"

100 COLDUR 4

118 PRINT "

1/18"

128 COLOUR 2

130 PRINT "

FAS

T/SLOW"

148 COLDUR 3

150 INPUT TAB(14,18);Y

160 FOR X=1 TO 160 STEP 4

178 READ D: SOUND 1,-15,D,

Y: NEXT X

188 DATA 28,48,60,28,48,6

0,28,48,68,28,48,68,32,48,6

0,32,48,60,32,52,68,32,52,6

8,28,44,68,28,48,68,28,44,5

6,28,48,68,48,48,48,48

Colour graphics from Merton Court school

10 REM BOXES

28 REM CLASS J. 4 MERTON

COURT SCHOOL, SIDCUP

30 MODE 5

40 VDU 23,1,0;0;0;0;0;

50 GCOL 1.1

60 FOR X=0 TO 450 STEP 1

5

78 MOVE 0,8

80 MOVE X.X

98 DRAW 988.8

100 DRAW 900-1,1

110 DRAW 980,980

120 DRAW 900-X, 900-X

130 DRAW 0.980

140 DRAW 1,900-1

150 DRAW 8,8

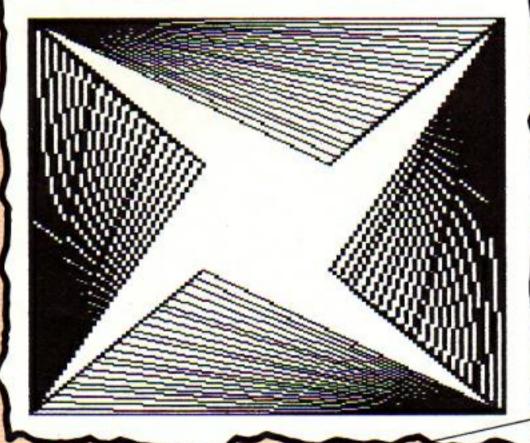
160 DRAW X.X

170 DRAW 8.0

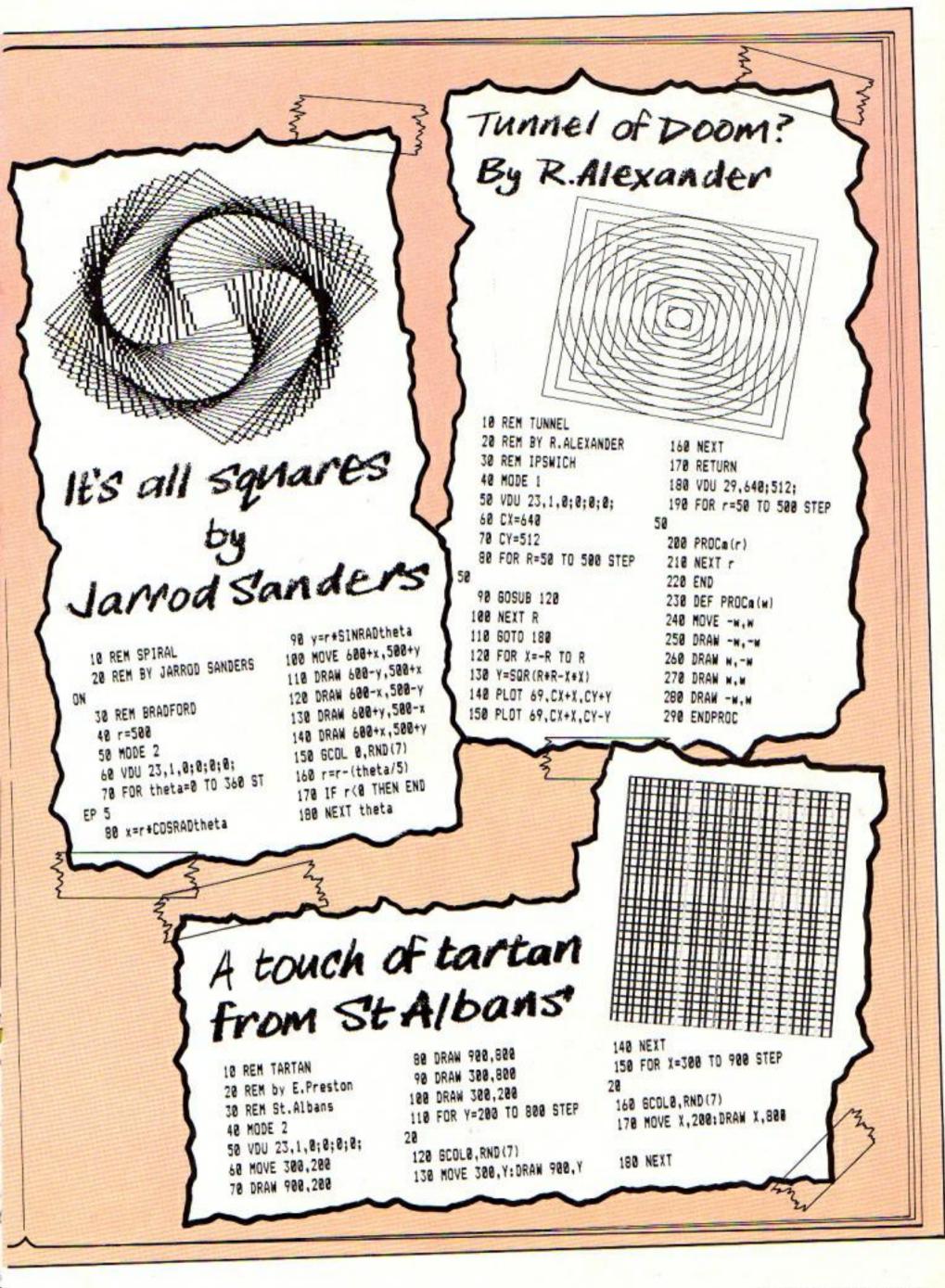
180 DRAW 450.0

190 NEXT X

200 REPEAT UNTIL FALSE



Send your programs to Scrapbook, Electron User, 68 Chester Road, Hazel Grove, Stockport SK7 5NY.



MAVIS mole, Martin the manic mole's girlfriend, has been wrongly arrested for leaking documents to the newspapers.

Help Martin collect the 11 jewels needed for her bail by guiding him through a maze of melting platforms, ice, holes, conveyor belts and invisible platforms.

In each room is a single jewel. When you have collected this a door to the next will open. You'd better be quick though. There's not much time, so get cracking!



Help Martin and Mavis out of their predicament in M.P. O'DONNELL's fast moving maze game



VARIABLES

X%,Y% 0X%,0Y% jx%,jy% room% jewels%

mole%

omole% mole\$() mavis\$ gotone%

Coordinates of the mole. Old coordinates of the mole. Coordinates of the jewel. The room you are in. Number of jewels collected. Character number used for mole. Old character number used for mole, The character used for the mole. The character used for Mavis. Shows whether you have the jewel.

PROCEDURES

PROCchars PROCinit PROCscreen PROCPlay

PROCjump PROCfall PROCcheck

PROCinstruct **PROClives**

PROClost PROCbang **PROCcage** PROCwon PROCtune PROCtune2

PROCpause

Defines envelopes and characters. Defines variables. Draws screen.

Main procedure, tests for keys and moves

Makes the mole jump. Makes the mole fall.

Checks to see if you are touching the

Prints instructions.

Tests to see if you have lost all of your

Tells you that you have lost all your lives. Makes the mole explode.

Opens the cage surrounding Mavis. Tells you that you have won.

Plays the tune when you free Mavis. Plays the tune when you have lost all your Pauses the game until you press R. Waits for you to input a skill level.

PROCskill_level

Manic Mole listing

18 REM ** MANIC MOLE **

20 REM By M.P.O'Donnell

30 REM (c) Electron User 48 ONERROR IF ERR=17 RUN

ELSE MODE6: REPORT: PRINT" a

t line ": ERL: END

50 DIM mole\$(4):vX=1

68 +FX218.8

70 PROCchars

80 MODE4: VDU23; 8202; 0; 0;

0::PROCinstruct

98 REPEAT

100 room%=1: jewels%=0:liv

es%=3:ootone%=FALSE

110 PROCinit

120 MODES

130 PROCscreen

140 VDU5

150 REPEAT

160 PROCplay

178 UNTILlostX=TRUE OR wo

n%=TRUE

180 IF won X=TRUE PROCtune : MODE4: VDU23:8282:8:8:8: PR

198 IF lost %=TRUE MODE4: V DU23;8202;0;0;0;:PROClost

200 UNTILO

210 DEFPROCCHars

228 VDU23,224,8,8,14,31,1

19,119,38,14

230 VDU23, 225, 31, 27, 59, 93

,15,26,17,51

240 VDU23,226,8,8,8,14,31

,119,119,30

258 VDU23,227,14,27,39,31

,31,14,4,12

268 VDU23,228,8,8,112,248

,238,238,128,112

278 VDU23,229,248,216,220

,188,240,88,136,204

288 VDU23,238,0,8,0,112,2



Classroom Computing on the Electron

To meet the ever-growing demand for educational programs on the Electron, one of the best-selling educational packages for the BBC Micro has now been adapted and enhanced for Electron users.

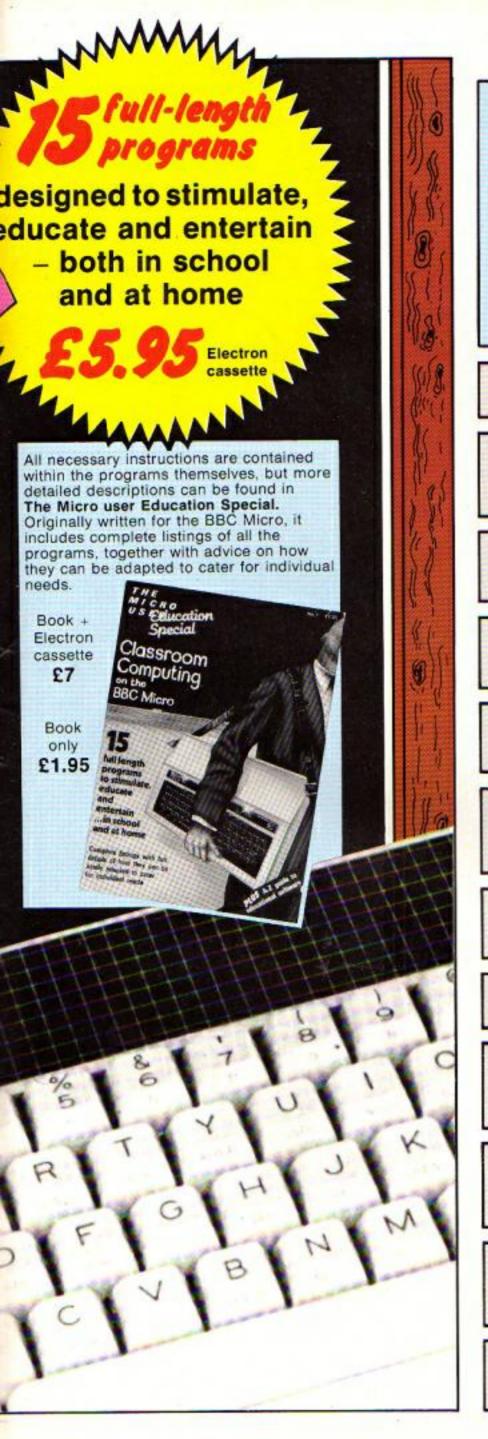
Classroom Computing on the Electron consists of 15 full-length programs, all specially chosen to combine educational validity with sheer good fun.

They range in scope from pre-reading to sixth form maths, and each has been thoroughly tested in the classroom.

The original BBC Micro version was warmly welcomed by teachers and parents, and reports that have come in from all over the country show how well they have proved themselves, both in the school and at home.

Now, in this new version, you can help turn your Electron into a valuable learning centre.

	electron
Please send me: Classroom Computing on the Electron (cassette)	acorn
Special (magazine)	1 2 V
Cheque payable to Database Publications Ltd. Access Card no.	CAPPAN O W
□ Barclaycard/Visa Card no. □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	AS
Address	Ly cree



MATHS TRIO

Three invaluable elementary maths programs, which give the child guided practice and also graphically demonstrate the reasoning behind the sums.

Tuadd: Teaches how to add up two digit numbers, including carry and is illustrated with animated graphics. At various stages in the addition the child has to tell the Electron what to do next.

Tusub: Covers subtracting two digit numbers where the units 'won't go'. The Electron shows the subtraction in all its stages with graphics designed to illustrate the reasons behind each stage.

Tumult: Helps with elementary multiplication of two digit numbers – in particular where there are 10s to carry.

Calculator: Sums at a stroke! We turn your micro's screen into an easy-to-use calculator.

Table Mountain: Despite ever-changing fashions in maths teaching, tables still have to be learned. This program adds a lively new dimension to what is all too often tedious rote.

Gottit!: An intriguing two player word guessing game packed full of educational potential. Has three levels of difficulty.

House: Gentle, pictorial word, number and colour recognition for the very early reader or for those with learning difficulties.

Gallery: Based on a shooting gallery, this typing tutor will not only have parents, teachers and children touch-typing with ease — it's fun, too!

Whatnumber?: "I'm thinking of a number" is a well known classroom standby. We've taken it much further in this computer version, giving children far more flexibility in their strategy.

Bridge Breaker: Find the hidden word before it is too late. This is an exciting and novel way to reinforce vocabulary and spelling skills.

Snap: Practice vital pre-reading skills with this letter and number recognition game. Also helps develop coordination.

Manipulation: This is a compulsive and thoughtprovoking maths game. Given the four rules of number and three integers to work with, how close can you get to the target number?

Matrices: Takes the calculations out of matrix manipulation, leaving the student free to understand the underlying concepts. (To obtain the fullest benefit from this program see The Micro User Education Special.)

Hidden Answers: Designed to help primary school children understand a maths learning technique called mapping maths. It explores the ideas of mapping with the use of simple number bonds.

Curvefit: Drawing lines of best fit between points, this program will find applications from the infants' class to the sixth form.

ON NO Microhart

YOU can go for gold with the MICRO

Fancy pitting yourself against the world's best at this summer's Olympics?

You can do so without going anywhere near Los Angeles — with the most challenging package of programs of 1984.

MICRO OLYMPICS is more than a game. It's a brilliantly written collection of ELEVEN track and field events.

And because we know we're going to sell many thousands of them we've brought the price right down — to just £5.95.

Ever imagined yourself as another Seb Coe? Then try to run against the world record holder at 1500 metres. And if that distance is too much for you then there's always the 100, 200, 400 and 800 metres to have a go at.

Not much good at running? Don't worry, MICRO OLYMPICS has many more challenges for you. Why not try your skill at the high jump or the long jump?

And if you can't beat the computer at running or jumping then you can always throw things around in frustration! The trouble is that it's just as hard to be a champion at the discus, the hammer or the javelin.

And the pole vault takes the event to new heights!

Yes, it's fast, furious fun, pitting yourself against the world's best times and distances on your micro.

You may not be another Steve Ovett or Alan Wells, but with practice you COULD become the Micro Olympics Champion!

Also available from WHSmith and all other leading stores





Play Micro Olympics

– and let your fingers
do the running!

Send for it today

Please send me copy/copies of Micro Olympics	☐ BBC 'B' cassette	£5.95 £5.95
I enclose cheque made payable to Database Publications Ltd. for £	☐ BBC 40-track disc ☐ BBC 80-track disc Please tick box	£7.95 £7.95
I wish to pay by	Expiry date	
Signed		
Name		

Post to: Micro Olympics offer, Database Publications, 68 Chester Road, Hazel Grove, Stockport SK7 5NY.

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48,238,238,120 298 VDU23,231,112,216,228 ,248,248,112,32,48 300 V0U23,232,126,255,255 .185.78.255.255.126 310 VDU23,233,234,170,170 .238.0.0.63.0 328 VDU23,234,224,64,64,6 4.0.64.224.64 330 VDU23,235,8,20,42,117 .87,42,28,8 340 VDU23,235,28.28,28.28 .29,28,28.28 350 VDU23,237,255,255,102 9.9.9.9.0. 370 VDU23, 239, 14, 27, 39, 31 .31.46.60.8 380 VDU23,240,255,37,109. 101,109,35,255,255 390 V0023,241,255,187,179 .187,187,145,255,255 488 VDU23.242.255.255.185 .70,185,70,255,255 410 VDU23.243.0.54.127.12 7.127.62.28.8 420 VDU23,244.8,38,62,238 ,238,60,28,8 430 VDU23,245.0.28.54.78. 62.28.0.8 448 VDU23.246.8.8.12.24.1 6.48.0.0 450 VDU23.247.0.32.48.16. 24.0.0.0 460 ENVELOPE: 1.8,-8,8,4, 4.4.126.0.0.-126.126.126 478 ENVELOPE2.8.8.50.8.20 .-8.50.0.2.0.0.0.0 480 moles(1)=CHR\$224+CHR\$ 8+CHR\$18+CHR\$225 490 moles(2)=CHR\$226+CHR\$ 8+CHR\$18+CHR\$227 500 moles(3)=CHR\$228+CHR\$ 8+CHR\$1@+CHR\$229 518 moles (4) = CHR\$238+CHR\$ 8+CHR\$10+CHR\$231 520 floor \$= CHR\$232

530 roof \$= CHR\$237

558 jewel #=CHR#235

+CHR\$8+CHR\$239

570 ENDPROC

588 DEFPROCIAIT

590 17=64: Y7=128 686 OXX=XX:OYX=YX

548 word\$=CHR\$233+CHR\$234

560 mavis = CHR\$225+CHR\$10

610 mole%=3:omole%=nole% 620 step%=1:facing%=2 538 lost%=FALSE: won%=FALS 640 juaping%=FALSE 650 falling%=FALSE 560 killed%=FALSE 670 highest%=FALSE 580 time%=782:flac%=0 698 ENDPROC 700 DEFPROCScreen 718 IF room%=4 VDU23,242. 255, 255, 85, 170, 85, 170, 85, 17 720 IF room%=12 VDU23,242 .255,255,85,238,17,153,85,2 730 IF room%=11 VBU23.242 .255,255,255,251,129,251,25 5, 255, 255 748 IF room%=1 DR room%=2 OR room%=3 OR room%=5 OR r comit=9 OR roomit=9 OR roomit= 18 VDU23,242,255,255,185,78 .195,78,255,255 750 IF room%=5 OR room%=7 VDU23, 242, 755, 255, 199, 191, 191,191,255,255 750 SI=16 778 VDU4:CLS 798 COLOURZ: PRINTTAB(2.3) : jewels" 800 VDU23:8202:0:0:0:0: 818 SCOL8.2:MDVE492.895:D RAW788.396: DRAW788.958: DRAW 492.950: DRAW492.896 820 COLOUR2 838 PRINTTAB(0,1) "JEWELS" :SPC(2) "TIME":SPC(2) "LIVES" 840 PRINTTAB(15.3); 11: rest 350 COLDURA B&@ PRINTTAB(0.5):floor\$; TAB(18.5):floor#:FORP%=1 TO 17: PRINTTAB (P1.5) roof \$: NEI

or S: NEXT

910 IF room%=4 RESTORE219

928 IF room%=5 RESTORE220

930 IF room%=8 RESTORE222 940 IF room%=7 RESTORE224 950 IF room = 8 RESTORE227 950 IF room%=9 RESTORE229 970 IF room%=10 RESTORE23 790 IF room%=11 RESTORE23 998 IF room%=12 RESTORE23 1800 SCOLO.2: VDUS: READ jx1 .jy%,c%.d%: IF gotone%=FALSE MOVE 1x 1. Jy 1: PRINT jewel # 1818 VDU19.1.c%, 0.8.2.19.2 .d%.0.0.0,19.3.d%.0.0.0 1020 VDU4 1030 COLOUR1: REPEAT: READ : Y. vX.1X:FOR9X=xX TO xX+1X:P RINTIAB(QX.vx)CHR\$242:NEXT: UNTIL X=1 AND VX=38 AND 1X= 970 FORP4=6 TO 30: PRINTTA B(B,P%)floor f; TAB(18,P%)flo 1840 IF room%=12 COLOUR2:P RINITAB(15.9):mavis#: TAB(14 880 IF room%=! RESTORE213 ,5) EHR\$240+CHR\$241:6CDL0.2: MOVE922,832: DRAW922,858: MOV 390 IF room%=2 RESTORE215 E992,832: DRAW992,850: MOVEB9 2,828:DRAW892,800:GCDL3.1:M 900 IF room%=3 RESTOREZIO OVE918.764: DRAW1888.764: FOR PX=920 TO 1080 STEP 22: MOVE

P%.760: DRAWP%,670: NEXT

1060 SCOLJ.2: MOVE64.128: PR

1050 VOUS

INTmole#(3)

1070 IF roomX=9 VDU19.1.0. 0.8.8

1888 IF gotone%=TRUE VDU4: PRINTTAB(18,28) * ": TAB(18,2 9) " ": VDU5: MOVE1100.60: GCOL 0.dZ:PRINTword\$ 1898 ENDPROC 1180 DEFPROCULAY 1118 r%=0 1128 IF INKEY(-56) PROCDAU 1138 flag%=flag%+1: IF flag %=skill% flag%=1 1140 IF time%>504 SCOLD.2: MOVEtimeZ, 900: DRAWtimeZ, 946 : IF flag%=1 time%=time%-2: I F time 1=504 killed 1=TRUE 1150 IF lives%=0 lost%=TRU E: ENDPROC 1160 GXX=XX: OYX=YX 1178 omole%=mole% 1180 IF YX 64 killed%=TRUE :60T01238 1198 IF jumping%=TRUE AND gotone%=FALSE PROCcheck:GOT 0 1390 1200 IF jumping%=TRUE AND gatone%=TRUE 80TO 1398 1218 IF fallingT=TRUE AND gotone%=FALSE PROCcheck:GOT 01400 1220 IF fallingX=TRUE AND gotone%=TRUE GOTO1488 1230 IF killed%=TRUE lives %=lives%-1:PROCbano:PROCliv

From Page 37

1240 IF POINT (XX+32, YX-70) =0 fallingX=TRUE 1250 IF YX)130: IF roomX=4 MOVEXX.YX-68:GCOL@.@:PRINTC HR\$236 1260 IF (room%=5 OR room%= 71 AND XX>64 AND XX<1088 XX =X%+M%: GOTO1290 1278 MX=8 1280 IF roomX=11 AND XX(10 88 XX=XX+16: MX=16: rX=1: faci ng1=2 1290 IF INKEY(-98) AND XX) 64 XX=XX-SX:MX=-16:facingX= 1:step%=step%+1:IF step%=3 step%=1 1300 IF INKEY (-67) AND XXC 1088 XX=XX+SX: MX=16: facingX =2:step%=step%+1:IF step%=3 step%=1 1310 IF roomX=12 AND XX>=8 16 AND Y%>=736 won%=TRUE:PR OCcage: ENDPROC 1320 IF MX ()@ AND roomX()5 AND roomX()7 AND rX()1 SDU ND1.1.YX/4.1 1330 IF XX>=1088 AND YX=12 8 AND gotone%=TRUE AND roce %()12 room%=room%+1:PROCini t:gotone%=FALSE:PROCscreen: ENDPROC 1348 IF INKEY(-1) jumping% =TRUE: OVX=YX 1350 IF step%=2 AND facing %=1 mole%=1 1360 IF step%=1 AND facing %=1 mole%=2 1370 IF step%=2 AND facing %=2 mole%=4 1380 IF step%=1 AND facing %=2 mole%=3 1390 IF jumping%=TRUE fall ing%=FALSE: PROCiumo 1400 IF falling%=TRUE jump ing%=FALSE:PROCfall 1410 GCOL3, 2: MOVEDXX, DYZ:P RINTmoles(omale!) 1420 MOVEXX. V1: PRINTables (

U19.1.1.0.0.0 1460 IF highest X=FALSE YX= 1470 IF POINT (XX+32, YX-70) =1 highest%=TRUE 1480 IF POINT (XX+32, YX-70) =1 jumping%=FALSE:highest%= FALSE: IF room%=8 VDU19,1.8. 0.0.0 1490 IF highest%=TRUE Y%=Y 1-16 1500 SOUND1.1.Y%/4.1 1510 IF XX>64 AND XX(1088 XX=XX+MX 1520 IF XX=1152 AND YX=128 room%=room%+1:PROCscreen:P ROCinit 1530 ENDPROC 1540 DEFPROCFall 1550 SOUNDI,1,7%/4,1 1568 YZ=YZ-16 1570 IF POINT(XX+32,YX-70) =1 falling%=FALSE 1580 ENDPROC 1590 DEFPROCcheck 1688 IF XX+32)=jxX AND XX+ 32(=jx%+64 AND Y%-64(=jy%-3 2 AND Y%)=jy% jewels%=jewel sX+1:6COL3.2:MOVEjxX.jvX:PR INTjewels:gotone%=TRUE:VDU4 :COLOURZ:PRINTTAB(2,3):jewe 15%: jx X=-200: SOUND1.2.50.4: PRINTTAB(18,28)" ": TAB(18,2 91 ° : VDU5 1610 IF gotoneX=TRUE MOVE1 100.60:GCOL0.d%:PRINTword1 1620 ENDPROC 1630 DEFPROCInstruct 1640 VDU19.3.6.0.0.0:PRINT TAB(12,1)"MANIC MOLE!" 1650 PRINT' "Mavis mole, you r dirlfriend has been" "wr ongly arrested for leaking documents" "to a paper.Hel p Martin the manic mole"" collect 11 jewels for her b 1660 PRINT " If you have the jewel,go through the"" "door on the right of the s creen and you" "will come out in another room." 1670 PRINT " 2 LEFT "''X RIGHT"'"SHIFT .. JUMP"'"P PAUSE" ""R RESUME" 1688 PRINTTAB(15,29) *Press SPACE": REPEATUNTILGET=32:C

LS 1690 PRINT "SCREENS": COLD UR1: PRINT " 1 = The Quest begins" " 2 = The Bottomle ss Pit" " 3 = The Impossib le Screen?" '" 4 = The Melt ing Girder" " 5 = The Frid ge Part 1"" 1700 PRINT" 6 = The Snake" "" 7 = The Fridge Part 2" " 8 = The Disappearing Scr een" " 9 = The Invisible S creen" '"10 = The Trap" '"1 1 = Conveyor Corner "'"12 = The Prison" 1718 PRINTTAB(15,29) "Press SPACE": REPEATUNTILGET=32:C 1720 PRINT "While the gan e is paused you can turn"" "the sound on/off by pressi ng: "'"S ON"'""D DFF" 1730 PRINT ': SPC(8): "Enter skill level 1-5"' "The low er the skill level the slow er the "SPC(9): "time limit goes down. ": REPEAT skill %= G ET-48: UNTILSkill%) & AND ski 11% 6:5k:11%=7-5k:111% 1748 ENDPROC 1750 DEFPROCIIVES 1768 IF lives X=0 ENDPROC 1770 PROCscreen: PROCinit:E NDPROC 1780 DEFPROCLOST 1798 VDU19.3.4.8.8.8:PRINT TAB(12,1) "Bad Luck!" "You didn't free Mavis but you reached"'"screen ":room%;" .":PROCtune2:PRINT''SPC(5) : "Press 1-5 to play again": PROCskill level: ENDPROC 1880 DEFPROChang:g%=16:u%= 48:FORP=4T07:SDUND@.-15.P.3 :NEXT: TX=0:GCDL3.2 1818 MOVEOXX, OYX: PRINTmole \$ (omole%): A%=%%: B%=Y%: C%=%% :DX=YX:EX=XX:FX=YX:GX=XX:H1 =YZ:REPEAT TX=TX+1:AX=AX-QX :BX=BX+uX:CX=CX+qX:DX=DX+uX :E%=E%-(g%+2):F%=F%+(g%+2): 6%=6%+(0%*2):H%=H%+(u%*2) 1820 MOVEAX, 8%: GCDL3, 2: VDU 244: MOVECZ, DX: VDU247: MOVEEZ .F%:VDU246:MOVEB%.H%:VDU245 1830 MOVEAX, BX: GCOL3, 2: VOU 244: MOVEC%, D%: VDU247: MOVEE%

.FX: VDU246: MOVEGX.HX: VDU245 : u%=u%-6:UNTILT%=24 1840 ENDPROC 1850 DEFPROCcage 1860 u%=670:GCOL3.1:REPEAT :FORPX=920 TO 1000 STEP 22: PLOT69.PX.uX:NEXT:uX=uX+4:U NTILu%)=764 1878 MOVE910.764: DRAW1080. 764: MOVE896, 768: VDU243: ENDP ROC 1880 DEFPROCWON 1898 VDU19.3.6.8.8.8:PRINT TAB(12,1) "Well Done!!" "SPC (6) "You have freed Mavis ap le. "' 'SPC(5) "Press 1-5 to play again*:PROCskill level : ENDPROC 1900 DEFPROCtune: RESTORE19 1910 REPEATREAD DY. PX: SDUN D1,-15, D%, P%: SOUND1, 8, 8, 8: U NTILDX=72 AND PX=3 1920 DATA72.4.72.4.80.2.92 ,2,88,2,80,2,100,4,100,4,10 0,2,108,2,88,2,92,2,80,4,80 .4,80,2,92,2,88,2,88,2,72,2 ,120,2,116,2,108,2,100,2,92 .2,88,2,80,2,72,4,72,4,80,2 .92.2.88.2.80.2.100.4.100.4 .100.2.108.2.88.2.92.2.30.4 .80,4,80,2,92,2,88,2 1930 DATA 80,2,72,2,100,2, 80,2,88,2,72,3 1940 ENDPROC 1950 DEFPROCtune2: RESTORE 1989 1960 FORP=1 TO 39: READ D%. PX: SOUNDI, -15, DX.PX 1978 SOUND1.0.0.8:NEXT 1980 DATA108.3,100.12,88.3 .92,3.108,3.100,12,88,3,92, 3,108.3,100.3,116.3,108.3,1 20,3,116,3,128,3,128,3,136, 16,128,3,120,3,116,3,128,3, 120,3,108.3,100,3,116,3,108 .3,92,3,88,16,92,3,100,3,10 8,3,108,3,92,3,92,3,80,3,80 .3.72.3.68.3.72.16 1990 ENDPROC 2000 DEFPROCoause 2010 REPEAT 2828 IF INKEY (-82) v2=1 2030 IF INKEY(-17) vX=2 2048 IF v%=1 THEN *FX218.8 2050 IF v%=2 THEN +FX210.1 2060 UNTILGET\$="R" 2070 ENDPROC

1430 ENDPROC

1440 DEFPROCjump

1450 IF YZ)=0v%+96 OR POIN

T(XX+32,YX+2)=1 DR YX)=816

highest%=TRUE: IF room%=8 VD

2080 DEFPROCskill level 2090 REPEATG=BET-48:UNTILG) AND 6(6 2100 skill%=7-6 2110 ENDPROC 2120 REM DATA FOR SCREENS 2138 DATA64.800.1.3.3.6.0. 13.6.0.13.7.0.9.9.1.1.10.1. 4.10.1.8,18.1.16,18.1.6,11. 0.13.11.0.7.12.0.11.12.4.3. 13.0.7.13.1.12.13.2.2.14.0. 6.14.1.9.14.0.7.15.0.10.15. 8.7.15.8.18.16.8.1.17.2.7.1 7.8.10.17.1.3.18.0.6.18.0.1 2.18,8,3,19,8,3,23,1 2140 DATA5, 19.0,3,24.0,12, 19,1,3,20.8,3,21,0,15,21,1, 3,22,8,8,22,8,5,24,8,9,25,2 .9,26,0,6,27,3,12,27,1,16,2 7.1.3.28.0.3.29.0.8.38.18.1 .38.8 2150 DATA64,704,2,3,1.6.0. 5.6.0.12.6.0.1.7.0.5.7.0.12 .7,0.5,11,1,11,11,1,3,12,1, 9.12.1.5.13.1.1.14.0.1.16.0 .7.18.0,3.20.0.1.22,0.1.24. 0.3,26,0,2,28,1,7,30,0,10,3 0.0.14.30.4.10.15.1.15.16.0 ,11,27,0,16,27,1,1,30,0 2160 DATA512,512.5.3.7.5.0 .9.5.0.7.6.2.9.6.0.5.8.0.11 .8.0.4.9.1.11.9.1.4.10.2.10 .10.2.3.11.0.5.11.2.9.11.2. 1,12,8,5,12,8,8,12,8,11,12, 3.3.13.0.5.13.0.11.13.0.1.1 4.0.5,14,2,11,14.8,3,15,0,5 ,15,8,9,15,2,15,15,2,1,16,0 .5.16.8.11,16.8.3.17.0 2170 DATA5.17.0.9.17.2.1.1 8.2.5,18,8.7,18,2,11,18,3,3 .19.8.5,19.8,11.17.8,1,28.8 ,5,20.0,9,20,2,3,21,0,5,21, 8.11,21,8.15,21,1,1,22,9,5, 22.0.9.22.2.3,23.0.5,23.0.1 1.23.8.1,24.8.5,24.8.7,24.8 .11,24,3,3,25,0,5,25,0,11,2 5.0.1.26.0.5.26.0.7.26.2 2180 DATA 11.26.0.15.26.0. 5.27.8.7.27.8.9.27.8.11.27. 0.15,27,3,2,28,1,1,38,3,6,3 8,8,18,38,8,12,38,5,1,38,8 2190 DATA 192,800.5.3.3.11 ,0,4,13,1,6,15,3,10,17,1,1, 16.0.1.17.0.1.18.0.1.19.0.8 ,19,1,5,21,1,4,23,1,8,23,2, 12,25,0,10,27,0,16,27,1,3,2 9,12,3,30,1,8,30,1,17,30,1, 1,30,0

2200 DATA 64,286,7,5,5,10. 5.12.10,1,5,12,4,11,12,0,5, 14.3.10.14.1.5.16.2.9.16.3. 5.18.2.9.18.2.5.20.1.8.20.2 ,5,22,2,8,22,0,3,24,0,5,24, 0.7,24.1.1,26.0.5,26,2.2,28 .0.5,28,1,1,30,3,16,30,2,14 .13.2.14.14.2.14.15.2.14.16 ,2,14,17,1,14,18,1 2210 DATA14,19,0,14,20,0,1 7,27,0,1,30,0 2228 DATA256,832,4,3,3,9,2 .11, 9, 2, 2, 11, 0, 5, 11, 0, 10, 11 .0.14.11.0.3,13,0,7.13,0,11 .13,0.15,13,0,2,15.0,6,15,0 .10, 15, 8, 14, 15, 0, 3, 17, 0, 7, 1 7.8.11.17.0.15.17.8.2.19.8. 6.19.0.10.19.0.14.19.0.3.21 .0.7,21.0,11.21,0,15,21,0,2 .23.0.6.23.0.10.23.0 2230 DATA 14.23.0,3,25.0.7 ,25.8.11.25.8.15.25.8.2.27, 0,6,27,0,18,27,0,14,27,0,9, 29.0.14.29.1.16.30.2.16.27. 1.1.30.0 2248 DATA192,602,7,6,2,8,1 .15.8.1.1.10.0.5.10.1.12.18 .1,17,10,0,5,11,1,12,11,1,2 ,12,1,5,12,0,13,12,0,15,12, 1,5,13,0,13,13,0,1,14,0,5,1 4.8,13,14,8,17,14,8,5,15,8, 13, 15, 0, 2, 16, 1, 5, 16, 0, 13, 16 .0.15,16,1,5,17,8,13,17.8 2250 DATA1.18.0.5,18.0.13. 18.0.17.18.0.5.19.0.13.19.0 .2,20,1,5,20,0,13,20,0,15,2 8,1,5,21.8,13,21.8.1,22,8,5 ,22.0,13.22,0,17,22.0,5,23, 8.13,23,0.2,24,1,5,24,0,13, 24.8,15.24,1.5.25.8.13.25.8 .1.26.0,5.26.0,13,26.0,17.2 5.0.5.27.0.16.27.1 2268 DATA2, 28.1, 4, 38, 8, 5, 3 8.8.8.38.1.12.38.8.14.38.4. 1.30.0 2270 DATA 320,608.1.3.4.6. 8,2,8,1,5,9,2,12,9,1,9,18,8 .11.10.0.1.10.0.8.11.1.11.1 1,0,11,12,1,2,12,1,1,14,0,1 0,15.1,13,15.0,1,16,3,7,16. 1,4,17,0,8,17,0,3,18,1,7,18 .2.7.19.0.9.19.0.1.20.1.7.2

8.0,9.20,0.5,21,0,7,21,0,9,

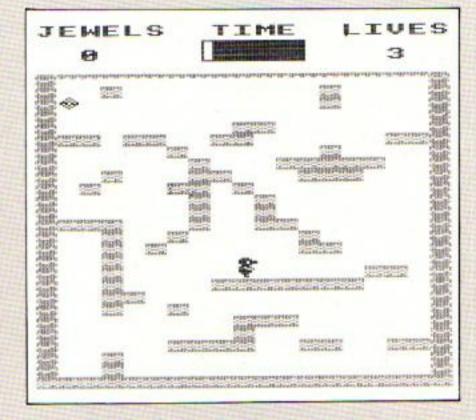
2280 DATA5, 22, 0, 7, 22, 0, 17,

22,0,5,23,2,13,23,2,2,24,0,

6,24,0,16,24,0,6,25,0,16,25

.0.1,26.0,13,26,0,16,26,0,5

21,2,17,21,8,3,22,0



,27,1,16,27,1,2,28,8,9,28,8 .14,28,1,9,29,8,14,29,1,1,3 8.17.1.30.0 2290 DATA 64,768,4,3,4,6,0 .8.5.4.16.6.0.4.7.0.8.7.0.1 1.7.1,16.7.0.4.8.0.8.8.0.11 .3.0,16.8.0.4.9.0.3.9.0.10. 9.1,16.7.8.3.18.1.8.18.0.18 .10.0.13.10.1.3.11.1.8.11.2 .2.12,8,8,12,1,14,12,0,2,13 .0.8.13.1.14.13.0.8.14.0.14 .14,8,1,15,8,6,15,5 2300 DATA14.15.2,1.16,0,1. 17,2,12,17,1,13,18,0,4,19,1 ,13,19,0,8,20,0,1,21,1,8,21 .0,6,22,3,12,22,2,4,23,0,8, 23,1,12,23,0,14,23,0,4,24.8 ,8,24,2,12,24,0,14,24,2,3,2 5,2.8,25,0,10,25,0,12,25,0, 16,25,8,1,26,8,8,26,8,10,26 .1.16.26.0.8.27.0 2310 DATA11,27.0,15,27.1.2 .28.0.2.29.0.8.28.6.11.28.1 .14.28.0.8.29.4.14.29.0.0.3 8,13,1,30,8 2320 DATA448,448,2,3,5,10. 0,4,11,0,5,11,0,2,13,1,4,15 ,1,8,15,1,3,17,3,10,17,8,1, 19,0,9,20,2,2,21,1,1,23,0,1

,25,8,1,27,8,1,30,2,3,28,0,

3.29,0.6.26,0.8,26.0,7,30,1

.12.30,0,15,30,0,17,30,1,13

,11.8,15,11.8,14,13.8,17,14

2330 DATA14.18.0.17.20.0.1

5.21.0.14.24.0.13.25.0.3.25

,0.15,15,0

.0.10,13,1,1,30.0 2340 DATA64.768.4.3.7.9.8. 1.11,0,4,11,0,4,12,0,6,12,1 .9.12.1.12.12.1.15.12.1.3.1 3.1.8,13.0,11,13.0,14,13.0, 1.15.0.3.17.1.6.17.1.9.17.1 .12.17.0.13.16.1.17.16.0.1. 19,1,1,21,2,7,22,8,9,22,8,4 ,23,1,7,23,2,8,24,8,7,25,2, 5.26,1,9,26,1,12,26,1 2350 DATA15,26.0,17,25.0,6 .27.0.8.27.0.10.27.0.5.29.2 .9.28.1.3.29.1.6.29.6.8.29. 0.10.29.0.1.30.1.14.30.1.17 .30.1.1.30.0 2360 DATA-100,-100,5,3,3,6 .0.3.7.2.4.8.0.6.9.0.4.9.0. 4,10,0,2,10,0,2,11,0,5,12,0 .5.13.8.8.11.1.13.11.4.1.15 .3.7,14.8.7,15,8,15,13,8,15 .14.2.10.15.1.15.16.1.1.18. 1.2,21,0,2,24,8,1,27,8,2,29 .0.4.30,2,6,29.0,8,29,0,8,3 0.3 2370 DATA10, 28,1,12,20,1,1 4,22,3,14,30,4,7,17,0,5,18, 4,4,19,1,7,19,8,9,19,1,4,28 .1,7,20,0,9,20,1,4,21,5,4,2 2,2,8,22,3,4,23,6,4,24,1,9, 24,1,5,25,0,7,25,8,5,26,1,8 .26.1.6.27.2.11.14.1.1.38.0

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plesse! NOTEBOOK An original
program. RANDOM NUMBERS Or
not so random! SNAKES Reptilean
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Palindromes and string handling.

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MACHINE Spin the wheels to win.
CHASER Avoid your apponent to
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noughts and crosses. ELECTRON
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Electron masterplaces.

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CALCULATOR Make your Electron
a calculator. DOILIES Multi-coloured
patterns galore. TOWERS OF
HANOI The age old puzzle. LUNAR
LANDER Test your skill as an
astronaut. POSITRON INVADERS
A version of the old arcade favourite.

On the introductory tape:
ANAGRAM Sort out the jumbled letters. DOODLE Multicoloured graphics. EUROMAP Test your geography. KALEIDOSCOPE Electron graphics run riot.
CAPITALS New upper case letters.
ROCKET, WHEEL, CANDLE Three fireworks programs. BOMBER Drop the bombs before you crash. DUCK Simple animation. METEORS
Collisions in space.

electron

User

Christmas

Figure

Christmas

Figur

Letters

selected from

possword is

Notebook Part 18

PASSWORI GENERAT

RECENTLY, and much against my will as it means using a BBC Micro, the firm gave me a mailbox on Telecom Gold.

"What's your password" going to be?" they asked. And my mind went blank.

It's not easy picking a password that can be remembered and that no one will guess. So I took. my problem to my micro and the result was this Password Generator.

Mugtrop Nº 1

Null string will be

used to store letters

PROGRAM EXPLANATION

- 10-30 REMs to tell you what the program is called, who wrote it and a line to switch off the flashing cursor,
 - 40 Sets up the string variable possible\$. In this case I've just used it to store the upper case letters of the alphabet. You might want to set up your own range of letters to fool amateur cryptographers.
- 50,60 Ask you how long the password is to be and puts the result in number. The next line is a mugtrap, making sure that you can't put in values that are less than one or go over 10 letters. If this happens the program goes back to the previous line.
- 70-180 Form the major REPEAT . . . UNTIL loop of the program. This goes round and round, producing a different password each time, until it's told that you're satisfied with the password.
 - 80 The string variable word\$, which is later to be used to store the letters of the password, is set to the null string at the beginning of the loop. Leave this line out and see what happens.
- 90-120 Make up a loop which cycles once for each letter of the password. Each time round the loop a letter is chosen and added to words.
 - 100 All this formidable line does is to pick a random whole number lying between 1 and the length of possible\$ and store it in chance.
 - 110 The MIDS function uses chance to pick one letter out of possible\$. It then adds this to the end of word\$. In this way word\$ is made up of a random selection of letters selected from possible\$.
- 130,140 Display the password generated and ask if you like it, prompting a single letter reply.
 - 150 Uses GET\$ to store the reply in result\$. 160 Another mugtrap. It uses INSTR to check whether result\$ is one of the four letters YyNn. If not, the GOTO has the program

asking you again. 180 By the time the program gets this far, result\$ must hold one of the letters YyNn. If it's N or n the loop goes round again, producing another password, otherwise it ends.

190 Displays your chosen password.

10 REM Password generato

20 REM Trevor Roberts 38 VDU 23,1,8;8;8;8;8;

48 possible#="ABCDEFGHIJ KL MNOPORSTUVWXYZ*

58 INPUT "Number of lett

ers in word', number

68 IF number 18 OR numbe r (1 THEN PRINT "Twit": GOTO

70 REPEAT

88 words="" 98 FOR cycle= 1 TO numbe

is words

Trevar Roberts

100 chance=INT(RND(LEN(po Cycles Picks a random until you're. satisfied ssible#))) etter and uses 118 words=words+MID\$1poss it to build the password ibles, chance, 1) 128 NEXT cycle 138 PRINT words 140 PRINT "Do you want th is word? Y/N* 150 results=BETs 160 IF INSTRICTYNO . resul t\$)=0 PRINT "Twit": 6070 148 Mugtrap Nº2 178 CLS 198 UNTIL INSTR("Yy", resu 1ts)()8 198 PRINT "Your password

LIFE's not easy for Derek. He was quite happily sailing along on the SS Database when he was attacked by Captain Pinkbeard, of the pirate ship Redwood.

Derek's crew were taken prisoner and all his treasure became the

pirate's booty.

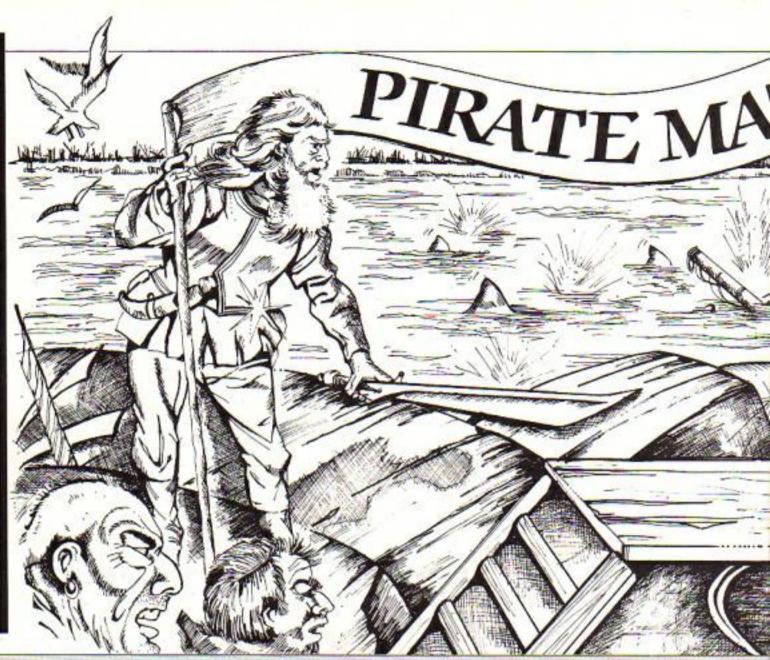
That night Captain Pinkbeard and his buccaneers got drunk to celebrate their victory. And for entertainment they decided to test out Derek's mathematical abilities.

They'd ask him some questions and, if he got them right, his ship, crew and treasure would be returned.

But if he got five or more wrong he'd have to walk the plank and feed the sharks.

This is where you, as Derek, come on the scene. Get the answers wrong and he'll go for a sharky swim. But answer them correctly and he could live to be 80!

Jason Cann



Pirate Maths listing

18REM	***	**********

28REM		
38REM		(C) ELECTRON
USER +		
48REM		PIRATE MAT
HS. +		
50REM		BBC/ELECTR
ON. +		
68REM		1985
78REM	+	
SOREM	***	**********

98		
1000NERRO	RRUN	
118*FX288	1 1	
128+KEY16	"OLD	IM RUNIM"
130MODE5		
14@PROCgr	aphi	CS
158PROCst	art	
168MODE2		
178PROCcu	rs	
188PROCse	tup	
198PROCpr	inte	an
2880NSX80	SUBI	480,1630,179

0,	1950
100	218CLS
	22@PROCend
	23@RUN
	248***********
	25@DEFPROCsetup
	26@COLOUR11
	270PRINTTAB(4,31) *PLEASE
WA	11";
	280VDU5
	298A%=768: V=8: B%=488: F%=8
:t	est%=8
	388FORNX=1T07: VDU19, NX, 8;
0;	: NEXT
	318*FX19
	3286COL0,1
	338MOVE92,488
	340MOVE392,480
	35@PLOT81,0,400
	360MOVE438,480
	370MOVE438,880
	380PLOT81,300,-400
	3906COL0,6
	400MOVE408,450:PLOT1,0,55
	MOVE416,450: PLOT1,0,558: 6
	L0,3:MOVE424,1008:DRAW508
VIOLE L	008: DRAW508, 964: DRAW424, 9
64	

448MOVE92,458: MOVE232,3	588
:PLOT81,0,150	
458MOVE92,458: DRAW8,478	1
460MDVE738,450:MDVE598,	45
8:PLOT81,8,-158	
478MOVE738,450: DRAW1808	3.4
58: MOVE738, 446: DRAW1888, 4	
480MOVE232,300: MOVE232,	-
0:PLOT81,366,0	-
490MDVE232,300:MOVE598,	45
8:PLOT81,8,-158	
5886COL8,6: MOVE1148,337	, u
DU231,232: MOVE1140,368: VI	200
	742
29,238	. u
5106COL0,1:MOVE1140,368	
DU233: MOVE1148, 337: VDU234	
5206COL0,4:MOVE1200,368	3: V
DU235	
5306COL0,4:A\$=STRING\$(2	
CHR\$225):MOVE@,325:PRINT	
540FDRXX=160TD650STEP90	1000
OVEXX,430:6COL0,1:VDU236:	GC.
OL8,7:MOVEXX,430:VDU237:6	CO

418GCOL0,1:MOVE398,930:VD

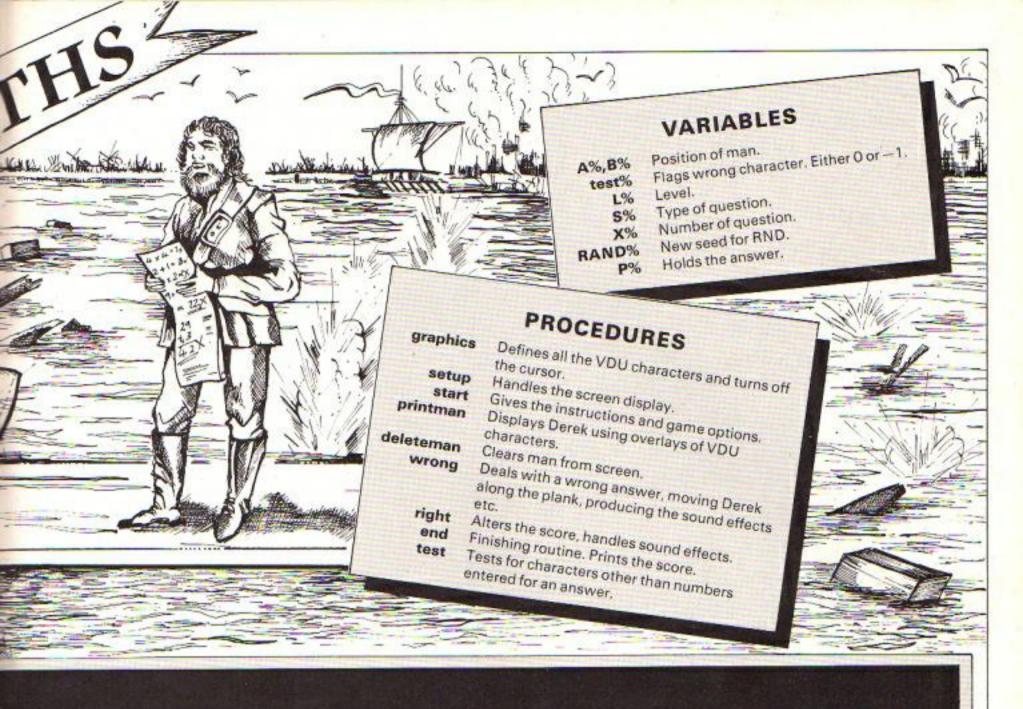
4286COL8,7:MOVE432,1888:V

U248

DU224

43@GCOL@,5

L	8,0:MOVEXX,425:VDU238:NEXT
	5506COL0,1:FORXX=86T0738S
T	EP48: MOVEXX, 480: VDU239: NEX
T	
	5606CDL0,7:MOVE680,450:VD
U.	242: MOVE680, 420: VDU241
	5786COL8,4
	580MOVE0, 0: MOVE1279, 0: PLO
TE	31,0,292
	598MOVE8,1:MOVE8,292:PLDT
8	1,1279,8
	600VDU4: COLOUR132: COLOUR7
:1	VDU28,1,30,18,25:CLS
	618*FX19
	628FORN%=1T07: VDU19, N%, N%
;1	B; : NEXT
	638VDU7
	648ENDPROC
	658********
	66@DEFPROCgraphics
	678PROCcurs
	688VDU23,224,129,126,90,9
8	126,24,98,129
	698VDU23,225,0,0,24,60,12
6.	,255,255,255
	700VDU23,226,255,255,255,
25	55, 255, 255, 255, 255
	718VDU23,227,8,48,241,11,



728VDU23,228,8,126,252,24 8,224,248,248,36 738VDU23,229,48,124,127,6 3,63,31,31,15 740VDU23,230,8,8,8,128,19 2,96,176,88 750VDU23,231,15,7,7,3,127 ,127,62,31 768VDU23,232,248,252,252, 254,190,110,223,191 778VDU23,233,8,8,8,64,8,3 2,8,16 780VDU23,234,0,8,0,84,0,0 ,0,0 790VDU23,235,0,0,0,0,0,12 8,64,32 800VDU23,236,255,129,129, 129,129,129,129,255 818VDU23,237,8,8,24,36,36 ,24,0,0 820VDU23,238,126,102,90,9 0,102,126,0,8 838VDU23,239,8,8,8,8,255, 129,255,129 848VDU23,248,255,255,255, 255, 255, 126, 68, 24

850VDU23,241,16,16,16,16,

7,3,1,8

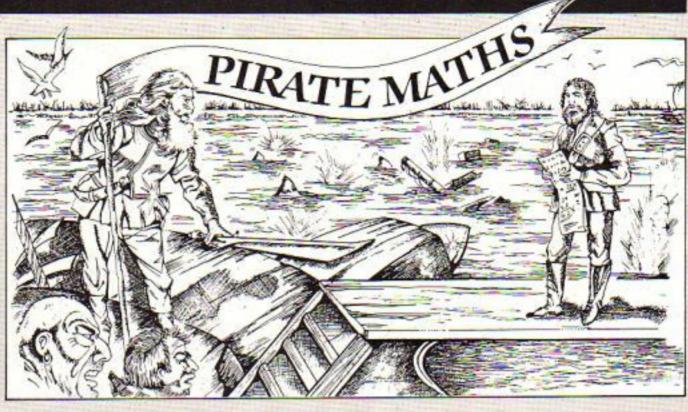
146,146,124,16 860VDU23,242,8,16,48,40,1 6,16,16,16 870VDU23,243,8,112,120,11 2,32,0,32,32 880VDU23,244,32,32,8,8,8, 0,8,48 898VDU23,245,8,8,8,8,8,11 2,112,112 988VDU23,246,112,112,8,8, 8,8,8,8 918VDU23,247,0,0,32,32,32 ,32,32,0 928VDU23,248,112,96,96,64 ,0,0,0,0 938VDU23,249,8,8,68,8,8,8 948VDU23,250,2,2,2,0,0,0, 950VDU23,251,16,16,8,254, 254,0,16,16 968ENDPROC 970*********** 988DEFPROCprintman 990VDU5 1989MOVEAX, BX: SCOL@, 4: VDU2 46: MOVEAX, BX+33: VDU245 1919MOVEAX, BX: GCOL9, 2: VDU2

1828MOVEAX, BX: GCOL8, 3: VDU2 44 1030MOVEAX, BX+33: VDU243 1040MOVEAX, BX+33: GCOL0, 1: V DU248 1050IFV=1MOVEAX, BX:6COL0, 2 : VDU249: 6COL8, 3: MOVEAZ, BX: V DU258: FORM=1T0108: NEXT 1060VDU4 1078ENDPROC 1888********* 1090DEFPROCdeleteman 1100VDU5 1110MDVEAX, BX: SCOL@, 8: VDU2 1128MOVEAX, BX+33: VDU226 1130VDU4 1140ENDPROC 1158************ 1160DEFPROCstart 1170VDU19,3,3;8; 1180PROCcurs 1190COLOUR1 1288PRINT'* PIRATE MATH 1210COLOUR2 1220PRINT "Help Fred answ

1230PRINT the questions. E ach" 1248PRINT "time he doesn't 1250PRINT "the correct ans 126@PRINT "he will have to walk" 1270PRINT one step nearer to" 1280PRINT' the end of the plank" 1298PRINT and the hungry s hark" 1300PRINT"in the water." 131@COLOUR1:PRINT'" BY JASON CANN® 1328COLOUR3 1338PRINTTAB(8,28) "WHAT LE VEL (1-5) ?" 1340PRINTTAB(0,38) * 1=EAS Y , 5=HARD* 135@VDU7 1360+FX21,8 1370LX=6ET

From Page 43

13881FLX<490RLX>53THEN1378 1390L%=L%-48 1488CLS: PRINT SPC (6) "LEVEL ":LX:FORNX=1TO4:COLOUR1:RE ADA\$: PRINTTAB(8, N2+6); "(": N X; ") ": COLOUR2: PRINTTAB(4, N% *6): A\$: NEXT 1418VDU7 1428*FX21.8 14385%=GET: IFS%(490RS%)52T HEN1438 14485%=5%-48 1450DATAMULTIPLYING TEST, D IVISION TEST, ADDING TEST, SU BTRACTING TEST 146@ENDPROC 1478*********** 148@FORXX=1T018 1498RANDX=RND(-TIME) 1588N1X=INT(RND(LX+6)):N2% =INT(RND(LZ+6)) 1518: CLS: PRINT WHAT IS" 1520PRINT:PRINT; N11; " x "; N2%;" = "; 1530*FX21,0 1540INPUTTAB(18,2) X\$ 155@PROCtest 15601Ftest%=1THEN1510 15700%=VALX\$: P%=N1%*N2%: IF O%=P%PROCright ELSEPROCWron q:PRINT'" W R O N 6 "'':PRI NT: N1X: " x ": N2X: " = ":P 7' 1580*FX21.0 1598MAIT=INKEY (388) 1680NEXT 1610RETURN 1620********** 1630FORXX=1T010 1648RAND%=RND(-TIME) 1650N1%=INT(RND(4.4+L%)):N 2%=INT(RND(4.4+L%)) 1660PX=N1X+N2X 1678: CLS: PRINT" WHAT IS" 1680PRINT:PRINT:PX: ":CH R\$(251); " "; N2%; " = "; 1690*FX21,0 1780INPUTTAB(18,2) X\$ 1710PROCtest 1728IFtest%=1THEN1670 17380%=VALX\$: IFO%=N1%PROCF ight ELSEPROCHrong:PRINT' WRONG "":PRINT;PX;" " ; CHR\$ (251); " "; N2%; " = ";



1740+FX21.8 1758WAIT=INKEY (308) 1760NEXT 177@RETURN 1780********** 1790FORX%=1T010 1800RANDX=RND(-TIME) 1818N1X=INT(RND(LX+6)+LX): N2%=INT(RND(L%+6)+L%) 1828PX=N1X+N2X 1830: CLS: PRINT" WHAT IS" 1848PRINT: PRINT: N12: " + "; N2%;" = "; 1858*FX21.8 186@INPUTTAB(18,2) X\$ 187@PROCtest 1880IFtest%=1THEN1830 18900%=VALX\$: IFO%=P%PROCri ght ELSEPROCWrong: PRINT'" W R O N 6 "":PRINT; N12;" + "; N2%;" = "; P%" 1900*FX21.0 1918WAIT=INKEY(300) 1928NEXT 1938RETURN 1940********** 195@FDRX%=1TD1@ 1960RANDZ=RND(-TIME) 1978N1X=INT(RND((15)+LX)): N2%=INT(RND(N1%)) 1980PX=N1X-N2X 1998: CLS: PRINT" WHAT IS" ZWWWPKINT:PRINT;N1%;" -"; N2%;" = "; 2010*FX21.0 2828INPUTTAB(18,2) X\$ 2030PROCtest 2848IFtest%=1THEN1998 28580%=VALX\$: IFO%=P%PROCri

ght ELSEPROCHrong:PRINT' W

R O N 6 "' : PRINT: N17: " -

": N2X:" = ":PX" 2060*FX21.0 2070WAIT=INKEY (300) 2080NEXT 2090RETURN 2100********** 2110DEFPROCWrong 2128V=1:PROCprintman 2130PROCdeleteman 2140A%=AX+44: V=8 215@PROCorintean 2168IFAX>=1832THEN2328 217@FORV%=1@@TO@STEP-5 2188SDUND1,-15,VX,1 219@NEXT 2200ENDPROC 2210***************** ********** 2220DEFPROCright 2238PRINT' R I G H T "' 2248FORVX=58T0128STEP18 2258SOUND1,-15,VX,1 2260SOUND1,-15,VZ-10,1 2278SOUND1,-15,VX-28,1 2288NEXT 2298FX=FX+1 2300ENDPROC 2310********** 2320ENVELOPE1,129,-1,-1,-1 ,78,68,68,126,8,8,-126,126, 126 2330SOUND1,1,230,40 234@FORN=1T06 235@PROCdeleteman 2360BX=BX-28 2370*FX19 238@PROCprintman 2398NEXT 2400PROCdeleteman

2410SOUND0,-15,5,20

2420FORN=1T01000:NEXT

243BRETURN 2448********** 245@DEFPROCend 2460PRINT''' YOU HAVE S CORED"":" "; FX#10: "X "" ON LEVEL ":LX 2478FDRM=1T04:FDRCX=150T02 00STEP18: SOUND1, -15, CX, 1: NE XT:FORCX=200T0150STEP-10:S0 UND1, -15, CX, 1: NEXT, 2488*FX21.8 2490WAIT=GET 2500ENDPROC 2518********** 2520DEFPROCcurs 2538VDU23,1,8;8;8;8; 2548*FX9 1 2550*FX10 1 2560±FX4,2 2579+FX225 2588*FX226 2598*FX227 260001=8 2610ENDPROC 2620********** 2630DEFPROCtest 264@1oop%=8 2650REPEAT 26601000%=1000%+1 26781FASC(MID\$(X\$,100pX,1)) (480R ASC(MID\$(X\$,loop%,1))>57THEN test%=1:ENDPROC 268@UNTILloop%=LEN(X\$) 269@test%=@ 2700ENDPROC 2718***********

This listing is included in this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 61.

NIX'

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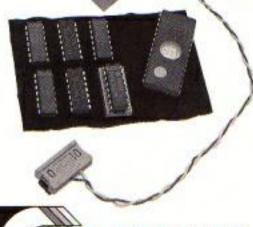
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FIRST NAME: 11HON
ADDRESS: BROAD LANE
ADDRESS: LIVERPOOL
TELEPHONE: 051-632 8000

RECORD NO. 2

SURNAME: ANDREWS FIRST NAME: FETER ADDRESS: 12 ELF ROAD ADDRESS2: HEREFORD TELEPHONE: 721-627451 #3E: 19

RECORD NO. 7

FURNAME! SMITH FIRST NAME! JANE ADDRESS!: 42 HIGH STREET ADDRESS!: SALFORD TELEPHONE: 625-61421 AGE: 27

RECORD No. 4

SURNAME: YATES FIRST NAME: IAN ADDRESS: 177 FORD SDAD , ADDRESS: GULLWAM TELEPHONE: 457-986 76543 ADE: 35

RECORD NO. 5

SURNAMES ANDREHS PIRST NAME: JAMES ADDRESS: 12 ELF ROAD ADDRESS: HEREFORD TELEPHONE: 221-523451 AGE: 17

RECORD No. 1

SURNAME: ANDREWS FIRST NAME: JAMES ADDRESS: 12 ELF ROAD ADDRESS: HEREFORD TELEPHONE: 321-623451 ADE: 17

RECORD No. 7

SURNAME: ANDREMS FIRST NAME: FETER ADDRESS: HEAEFORD ADDRESS: HEAEFORD TELEPHONE: 121-621451

WECORD NO. 3

PIRST NAME: VIETH ADDRESS: IS MILL ROAD ADDRESS: HARRINGTON TELEPHONE: 853-80923 SURNAME: SRINN AGE: 30

RECORD NO. 4

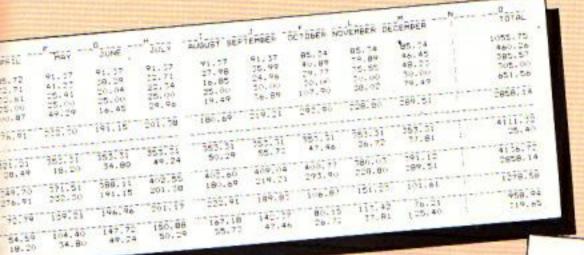
SURNAME! BROWN FIRST NAME: IAN ADDRESS: 17 LEGWARD ADDRESS: NORWICH TELEPHONE: 931-3438 03E: 21

RECORD No. 5

SURNAME! PROUN FIRST NAMEL JIM ADDRESSI B ELM AL ADDRESSI: NANTHIO TELEPHONE: 681-45 AGE: 11

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GRAPHICS

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Page 1

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ELECTRON OWNERS

If you are thinking of expanding the capabilities of your Electron computer your first choice should be the ADDCOMM ROM.

ADDCOMM is now well established with BBC 'B' owners and the same chip is used with a ROM board to increase the Electron's BASIC language by forty new commands.

These new statements cover a wide range of utilities such as GRAPHICS, where eleven commands enable any shape to be drawn any size and filled with any colour combination (choice of 2 billion in Mode 2), more easily and faster than you thought possible. The TOOLKIT commands include 'find' and 'replace' statements, and a very efficient 'compact' command all of which put ADDCOMM into the top league of a recent Toolkit comparison review. The GENERAL PURPOSE statements include a sorting routine, and the ability to set up to seven windows on the screen - each with its own cursor. Split listing and jumping to a line via a label ar also some of the other useful additions in this section. Eight LOGO GRAPHIC statements provide the necessary routines that when combined with BBC BASIC and ADDCOMM'S enhanced graphics give an exceptional Logo Graphics system.

ADDCOMM is available from Vine Micros, Marshborough, Nr. Sandwich, Kent, CT13 OPG. The price of £28.00 includes V.A.T. and first class post, or, if you would like more details, send a stamp for the sixteen page brochure which includes recent reviews.

Micro Messages

IT was with interest and dismay that I read Mike Cowley's article on "Where has all the educational software gone?" in the May Electron User.

I am a teacher in Leeds, where one of my responsibilities is the development of educational techniques through the use of computer technology.

In doing this job I also have come across comments similar to those expressed by parents in the article.

Naturally I have also come across many types of educational software. It was from this angle that my interest in the article was aroused. My dismay came from what I read.

One of the parents quoted likened buying a computer for educational purposes to buying a car to find later that there was no petrol available.

Having all too frequently been asked by parents to advise them on appropriate hardware to aid their children's educational development, I am astounded by their willingness to part with

Where educational software is failing

money! Their approach goes against every reasonable consumer practice.

Would you buy a car if petrol was not available?

Surely if you are interested in the educational development of your child and you have this order of money to spend, your first approach should be to find out the most effective way of providing this development.

I am forced to wonder how many parents consulted subject teachers.

How can you remedy something when you are neither sure what it is that you are remedying nor are you sure how the remedying should be

It is a recurrent theme throughout the May article. The average lay person has a very vague understanding of the nature of education. It is a

false assumption that computers per se are going to provide this.

If, however, a parent feels that a computer is the best solution, them my advice is – Find the software first, then buy the machine which runs it.

This will also have the long term knock-on effect of encouraging dealers to improve their educational software supplies.

To do your buying the other way round is like buying a sewing machine when what you really need is clothes.

My second point of dismay, and perhaps more profound, is the lack of discussion in the article as to just what constitutes educational software.

This I realise is a thorny problem, but there are some points which must be made.

What software houses often deem as educational

software are nothing more than drill and practice routines.

At best these may provide some small but very limited service to the user. At worst they can confuse and sometimes hinder progress by using strange vocabulary or methods.

Perhaps the worst crime in this area is the use of language in instructions or guidance which is beyond the reading age of the target audience.

There is little point in producing a good, imaginative program on basic number bonding, when the successful child is rewarded by words like "Excellent".

Such words are unreadable by a child who would find such a program of value.

In any case most of such software is aimed at primary-school-aged children, and yet it seems that most children acquire their computers around 10-13. Good software at this level is indeed very scarce.

Why is good software scarce? The basic problem is, as was mentioned in the May article, a lack of potential volume sales.

This is further aggravated when one starts to consider the nature of good educational software.

In the main this must be related to work that is already going on in school – it must play a supportive role.

As courses are different in nature from one school to the next, it is of little wonder that the prospect of volume sales is remote.

Further, how many parents have enough detailed knowledge of what their child is doing in school in order that they may make sound software purchases?

There is another problem, too. In many cases, so-called



PLEASE could you help me with Roland Waddilove's program Skramble in the May issue of Electron User?

I have typed it all out, but when I run it, the instructions come on.

It then says press Space, so I did and a list of options came on. Number five was to start, but when I pressed it the instructions just came back on.

do? - Paul A. Howson, Rochdale.

 There is probably a simple typing error somewhere in your listing. This is being picked up by the ON ERROR in line 40, causing the program to run again. Simply delete line 40 and run the program again to see which line it's in.

Several readers have had

problems with this game. Are long machine code arcade games just too difficult to enter and de-bug? Would you prefer shorter, simpler listings? Let us know.

* * *

I HAVE come to my wits' end with Skramble, in your May edition. Three people have checked my listings and can find nothing wrong.

I have removed line 40 on Error Run and the trouble starts at line 990. It says there is a syntax error at this line.

Can you tell me what to do next? – L. Fendyke, Boston, Lincs.

 Unfortunately Skramble didn't reproduce too well and some copies were difficult to read. The underline character seems to have been particularly faint on these two lines, use it to join the two words together.

* * *

COULD you please answer a query on the listing for Skramble in the May issue?

Line 3300 has the symbol | printed. I am only a learner on the Electron and can't find this symbol on the keyboard except on the copy key.

Can you help as this symbol appears on other lines in the listing? - Harry Simnis, Atherton, Manchester.

 The square brackets on the copy key indicate the beginning and end of an assembly language listing. educational software has been written by non-educationalists.

While not wishing to sound elitist, I am often insulted by the suggestion that this kind of software in some way reflects what is going on in school.

No, the best software I have seen to date has either been produced by teachers or by those who have very close links with the educational service.

But by its very nature this software is not suitable for the general market. It invariably needs to be used by someone with detailed knowledge in the area, or it is so specific in nature that it would only be of value to any one child for about five minutes.

In a school, this is often an advantage, whereas it is a positive disadvantage to any purchasing parent.

In short, by the very nature of what is good in educational software it excludes itself from the shelf of the typical software shop.

There is, however, some good news.

Perhaps one of the most important educational facilities provided by the home micro is the word processor.

While on the face of it not an obvious piece of educational software, it is the one which will have the largest educational impact.

Most schoolwork demands writing in one form or another. In using a word processor to do this I have seen some staggering developments in children of all ages and academic ability.

It is not the purpose of this letter to expound the virtues of word processing, but for the parent who is looking for some readily-available good educational software, you could do a lot worse than this. - Alan Smith, Leeds.

Is this a record?

I PURCHASED an Acorn data recorder – featured in February's Electron User – only to find within ten days that the lid to the cassette port would not open.

The recorder was replaced without question by a leading High Street retailer.

The second recorder lasted six weeks, when it was found we could not record or cue forward. It has since been returned under guarantee.

Both recorders were treated with the respect they deserved and should not have malfunctioned in such a short space of time.

Have any other users of this peripheral experienced difficulty, or were both recorders I received the rogues of the batch?—J. Gilbert, Bedford.

 This is the first we have heard. Maybe you have just been unlucky.

Just the program . . .

I AM a teacher and spend much of my spare time trying to "improve" educational programs – by adding colour, extra text, loops, etc.

I also attempt small "progs" of my own but am hampered by my lack of expertise in programming.

I've tried books but I guess I

am just thick. They seem to start way above me.

Today I discovered your Intro to Programming by Pete Bibby and it seems that it would be just the help I need.

Unfortunately I've missed most of it because being on BBCs I don't usually buy a mag to do with Electrons.

Is it possible for me to get reprints of the article? Obviously getting the back copies would solve the problem but I really can't afford £14 - 14 copies at £1, assuming one article per month.

Any constructive suggestions would be appreciated. – Anthony Staniland, Sheffield.

 You should find Mike Bibby's book Getting Started In BBC Basic just what you're looking for.

Lurking in line 80

IN the March issue of Electron User, I found the "Fill it up – Fast" program and typed it in.

Problem - Running the program gives me a "Bad Command at line 80". The line is correct - I've checked it, re-typed it, etc.

If I delete the line, I get the listing and then, on top of the listing, is superimposed the graphics being filled in.

What do I do? What am I doing wrong? What is the function of line 80? The User Guide is of no help here. - Paul Allard, Leicester.

● The *FX command in line 80 switches off the Plus I if it is attached. If not then a bad command is reported. If you haven't got a Plus 1 then delete line 80 – sorry, we should have spotted this.

Joy from Joyplus

I WOULD like to congratulate you on your superb Joyplus utility in the April issue. Apart from Micro Power games, it also works with the following games, using memory location 110 and Negative Inkey:

Mr Wiz (Superior), Percy Penguin (Superior), Alien Dropout (Superior), Tempest (Superior), Bugblaster (Alligata), Cylon Attack (A&F), Hunchback (Ocean).

Here are some of my high scores, using my joystick: Tempest 79,120, Positron 1,103,220, Cylon Attack 56,000, Mr Wiz 29,050. – Matthew O'Donnell, Reading.

The bracket bandit strikes again

WHAT'S happening to the Electron User offices? No sooner had I read about the missing bracket in Super Archer (June Micro Messages) than I find another missing bracket.

Unless you're making use of some particularly arcane property of Basic, shouldn't line 280 of May's Spring Flowers program read:

280DEFPROCplant(XX,YX,ZX) and not:

288DEFPROCplant (XX, YX, ZX as you had it? - Tim Brown, Hartlepool.

You're perfectly right, Tim, it's yet another case of the missing bracket. The program the listing was printed from was fine. All we can do is apologise to the author, Roger Frost, and try to find out who's collecting the final brackets. Has anyone out there any theories?

. . . and again

RE Spring Flowers in your May issue. My program crashed at line 370 and on examination I find that due to a misprint part of line 370 and also line 280 are missing. Can you help? —

A. Peckham, Brightlingsea, Essex.

 The bracket at the end of line 280 seems to have disappeared, but line 370 is OK, but not very clear in some copies. Here they are again . . .

288 DEFPROCPlant (XX, YX, ZX

378 MOVE0,YX-10:MOVE-XX/2 .XX/4+YX-10:PLOT85,-XX*.8,X X+YX

Mini Office on disc

I HAVE recently purchased an Electron Plus 3 disc drive so as to have quicker access to database programs that I have on cassette at present – these are based on your superb Mini Office tape.

Question - Can these be transferred to Plus 3 discs? and if so how do I do that?

If it is not possible, is there a

Mini Office disc for the Plus 3 (3½ in single-sided)?

I thoroughly enjoy Electron User and, hopefully, am looking forward to articles and information on the Plus 3 in future issues. — N. Gill, Camberley, Surrey.

 The Mini Office team are currently transferring the programs to Plus 3 disc format.

Software selection

I HAVE had my Electron for nearly a year. I am very satisfied with it and the expansions available. However, I have one complaint – software.

I am always hearing about new games for the BBC, CBM64, Spectrum, and even the Amstrad has now got more.

How about Manic Miner, for example? It is out for every good home computer apart from the Electron.

Also, there are many other games that not just me but everyone else would like to see. So please more and more software! — J. Fulbrook, Burnham, Bucks.

Unfair to the Scots

LAST year I went to Manchester for an Electron show. It's all very well having shows down in England, but I spent most of the time on the train. What's wrong with having one up here in Edinburgh? Come on, show a little consideration for us Scots. — Jane Robertson, Edinburgh.

PS. By the way, my score for Chuckie-Egg is: 2,800,000. Level 149. Beat that!

Ruled offside

WILL there be football games like Match Day (for the Spectrum) and International Soccer (for the CBM64) on the Acorn Electron?

All the other football games are management simulation, but on these two games you can control the players and dribble, shoot, pass etc.

Match Day is coming out for the BBC B and CBM64. Why can't it come out for the Acorn Electron? Is it that the Electron hasn't got enough memory? — Michael Tang, Epping, Essex.

The lack of memory when

WHAT would you like to see in future issues of Electron User?

What tips have you picked up that could help other readers?

Now's here is your opportunity to share your experiences.

Remember that these are the pages that you write yourselves. So tear yourself away from your Electron keyboard and drop us a line. And please, if you want a reply, enclose an SAE. The address is:

> Micro Messages Electron User Europa House 68 Chester Road Hazel Grove Stockport SK7 5NY.

using graphics, even in Mode 5, is always a problem. It's unlikely that a good simulation will be produced.

Mystery address

CAN you solve a problem for us? We have a Vulcan joystick interface and when playing the game of Gauntlet the computer asks for the address of the joystick. We do not understand what it means.

Our computer is an Acorn Electron. – M.P. Park, Liskeard, Cornwall.

 This is for owners of the First Byte joystick interface. A conversion program must be loaded before the main game.

Let there be light

UPON seeing a demonstration of a light pen at school, I decided to purchase one.

After searching through all the computer shops I could think of I was unable to find one – and am writing to Micro Messages to ask if anyone else has heard or seen of a light penfor the Electron. – A.R. Bill, Nottingham.

 We haven't heard of a light pen available for the Electron

Enhanced screen dump

ROLAND Waddilove's screen dump programs published in your March issue are the best thing yet that I have got out of your magazine.

The only change I would like to make to the programs is to expand the bit image section to produce in hard copy form the different colours which may be sent to the screen, as is achieved in the graphics section of Mini Office.

My own attempts have so far failed. How about a little help, Roland? – C.J. Stump, London S.W.1.

 It's something we've had in mind for quite a while. The trouble is trying to find the time to work on it. Can anyone supply a suitable listing? —



Bring back the Kid

WE have just bought all the back issues of Electron User and want to tell you how much we have enjoyed them, and how great they are.

We appreciate a magazine in which all the programs are specifically written for the Electron.

We prefer the harder games and would like more 3-D graphic programs like Star Fighter (Vol. 2, No. 2, Nov. 1984).

The idea of printing readers' corrections to programs is a good one, but we would like the program print made easier to read (eg Y & V, 1 & L).

The information on soft and hardware for the Electron is great.

We would like more space to be given to Sounds Exciting. However we miss the Micro Kid from the front of the magazine. – Neil & Michael Comerie, Dunfermline.

 Brackets excepted, we do try our best with listings and are always trying to improve them. Does anyone else miss the kid?

Copyright barrier

I HAVE bought several magazines for the Electron and yours is the best around. It's great.

Could you please recommend a good shoot-'em-up for the Electron? And could we have a few articles on how to get into commercial programs? — Jason Scholfield, Aylesbury, Bucks.

 Zalaga should meet your requirements for a good shoot-'em-up. We can't explain how to break into commercial software as they are copyright.

Sim snag

I RECENTLY bought the game Sim and am finding it extremely difficult to get past the channel 4 signs on the screen where it says "Wot no adverts".

Is there anybody who can help me and give me tips on how to play?

And is it possible to print a fairly short games program, because I hate typing in long programs? — Graeme Padgham, Tonbridge, Kent.

 Can our readers help? We try to include a wide range of programs – short, long, simple and complicated. There should be something for everyone.

DISC POWER

AT A NEW LOW PRICE!

NOW it's cheaper than ever to add the power of discs to your Electron Plus 1 – with the Cumana floppy disc system.

Easy to fit and simple to use, the Cumana system has the latest and most flexible DFS for the Electron – and much more besides.

It consists of an interface, electronics and software in a cartridge, a single $5\frac{1}{4}$ in disc drive with lead and a utilities disc.

The interface slots into the Plus 1's cartridge port. Up to

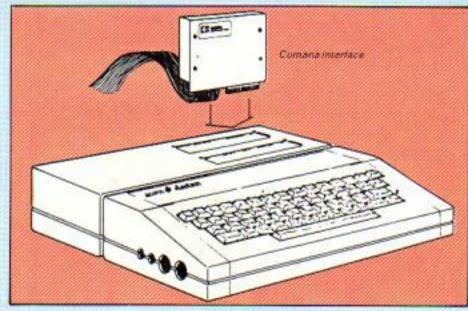
two $3\frac{1}{2}$ in or $5\frac{1}{4}$ in disc drives can be attached. The result is a whole new dimension of speed and reliability!

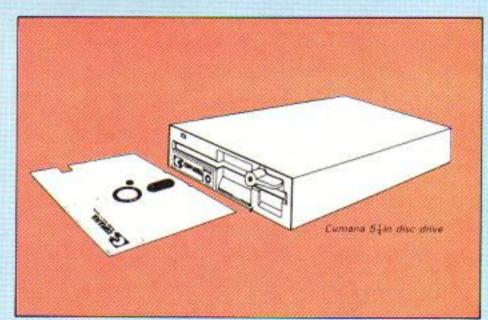
Its advanced features include:

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- Random access files for more advanced data storage.

- The ability to read programs from both BBC Micro single density discs and from the Plus 3 ADFS discs.
- A utilities disc packed full of useful programs, including a verify routine, formatters, copy and backup routines and a powerful disc editor.
- A thorough, straightforward manual.

When you add to this the fact that the cartridge has a built in real time clock and a ROM socket (for additional software on a chip) then you'll realise why the Cumana floppy disc system has been so warmly welcomed by Electron users.





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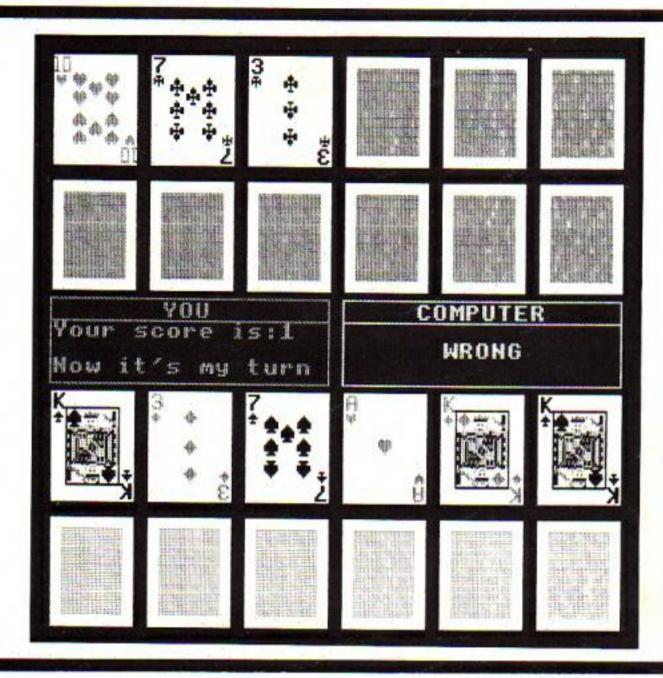
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Will it be tigher 4 or or 2 ower?



IN Higher or Lower you play the Electron at cards. Reminiscent of the popular television card game, it's easy to learn, simple to play - but hard to win.

There are three main parts to the program. The first deals with the instructions. These are displayed before each game, explaining the rules, how the controls work and also giving a choice of having

the sound on or off.

Next comes the game proper. Twenty four cards are drawn on screen, half with red backs and half with yellow.

Also two text windows are set up, the red one dealing with the red cards and, logically, the yellow with the yellow cards.

A card is turned over and the player is asked if he wants to change it. If he does he

presses Y, if not he presses N.

Then the micro asks if the player thinks the next card will be higher or lower in value. He presses H or L in reply.

If the player is right then a tune is played and the process repeated until an error is made.

Once this happens (beware, the same value card is counted as wrong) the player is told his score and the Electron takes

its turn.

The micro does exactly the same as the player, but uses the yellow backed cards. When it makes an error the game is over and the program goes onto the third and final stage, the results.

Here the scores of player and micro are compared and the winner (if any) is duly congratulated with a tune and message. There is then the option of finishing or having another go.

PROCEDURES

PROCcompare Compares scores and prints

according merits.

Draws a court card at position x%, **PROCcourt**

PROCten **PROCins**

Draws screen with card backs and **PROCsetup**

Controls player's turn.

Determines the Electron's turn. PROCyou **PROCcomputer**

Set up and draws the non-court PROCone to

cards at x%, y%,

Gives instructions, sets up variables

and sound option.

Chooses random card and suit. Decides position on screen for next PROCcard

card.

VARIABLES

A\$ Yes/no replies.

ns% Finds out when new cards are required.

U% User's score.

C% Computer's score.

loop% Time delay.

so%,son% Sound delay.

jqk% VDU 23 numbers for court cards.

suit% RND(4) gives suit of card.

r% RND(13) picks number of card.

x%,y% Coordinates of card.

v% Value of last card.

ans\$ Carries high/low decision.

ch% Allows user to change first card. chc% Computer change first card.



10REM HIGHER OR LOWER 20REM BY IAN COOPER 300N ERROR GOTO 2600 40MODE1 50*FX4,1 60VDU23;8202;8;8;8; 70CLEAR: VDU26: CLS: ENVELO PE4,2,10,-10,10,5,5,5,126,8 ,0,-126,126,126 80nsX=0:UX=-1:CX=-1:chX= 1:chc%=1 90PROCins 100PROCsetup 118PROCyou 120PROCcomputer 13@PROCcompare 14060T070 150END 160DEFPROCcompare 178*FX15.1 180ENVELOPE3,5,5,-5,5,8,8 ,8,126,8,8,-126,126,126

1901FUX<CX THENGOTO370 EL SEIFU%>C%THENGOTO278 200VDU28,2,17,18,15:CLS:P RINT" ": COLOUR2: PRINT" 210VDU28, 20, 17, 36, 15: COLO UR1: PRINT" ANOTHER GAME?": PRINT" (Y/N) * 228A\$=GET\$: IFA\$<>"Y" ANDA \$(>"N"THENGOTO260 2301FA\$="N"THEN240 ELSEEN DPROC 248VDU26: COLOUR128: COLOUR 3: CLS: END 250ENDPROC 268VDU7:60T0218 270VDU28,2,17,18,15:CLS:P RINT" ": COLOUR2: PRINT" YOU WON" 280VDU28, 20, 17, 36, 15: CLS

290SOUND1, so2, 65, 60

300FOR100p%=0T03000: NEXT1

2000 318VDU28,28,17,36,15:CLS: COLOUR1: PRINT ANOTHER GAM E?": PRINT" (Y/N) * 320A\$=GET\$: IFA\$()"Y" ANDA \$<>"N"THENGOTO368 338IFA\$="N"THEN348 ELSEEN DPROC 340VDU26: COLOUR128: COLOUR 3: CLS: END 350ENDPROC 360VDU7:50T0310 370VDU28,20,17,36,15:CLS: PRINT" ": COLOUR1: PRINT" I WON" 388VDU28,2,17,18,15:CLS 390SOUND1, so%, 65,60 400FOR1000%=0T03000: NEXT1 0007 418VDU28, 2, 17, 18, 15: CLS: C

OLOUR2: PRINT' ANOTHER SAME

(Y/N)*

?":PRINT"

420A\$=GET\$: IFA\$()"Y" ANDA \$<>"N"THENGOTO460 4301FA\$="N"THEN440 ELSEEN DPROC 440VDU26: COLOUR128: COLOUR 3: CLS: END 450ENDPROC 460VDU7:60T0418 470DEFPROCcourt 480RESTORE2340 49@FORjqk%=23@TO241 500READIX, JZ, KZ, LZ, MZ, NZ, OX,PX 510VDU23, jqk2, IX, JX, KX, LX .MX.NZ.OX.PZ 520NEXTjokZ 538MOVE31,31:6COL8,8:DRAW 31,164: DRAW132,164: DRAW132, 31: DRAM31, 31: VDU24, 32; 64; 12 8;128;:6COL0,130:CL6

From Page 55

548MOVE34,126: VDU238,234, 238,8,19,240,8,8,236,8,8,23 2,8,11,18,8,1,231,235,239,8 ,10,241,8,8,237,8,8,233 550IFr%=11THENRESTORE2440 ELSEIFrX=12THENRESTORE2410 **ELSERESTORE2388** 560FORjqk%=242T0251 578READIZ, JZ, KZ, LZ, MZ, NZ, 0%.P% 588VDU23,jqk%,I%,J%,K%,L% ,MX,NX,0X,PX 590NEXT jok% 600VDU24,32;32;128;160;:M OVE66, 156: VDU242, 249, 8, 8, 18 ,8,8,243,248,8,8,18,8,2,244 610MOVE32,68:VDU18,8,1,25 1,245,8,8,18,8,8,258,247,8, 18, 8, 2, 246 620IFsuitX(3THENGCOL0,0 E LSEGCOL0.1 630MOVE31,160: VDUg%: MOVE9 6,61: VDU (q%-27) 64@ENDPROC 650DEFPROCsetup 660VDU23,255,54,127,127,1 27,62,28,8,8,23,252,8,28,28 ,107,127,107,8,28,23,253,8, 28,62,127,62,28,8,8 670VDU23,254,8,28,62,127, 127,127,28,62,23,225,28,8,1 07,127,107,28,28,8,23,226,0 ,8,28,62,127,62,28,8,23,227 ,62,28,127,127,127,62,28,8 688VDU23,228,0,8,28,62,12 7,127,127,54 698FORy %=824T0688STEP-224 700FORx %=64T01152STEP192 710 VDU29,x%;y%;:VDU24,0; 8;168;192;:6COL0,131:CL6:VD U24,20:20:140:172::6COL0.12 9:CLG 720NEXTXX 730NEXTYZ 748FORy%=224TO8STEP-224 750FORx X=64T01152STEP192 768VDU29,x1;y1;:VDU24,0;0 ;160;192;:6COL0,131:CL6:VDU 24,28;28;148;172;:6COL8,138 :CLG 770NEXTXX 780NEXTY%

8006COL0,2: VDU29,636:432: 5: MOVE0, 0: DRAW548, 0: DRAW548 ,152: DRAW8, 152: DRAW8, 8: MOVE 0.112: DRAW548, 112: MOVE144,1 46: PRINT "COMPUTER": VDU4 818FOR1000X=8T0586: NEXT10 op% 820ENDPROC 830DEFPROCYOU 840ns%=8:x%=64:y%=824:PRD 850vX=rX:UX=UX+1:IFUX=11T HENGOTO1118 86860T0888 87@VDU7 888VDU28, 2, 17, 18, 15: COLOU R1:CLS: IFch%=@THENGOT094@ 898*FX15,1 980PRINT" DO YOU WANT A" :PRINT" DIFFERENT CARD!":PR INT" (Press Y or N)?": 918A\$=GET\$: IFA\$(>"Y" ANDA \$<>*N" THENGOTO988 9281FA\$="N"THENBOT0948 93@ch1=8:x1=64:y1=824:PR0 Ccard: v%=r% 940ch7=0:CLS:PRINT* HIGHE R or LOWER" 950PRINT* (Press H or L)? 968*FX15.1 970ans\$=6ET\$: [Fans\$()"H" ANDans\$(>"L"THENSDT0870 988xX=xX+192: IFxX>1160THE Ny 7=688 9981Fx %>1168THENx %=64 1000PROCcard 1010IFvZ(rZ ANDans = "H"THE NGOTO1828 ELSEIFVX>rX ANDan s\$="L"THENGOTO1020 ELSEGOTO 1858 1020VDU28,2,17,18,15:CLS:C OLOUR1: PRINT ": PRINT" CORRECT* 1030SOUND1, 50%, 97, 10: SOUND 1,50%,105,10:SOUND1,50%,89. 18: SOUND1, so2, 41, 18: SOUND1, 50%,69,28 1840FOR1 000 %=0T02858: NEXT1 oop%:6070858 1050VDU28,2,17,18,15:COLOU R1:CLS:PRINT" ":PRINT" WRONG": SOUND1, son 2, 65, 38:F ORloop%=0TO4000: NEXTLOOP% 1868CLS: PRINT Your score i s: ": U% 1070PRINT" "

1888PRINT Now it's my turn

٠,

1898FOR1 00p%=8T03888: NEXT1 OODI 1100ENDPROC 1110FORy X=824T0600STEP-224 1120FORx X=64T01152STEP192 113@VDU29,x%;y%;:VDU24,0;@ ; 160; 192; : 6COL0, 131: CL6: VDU 24, 28; 28; 148; 172; : GCOL 8, 129 :CLG 1148NEXTXX 1150NEXTYX 1160x %=64: yX=824: ns%=1: PRO Ccard 117060T0850 1188ENDPROC 1190DEFPROCcomputer 1200ns%=8:x%=64:y%=224:PRO Ccard 1210vX=r X: CX=CX+1: IFCX=11T HENGOTO1428 1220VDU28,20,17,36,15:COLO UR2: CLS: IFchc%=@THENGOT0126 1230IFr%)8 OR r%(5 THENGOT 01268 1248PRINT" ": PRINT" I'M CHA NGING CARD";:FORloop%=0T015 00: NEXTLOOPX 1258chc%=8:x%=64:y%=224:PR OCcard: v%=r% 1268chc%=0:CLS:PRINT* HIGH ER or LOWER" 1278PRINT" " 1288IFv%>6THENans\$="L" ELS Eans\$="H" 1290IFans = "L"THENPRINT" LOWER"; ELSEPRINT" HIGHER": 1300FOR1oop%=@T02000:NEXT1 1318x X=x X+192: IFx X>1160 TH ENYX=8 13281Fx %>1168 THENx %=64 1330PROCcard 13401FvX(r% ANDans\$="H"THE NGOTO1358 ELSEIFVX>rX ANDan 5\$="L"THEN1350 ELSEGOT01380 1350VDU28,20,17,36,15:COLO UR2: CLS: PRINT ": PRINT" CORRECT* 1360SOUND1, soz, 97, 18: SOUND 1, sox, 105, 10: SOUND1, sox, 89. 10: SOUND1, 507, 41, 10: SOUND1. 507,69,28 1370FOR100p%=0T04300:NEXT1 oop%:60T01218 1380VDU28,20,17,36,15:COLD UR2: CLS: PRINT ": PRINT" WRONG": SOUND1, son2,65,38:

FOR1 00p X=0T04000: NEXT1 00p X: CLS 1398PRINT" My score is: "; CZ 1400FOR1 oop X=0T04300: NEXT1 2000 1418ENDPROC 1420FORy%=224T00STEP-224 143@FORx %=64T01152STEP192 1448VDU29, x %; y %; : VDU24, 8; 8 ;168;192;:6COL0,131:CL6:VDU 24,28;28;148;172;:6COL8,138 :CL6 1450NEXTXX 1460NEXTY% 1470xX=64:yX=224:nsX=1:PRO Ccard 1480G0T01218 1490ENDPROC 1500DEFPROCone 1518MOVE64, 112: VDUg% 152@ENDPROC 1530DEFPROCT NO 1548MOVE64,64: VDU (q%-27):# OVE64, 168: VDUg% 1550ENDPROC 1560DEFPROCthree 1578MOVE64,64: VDU (q%-27): N OVE64,112: VDU (q2-27): MOVE64 ,160: VDUg% 1588ENDPROC 159@DEFPROCfour 1600MOVE40,80:VDU(q%-27):M OVE48,144: VDUq1: MOVE88,88: V DU (g%-27): MOVE88, 144: VDUg% 1618ENDPROC 1620DEFPROCfive 163@MOVE32,80:VDU(q%-27):# OVE32,144: VDUq%: MOVE96,80: V DU (q2-27) 1648MOVE96,144: VDUq%: MOVE6 4,112: VDUqX 1650ENDPROC 1660DEFPROCsix 1670MOVE40,72:VDU(q%-27):M OVE48,112: VDUg7: MOVE48,152: VDUq1: MOVE88,72: VDU (q1-27): MOVE88,112: VDUq1: MOVE88,152 : VDUa% 168BENDPROC 1690DEFPROCseven 1700MOVE32,72:VDU(q1-27):H OVE32,112: VDUg%: MOVE32,152: VDUq%: MGVE96,72: VDU (q%-27): MOVE96,112: VDUq% 1710HOVE96, 152: VDUg X: MOVE6

4,136: VDUq2

1720ENDPROC

1730DEFPROCeight

,146:PRINT"YOU"

798GCOL0,1:VDU26,29,68;43

2; 5: MOVE@, @: DRAM548, @: DRAM5

48,152: DRANG, 152: DRANG, 8: NO

VEB, 112: DRAW544, 112: MDVE223

1748MOVE32,72:VDU(q%-27):M OVE32,112:VDU(q%-27):MOVE32 ,152:VDUq%:MOVE64,96:VDU(q% -27)

1750MOVE64,136: VDUq%: MOVE9 6,72: VDU(q%-27): MOVE96,112: VDU(q%-27): MOVE96,152: VDUq%

1760ENDPROC

1778DEFPROCnine

1788MOVE64,112:VDU(qX-27): MDVE32,64:VDU(qX-27):MOVE32, ,96:VDU(qX-27):MOVE32,128:V DUqX:MOVE32,168:VDUqX

179@MOVE96,64:VDU(qX-27):M OVE96,96:VDU(qX-27):MOVE96, 128:VDUqX:MOVE96,160:VDUqX

1808ENDPROC

1810DEFPROCten

1828MOVE64,88: VDU (q%-27): M OVE64,144: VDUq%: MOVE32,64: V DU (q%-27): MOVE32,96: VDU (q%-27)

1838MOVE32,128:VDUqX:MOVE3 2,168:VDUqX:MOVE96,64:VDU(q X-27):MOVE96,96:VDU(qX-27)

1848MOVE96,128: VDUq%: MOVE9

6,168: VDUq%

1850ENDPROC

1860DEFPROCIES

1870CLS

1880VDU19,1,8;8;19,2,8;8;1

9,3,8;8;

1890COLOUR1

1900PRINT ';: PRINTTAB(12);

"HIGHER or LOWER"

1910COLOUR2

1920 PRINTTAB(12); *======

LOZACOL OUD

1930COLDURI

1948PRINT';:PRINTTAB(12);*

(by Ian Cooper)*

1950COLOUR3

1960PRINT';:PRINTTAB(7);"

You compete against the"; T AB(7); "computer to get as

1979

1978PRINTTAB(7); "right gue sses as possible.": PRINT';: PRINTTAB(7); " If you thin

k the next"
1980PRINTTAB(7); "card is g
oing to be higher"; TAB(7); "
then press "H" of you"

then press 'H' . If you"

1998PRINTTAB(7); "think it
will be lower": TAR(7): "then

will be lower"; TAB(7); "then press 'L'. When you"

2000PRINTTAB(7); "get one w rong the computer"; TAB(7); " will have its go." 2818PRINT';:PRINTTAB(9);"
The winner is the one";TAB(
9); "with the highest score.

2020COLOUR2:PRINTTAB(12,22); "ACE COUNTS LOW."

2030COLOUR3:PRINTTAB(17,24); "SOUND": COLOUR1:PRINTTAB(
17,25): "====="

2040COLOUR3:PRINTTAB(16);"
(Y)= ON";TAB(16);"(N)=OFF"
2050PRINTTAB(13,29);"Press
Y or N!"

2060VDU19,1,1;0;19,2,3;0;1 9,3,7;0;

2878+FX15,1

2080A\$=6ET\$: IFA\$<>*Y* ANDA \$<>*N*THENGOTO2000

20901FA\$="Y"THENSOX=3 ELSE soX=0

2188IFA\$="Y"THENsonZ=4 ELS EsonZ=8

2110CLS

2128ENDPROC

2130DEFPROCcard

2148VDU23,224,287,73,73,73

,73,73,239,8 2158VDU29,xX;yX;:VDU5,24,8

;8;168;192;:6COL8,131:CL6 2168IFnsX=1THENGOTO2188 2178rX=RND(13):suitX=RND(4

2188ns%=0

1

21901Fsuit%=1THENq%=252 EL SE1Fsuit%=2THENq%=254 ELSE1 Fsuit%=3 THENq%=253 ELSEq%= 255

2200no%=r%+48:IFr%=1THENno %=65 ELSEIFr%=10THENno%=224 ELSEIFr%=11THENno%=74 ELSE IFr%=12THENno%=81 ELSEIFr%= 13THENno%=75

2210RESTORE((rX+10)+2460) 2220READIX, JX, KX, LX, MX, NX, OX, PX

2230VDU23,229,II,JI,KI,LI, MI,MI,OI,PI

2248RESTORE ((suit %+18)+259

2258FOR1oop%=258T0251:READ
I%,J%,K%,L%,M%,N%,O%,P%
2268VDU23,loop%,I%,J%,K%,L
%,M%,N%,G%,P%:NEXTloop%
2278IFsuit%<3THENGCOL8,8 E

LSEGCOL0,1 2280MOVE0,188:PRINTCHR\$(no %);:VDU8,10,250:MOVE132,28: PRINTCHR\$(229);:VDU8,11,251

229@IFr%=1THEMPROCone ELSE

IFr%=2THENPROCTWO ELSEIFr%= 3THENPROCTHREE ELSEIFr%=4TH ENPROCFOUR ELSEIFr%=5THENPR OCFive

2300IFr%=6THENPROCsix ELSE IFr%=7THENPROCseven ELSEIFr %=8THENPROCeight ELSEIFr%=9 THENPROCeine ELSEIFr%=10THE NPROCten

2318IFr%>18THENPROCcourt 2328VDU4

2330ENDPROC

2348DATA199,232,82,74,288, 288,72,72,32,16,13,18,4,4,4 ,4,283,288,72,75,282,218 2358DATA111,65,4,7,7,4,5,1 3,16,32,132,59,129,133,7,2, 9,28,67,68,78,74,72,81,112,

2360DATA20,200,32,240,161, 129,220,33,42,4,196,10,82,9 8,34,194,130,246,75,83,210, 18,19

2370DATA211,4,8,176,160,32,24,224,32,18,18,19,19,82,74,23,227,32,32,32,32,160,176,8,4

2390DATA255,173,195,193,19 3,193,66,0,0,0,0,0,0,20,0,1 27,0,0,1,3,3,3,3,0,0,3,128,

2480DATA48,68,15,3,8,192,8 ,8,192,192,192,192,192,8,19 2,248,68,12,7,8,1

2410DATA0,124,4,6,2,2,115, 1,62,2,3,1,81,1,0,0,0,0,120, 136,4,4,4,6,128,206,64,64, 96,32

2428DATA62,8,96,32,32,32,1 7,38,8,8,8,8,128,138,128,19 2,64,124,8,8,8,128,192,224, 48

2438DATA48,3,7,15,15,7,3,1 93,193,12,12,7,3,1,8,8,8,13 1,131,192,224,248,248,224,1 92

2440DATA0,0,127,0,0,0,28,0

245@DATA@,@,@,@,@,@,@,@,@,84 ,84,195,131,131,171,138,@,1 70,170,@,1,1,1,1,1,129,129 246@DATA2,6,6,6,6,6,6,6,12

9,129,128,128,128,128,128,8 ,96,96,96,96,96,96,64 2478DATA182,182,182,126,18

2,182,68,8 2488DATA126,12,24,48,96,18

2,68,8 2498DATA68,182,96,56,96,18

2,60,8 2500DATA48,48,126,54,60,56

,48,8 2510DATA68,182,96,96,62,6,

2528DATA68,182,182,62,6,12

2538DATA12,12,12,24,48,96,

126,8 2548DATA68,182,182,68,182, 182,68,8

2550DATA28,48,96,124,102,1

2560DATA247,146,146,146,14 6,146,243,8

2578DATA28,54,48,48,48,48,

2588DATA188,54,86,182,182, 182,68,8

2590DATA102,54,30,14,30,54

2680DATA56,84,124,84,16,8,

8,8,8,8,8,42,62,42,28,8 2618DATA16,56,124,16,56,8,

8,8,8,8,28,8,62,28,8,8 2628DATA16,56,124,56,16,8, 8,8,8,8,8,28,62,28,8,8

263@DATA108,124,124,56,16, 0,8,8,8,8,8,28,62,62,54,8

2648IF ERR=17 THENRUN ELSE MODE6:PRINT ';:REPORT:PRINT

" at line "ERL

This listing is included in this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 61. I'VE had literally dozens of letters asking for help with Twin Kingdom Valley, so this month I am going to explain the uses of most of the objects you come across and some of the problems you will therefore face in the adventure.

Firstly, though, I have a copy of Peter Gerrard's book Exploring Adventures on the Electron to give away.

There are three problems I can't solve (well, three particular problems) and the first person to write in with all the solutions or the best combination of them will get the book.

So get writing in - the closing date is one month from publication of this issue.

The problems are:

- How do you get past the rat in Program Power's Adventure?
- In Classic Adventure how do you get into the repository and what do you do when you get there?
- Are there any secret entrances in the inner sanctum and how do you get to them in Sphinx Adventure?

While I'm flaunting my fallibility, I've had quite a few letters from people stuck in adventures that I haven't seen.

So, can anyone help with the following:

In **Strange Odessey** how do you get the plastic out of the hexagonal room and how do you read the alien script on the boulder in the cave?

In Mystery Fun House how do you get out of the pit?

In Countdown to Doom how do you stop the computer spitting out the discs?

Finally, in Five Stones of Anadon (yes, I got stuck here) how do you get past the ghost in the cellar?

Now back to the Twin Kingdom Valley, and many thanks to Michael Dunlop and Mike Farmer, who both provided solutions I desperately needed.

Now be warned! Read no further unless you are well and truly stuck!

The Treasures:

Three bags of gold: Give one to the guard when put in prison. Three bags of silver: The castle guards have two and the



Route through Twin Kingdom Valley...

sandlurker one.

The crown: This is worn by the desert king.

Ball of gold: You will find this in the upper levels of the castle.

Treasure chest: This is very heavy and you cannot carry anything else. A friend can help here.

Staff of gold: The witch in the east turret has this.

Diamond: This is in the cave near Watersmeet.

Diamond ring: The dwarf has this. To get it from him you'll



need to ensure that he can't get out!

The secret of life: This is at the river of gold, behind the rockfall.

Jug of gold: Try filling the jug. Silver key: This will be given to you in exchange for rescuing the princess.

Gold key: This is in the kitchen behind a secret door.

Other objects:

Jug: Handy for carrying water and gold!

Flint: You have to have this to light the lamp.

Beer (available from the inn); Very refreshing? Watch what it does to your health, though. Crystal ball: If you give this to the witch with the bronze key, she will reward you.

Amulet: The princess will recognise you with this on.

Short rod: You can wave it to get a short cut to the desert king's castle.

Master key: Very handy. Opens any door.

The wooden staff. The ultimate weapon.

The treasure chest: Needed to get to the river of gold. Look in the castle.

The ill giant: Free him and go to Watersmeet. Try to make him feel better.

Holdall: Very handy for carrying things!

Uniform: This makes you look like a guard from a distance, though not close up.

Watersmeet: Swim here to regain strength. If you drink you will get the secret of closed doors.

And finally, 1,024 points? Really want to know? Well, look at the following code:

MVEIRELWISNEWCARSEETR!E

If you take every other letter starting with the second one, you'll find the answer.

You should now be able to solve TKV. Admittedly, you



still have a lot of work to do, but you should find that you now have enough information to solve it.

This month we have received a plea for help from a BBC adventurer stuck in the jungle in **Countdown to Doom**. This is a maze of looks-all-the-same locations.

Anything DROPped "disappears into the undergrowth".

This maze is NOT all the same. The descriptions differ slightly.

Make a map based on whether the descriptions change, or not.

The save game facility is a big help here. When you find a location whose description



differs radically from the others, you'll be close to the

A. Marsh says he has mapped all of Adventureland but cannot find the last treasure. How many times have you rubbed the lamp?

J. Lutley says she can't get the anchor in Pirate Adventure. Dig it out!

M. Burns and Barbara Wilkinson are having problems with Castle Frankenstein. To get up the slope, use your head. To get rid of the monster, cut the bridge while he's standing on it. The violin isn't used, but it does count towards your score.

Stephen Buxton is having trouble with the knights in Quest for the Holy Grail. Use a matching sword.

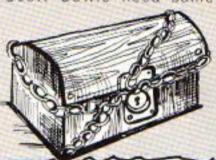
Scott Bowie also has problems. If you want to get the axe, hide it first. Carry the plank up the tree, you'll find the swamp when you come

back down again.

Beryl Webber, Phillip Macdonald and Julie Powell all want help with Sphinx Adventure. The mithril ring is in the grotto across the swamp. Use the sword on the ogre. Yes, there are things worth having in the mazes and the catacombs. The sphinx is in the desert. Map it. Use the dragon's teeth to get past the goblins.

Neil Costigan can't get across the lake in Kingdom of Klein. Go to the chapel. Push the portrait and unlock the

Sally Barber, Deryck Willoughby. Andrew Teece and Scott Bowie need some



answers for Classic Adventure.

Get the pirate's treasure chest from the maze with the

Say "PLOVER" at Y2 to get the platinum pyramid.

Free the bear to scare the troll and you can get across the bridge. Where you see the green light you can drop the lamp to enter the cave.

From Witt's End keep going

You don't get any batteries at the machine as far as I can

To get the nugget out, say "PLUGH" at Y2.

The person waving at you is you. You are seeing your own reflection in a mirror.

To get past the bear FEED HIM, UNLOCK CHAIN, GET CHAIN, GET BEAR, then see above.

What are the mirrors used for? Nothing.

Is there any way to get



through the waterfall? No.

Is there any way to get past the fissure with the molten lava? No.

As you can see from the competition, I've not finished Classic Adventure. So it's possible that I've missed something in the answers I have given, If I have, I hope you'll let me know.

 If you want Merlin's help write to:

Merlin, Electron User, Europa House, 68 Chester Road, Hazel Grove, Stockport SK7 5NY.

- and enclose an SAE if you would like a reply.

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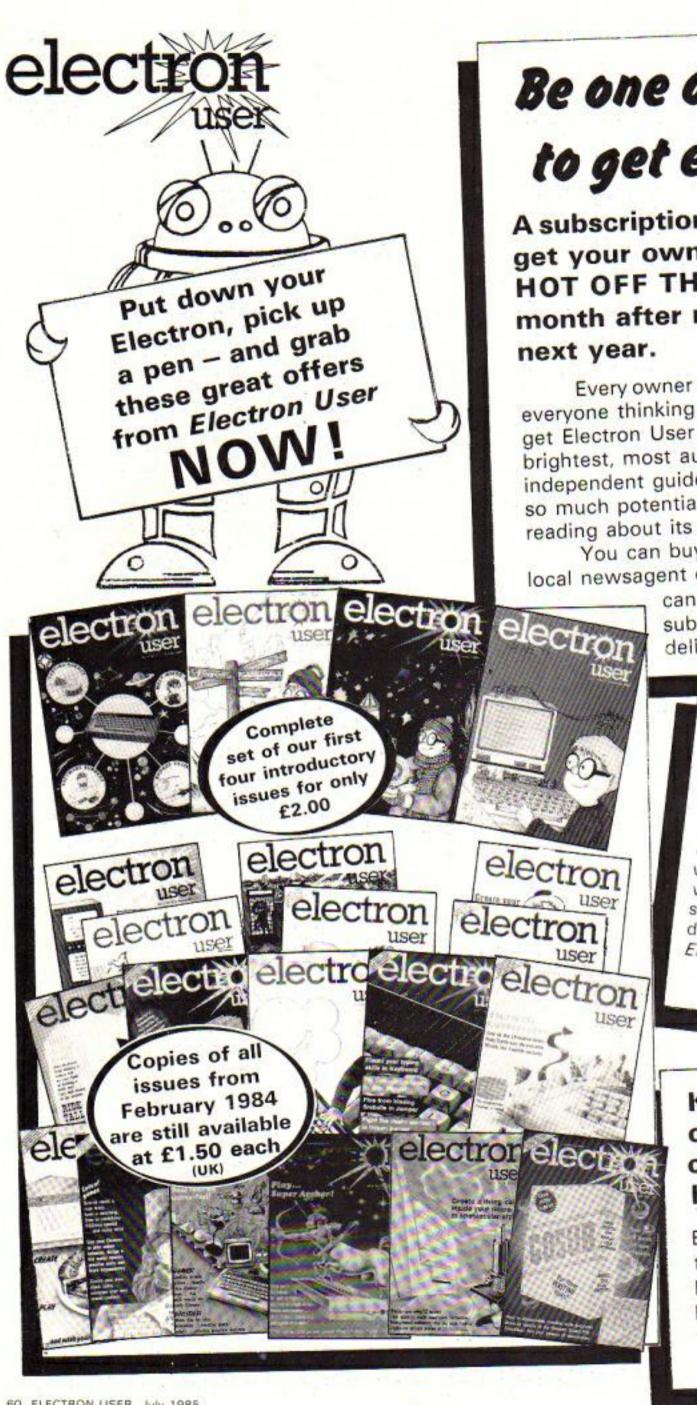
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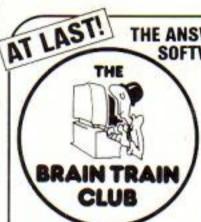
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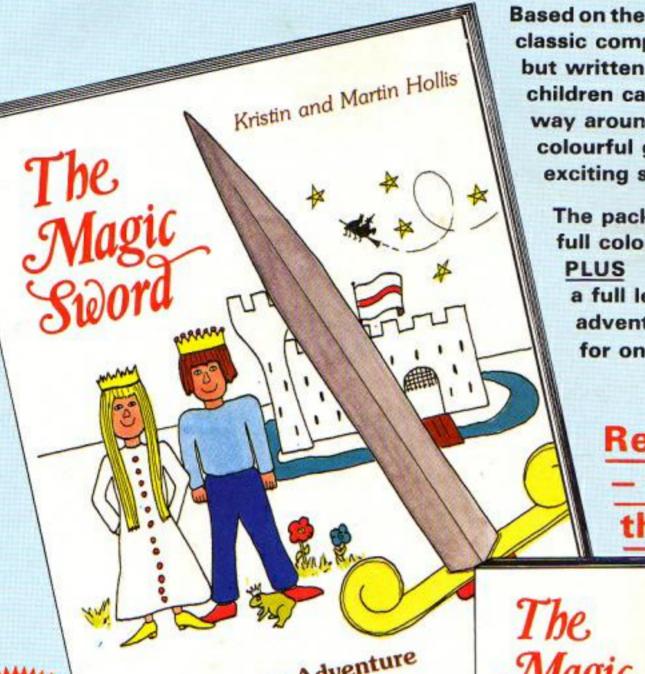
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